"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today; cloudy, probably showers Tuesday.
☞ For full weather report see Page 27.

VOL. LXIX...No. 22,759 NEW YORK, MONDAY, MAY 17, 1920. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 300 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

MEXICO LAUGHED CARRANZA OUT WITH BONILLAS

Neither Could Survive the Flood of Ridicule That Extinguished "Flor de Te's" Candidacy.

MILLIONS FOR PROPAGANDA

Spent in an Orgy of Posters and Printing That Only Hurt the Backers.

INSPIRED CHARGES OF THEFT

Enemies of the President Averred He Was Using Public Funds to Elect a Dummy Executive.

By V. BLASCO IBANEZ,
Author of "The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse."

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II. THE SAD STORY OF FLOR DE TE

Bonillas, the candidate picked by Carranza to succeed him in the Presidency of the Republic, is a man who has spent the greater part of his life away from Mexico. Early in his youth he left his native country and wandered into several of the American Southern States, trying his hand at various jobs in an effort to make an honest living and managing to eke out the precarious existence of a worker who is frequently forced to change both residence and occupation. Later, when he was no longer in his teens, he studied engineering in the Boston Institute of Technology.

When Carranza rose against Huerta, Bonillas returned to Mexico and took part in the revolution. His record as a fighting man, however, was not brilliant. He even failed to become a General. He merely served as an engineer, marching in the rear of the revolutionary army with the obscure civilians who looked after the administrative affairs of the new régime.

After the triumph of the revolution, Carranza, who needed to send to Washington a loyal representative willing to obey instructions explicitly, selected Bonillas. The appointee knew English better than his native tongue and he had been educated in the States—qualifications, these, which gave him a decisive advantage over all the other aspirants to the post of Ambassador to the United States. And he remained in this position throughout the entire administration of Carranza, until the latter conceived the notion of naming Bonillas his heir to the Presidential chair.

Laughing Down the Candidate.

I have told in a preceding article how the people of Mexico City, surprised at the candidacy of the unknown Bonillas, gave him the nickname of "Flor de Te" (Tea Flower). At first they called him Bonillas "Tea Flower," because no one knew who he was. Later on his enemies claimed they knew his past in its minute details, and poor Señor Bonillas became something worse than the little shepherd girl of the Spanish song.

A campaign of truth and falsehood was launched by the enemies of his candidacy, with the vociferous approval of all those who were willing to jeer at anything to irritate Carranza. According to them, Bonillas's name was not Bonillas at all. He was not even a Mexican. His real name was Stanford, and he had been born in the United States. Bonillas was the name of his mother, whose blood was the only Mexican blood that ran in the candidate's veins. And the sympathizers of Bonillas (friends of Carranza, public employes and soldiers) would publish the genealogy of the Bonillas family, beginning with the founder of the line—a carpenter who came from Spain when Mexico was still a Spanish colony.

According to his opponents, the Presidential candidate could not speak Spanish. Every morning the opposition press published stories about Bonillas in which he was featured as talking Spanish and so altering the construction and meaning of his words as to say the most shocking things.

A "Gallo" for the Visitor.

I myself served indirectly as a pretext for this slanderous propaganda. When a popular foreigner arrives in Mexico the university students generally treat him with a "gallo." A "gallo" is a night procession, with torchlights, something between a serenade and a masquerade. It marches past the balcony of the house where the honored guest is lodged; and the students, mounted on horseback or ridnig in automobiles decked with flowers and flags, or on trucks artistically converted into allegorical chariots, sing, shout and make laudatory

Continued on Page Three.

"THE DAILY WINK"
Has the Original Comedy Hit, "Not So Long Ago." Bijou Theatre. * * * Musical Comedy Production. "Betty, Be Good." Casino. "The Tale of the Town. "Scandal." 39th St. Theatre. * * * The Greatest Musical Hit in New York. "Florodora." Lyric Theatre. * * * Shubert-Garden's Annual Revue (Mid-west Make Town a Town.). "Ziegfeld Follies."—Advt.

PALL MALL ROUNDS. Reward if [illegible] big idea.—Advt.

National Citizens' Conference To Consider Lack of Teachers

WASHINGTON, May 16.—To consider the shortage of school teachers, readjustment of education to meet new conditions and other educational problems, a national citizens' conference will assemble here this week at the call of Commissioner of Education Claxton. Thirty-two States, with Hawaii and Porto Rico, will be represented.

State Superintendents of Education will meet on Tuesday to outline plans for utilizing the results of the conference in later campaigns in various States.

A worldwide view of education will be considered on Friday, Secretary Colby presiding, with Sir Auckland Geddes, British Ambassador, and Dr. Varela, Minister from Uruguay, among the speakers.

REBELS CAPTURE CARRANZA CHIEFS

Whole Cabinet Reported Taken and a Number of Congress Members.

GONZALES DROPS CANDIDACY

Leaves Field to Obregon for Presidency—Archives Burned When Carranza Fled.

MEXICO CITY, May 15, via Laredo Junction, May 16 (Associated Press).—The first trainload of civilians from the vicinity of San Marcos, State of Vera Cruz, where fighting between Carranza and Liberal revolutionary forces has been reported, was scheduled to arrive in Mexico City late tonight (Saturday). The passengers include numerous members of the National Congress, whose presence in the capital will furnish a quorum for the extraordinary session called to name a Provisional President.

W. A. Body, British Consul at Vera Cruz, and a number of other foreigners are reported to be on the train.

General Sanchez's report of the fighting on Friday, when Carranza broke through the rebel lines, given out Friday night at Obregon headquarters, said the Carranza party carried all the minted coin from the trains, but left a great quantity of gold and silver bars, valuable records and dies from the mint stamping office.

Before their flight the Carranzistas set fire to the trains, but the flames were extinguished by revolutionists, who rescued several wounded occupants of the coaches. These included General Augustin Millan, who had been left severely wounded in a sleeping car.

General Jacinto Trevino, heading a revolutionary commission bearing a safe conduct for General Carranza, should he wish to surrender, arrived on the scene a few hours after Carranza had fled.

Gonzales Leaves Presidential Race.

Pablo Gonzales, in a manifesto issued tonight, announced that he had definitely withdrawn from the Presidential race.

General Alvaro Obregon is the only remaining Presidential candidate unless Ygnacio Bonillas should return to the capital, which is considered improbable.

Gonzales's action is accepted as meaning the elimination of any chance of friction between himself and Obregon, the two chief military leaders of the Liberal revolutionary party.

General Candido Aguilar, son-in-law of Carranza, has been captured at Jalapilla, State of Vera Cruz, it was announced officially Saturday night.

EL PASO, Texas, May 16.—All of the members of Carranza's Cabinet have been captured and sent to Mexico City, according to a message said to have been received today by revolutionary agents here from General Obregon in Mexico City.

Carranza Burns Archives.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—His forces defeated in a battle with revolutionary contingents last Friday near Rinconada, President Carranza has fled with a small escort in the direction of the mountains of Vera Cruz, where he is being pursued, according to information received from Adolfo de la Huerta, Provisional President of Mexico, by Dr. Alvaro Torre Diaz, confidential agent in Washington of the revolutionary government in Mexico.

This announcement was authorized by the confidential agency: "General Obregon at Mexico City has reported by telegraph that, after a sharp engagement Friday near Rinconada, Carranza's column broke and fled, abandoning all remaining trains and leaving in the hands of the forces of the de facto Government numerous automobiles, four guns of large calibre, two mountain guns, 200 machine guns and an enormous quantity of munitions, including rifles, one airplane and one trainload of general supplies.

"In danger of capture, Carranza, accompanied by a few adherents, took flight in automobiles, escorted by a small body of cavalry in the direction of Perote Castle and the mountains of Vera Cruz.

"At the same time the forces of the de facto Government captured a large number of prisoners, bars of gold and silver in considerable quantity, and several families who left Mexico City with the ex-President. During the engage-

Continued on Page Three.

ALLIES TO AWAIT GERMAN PAYMENTS TO REIMBURSE US

Hythe Conference Adopts Principle of Liquidating in Proportion to Berlin's Delays.

EXPERTS TO FIX LUMP SUM

To Report for Spa Conference the Minimum to be Required of Germany.

FRENCH VOICE SATISFACTION

Hope to Fund Germany's Obligations and Thus Strengthen Their Financial Position.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HYTHE, England, May 16.—The French application for priority in distribution of the sums recovered from Germany turned the meeting of British and French Premiers and Finance Ministers, which has just broken up, from a mere consultation of creditors prior to a meeting with the debtor into a conference in which were laid down principles on which the two nations concerned should proceed to work for the economic rehabilitation of Europe.

For the first time the debts owed by one of the Allies to another came prominently to the front, and the important decision was made that the rate and time of liquidation of these should depend upon the rate and time at which Germany made her reparation payments.

The United States, the Allies' largest creditor, was not represented at the conference and in response to inquiries no statement was forthcoming as to whether it was to be officially consulted as to the attitude it would assume toward the projected arrangement; but it was pointed out here that without America's concurrence it was almost impossible for any Franco-British understanding of this nature to be carried into effect.

Premier Millerand and the other French officials started for Paris by the afternoon boat from Folkestone and before sailing expressed general satisfaction with the results arrived at, the details of which, however, must be worked out by experts.

The Belgian Ministers and financial experts who were expected to be present at the conference have decided not to come over at present.

The formal statement issued at the close of the conference lays stress on the need of "marking the definite beginning of the era of peace" by regularizing the economic relations of all countries, including Germany. The British and French Governments recognize that the reparations question should be decided as quickly as possible, and the payments made effectively available without delay. They also declare that "it is desirable that Germany should be put in a position to regain her financial autonomy by speedy fulfillment of her obligations."

Liquidation of Allied Debts.

But they go further than that. The mere payment of enormous indemnities by Germany, even if that were immediately possible, would not solve the economic difficulties gravely weighing upon the general situation unless some means were also devised for liquidating the crushing mutual indebtedness of the Allies themselves. Great Britain, for example, while she owes £842,000,000 to the United States, has lent £1,740,000,000 to her allies, of which £506,000,000 went to France and £221,000,000 to her dominions and India.

So the conference decided that the liquidation of these must be made "parallel" with the liquidation of the reparation debts of the former Central Empires. The effect of this principle will be to establish an important relationship between the amount France, for example, recovers from Germany and the amount she must repay to England. French publicists have sometimes written as though all the reparations she received could be used for her own purposes and to keep down her taxation; but this agreement implies that as Germany pays up France must reduce her indebtedness to her Allies.

On the other hand, it also implies, it is explained, that if Germany got behindhand in her payments for a couple of years France would also be permitted to postpone the payment of the installments due on her debts.

So, while the arrangement practically enforces the recognition of inter-allied obligations, it also establishes on a formal economic basis a defiatte community of interest between creditor and debtor allied nations that may have most important results in determining their future policy toward Germany.

Experts to Work Out Indemnity Sum.

Meanwhile the British and French financial experts are to prepare for their respective Governments, in preparation for the Spa conference, estimates of the minimum amount that Germany must be asked to pay. It is explicitly laid down that this sum must be fixed after a thorough examination of the needs of the allies and the productive capacity of Germany, and it is understood that in the event of the Germans making an rapid economic recovery as some authorities expect, there will be nothing to prevent the Allied Reparation Commission from revising the estimate upward.

Experts are also to be instructed to determine how Germany shall pay and

Continued on Page Two.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a little HOT Water for INDIGESTION. Quick relief.—Advt.

Sinn Fein Mob Terrorizes Londonderry; Policeman Is Killed and Three Men Wounded

BELFAST, May 16 (Associated Press).—Londonderry experienced a night of terror Saturday, part of the city being for hours at the mercy of riotous mobs. During the disturbances Sergeant Dennis Moroney, Chief of the Special Criminal Department of the city, was shot through the right lung and died within half an hour.

The other casualties included James McCafferty, aged 18, shot in the chest; District Inspector McDonagh, wounded in the head with a stone while leading a police charge, and John McCallion, a former soldier, wounded in the head with a bayonet.

After minor disturbances early in the night the ill-feeling between the Sinn Feiners and Ulsterites flamed up. About 10 o'clock the air was thick with bottles, stones and other missiles, while revolvers were freely discharged. When hostilities were in full swing, forty-eight policemen, armed with carbines, arrived in command of Inspector McDonagh, who persuaded the Ulsterites to retire to their quarters.

The Sinn Feiners continued their disorderly demonstrations, and the police charged and scattered them into the side streets. Many of them made for the quay, near the Great Northern Station. It was here that Moroney met his end. Rioters, concealing themselves behind railway wagons, directed volleys of revolver shots point blank at the police.

Rioting was renewed again tonight, the rival factions exchanging fire frequently in various parts of the city. The police patrols were withdrawn from 10:30 until after midnight, and Unionist ex-soldiers, wearing masks, took possession of Carlisle Road, driving pedestrians off the street. A former soldier named Doherty was shot dead.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, May 16.—The Maynooth Town Hall and Court House have been wrecked by an explosion so violent that every house in the town was shaken and extensive damage done to windows. Houses fifty yards from the scene were struck by fragments from the explosion, which was caused by a bomb early this morning. It had been rumored that the buildings were to be occupied by soldiers.

The local police barracks, which were vacated a few weeks ago, were recently burned down.

For breaking windows in Cooraclare, County Clare, five men have been arrested by Sinn Fein Volunteers and ordered to work on a farm under supervision, pending trial.

A portion of the military barracks at Mitchelstown was destroyed by fire early this morning.

LONDON, May 16.—Thirty-four Sinn Fein hunger strikers recently released from Wormwood Scrubbs prison, who have since been undergoing treatment at the Maryleborne Infirmary in London, left the infirmary Sunday afternoon as a protest against an alleged shortage of rations, and have not returned.

SWISS PLEBISCITE DECIDES FOR LEAGUE

11½ Cantonal Votes for It, 10½ Against—Popular Majority 100,000.

DIVISION ON LANGUAGE LINES

German-Speaking Cantons Give 10,000 Adverse Majority—Biggest Vote Ever Recorded.

BERNE, May 16 (Associated Press).—Switzerland today, in a referendum on the question of accepting or rejecting of membership in the League of Nations voted in favor of the proposition.

The vote was a close one, 11½ of the cantonal votes being in favor and 10½ against. The popular vote in favor of the League was approximately 400,000, and against it 360,000.

The following cantons voted for adherence to the League: Lucerne, Thurgau, Ticino, Neuchâtel, Grisons, Valais, Vaud, Geneva, Fribourg, Berne and the half-cantons of Upper and Lower Unterwalden and Outer Appensell. Total, 11½.

Those voting against adherence were the cantons of Uri, Solothurn, Glarus, Zug, Schaffhausen, Aargau, Schwyz, Zurich, St. Gall and the two half-cantons of Basle city and county and Inner Appensell. Total, 10½.

The greatest majority was polled in Vaud—for the League, 61,000; against, 4,000.

The German-speaking cantons polled a majority of 10,000 against the League. It was foreseen that a large majority of the French-speaking cantons would favor the League, while, as a whole, the German-speaking cantons were uncertain, the city of Zürich holding the balance.

Of eight of the smaller cantons five voted against the League, while three favored it. In the larger cantons the vote was close, except in Neuchâtel, which was overwhelmingly for adherence.

GENEVA, May 16 (Associated Press).—Swiss citizens voted today for or against Swiss adhesion to the League of Nations. It was the first referendum of a free country as to whether or not it shall enter the League organized at the Paris Peace Conference. All other countries now forming part of the League have been committed to it by their representatives acting in the name of their countries, but without a direct and specific mandate on this particular question.

The balloting was conducted in the open air, the women in their multi-colored national costumes and the men in their Sunday clothes beginning to arrive at the polls at about 11 o'clock in the morning. The correspondent was present at the voting in the little town of Altdorf, in Uri canton, made famous by William Tell when no League of Nations formed part of the platform, and voting was conducted under the watchful eyes of soldiers bearing sharp swords and heavy crossbows.

The voting officials stood on a slightly raised platform in the centre of a blooming meadow. The citizens having congregated in the market place a mile away, the notes of a bugle brought out the militia to form an avenue through which the voters marched to the voting place.

Each voter walked up five or six steps to the official platform and deposited his ballot in the ballot box. At 6 o'clock tonight a short prayer brought the plebiscite to an end, and the counting of the votes began.

Never in the history of Switzerland did so many voters go to the booths as today. Automobiles carried sick voters from hospitals, and even some prisoners convicted of offenses not canceling their civic rights were escorted to the polls by officers of the law. The Federal Government issued a last appeal in favor of adhesion to the League, while its opponents were equally active.

A leading Judge said this morning that there could be only two consequences of an adverse vote—eventual civil war or a division of Switzerland into two parts, the North joining Germany and the South choosing France, thus creating a new political orientation in Europe.

America's non-entrance into the League has been exploited as the chief argument of the opponents of Switzerland's adherence, especially the Socialists. The latter proclaimed the League to be the work of the imperialists of France and England, and praised the attitude of the United States Senate. Airplanes dropped propaganda, and the scramble for the papers developed into numerous fist fights.

"ADAM AND EVA." Biggest Comedy Hit in New York. Longacre Theatre.—Advt.

DR. GRANT ASSAILS EPISCOPAL BISHOPS

Ascension Rector Foretells Split and Free Parishes Headed by Independent Men.

SNEERS AT ENGLISH WAYS

Title "My Lord" Dazzles Americans at Lambeth, He Says—Belittles Confirmation.

Preaching yesterday morning on "Will the Episcopal Church Split in Two?" the Rev. Dr. Percy Stickney Grant, rector of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Ascension, Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street, declared that in America today the Bishops of the Church were "reaching for more authority," and that he feared "through the assertion of Episcopal authority, which so narrows and hampers the growth of the Church, the variety of its expression and the energy of its active ministry, the more vigorous of our clergy will organize their parishes into community churches, or will leave the Protestant Episcopal Church and establish such churches."

Dr. Grant astonished his big audience by declaring that the sacrament of Confirmation "as it is now understood is an outworn custom of little significance." He said there were "few thinking adults who join the Episcopal Church today, and few of them upon any intellectual persuasion."

He affirmed that he could not recall any advance legislation which the Episcopal Church had enacted in his time. He said the Church had made no pronouncement on suffrage, prohibition or the abolition of poverty. He declared that "the listlessness and self-satisfaction of the Episcopal Church is driving some of the more humanitarian clergy out of the ministry."

Sees Four Danger Signs.

Dr. Grant said there were at least four conditions in the Episcopal Church today that "may divide it permanently" into independent organizations. "These elements of possible secession," Dr. Grant said, were:

"The antagonism between High and Broad Church into what some call the Catholic and Protestant parties.

"Episcopal usurpation of authority.

"The attraction and efficiency of community churches for clergymen and westries hampered in their work by Episcopal authority.

"The inertia of the Church toward any kind of progress—theological, organic, social, or economical."

"The Protestant Episcopal Church since its foundation in 1783 has had a quiet career," said Dr. Grant. "Even the civil war of 1861, which disrupted the Baptist, Methodist and Presbyterians, leaving them divided by the Mason and Dixon Line, into separate North and South organizations, did not disturb the Protestant Episcopal Church. If such a social question as slavery did not split the Church or arouse it, what can?"

Throughout his sermon Dr. Grant defended his Sunday evening public forum which the Right Rev. Charles S. Burch, Bishop of New York, recently took into account. The rector did not mention Bishop Burch by name, but he quoted in kindly terms the late Bishop Henry C. Potter and the late Bishop David H. Greer.

What Dr. Grant said about the ordinance of confirmation was especially noticeable because only last Thursday a class was confirmed in his church. The Right Rev. Julius W. Atwood, Bishop of Arizona, was the officiating prelate. Bishop Atwood, who was a guest in Dr. Grant's rectory, acted for Bishop Burch.

Leaves Question Unanswered.

Dr. Grant did not answer the question as to whether his communion would be split in two, but he declared if there was a split it would come in the direction of greater Congregationalism.

"In America today the Bishops of the Protestant Episcopal Church are reaching for more authority," declared Dr. Grant. "In the Middle West this takes the form of a desire to dictate to the parishes who their rectors shall be and in general to invade parish self-

Continued on Page Ten.

Best Seats $2 Wed. Mat. "Florodora." Century Thea. Biggest Musical Hit in town.—Advt.

LEVI P. MORTON DIES AT RHINEBECK HOME ON 96TH BIRTHDAY

Ex-Vice President and Governor of New York Expires from Bronchial Pneumonia.

ILL ONLY A FEW DAYS

Birthday Formally Celebrated Saturday by School Children of Rhinebeck and Rhinecliff.

TWO DAUGHTERS AT BEDSIDE

Congressman and Minister to France Among Positions Held by Financier and Philanthropist.

Special to The New York Times.

RHINEBECK, N. Y., May 16.—Levi P. Morton, Vice President of the United States during President Benjamin Harrison's term from 1889 to 1893, and Governor of New York from 1895 to 1897, died from bronchial pneumonia at his home at Ellerslie at 8:30 o'clock tonight, on his ninety-sixth birthday.

Mr. Morton caught cold three days ago and appeared to be only slightly affected, but Dr. W. K. Losee of Red Hook, who was called in, told the family at once that it was a bronchial attack, which was likely to prove treacherous in the case of a man of the great age to which ex-Governor Morton had attained. While he did not appear dangerously ill yesterday, Mr. Morton was unable to leave his room in his magnificent country home at Ellerslie to see school children from the Rhinecliff and Rhinebeck schools, who had come to his country estate, according to their annual custom, to celebrate his birthday with a party on the Ellerslie grounds.

Mr. Morton grew worse rapidly during the night. Today he was unconscious, and Dr. Losee informed the daughter, Mrs. Helen Morton, who had been with her father since his previous illness, and his nephew, Morton Mino, who has had the management of his interests for the last seven years, that there was no hope. Seven years ago an attack of arterio-sclerosis caused Mr. Morton, then 89 years old, to retire from the management of his affairs, which he had conducted energetically himself up to that time.

Another daughter, Mrs. William C. Eustis, of Washington, D. C., and her husband were at Mr. Morton's death bed. Miss Mary Morton, another daughter, was unable to reach Ellerslie from Germantown, Pa., tonight, but will arrive in the morning. There are ten living grandchildren, five the children of Mrs. Eustis and five the children of Mrs. Winthrop Rutherfurd, now dead, of Allamuchi, N. J.

Mr. Morton was given up by his physicians in 1913, when he appeared at the point of death from arterio-sclerosis, but he rallied with an astonishing exhibition of vitality and regained something of his former ruggedness. Giving up his financial interests, he spent his time in Washington, D. C., in the Winter and at his country estate in the Summer.

Until a few days ago, he had been driven about his grounds and around Rhinebeck in his automobile, apparently enjoying wonderful vigor for a man approaching the century mark. His great age and apparent heartiness had made him a marvel among the residents of the district. His mind was still clear, although his memory had become somewhat impaired within the last three or four years. Up to that time he had retained the keen interest in national affairs which had marked his career for three-quarters of a century. He had never lost his enthusiasm for the Republican Party and had been a steady contributor to its State and National campaign funds.

In the last twenty years, practically all of his close friends had died. The only men living, with whom he had been closely associated during the period of his activity in politics and finance, are ex-Senator Chauncey M. Depew, Henry Clews and Judge William G. Choate, who is now 90 years old. Among his friends of a younger generation is Elihu Root, now 75 years old, who was regarded as a "youngster" by Mr. Morton, his nephew said.

Mr. Morton became noticeably feebler after the death of his second wife in 1918. A year ago Surrogate Gleason of Poughkeepsie went to the estate to examine the former Governor in connection with a suit brought by the State Controller against Mrs. Morton's estate and found that the impairment of the aged man's memory made a hearing difficult.

Late in Entering Public Life.

Levi Parsons Morton did not begin his official career until after he was 54 years old. His earlier life he spent in amassing a fortune, and when his rise to fame came it was rapid, and quite unusual in sequence. First he was Congressman, then Minister to France, next Vice President of the United States, and finally Governor of this State. Intermingled were efforts to be elected to the United States Senate and occasional underlined "booms" for the Presidency.

Mr. Morton was born on a little farm in Shoreham, Vt., on May 16, 1824, the son of the Rev. Daniel Oliver Morton, a Congregationalist of the strictly Puritan type, who brought up a typically large Puritan family on a maximum salary of $600 a year. He was named after his mother's brother, Levi Par-

Continued on Page Fifteen.

FOR INDIGESTION—SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a little HOT ater. Quick relief.—Advt.

Exhaustion of Our Oil Supply in Twenty Years Predicted

WASHINGTON, May 16.—With oil consumption in the United States exceeding production, Director Manning of the Bureau of Mines predicted today that in less than twenty years the supply still underground would be exhausted. If the demand for gasoline and other oil products continued to increase as it had during the last few days, the United States, he said, would have to depend on other countries for part of its supply.

The Geological Survey estimates that more than 40 per cent. of the supply in all oil fields in the United States has been exhausted.

For a supply from foreign fields, the United States would have to depend largely on Mexico, Venezuela and Colombia, according to Mr. Manning.

DIES IN AUTO UPSET AS BIRTHDAY ENDS

Pinned Under Blazing Car, Company Manager Succumbs in Mill Neck Road.

COMPANION BADLY BURNED

Machine Crashes Through Rail Fence Near City Line and Rolls Down Embankment.

A few minutes after the breaking up of a party in Plandome, L. I., in honor of his thirty-eighth birthday, about 1 o'clock yesterday morning, Otto Helmann, manager of the Winterroth Piano Company, 8 Union Square, Manhattan, was killed when an automobile in which he was riding crashed through a rail fence on the North Hempstead Turnpike, at Mill Neck Road, just beyond the dividing line between the city and Nassau County.

The automobile, driven by August Kirchner, after crashing through the fence upset. A fence rail punctured the gas tank. The car caught fire and was burned. Kirchner is in the Flushing Hospital, suffering from serious burns.

After the party Mr. Helmann volunteered to show four of the guests, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Dillion of New Rochelle, and Mr. and Mrs. George T. Bang of Elizabeth, N. J., the way back to Manhattan as far as Flushing. Mr. Helmann and Mr. Kirchner went ahead in the former's new car. The others followed in another car. Soon they came upon a blazing automobile at the bottom of an embankment near the Mill Neck Road. Hurrying to the rescue they found Kirchner lying near the burning car. Helmann had been pinned beneath the car and efforts to extricate him were futile. Realizing that Helmann was beyond aid the rescuers hurried Kirchner to the Flushing Hospital. His condition late last night was said to be favorable.

Egbert Le Cluse of Great Neck, as acting Coroner, started an investigation. He said he believed that in attempting to pass another car Kirchner steered too close to one side. Kirchner's condition was so serious that he could not be questioned.

Helmann's body will be sent to the home of his brother, Charles Helmann, his only surviving relative, in Waterbury, Conn.

FRENCH WORKERS ABANDONING STRIKE

Government Looks for Normal Situation by Tomorrow, Though Strikers Deny This.

PARIS, May 16.—The situation created by the strike was unchanged today, with a tendency toward improvement.

Both the Government and the General Federation of Labor officially expressed their opinions this evening, the fifteenth day of the movement. The Government says it expects to have the situation back to normal on Monday or Tuesday, while the Federation is pinning its hopes on a general strike in Alsace-Lorraine, which may occure at any moment.

The telegraph, telephone and post office workers reiterated today an expression of their willingness to enter the strike movement if requested to do so by the General Federation. A similar suggestion last Sunday remained unacted upon by the Federation.

The railway men are returning to work and the strike of gas workers apparently has failed, the city being lighted this evening as usual.

The striking miners of Lille are awaiting orders to return to work. The situation at Havre is improving. Boulogne is reported to be normal and Bordeaux is improving, but Marseilles is still bottled up, as are also St. Nazaire, Nantes, Rochefore and Bayonne, all on the Atlantic seaboard, where the strikers appear to have the upper hand.

VIENNA HAILS YEAR'S AID.

12,000 Children Join Officials in Acclaiming American Relief.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, May 15 (via Geneva).—On the occasion of the first anniversary of the American Child Relief in Vienna, Lieutenant Stockton, chief of the American Child Relief work, arranged a children's festival in the Augarten this afternoon, attended by 12,000 children, as well as by members of the American Mission and by President Seitz, Secretary Deutsch and other officials of the Republic.

Seitz and Deutsch made addresses eulogizing the American philanthropic work, which they declared had been the greatest blessing to the entire population. The children were dined and feted, and in return gave a tremendous ovation to Lieutenant Stockton and the other Americans.

PREPARE TO BREAK BIG FREIGHT JAM BY PRIORITY ORDER

Government Action to Relieve Roads and Industry Is Expected Within 48 Hours.

PLANTS FACE SUSPENSION

Financial and Business Men Are Hard Hit, and Tieup Is Estimated to Cost Millions Daily.

FOOD PILED ON PIERS HERE

Union Truckmen and Employers Refuse to Move Coastwise Cargoes.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—There were indications tonight that the Government would act within forty-eight hours to break the nation-wide freight jam which for nearly a month has been slowly clinching its grip on the throat of industry.

Sweeping orders by the Interstate Commerce Commission granting priority of shipment for food, fuel and perishables were confidently awaited by railroad officials, who yesterday appealed to the commission to use all of the emergency power vested in it by the Transportation act. They expected the Commission also to bar temporarily the transportation of all "dead" freight, so that necessaries of life could be rushed to communities where shortages will soon exist.

The commission was understood to be prepared to lay aside its routine business that its whole effort might be directed at ending the traffic congestion. Its experts have been instructed to work in conjunction with the American Railroad Association Car Service Committee in assembling all available data on the car situation with a view to apportioning the supply where it would do the most good.

Industrial Shutdowns Feared.

Appeals of the railroads for help have brought to light new dangers in the situation. Developments in the last twenty-four hours showed that a decidedly menacing condition confronted the commercial world through the tie-up of the financial resources of business houses. Delay in movement of products was declared to have brought many plants face to face with imminent shutdown, because of the failure to finance further production without heavy borrowings to replace the money temporarily tied up. Interest rates at this time are so high as to make that course out of the question for most of the manufacturing concerns, according to Treasury officials.

It was said that the congestion is costing the nation "millions a day" through underproduction.

"Wholesalers and retailers alike are suffering through inability to obtain delivery of goods due for a month or more," railroad men said today. "This has caused a shortage in some lines which threaten to become serious unless the Government can effectively break the blockade."

Railroad officials reiterated their declaration to go "all the way" with the commission on any program. They were frankly willing to unify to the limit, exchange equipment or make other arrangements to meet the temporary requirements. What they want, they asserted, is a lifting of the burden until they can get on their feet.

The volume of freight of all kinds offered for transportation was said to be larger than the roads ever had been called upon to handle. Railroad men said that unless there was quick relief the jam would grow, and the movement of any freight made more difficult within a few days, because of the increasing number of cars tied up.

FOOD PILES GROW ON COAST LINE PIERS

Dealers in City Report Refusal of Union Truckmen to Haul Much Needed Supplies.

Food supplies consigned to dealers in this city are rapidly accumulating on the piers of coastwise shipping companies, due to the refusal of union truckmen to haul them because of sympathy with the striking longshoremen. Reports describing conditions on the piers have been received by the new Citizens' Transportation Committee, formed to break the transportation tieup, and the committee is planning to act on them within a few days.

The Southern Pacific Company, according to a statement issued yesterday by the Merchants' Association, reports a great amount of freight on four of its piers. The consignees have been notified to remove it, but they have been unable to get trucks. The freight includes large quantities of raw materials and also 12,149 bags of rice, 3,109 cases of canned goods and other foodstuffs.

About 1,800 cases of canned goods consigned to one dealer alone remain undelivered despite repeated attempts of the consignee to get them. "Our truckman has been unable to get delivery," said the dealer, "and another party recommended to us also reported his inability to haul the goods. We need the goods very badly, but it seems impossible to get them.

Would Use "Outside" Truckmen.

A manufacturer, who wrote the Citizens' Transportation Committee, mentioned the name of a trucking firm that

has done his business for many years, and added: "They are unable to do anything whatever for us in view of the fact that their drivers are union men and refuse to haul to or from piers on which non-union longshoremen are at work. But we should be more than willing to secure 'outside' truckmen to handle our shipping in view of the circumstances, providing of course such truckmen could be found. And we believe they could, for we have on one or two occasions utilized such truckmen to secure shipments which came in for us at docks operating non-union men."

An exporting house took the view of the situation: "Since the strike was inaugurated trucking companies employing union men have been compelled to refuse to handle freight to or from these coastwise lines. If those companies were to resume operation by the substitution of other labor it is doubtful if the teamsters' union would authorize the handling of such freight, and if they did not we would be powerless to deliver freight from or to their piers. As it is practically impossible to obtain trucking service except from companies employing union labor, it would be impossible for us to make other arrangements in the event that the companies referred to took this position."

A large dry goods wholesale house has reported its difficulties to the committee. "We do not do our own trucking," it said in a letter, "and while we have tried to arrange with the truckman handling our business, to take care of our freight via the coastwise lines he positively refuses to do so before the strike is called off. As yet we have not found another truckman who will handle this freight, although we have applied to others, including union and non-union concerns. If you can suggest any action on the part of the members of the Merchants' Association that will tend to bring about normal conditions in shipping, we would give it careful consideration."

Zone System Is Suggested.

James J. Riordan, President of the United States Trucking Committee, made public yesterday a letter to Mayor Hylan and Alfred E. Marling, Chairman of the Citizens' Transportation Committee, in which he suggested the zone system of operating trucks in the city. The 3,500 trucks of the United States corporation are divided into zones, of which twenty-three are comprised within the Borough of Manhattan, Mr. Riordan said.

"This division of the city has not only effected greater economy in the use of equipment," he wrote, "but also has actually eliminated many trucks from sections of the city which formerly were greatly congested. It has thereby provided greater leeway for merchandise trucking generally and has also made full loading and return loading of trucks possible."

According to Mr. Riordan, 300 trucks have been eliminated from the Manhattan Bridge route alone as a result of the zone plan. The plan, he said, simply involved dividing the city into districts in each of which there are branch offices and stables. Merchandise trucking originating in the zones are transmitted to zone offices and trucks are assigned there.

100 STRIKE AT YARDS OF NEW YORK CENTRAL

Men Said to Be Members of Yardmen's Association—Food Cars Left Idle.

A walkout yesterday of about 100 men employed in the New York Central's freight yards at Sixtieth Street and West End Avenue added to the labor difficulties against which the railroads have been struggling and which have resulted in a serious tieup of freight. The strikers, among whom were switchmen, brakemen and yardmasters, left about 100 cars of perishables standing idle.

According to one of the "vacationists," the men were members of the New York Yardmen's Association, which has been meeting daily the last two weeks at Ebling's Casino, 156th Street and St. Ann's Avenue, the Bronx. It was said that the men want recognition from the Labor Board and higher wages. Many of the railroad men had been induced to take other jobs because of the present wages, one switchman said.

It was said at the executive offices of the New York Central that the strike would not cause any serious tieup, but that it might cause a delay of a few hours in the freight movement today in the yards where the walkout occurred.

ASSERT RAILROADS FACE A BREAKDOWN

Brotherhoods' Leaders Assail Further Delay in Granting Wage Increases.

SAY UNREST IS GROWING

Heads of Seventeen Organizations Issue Statement Before Resuming Wage Hearings Today.

CHICAGO, May 16.—The heads of the seventeen railroad brotherhoods issued a statement tonight, expressing apprehension as to the effect of further delay in meeting the workers' request for increased wages. The brotherhood officers arrived in Chicago for the resumption tomorrow of hearings before the Railway Labor Board on the question of a general wage advance for railway employes.

The statement reads in part:

"The country is face to face with the menace of a breakdown in transportation service. Already the efficiency and safety of the service has been seriously impaired by the action of thousands of employes who voluntarily have quit to find higher wages elsewhere. The car shortage now threatening to stop the wheels of all industry in the country is one of the first effects traceable to the failure to provide the railway workers with a living wage. Moreover, railroad travel is becoming hazardous by reason of the reduction to almost one-third in number of track walkers, whose duty it is to guard the roads against causes of wrecks and other accidents.

"We have presented our case for a living wage for the workers. Expert opinion, predicated on incontrovertible facts, indicates that the lowest figure at which a family of five can be maintained in health and reasonable comfort is $2,500 a year. Of the whole army of wage workers in the transportation industry in the United States today, 44 per cent. of their families are underfed, 69 per cent. are underclothed and 61 per cent. of them are overcrowded or inadequately housed. On the basis of what is accepted as the most accurate estimate of a bare subsistence level of earnings, which is $1,700 a year, 88 per cent. of the country's railway workers are attempting to maintain their families below a bare subsistence level. More than 600,000 railway employes do not earn in a normal working year $1,075, below which figure nearly three-quarters of the families are undernourished and seven-eighths are undercled.

"The average yearly wage paid to the entire number of railroad workers in the United States today is $1,280.50 for a normal working year of 300, eight-hour days, allowing nothing for sickness, emergency or irregularity of employment.

"Under such conditions as we have here outlined, it should not be surprising that officials of the various organizations of railway employes should find it difficult to maintain 100 per cent. discipline within their ranks. Neither should it be strange that men are leaving the railway service and that other men cast respect for wage agreements to the winds in an effort to keep their families above the level of pauperism. Unrest in the ranks is naturally increasing and increasing at an alarming rate."

POLAND OPENS RAILWAY.

Direct Line from Warsaw to Posen Is Now Provided.

The first railroad built by Poland since the armistice has just been opened for traffic between Kutno and Strzalkow, according to a cable from that country received yesterday by W. B. Poland and Edgar Rickard, 115 Broadway, American technical advisers to the Polish Government. The message says:

"The line is 111 kilometers long, from Kutno to Strzalkow, establishing practically a straight line between Warsaw and Posen and effecting a saving of seventy-one kilometers. This ties together more intimately the people of Congress Poland with those of Posen, who have been artificially separated by the Russian policy of restricted railway construction in this area. The line also forms a part of the future great International Transcontinental Railway route between Vladivostok, Moscow, Warsaw, Berlin, Brussels, London and Paris."

The Polish Government last Summer, at the suggestion of Mr. Hoover, appointed a group of American technical advisers, including railway specialists. The chief of this organization in Poland is Colonel A. E. Barber of the U. S. A. Engineering Corps, and the railroad member for Poland is Major T. R. Ryan, formerly General Manager of the Great Northern Railroad.

SUFFRAGISTS GAIN VOTES.

Hope for Ratification When Delaware House Reconvenes Today.

WILMINGTON, Del., May 16.—Final action on ratification of the suffrage amendment will probably be taken by the House at Dover tomorrow when the Legislature reconvenes after its recess. Following an appeal by Alfred I. du Pont for all prominent Republicans and Democrats to go to Dover tomorrow to show their stand on the suffrage question, committee leaders were to say this evening in an effort to make a good showing. Mr. du Pont and his cousin, T. Coeman du Pont, formerly bitter political antagonists, will be among those attending the session in the interest of ratification.

While both sides are expressing confidence over the outcome when the House reconsiders the measure it defeated so badly before, published statements from several of the members indicate a change in favor of suffrage. Leaders here tonight declared that unless there were sufficient votes to pass the ratification measure it would be kept away from the House until the needed votes were secured.

HOOKER OPENING CAMPAIGN.

Republican Gubernatorial Aspirant to Address Three Meetings Tonight.

Elon H. Hooker, who announced his candidacy several weeks ago, will open his campaign for the Republican nomination for Governor this week by a series of fifteen-minute speeches before Assembly district Republican clubs in Manhattan. Three meetings are scheduled for tonight. The first is at the headquarters of the Ninth Assembly District Club, of which Charles E. Heydt is leader, at 157 West Ninety-seventh Street; the second before the Eighteenth District Club, 158 East 116th Street, Charles B. Large leader, and the third is at the clubhouse of the Sixth District Republican Club, 44 Avenue C, the home organization of Samuel S. Koenig, Republican County Chairman.

Tomorrow night Mr. Hooker will speak at a joint meeting of the First and Second District Republican Clubs at 32 Macdougal Street and before the Fourth Assembly District Club, 436 Grand Street. Mr. Hooker will speak on Wednesday night before the Greenwich Village Young Republican Club.

KEEP PILGRIMS' DAY.

Methodists Celebrate Landing—Many Congratulate Dr. Fisher.

DES MOINES, Iowa, May 16.—The 300th anniversary of the landing of the Pilgrim Fathers was celebrated at the afternoon session of the Methodist Episcopal General Conference here today. Bishop L. B. Wilson delivered the principal address.

The second week of the conference ended with the work about three days ahead of the record of previous sessions, but as several matters have been added to the usual routine of business, it is predicted this session will be no shorter than that of four years ago. Chief among these special matters is unification with the Southern branch of the denomination.

Many friends in this vicinity of the Rev. Dr. Fred B. Fisher sent telegrams of congratulation to him yesterday at Des Moines, Ia., where on Saturday he was elected a Bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church by the General Conference. Dr. Fisher, who is head of the Industrial Department of the Interchurch World Movement, is the youngest man ever chosen a bishop of the Methodist Church. He is only 36 years old. He and Mrs. Fisher live in Ridgham, Alaska, but since working for the Interchurch Movement he has resided at the Arts Club in this city.

Dr. Fisher was born in Muncie, Ind. He was educated at Wilmore College, in Kentucky, an institution of the Southern Methodist Church. In 1902 he went to Agra, Central India, as a missionary, but was obliged to return after two and one-half years on account of the health of his wife.

Dr. Fisher settled in Boston, where he was called to the pastorate of the First Methodist Episcopal Church. He was called from there to be Assistant Secretary of the Laymen's Missionary Movement of his denomination, and succeeded to the full secretaryship. In 1915 the clergyman was elected Associate General Secretary of the Interdenominational Laymen's Missionary Movement. Then he was Executive Chairman of the India Mass Movement of the Methodist Church. Later he became Director of the Methodist Centenary Campaign, and still later he began service with the Interchurch. Dr. Fisher is the author of numerous books, one of which is "India's Silent Revolution."

URGES SHIFTING DEBT OF ALLIES

Banker in Paris Proposes That Their Obligations to Us Be Transferred to Germany.

NITTI'S RETURN PREDICTED

Americans Abroad Favor a Mandate for All Turkish Peoples Instead of Armenians Alone.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 16.—In connection with the discussion of the realization of immediate credits on Germany's reparation to the Allies, and France in particular, an American banker in Paris makes this suggestion:

"It would be worth considering to transfer the Allies' obligations to the United States to Germany, thus relieving England, France and Italy of their $10,000,000,000 debt.

"For the Allies this would settle the question hanging over their budget arrangements and for Americans it would clear up the present very embarrassing situation in which any pressure for the collection of Allied debts to the United States would be ill received in Europe.

"If we transferred the loan to Germany, and for a certain period, say ten years, waived interest or made it nominal, charging full interest thereafter, it would greatly ease Germany's situation and enable her to fulfill her obligations to Belgium and France, and look forward to re-establishing her trade and the working out of the difficulties which might seem otherwise insuperable.

"With such arrangements Germany would no longer be able to plead that the payment of the reparation would so enslave her and destroy her hope of recovery that her population cannot be rallied to resumption of national commercial effort. American sentiment might favor a big undertaking like this, especially with the promise of settling at a stroke the present disturbed conditions and putting Europe back to work in good earnest."

The statesmen here look upon Nitti's retirement as temporary and believe that no other Italian statesman is capable of leading Italy to industrial recovery. It was surprising, it is said, that he kept his Government afloat for nearly a year with such a slender Parliamentary backing. Nitti, it is declared, is the nearest combination in Europe of economic ability in association with political skill and cunning. Besides he has extraordinary good temper in all circumstances and deep confidence in Italy's potential ability to work out of her troubles by industrial processes.

It is not believed here that any other Italian politician can carry on for any considerable time, and that Nitti's recall is a matter only of a few weeks or months. If the Fiume question could be gotten rid of and Nitti could appeal to the country on the clear issue of industrial development, it is not improbable, it is said, that he could come back with a true majority in the Chamber of Deputies, which would enable him to carry out his resolutions with a boldness impossible in the circumstances in which he had held the Premiership.

According to American opinion here, it is hardly imaginable that President Wilson intends to support a mandate for Armenia only, as reported in the European press. While General Harbord's report refrained from direct recommendations, a close reading of it shows, they assert, that the only mandate seriously entertained by him and his associates was one spanning over all the Turkish speaking people from Constantinople to the Transcaucasian republics.

In Constantinople alone 130,000 Armenians and diffusion races would, according to these opinions, make a separate Armenian mandate unworkable. It is believed that if Constantinople could have been included and the Harbord idea adopted in its entirety with the backing of American opinion, a monumental work could have been done by Americans in Asia Minor.

ALLIES TO AWAIT GERMAN PAYMENTS

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

to prescribe methods of capitalising her obligations. These instructions, it is believed, were formulated in order to meet the desire of France to realise as quickly as possible on the amount coming to her. Her financiers have expressed the belief that it would be quite possible for her to raise large loans in neutral countries if she had good collateral to offer, and it is expected that if Germany's obligations can be funded, France will be offering part of her share of these securities in return for ready money.

Finally, the experts are to examine the ratio in which the periodical payments by Germany are to be distributed. It is prescribed that their award must respect existing agreements on this point; that is, they must recognize the Belgian claim for the first £100,000,000 and the understanding that France is to receive 55 per cent. and England 25 per cent. of later installments, and subject to this they are to draw up complete schedules.

The British and French experts will, of course, report to their own Premiers, and it is presumed that there will be some differences of opinion that will make necessary further conferences; but the hope was expressed here today that it would be possible as the result of their labors to go far toward clearing the economic fog now covering Europe and to define the obligations of Germany to the Allies and of one ally to another with a distinctness that would make the work of reconstruction very much easier.

Conjecture as to Our Attitude.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Monday, May 17.—The Daily Chronicle says that the French suggestion at the Hythe conference was that after the priority of indemnity payments had been observed as affecting the costs of the armies of occupation and the special payment to Belgium, France should have priority over all other reparations until she had been paid in full.

G. H. Perris says that the view put forward by the British Government to Premier Millerand was that to give France absolute priority, such as was suggested, would mean that England and the other allies would get practically nothing at all.

As regards the plan agreed upon by the two Premiers, Mr. Perris asks whether the other associated and allied powers will accept the scheme, or if it is a purely Franco-British arrangement.

"For instance," he says, "France has lent Italy £35,000,000 and Belgium £90,000,000. If these debts are treated in the same way, those two States are appreciably benefited. Above all, what will the super-creditor, the United States, say? Not being herself concerned in the reparations account, she cannot be asked to participate in the arrangement in the same way as her war partners. But if she approves it, will she not—at least for the weaker of them—be willing to subject the repayment of her loans, which reach a total of very nearly £2,000,000,000, to a like condition, their recovery of reparation money?"

Text of Official Statement.

HYTHE, England, May 16 (Associated Press).—Premier Lloyd George, Premier Millerand and their advisers conferred here this morning, the meeting lasting until nearly 1 o'clock. After the conference Premier Millerand and his suite started for home.

An official statement issued at the close of the conference said:

"The British and French Governments recognise on the one hand that it is the general interest that reparation for losses and damages caused by the war should be secured as soon as possible, and with this object in view it is necessary that resources should be made effectively available without delay and, on the other hand, that it is desirable that Germany should be put in a position to regain her financial autonomy by speedy fulfillment of her obligations.

"The two Governments are further of the opinion that in order to provide a solution for the economic difficulties which are gravely weighing upon the general situation of the world, and in order to mark a definite beginning of the era of peace, it is important to arrive at a settlement which shall embrace the whole body of the international liabilities which have been left as a legacy of the war, and which shall at the same time insure a parallel liquidation of the inter-allied war debt and of reparation of the debts of the Central Empire.

"Accordingly, experts from each of the two countries will be charged to prepare immediately for examination by their Governments proposals for fixing the minimum total of the German debt which shall be capable of acceptance by the Allies and at the same time be compatible with Germany's capacity to pay; to determine the method of payment and capitalization of Germany's debt which will be best calculated to assure realisation of the general views above expressed, and to establish conditions for division between the Allies of the payments made by Germany in accordance with agreements which, in the case of certain allied countries, have already been arrived at and which remain to be definitely settled in the case of the other allied countries."

The creditors of the Allies are distinct gainers by the new financial plan adopted, because it practically makes German payments toward the indemnity guarantees for the inter-allied debts. The French consider themselves gainers because it now becomes doubly to Great Britain's interest to press Germany for reparation, while Great Britain obtains definite assurances for repayment of her loans to France.

Another item of gain for France obtained from the conference is the bargain by which Great Britain allots to France 45 per cent. of all coal exported.

Premier Lloyd George was not sufficiently well to accompany M. Millerand to Folkestone, but the utmost cordiality marked their good-bye. M. Millerand expressed his hearty thanks to Sir Philip Sassoon, at whose residence the conference was held, for his hospitality.

Andrew Bonar Law, the Government leader, arrived at Hythe this morning and attended the conference.

BOULOGNE, May 16.—Premier Millerand arrived here from Hythe at 4:45 o'clock this afternoon. He said that France and Great Britain had agreed upon fundamental principles, and that experts would meet in London to fix the amount of indemnity and details concerning execution of the payments, and would present their report to the conference. The latter, he added, after final examination would adopt definitive conclusions, which would be presented to the Germans at the Spa conference.

FORM NEW LABOR UNION.

Eastern Telephone Workers Dissatisfied with Electrical Brotherhood.

BOSTON, May 16.—Delegates from the twenty-nine locals of mechanical workers employed by the New England and Providence Telephone Companies concluded a two days' convention here tonight by organizing the International Brotherhood of Telephone Workers.

The decision to form a new union was said to be at the demand of the mechanical telephone workers in New England, as a result of the attitude of officers of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers. Leaders of the new organization said the electrical workers' organization had given no assistance to the work of organizing the telephone workers, and had even placed obstacles in their way.

WOOD ALCOHOL KILLS TWO.

Score More Ill or Dying from Poison Drinks in Toledo.

TOLEDO, Ohio, May 15.—Toledo's wood alcohol casualty list climbed today to what police authorities termed alarming proportions. With two men dead and a score reported ill or dying during the last twenty-four hours, police facilities were taxed in caring for the sufferers.

Most of the poison victims were first arrested for intoxication. At the station their condition became worse and death in two of the instances followed quickly.

Police said several of the victims became suddenly paralyzed while walking on the streets, falling upon the sidewalk.

Federal authorities are working with the police in an effort to find the source of the poison, it was said.

NAVY OFFICER ARRESTED.

Accused, with Broker, of Causing a Disturbance in a Restaurant.

Lieutenant James M. Gordon, a naval officer of the United States destroyer Hopewell, and James H. Biggs who said he was a broker, living at 200 West Fifty-seventh Street, were locked up in the West Fifty-seventh Street Station last night, charged with disorderly conduct, on complaint of Stanley A. Walsh, cashier of a Childs Restaurant at Columbus Circle.

Walsh told the police that Lieutenant Gordon and Biggs had entered the restaurant shortly before midnight, and that they had immediately started a disturbance, which reached its climax when the naval officer stood up on a table and abused the patrons. He called Patrolman John Shea, who took the two men, followed by a crowd of about 200 persons, to the police station. There Gordon asked that Admiral Plunkett of the fleet be notified.

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THIS company is here to promote as well as protect the interests of its customers, and it has developed its organization on a scale designed to enable it to do this intelligently, expeditiously and to the best advantage of all concerned.

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Women's and Misses'

"SUNSHADE HATS"

Make One Hat and One Price Cover a Whole Summer of Occasions

24.00

Tax 90

THE big brimmed, "floppy" hat overshadows the mode of Summer—drooping with flowers, frilled with ostrich, fluted with lace—and always in "Sunshade Brim."

HAIR BRAID — LEGHORN
ORGANDIE — LINEN
TULLE — NEAPOLITAN
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FRENCH MILLINERY SHOP—Fourth Floor

Store Closes at 5 P. M.

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Telephone Orders Filled—Phone Fitz Roy 1900—Ask for Telephone Order Desk

In Progress—the May Sale of

Men's Low Shoes

FOR one week each May we give an opportunity of purchasing from our regular stocks of low shoes at much below regular prices.

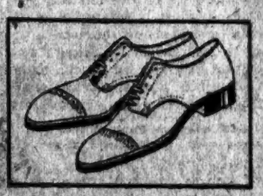
$8.75

$8.75 for a really good shoe is unusual this year, but we are offering two popular models at this price, both thoroughly reliable oxfords as to quality and style.

$12.75

At $12.75 are a number of models on smart English lasts that have been selling right along at much higher prices. These are shoes of real distinction.

With shoe prices ranging as they are today, we feel we can scarcely overemphasize the opportunity this week's selling affords.



Fourth Floor

ENDEAVOR

IT IS THE ENDEAVOR OF FINCHLEY TO PRESENT A STANDARD OF DESIGN WHICH AT ONCE PROCLAIMS ITS DISTANCE FROM THE COMMONPLACE, AND THEN TO STRENGTHEN IT BY A QUALITY WHICH ASSURES SATISFACTION. THE JACKET SKETCHED IS A PRACTICAL, CORRECT BUSINESS MODEL.

SIXTY-FIVE DOLLARS AND MORE

CUSTOM FINISH WITHOUT THE ANNOYANCE OF A TRY-ON

READY-TO-PUT-ON TAILORED AT FASHION PARK

FINCHLEY
5 West 46th. Street
NEW YORK

GIANT SWING HIGH UP SAVES HER AT FIRE

Woman Passed from Hand to Hand Across Six Feet of Space at Fifth Floor.

STREET CROWDS THRILLED

Fireman With Short Ladder Climbs Face of Brownstone House in West Forty-fifth Street.

With daring that thrilled a crowd in the street two firemen and a civilian rescued a woman from danger of being burned to death last night in a fire at 37 West Forty-fifth Street.

Cut off from the street five stories below because the flames which started in the basement had swept to the third floor, the woman, Mrs. Cecilia Reder, stood poised in the window of her room on the top floor of the burning house, a kimono wrapped about her night dress, prepared to jump as dense smoke came rolling in from the hallway, nearly suffocating her.

She had tried to descend the stairs when the smoke awakened her a little after 10 o'clock, only to be forced upward again as billows of flame came toward her. Her 14-year-old daughter, Gisella, the only other occupant of the house, had discovered the fire just as she was undressing. Finding herself unable to reach her mother, the child had rushed from the house and given the alarm. But the mother did not know this. To her fear for her own safety was added the anguish of believing that her daughter already had perished on the third floor, which the mother knew to be flame swept.

H. J. Werber, President of the American Photoplayer Company, passing just as the little girl ran out to send the alarm, started upstairs in response to the plea she shouted over her shoulder. But Werber found the task too much for him and stumbled back to the street almost overcome.

By then a crowd was in the street. They discovered Mrs. Reder by the glare of the flames from the lower stories. Hearing the clang of approaching engines at the same moment, they shouted to her not to jump.

Henry Paetow, a chauffeur of 114½ West Sixty-fifth Street, made his way into No. 75, next door, ran to the top floor and found the door of the front room, corresponding to Mrs. Reder's, locked. He smashed in the door and made his way to the window nearest the house next door, but separated from it by some six feet of open space, just as Fireman Peter Hilk of Hook and Ladder Company No. 4 joined him.

While Hilk was hurrying into the building, Michael J. Lawlor, driver for a battalion chief, had got a short ladder as far as the third floor. He dared not wait for an extension ladder. The face of the brown stone building furnished almost no hold. But, while the crowd grew quiet in the intensity of the scene, Lawlor started upward, gripping with his fingers and his feet in crevices. Once it seemed that he was gone but with a half-turn, half-leap, he gained the bottom of the fourth story window.

As he stretched his arms up to the frantic woman above, Hilk, steadied by Paetow, dropped to the top of the fourth floor window of the house next door. While Lawlor clung to the window frame with one hand, he reached up the other and Mrs. Reder slipped down to him.

Still bracing himself, Lawlor got firmer hold of his human burden and swung her across the gap to Hilk, who, in turn passed her up to Paetow. Then a great cheer broke from the strained watchers below. Mrs. Reder was hysterical until she learned her daughter was safe.

The fire was extinguished before it got beyond the third floor.

35 STATES TO ELECT GOVERNORS IN FALL

Twenty-two Republicans and Thirteen Democrats Serving Last Year of Their Terms.

CHICAGO, May 16.—Thirty-five States will elect Governors next Fall at the time when the President and Vice President are chosen. Of the Governors whose terms expire next year, 22 are Republicans and 13 Democrats.

The thirty-five Governorships to be filled offer a wide range, both in terms and salaries. Among the State Executives whose terms expire are Frank O. Lowden of Illinois, the highest paid Governor in the country, and S. R. McKelvie of Nebraska, the poorest paid. Mr. Lowden receives $12,000 a year for a four-year term and Mr. McKelvie $2,500 annually for two years. Only twelve of the thirty-five will receive over $5,000 a year, and five will be paid $3,000 or less.

Governor Coolidge of Massachusetts, whose position carries a $10,000 salary, is the only Governor in the country elected for one year. All other States have either two or four-year terms.

The States which will elect Governors this year, with their incumbent and politics, are:

Arizona, T. E. Campbell (R.); Arkansas, C. H. Brough (D.); Colorado, C. L. Shoup (R.); Connecticut, M. H. Holcomb (R.); Delaware, J. G. Townsend (R.); Florida, S. J. Catts (D.); Georgia, H. M. Dorsey (D.); Idaho, D. W. Davis (R.); Illinois, F. O. Lowden (R.); Indiana, J. P. Goodrich (R.); Iowa, W. L. Harding (R.); Kansas, H. J. Allen (R.); Maine, C. E. Milliken (R.); Massachusetts, C. Coolidge (R.); Michigan, A. E. Sleeper (R.); Minnesota, J. A. A. Burnquist (R.); Missouri, F. D. Gardner (D.); Montana, S. V. Stewart (D.); Nebraska, S. R. McKelvie (R.); New Hampshire, J. H. Bartlett (R.); New Mexico, O. A. Larrazola (R.); New York, A. E. Smith (D.); North Carolina, T. W. Bickett (D.); North Dakota, L. J. Frazier (R.); Ohio, J. M. Cox (D.); Rhode Island, R. L. Beeckman (R.); South Carolina, R. A. Cooper (D.); South Dakota, Peter Norbeck (R.); Tennessee, A. H. Roberts (D.); Texas, W. P. Hobby (D.); Utah, S. Bamberger (D.); Vermont, P. W. Clement (R.); Washington, L. F. Hart (R.); West Virginia, J. J. Cornwell (D.); Wisconsin, E. J. Philipp (R.).

Honolulu Legion Against Bonus.

HONOLULU, May 15.—By a nearly unanimous vote the Honolulu Post of the American Legion has gone on record as opposed to a cash bonus to men who served in the military and naval forces of the United States during the war, it was announced by officials of the Post today.

PROFIT ON $65 SUIT IS $27.64, HE SAYS

Economist for Labor Unions Charges Big Profiteering in Men's Clothing.

DENIES WORKER IS TO BLAME

Gives Figures Indicating That for Every 20 Cents Advance in Wages Dealers Charged Public $1.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—W. Jett Lauck, formerly Secretary of the War Labor Board, but now employed as consulting economist for the seventeen labor unions in their fight before the United States Railway Labor Board, issued a statement tonight in which he asserted that the total cost of a suit of men's clothes, exclusive of all profits, is little more than half the price exacted by the retailers. Mr. Lauck added that his statement was based on information obtained in a survey of profiteering in the clothing industry.

"The staple sack suit," said Mr. Lauck's statement, "made of medium priced wool, which sold in 1910 for $25, today is retailing for $65. The cost of manufacturing this suit, including everything from wool to transportation, is today $37.36, so that profits are absorbing $27.64 of the $65 paid by the consumer. The retailer takes the greatest proportion of profit, obtaining in the case of a $65 suit the average sum of $22.77.

"The country has been made to believe, as in every other case where the opportunity is offered, that labor's demands for increased wages have been responsible for the soaring prices, but as in practically every other industry where profiteering is rampant, it can be proved conclusively that the guilt is ascribable to price gouging and not to wage awards.

Price Increased $40.

"In the case of the $65 suit the price has increased $40, or more than five times the increased labor cost of $7.44, which includes all labor in the manufacture of the cloth as well as the suit. Even the increase of $16.88 in cumulative profits is equivalent to more than twice the increase in labor costs.

"At the present time the labor cost in producing a suit of clothes is only 20 per cent. of the price taken from the consumer, while ten years ago the purchase price included a bill of 22 per cent. to labor. So it readily can be seen that the buyer of a suit of clothes is paying those who labored on the product less proportionately than in 1910.

"Purchasers of men's clothing who have protested against the fantastic price jumps have been met invariably with the explanation that, as labor was demanding a higher wage scale, the cost to the consumer necessarily had to be advanced. Of course, it was reasonable to reflect increased labor costs in the price, but it was criminal on the part of manufacturers and retailers to make wage advances the excuse for deliberate, merciless gouging. For a manufacturer in any line of industry to charge the consumer a dollar for a wage advance of 20 cents to labor is becoming an altogether too widespread practice.

"Although the retailer's increases have been huge in a monetary sense," Mr. Lauck added, "they are much less proportionately than those of the manufacturing corporations." The woolen mills' profits for the present year, Mr. Lauck estimated, will be approximately five times those of 1910, while the garment manufacturers' profits at the present time are 350 per cent. greater than their 1910 average.

Big Profits for Wool Mills.

"The largest woolen manufacturing corporation in America increased its annual net income from an average of $1,600,000 in the pre-war years to an annual average of nearly $9,000,000 during 1916-18," continued the report. "One nationally known clothing house—the largest and best known in the country—increased its profits from an average of $850,210 in 1912-14 to $1,625,503 in 1916-18 and $2,900,219 in 1919."

Mr. Lauck made public figures to show "the advances since 1910 in every operation from manufacturing the wool cloth down to the sale of the finished suit to the consumer."

"Wool jumped from $2.03 to $5.90, or 191 per cent.," he said. "Labor in cloth manufacturing from $1.66 to $3.96, or 139 per cent.; mill expense from .66 to $2.16, or 150 per cent.; the mill profit from .23 to $1.07, or 365 per cent.; trimmings from $2.77 to $8.58, or 210 per cent.; labor on manufacturing from $3.74 to $8.88, or 137 per cent.; factory expenses from $1.12 to $2.80, or 150 per cent.; selling and general expenses from $1.91 to $4.83, or 153 per cent.; factory profit from $1.07 to $3.50, or 235 per cent.

Summarized, the tables showed an advance in wholesale price of from $15.39 in 1910 to $41.96 in 1920, or a percentage of 173 per cent. Transportation, based on a haul from Chicago to Los Angeles, jumped from .15 to .25, making the cost of the suit to the retailer $42.23. Selling the product at $65, the retailer took for his share $22.77, instead of the $9.46 he received for his margin on a suit selling for $25 in 1910, or a profit increase of 141 per cent."

INQUIRE INTO POLICE DEATH

Friendly Contest Said to Have Killed Patrolman in Station.

An investigation was conducted in the East Thirty-fifth Street Station last night into the death of Patrolman Edward S. Burns, 26 years old, of that precinct, who died yesterday afternoon in St. John's Hospital, Long Island City, where he was taken unconscious in the morning from his home, 38 Eighteenth Avenue, Astoria. It is believed that he died from a fractured skull received in the police station after midnight Saturday while skylarking in the dormitory.

As a result of the investigation by Captain Arthur A. Carey of the homicide squad, Lieutenant Willimese, in charge of the detectives of the station, and Captain George McQueeney in command of the Third Inspection District, Corporal William J. Murray has been suspended by order of First Deputy Commissioner John A. Leach. It was said that Murray and Burns engaged in a friendly scuffle in the dormitory, during which Burns's head struck an iron bed.

Following his injury Burns left for home, apparently well. Yesterday morning he did not awake and his wife summoned a physician, who ordered him taken to a hospital, where he died without regaining consciousness.

Major and Captain Killed in Crash.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., May 16.—Major Richard B. Wainwright, Q. M. C., and Captain S. O. Garrett, Eighteenth Infantry, both stationed at Camp Zachary Taylor, Ky., were killed here today. A motor car in which they were riding with Lieutenant Percy C. Fleming, Seventh Field Artillery, Camp Taylor, and two private soldiers from Camp Pike, near here, was wrecked.

REBELS CAPTURE CARRANZA CHIEFS

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

ment Carranza burned all his archives and records, and endeavored to set fire to his military trains, which, however, were saved. All prisoners are being well cared for."

The prisoners are said to number 2,000.

The revolutionary agency here has been advised that Carranza has only a few adherents left with him and that his position is now probably so precarious that his capture is considered a foregone conclusion. The revolutionists, it is asserted, have no desire to harm Carranza, and are willing to issue him a safe conduct pass out of the country.

Pending the disposition of Carranza, the revolutionary government is taking steps to co-ordinate the activities of the temporary government along peaceful lines. It is also arranging to assist in the rehabilitation of the country pending the calling of the Mexican Congress into extra session to select a President ad interim until December, when the constitutional term which Carranza was serving will end. Arrangements are being made to hold the elections in July.

American Bankers Interested.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 16 (Associated Press).—The only information regarding Mexico received today by the State Department concerned conditions in Monterey and a delayed report of the adhesion of the Federal forces in Guadalajara to the revolutionary movement on May 12.

In Monterey all public offices were said to be operating as usual and the de facto forces were respecting the rights of foreigners and nationals alike, foodstuffs were reported to have increased in price and the local Chamber of Commerce to have adopted relief measures in behalf of the poor.

Anticipating the demands that the new Government in Mexico is expected to make on the money markets of the world for loans, it is known that banking representatives have unofficially discussed the financial situation with the State Department. Although representatives here of the de facto Government have asserted that no effort would be made to obtain a loan until a Provisional Government was set up, reports are that a group of New York banks is said to have decided that until the forces that drove Carranza from power had given them and the American Government satisfactory assurances that foreign interests would be safeguarded in Mexico, no money would be advanced. This determination was reported to have received the support of Paris and London banking houses.

The reported action of the New York group, it was explained, was in line with the policy adopted a year ago, when there was created a committee representing New York, London and Paris banks for the announced purpose of protecting the interests of holders of Mexican securities. Thomas W. Lamont was Secretary of the committee, which studied the Mexican financial situation in Paris during the peace conference. The announcement was made then that no money would be loaned to Mexico without the joint consent of the three groups.

TO TELL REVOLUTION AIMS.

De La Pena to Speak at Clark University Conference.

WORCESTER, Mass., May 16.—A statement of the aims and ideals of the revolutionary forces in Mexico is expected to be made by Manuel de la Pena, in an address of "Greetings to the World," at the annual Clark University Conference on Mexico and the Caribbean, to be held here during the three days beginning Thursday.

Señor de la Pena is acting commercial agent for the revolutionists in New York.

The Mexican question will also be discussed by former Ambassador Henry Lane Wilson and T. Esquivel Obregon, a former Minister of Finance in Mexico.

Other speakers who will discuss conditions in Latin America and the Caribbean include John Barrett, Director of the Pan-American Union; Webster E. Browning, former President of the American College in Chile, and Professor William R. Shepherd of Columbia University.

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MEXICO LAUGHED CARRANZA OUT

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

or burlesque speeches to the guest of honor; and the public, invited by the college boys, points the parade, with more carriages and bands of music.

I was treated to several "gallos." The one given me in Mexico City was enormous, more than 15,000 persons taking part in it. The noisy nocturnal processions, including some long stops, took two hours to march past the Hotel Regis, where I was stopping, occupying a room next to that of Bonillas. The candidate for the Presidency was not to be found in the hotel at that time. He had decided to avoid a face-to-face meeting with that youthful and disrespectful crowd, which at sight of him would be sure to make some insulting remarks.

First came Don Quixote and his squire, Sancho Panza; next the Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse; and finally a large number of girls, dressed to represent the various Spanish provincial types. But no one gave a thought to "Florde Te." Of course, we were in Mexico City, and Don Venustiano was near at hand. The horses of the mounted police kept prancing between the carriages in the parade.

Another with a Political Turn.

A few days later the students of the University of Puebla gave me another "gallo." Carranza was not at hand there. Among the groups of masks on horseback and the carriages with allegories of Spain and the Spanish-American republics there was a simple little coach, drawn by one horse and without any decoration whatever. Nevertheless, it was the chief attraction of the parade. It was occupied by a young student attired in an extravagantly checkered suit, the traditional costume used in all the theatres of Spanish-speaking countries to represent the conventional Englishman. The mask that covered his face made the crowd hilarious.

"Flor de Te! Hurrah for Flor de Te!" shouted the people, crowding around the coach. And when the procession filed past the balconies of my hotel the youth stood up, and with great solemnity began to greet me in a nasal tone and with the halting speech of one who is not master of the language he is trying to use.

"Meester Bonillas," said the mask, "I greet, Meester Ibanez, whose works he has read translated into English. Within a few months, perhaps, Meester Bonillas will be able to read them in the original, because he is now studying the language of the country."

Made Mine Bonillas a Lutheran.

This is not true. I chatted with Señor Bonillas on more than one occasion while we were guests together in the same hotel, and I found that he is essentially similar to all his compatriots and can speak Spanish like the rest of them.

But, of course, he could not prevent the extravagant fabrications of his political adversaries. Every day they unearthed a new "secret" from the past of the candidate supported by Carranza.

"Bonillas has been an American citizen for many years," they would spring one day. "Bonillas, during his adventurous career in the States bordering on the Mexican frontier, was even the Sheriff of a small town."

The candidate's family did not escape this hostile scurtiny. It was announced one day that Señor Bonillas had married a distinguished lady of English nationality and belonging to the Lutheran Church. Her daughters professed the same faith and were not Catholics! Horrors!

We must bear in mind that the bitterest enemies of Bonillas are men without any religious faith whatsoever. Some even distinguished themselves during the revolution by unnecessary acts of cruelty against Catholic priests. nOe of Obregon's Generals, perhaps his most intimate friend, in the first days after the triumph of the revolution, made a number of priests and friars, whom he considered enemies of the new régime, sweep the streets of the capital. Moreover, he filled several cattle cars with priests and sent them from Mexico City to Vera Cruz, making them go without food during the five days that the trip lasted. Despite this, the loudest protests against the religious faith of the Bonillas family came from some of these enemies who fear neither God nor devil.

"What an insult to Mexican women, who are all Catholics," they said. "To think of a Protestant being the first lady of the land!"

Propaganda for Bonillas.

The reader must not infer from the foregoing that the candidate supported by Carranza and his numerous friends did nothing to counteract this hostile propaganda.

In reality, Bonillas himself could not do very much. He adapted his personal conduct to the trend of events and followed the suggestions of his protector. But the Bonillas Campaign Committee, composed of Carranza Generals, Senators and Deputies loyal to the cause, worked with an energy never equaled in Mexico.

I must confess that I have rarely seen a publicity campaign more enormous and better organized than that which advertised the name of Bonillas over the whole republic.

When I reached Mexico, a few days later than the Carranza candidate, I could not hide my surprise as I crossed the international bridge and entered the frontier town of Nuevo Laredo. Low, adobe houses! Groups of men with enormous hats, as broad as umbrellas, sunning themselves with imperturbable gravity! Streets with deep holes, over which my automobile bounced, groaning with iron anguish! And on this gray and monotonous background, which has remained unaltered for fifty years, a great variety of paper signs, of all colors and sizes, posted on the doors, on the mud walls, and even on the ox carts standing in the plazas.

Everywhere the portrait of a man, Bonillas, unknown yesterday, and today converted overnight into a national Messiah by the will of another man living over there in a city of the Mexican plateau. This portrait bore underneath flattering prominent "Democracy," "Peace." No less numerous were the printed statements couched in pompous and verbose language to impress the gullible and superstitious rural masses, a majority of whom are illiterate.

Skilful Posters That Failed.

Later, as I penetrated further into the interior, I observed how the Bonillas propaganda grew in intensity from one station to another, until I reached Mexico City, where it became a wild orgy of publicity. Huge posters, many meters long, advised the people in enormous letters to vote for Bonillas. Every open lot, and every old house, was covered with signs: "Bonillas represents the death of militarism!" "If you want to see the end of revolution, vote for Bonillas." As you walked about the streets, your eye would be caught by large, red arrows pointing to something farther on. And if you followed their direction, you would meet Bonillas's name a few hundred yards ahead. At night the picture of the candidate could be seen illuminated by indirect light and smiling upon you from some balcony.

This obsessing propaganda, which met you everywhere, must have been the work of some old hand at the business. Many people said that the partisans of Bonillas had imported a clever publicity expert from the United States.

Occasionally your attention would be arrested by a printed bill posted on the walls with great profusion. The casual transient, even if he did not take sides in the political campaign, felt drawn by the novelty of the document. "The Defects of the Engineer Bonillas." "What the Engineer Bonillas Lacks!"

Extravagance That Hurt Carranza.

"Well," you would say, "it's high time some one said something against this much-praised man."

But from the very first lines of the document you discovered that the defects of Bonillas were that he was not a trouble-making General like the "others," but a man of peace and honest labor; and the only things lacking in his record were the executions and dragonades so numerous in the history of his rivals.

This extraordinary expensive publicity, the like of which had never been seen in Mexico, could not possibly have been financed by Bonillas. His Campaign Committee paid, but composed as this committee was of men who had always lived on the national budget, it is not likely that the members made any personal sacrifices. In short, everybody believed that Carranza was defraying the campaign expenses of Bonillas and that he was doing it with public funds.

This system of propaganda was, at the same time, an indirect means of corruption. All the great Mexican dailies, even those that were hostile to the candidate, sold whole pages of advertising space to the Bonillas committee and the editors thought they were saving their consciences by inserting a line at the foot of the page stating that it had been bought and paid for at advertising rates by the Bonillas party. The net result of this was that the papers carried in their news columns a few brief lines of criticism against the Government candidate and in the rest of the edition pictures of Bonillas and his friends and long articles praising the candidate and his policies.

Millions Spent in Vain.

How much was spent in this campaign?

The sympathizers of General Obregon and Pablo Gonzales state positively that Carranza had already used $2,000,000 popularizing his candidate, and that he was disposed to spend a great deal more if it became necessary.

The need of incurring these extravagant expenditures is even more difficult to justify than the merits of the candidate Bonillas.

The mountainous heaps of printed paper, the hundreds of thousands of photographs and the miles of advertisements were wholly useless as aids in a Presidential election in Mexico. To use the election methods of a modern, politically matured country in poor Mexico, the eternal victim of all sorts of tyrannies, is about as effective as importing sewing machines into a country where cloth is unknown. What is the use of such publicity in a country that has never gone to the polls?

The Mexican people, in reality, do not know what an election means. During the long period of his rule Porfirio Diaz always re-elected himself. Until the unfortunate Madero turned up, no one dared to protest against the practice.

Before Porfirio Diaz's time the way to power led along the path of revolution, or else the elections were so scandalously immoral that they provoked and justified uprisings. Since the close of the Diaz régime the present election was the first in the history of Mexico scheduled to be carried on in a modern way. We have seen how it developed into a revolution.

The great propaganda in favor of Bonillas seemed ridiculous, and at times ironically sad, especially when we consider the character of the country. So much printed paper for a poor people, in great part illiterate, owing to the neglect of its rulers! So much electioneering, when every voter knew that his preference counted for nothing and that in the end the candidate backed by the Government would win out! • • •

To vote conscientiously, the elector must have the conviction that his vote will be respected, that it will mean something. In Mexico the man who casts his ballot knows that he is exercising a useless right. The result will always be what the party in power decides. Moreover, the privilege of voting is a dangerous function. If the man in power gets wind of fact that the voter is trying to be independent and think with his own head, the voter is soon brought to his senses!

[Señor Ibanez's next article will appear in tomorrow's (Tuesday's) TIMES. The succeeding articles will appear daily thereafter until the series is completed.]

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Short Trip Wardrobe Trunks
$49.50

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Cowhide Traveling Bags
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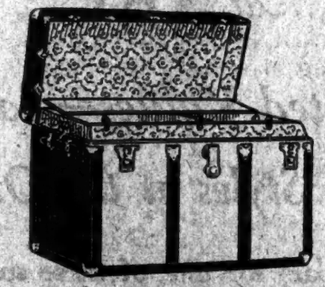

Reliable Dress Trunks
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Women's Cowhide Traveling Bags, $21.95

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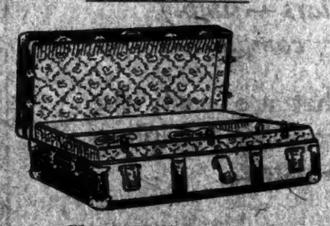
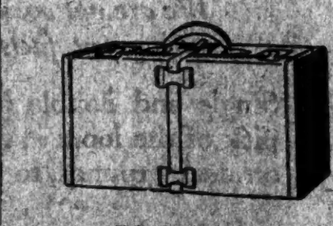


Short Trip Trunks
$21.95

Substantially built trunks of basswood, all fibre covered. Has separate covered top tray, and reliable lock. Sizes 34 to 40 inches.

Cowhide Leather Suit Cases, $19.85

Sizes 24 and 26 inches. Made with sewed-on ring handles and London plaid lining.



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JEWISH FUND TO AID IN RECONSTRUCTION

Committee Appropriates $5,000,000 to Restore Factories and Assist Merchants.

NEW PLAN FOR WAR RELIEF

Poland to Receive $100,000 for Emergency Help in Newly Opened Territory—Other Sums Voted.

The Joint Distribution Committee for All-American Funds for Jewish War Relief appropriated yesterday $5,000,000 to be used exclusively for reconstruction and rehabilitation. In announcing the appropriation the committee, of which Felix M. Warburg is Chairman, said it expected this huge expenditure in this manner to mark a new era in post-war relief work.

The committee already has expended more than $28,000,000 in five years, but almost all of it has gone for such immediate relief to stricken peoples as food, clothes, fuel and shelter. In carrying on work of this sort the committee followed the example of other great American relief agencies. Reports from all countries where its agents are active, it was explained yesterday, emphasized the need for a broader and more permanent policy of economic rehabilitation.

The $5,000,000 appropriation resulted at a meeting of the committee attended by representatives of all elements of the Jewish population of the country. The resolution effecting it was introduced by Colonel Herbert Lehman and was adopted unanimously. Mr. Warburg was authorized to appoint a committee to direct the application of the fund in co-operation with Dr. Julius Goldman, the committee's European Director General.

The present intention is to spend much of the fund for machinery and tools and in bringing about the re-establishment of factories which were destroyed or fell into disuse in the war. Thus it is hoped to hasten the return to normal economic conditions by stimulating industry and making many thousands self-supporting. Loans to small merchants, tradesmen and artisans also will be made as a means of bringing about a revival of trade and industry.

Other appropriations in excess of $1,000,000 were made at the meeting. For Poland $100,000 was set aside to be used for emergency relief work in the new territory recently opened because of changes in the frontier between Poland and Soviet Russia. Fifty thousand dollars was apportioned to Lithuania for immediate relief, and $25,000 for clothing to be distributed in Latvia and the Baltic Provinces.

Acting upon information that prisoners of war in Siberian camps are in extreme distress, the committee appropriated $15,000 to be administered by the committee at Vladivostok. It was voted to spend from $15,000 to $20,000 on clothing and other necessities for the 700 prisoners of war brought from Siberia to San Francisco on the transport Mount Vernon.

In Rumania $100,000 will be spent for repairing partly ruined homes, this sum being designed to cover Bukowina and Bessarabia also. Ten thousand dollars will be spent for the benefit of war orphans in Bulgaria.

The appropriations for Palestine include $200,000 for food, $50,000 for an emergency fund on account of the great snowstorm and the pogroms, $70,000 for current relief work, $5,000 for Aleppo, Beirut and Damascus and $250 for Goldman Tuberculosis Fund.

The committee also appropriated $250,000 for food to be administered through the Vienna office in addition to $200,000 for general relief work for one month and $30,000 for tools. Fifty thousand dollars was set aside to be used in those parts of Czechoslovakia not accessible from Prague, and $2,500 was ordered sent to Liège in Belgium for the relief of Russian Jewish students there.

ROSALSKY TO PUSH WAR RELIEF DRIVE

Judge Takes Charge of the Campaign Among Trades and Industries.

With more than $4,000,000 on hand, obtained by intensive work during the last two weeks, the committee in charge of the Greater New York Non-Sectarian War Relief Fund will commence today the systematic solicitation of the trades and industries and the various commercial groups of the city.

Judge Otto A. Rosalsky, Chairman of the committee, is to take full charge of this new phase of the campaign. He will have associated with him, among others, Samuel O. Lamport, who has collected upward of $325,000 among the cotton and textile trades.

"We have not yet solicited the extensive fur trade of the city," said Judge Rosalsky. "The cloak and suit trade, which is one of the three most important industries in the city, has hardly been touched. Other examples are the motion picture and theatrical industries. More than $750,000 probably will be added to this fund by the individuals and corporations in these three groups alone.

"We shall continue our headquarters at 260 Fifth Avenue until we get our full quota of $7,50,000. In fact, many of us believe that this quota is not large enough for this city, and I for one, believe that a successful canvass among the industrial and commercial groups will bring the total amount nearer to $10,000,000 than $7,500,000."

MUST CONTINUE RATIONING.

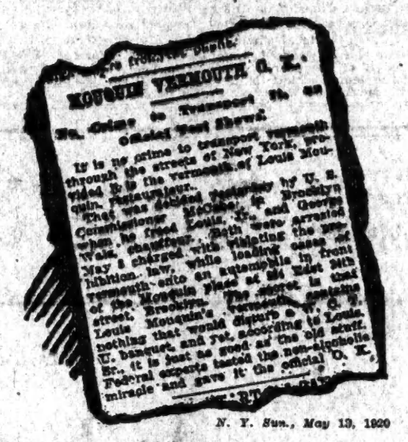
German Authorities Find the Crop Outlook Is Fair.

BERLIN, May 16.—A conference held in Berlin yesterday between the Ministers of Agriculture of the German Federal States and the Central Government authorities on crop prospects and distribution of staple foods resulted, according to the Tageblatt today, in an agreement being reached that it will be necessary to continue rationing of bread and meat during the harvest season of 1920.

Ordinances for compulsory deliveries of home-grown foodstuffs will remain in force except with respect to peas and beans. The crop prospects, including potatoes, are regarded generally as fair, but wheat is rather below the average. Feeding of the population during the coming harvest year is regarded as assured, but importation of foodstuffs from abroad will still be necessary.

ADVERTISEMENT.

THIS MAKES IT UNANIMOUS



N. Y. Sun., May 10, 1920

COMMISSIONER McCABE'S verdict is one that has been reached by every judge of table beverages who knows the piquant flavor of this delectable Vermouth. Mouquin's Vermouth *is* O. K.

MOUQUIN RESTAURANT & WINE COMPANY
133 Prince Street, New York City

A BILLION A DAY

So many days lately have seen New York's bank clearings pass the billion mark, that we are evidently on our way to a business of a billion a day. With millions of people involved in these vast transactions, the strain on the city's limited real estate means increasing land values—the best possible security for our 5½% Guaranteed Mortgages.

LAWYERS TITLE & TRUST CO.
160 Broadway, New York
188 Montague St., Brooklyn
44 Court St., Brooklyn
367 Fulton St., Jamaica, N. Y.
383 E. 149th St., N. Y.
1354 Broadway, Brooklyn
160 Main St., W. Plains, N. Y.

IT'S AN ILL WIND—

A terrific storm at sea gave America its first rice.

In this storm a ship from Madagascar was driven into a South Carolina port.

Out of gratitude the captain gave the governor a sack of seed rice.

So greatly has that seed multiplied that it supplies the CHILDS restaurants alone with 300,000 pounds of rice a year.

Rich, creamy rice pudding—a delicious and nutritious dessert—at CHILDS.

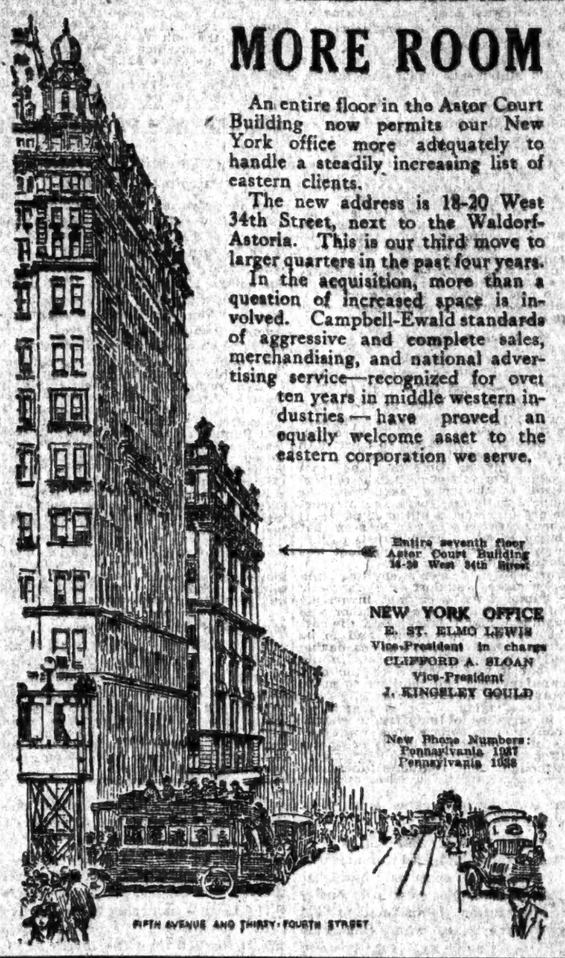
Childs

MORE ROOM

An entire floor in the Astor Court Building now permits our New York office more adequately to handle a steadily increasing list of eastern clients.

The new address is 18-20 West 34th Street, next to the Waldorf-Astoria. This is our third move to larger quarters in the past four years.

In the acquisition, more than a question of increased space is involved. Campbell-Ewald standards of aggressive and complete sales, merchandising, and national advertising service—recognized for over ten years in middle western industries—have proved an equally welcome asset to the eastern corporation we serve.



CAMPBELL-EWALD COMPANY, National Advertising
NEW YORK DETROIT CHICAGO

Ru-stella

The Phonograph with the master made horn

Paying Cash Means Buying for Less

WHEN some stores which sell merchandise on deferred payments decide to reduce the retail price of their wares, they insist upon being paid CASH.

This bears out our contention of the advantage of buying for CASH.

We always sell for CASH only—our prices are always lowest in the city.

The Ru-stella is the CASH phonograph!

Ru-stella, Model D, $89.50 CASH.
Machines of similar type and size elsewhere on terms at $150.00 and more.
Four other models at $42.50 to $184.00 CASH.

PLAYS ALL RECORDS!

Macy's—Music Dept., Fourth Floor, 34th Street, Rear.

R. H. Macy & Co.
HERALD SQUARE Inc. NEW YORK

Saks
CLOTHES OF CUSTOM QUALITY

MEN'S SUITS
At $60

Concentrated Values—Saks Values

Sixty-five Styles at the One Price

TO pay sixty dollars for one of these suits is to make the best investment in really fine clothes possible. Carefully selected woolens, picked first hand by *ourselves*, cut by *our own* designers, tailored under *our own* supervision, to surpass any other clothing at sixty dollars *anywhere!*

We are not boasting about Saks Suits at Sixty Dollars—simply giving you facts that you yourself can prove by comparison

Single and double breasted models—in woolens that are really the pick of the loom . . . and in patterns—everything from light stripings on dark grounds, to the richest blues in unfinished worsteds.

BROADWAY Saks & Company At 34th STREET

ANDREW ALEXANDER

Twenty-one lines of

Women's Low Shoes

Pumps, Oxfords, Sailor Ties

New Fresh Goods in Current Styles

$9.90

Have Been $11 to $14

On Sale Monday and All Week

No C. O. D., Approvals or Exchanges

548 Fifth Avenue
above 45th Street

Sportswear and Sportgear for Men and Women

"Comfort Coats"
Describes our Top Coats

Motor car
Steamer chair
Club porch

Camel Hair, Tweed
Homespun, Fleeces

A. G. Spalding & Bros
5th Avenue Between 45th and 46th Sts.

Overcome the "Summer Slump"

EVERY time the thermometer goes up you know that production goes down, for oppressive heat kills all desire to work.

Keep your workers comfortable with G-E Fans and you'll reduce to a minimum the disastrous effects of the hot weather slump.

G-E Fans cost little in proportion to the increased production they make possible. Order a dozen now. It's an investment you can't afford to overlook.

Wholesale Distributors of General Electric Co. Products

Sibley-Pitman Electric Corporation
6th Ave. & 13th St., New York City

E. B. Latham & Company
559 Pearl St., New York City

Royal Eastern Electric Supply Co.
114 W. 27th St., New York City

512 Electrical Dealers Display This Sign

GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY FANS

Gordon & Dilworth
— REAL —
ORANGE MARMALADE

STOCK AND COMMODITY EXCHANGES

Prepared 142 to transactions emphasizes ever-present danger of attack which educational propaganda might remove. See the Annalist, out today. Published by The New York Times Company. Ten cents a copy on news stands; $5.00 a year by mail.—Adv.

DRY COLD STORAGE FOR FURS

For Economy
order repairs or remodelin when furs are stored

Revillon Frères
5th Ave. at 53rd St.
TELEPHONE
360
CIRCLE

POPULAR!

Thousands of Men are now wearing the *Marathon*—are you?

If not, it's time to see your haberdasher

MARATHON
WASHABLE FLEXYDE
BELTS

REIS UNION SUITS
REIS
MAN'S CLOSEST FRIEND

SLAIN AS HE GUARDS SLEEPING CHILDREN

Manufacturer Shot Down When Four Masked Bandits Hold Up Card Party.

TWO FUGITIVES CAPTURED

Young Ex-Service Men Are Held After Chase in Second Avenue.

Seeing two men leaving a tenement house at 77 Second Avenue just after shots were heard early yesterday, the police pursued and arrested George Kuste, a chauffeur, 22 years old, of 416 Grand Street, formerly in the Quartermaster Corps of the army, and Fred Traina, 25 years old, of 637 Driggs Avenue, Brooklyn, who was discharged from the army a month after the armistice. They were caught soon after one of four masked bandits had killed Solomon Fishbein, a manufacturer of leather pocketbooks, as he stood guard over his sleeping children on the third floor of the house.

Mr. and Mrs. Fishbein were playing cards with nine guests, four women and five men, when, about 1 o'clock, the doorbell rang. Fishbein released the electric catch at the house door, and in a few moments four masked men entered the room, leveled their pistols and commanded the players to throw up their hands.

All obeyed but Fishbein, who rushed to another room where his two children, 6-year-old Catherine and a baby, Gertrude, were sleeping. One of the bandits followed and shot Fishbein in the arm as he leaped over to shield Gertrude. Another bullet pierced his heart, and Fishbein fell over the baby's crib.

The other masked men ransacked the apartment until the shots were fired, when they all fled through the halls, bowling over tenants of the building who rushed from their rooms. Four masks later were found in the hallway.

Detectives Washow and Lemmon saw Fuste and Traina running from the building and caught them within half a block. Washow said that he saw one of the men throw a pistol into a doorway of a store as he ran down Second Avenue. It proved to be a Colt automatic of army pattern with the Government mark scratched out.

Both prisoners were questioned by the police until daylight and later were arraigned before Magistrate Ten Eyck in Essex Market Court. They were remanded for further examination tomorrow.

DESERTER HID FIVE YEARS.

Frenchman, Concealed in Granary Since 1914, Arrested at Lille.

PARIS, May 16.—Jules Reant, a farm laborer, listed as a deserter since the end of August, 1914, was arrested yesterday at Lille. It developed that he had been secreted for five years in a farm granary near the village of Auchel, in the Department of Pas de Calais.

Neighbors kept Reant supplied with food and also kept his hiding place secret during the war, even the Germans who passed through not discovering him. It was learned Reant left his self-imposed confinement in July last after five years of solitude.

20,000 BARBERS CALLED OUT

Union Heads Say Strike Vote Has Been Taken in Three Boroughs.

A strike of barbers in all Manhattan shops except in hotels and in the financial district, to begin at 8 o'clock this morning, was voted at a meeting of five hundred barbers in Bryant Hall yesterday afternoon, the boss barbers having refused a wage increase of $5 a week.

Frank Raymond, President of Local 900, of the Journeymen Barbers' International Union of America, said that similar action was taken by locals in Brooklyn and the Bronx, and he estimated that between 15,000 and 20,000 barbers would answer the strike call throughout the city. The barbers in hotels and in the financial district were excluded, it was explained, because negotiations were still being carried on with the employers. This was denied, however, by spokesmen for the Master Barbers, who said that at a meeting of the Master Barbers' Institute and the Master Barbers' Associations' Central Body at the McAlpin Hotel yesterday afternoon it was unanimously decided to reject the demands as "unreasonable, unfair and impossible."

The barbers demand a minimum wage of $30 a week and one-half of all the money they take in over $40 a week for each barber. They are now receiving $25 a week and 50 per cent. commission over $35, Mr. Raymond said.

In a statement given after the meeting the Master Barbers say that in many cases contracts with the journeymen barbers have eighteen months to run. Such contracts, it is said, are signed by both the local and the international union. The demands, it was said, equal about 75 per cent. of the individual barber's gross receipts, leaving but 25 per cent. for rent, light, heat, clean linen, antiseptic lotions, &c., which, it is asserted, is entirely inadequate for the operating expenses. It was further pointed out that the barbers are now earning on an average of 150 per cent. more than they did three years ago and "living is reported to have risen but 100 per cent."

The barber shops are to be kept open, the bosses say, and will do whatever work they can with whatever help they can procure. Men will be employed without regard to union affiliation.

HANDY milk—already mixed with sugar! For cooking—for table. A standby to keep among your pantry supplies.

The Borden label guarantees its purity. All grocers.

Borden's
EAGLE
BRAND
Condensed Milk

DREICER & Co

Pearls
Precious Stones

FIFTH AVENUE at FORTY-SIXTH

To be Placed on Sale At Saks This Morning

7000 Men's Summer

Union Suits, Shirts and Drawers

At Liberal Savings On Regular Prices

Men's Athletic Style Union Suits in nainsook—celebrated Shedaker and Sphinx makes. Regularly $2.00 Special $1.20

Men's Athletic Style Union Suits, made of genuine Soisette, self-striped mercerized fabrics, and open-mesh materials. Regularly $3.00 and $3.50. Special $1.95

Men's Athletic Shirts and Drawers of the well-known "Sealpax" brand, made of fine nainsook. Every garment packed in sealed wax-paper Guaranteed not to rip. Regularly $1.25 75c

Men's Ribbed Union Suits with short sleeves and three-quarter or full length leg Made of light and medium weight combed Egyptian yarn. Regularly $3.00 Special $1.95

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

No Connection With Any Other Establishment in the World

WORTH

THIRTY-FOURTH STREET BROADWAY-FIFTH AVENUE

WOMEN'S AND MISSES'

COSTUME SUITS

GREATLY BELOW WHOLESALE COST

$65.00

SPLENDID EXAMPLES OF ARTISTIC TAILORING MANY MODELS ARE LAVISHLY EMBROIDERED OR BRAIDED

OF FINEST TRICOTINE AND POIRET TWILL

BONWIT TELLER & CO.

The Specialty Shop of Originations

FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

For Today, Monday,

Extraordinary Sale---About Five Hundred

Women's "Bontell" Corsets

Reduced to

14.50

Formerly 19.50 to 27.50

NO C. O. D.'s. NO CREDITS NO RETURNS

This season's models for all types of figures and in a variety of the finest fabrics, including an imported Trico mesh in blue, pink or lavender; faille silk in flesh or brocades in flesh or orchid.

Limited Number of Odd Sizes In Imported French Corsets

Formerly 24.00 to 45.50 14.50

French corsets from Augustin Thomas, Suchar and Merveilleux.

To Close Out

At Greatly Reduced Prices

About Four Hundred & Fifty Women's "Bontell" Corsets

5.50

An assortment of this season's models in the most desirable fabrics.

Not all sizes in each style but collectively there are all sizes

Any corset not fitted at purchase may be fitted at patron's convenience.

A Message of Real Thrift To Business Men

Our Commercial Stationery Department is fully equipped to fill your every office stationery requirement at lowest-in-the-city prices.

Special for This Week

One more example of the worth-while savings for you in this department.

DESK BLOTTERS
59c dozen

(Our regular price 72c dozen)

Desk blotters, a necessity in every office, are priced especially low for this one week's special. Size 19x24 inches. Excellent quality and heavy weight. In blue, green, brown, gray, red, lavender, granite, pink and buff.

BUY AND SAVE IN
Macy's COMMERCIAL STATIONERY DEPT.
Macy's—Main Floor, Centre.

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.
HERALD SQUARE NEW YORK

Messrs. W. & J. Sloane Present

A CHOICE COLLECTION OF FINE ORIENTAL RUGS

In Sizes Adapted to Every Conceivable Space Requirement

ORIENTAL Rugs, like pictures and porcelains, are often of doubtful origin, so the less you know about them the more you need protection in buying them.

We, as the largest retail rug importers in the world, maintaining important affiliations in the East, are a source of supply for both Oriental Rugs and information concerning them, and any rug you may buy in this unique collection is guaranteed to be an authentic specimen.

We shall not attempt to dwell upon the designs or colorings, nor are we able to describe them adequately. The most remarkable circumstance is that they should be here at all, for they are extremely scarce in these times.

The collection includes examples of the following:

SAROUK KIRMANSHAH ROYAL KASHAN
ISMIDT ANATOLIAN LILEHANNAS
MUSKABAD PERGAMES ARAK

The Antiques include:—KOULA SENNEH KHORASSON IRAN
SEREBEND DAGHESTAN CABISTAN
And Chinese Specimens

EVERY SIZE IMAGINABLE, FROM 3x2 UP TO 32x22

Prices Very Reasonable

W. & J. SLOANE

FLOOR COVERINGS FABRICS FURNITURE

FIFTH AVENUE AT 47th STREET, NEW YORK

WALKER ELECTRIC TRUCKS

The big job of a Walker Salesman is to sell the *first* truck — others sell themselves as a matter of course.

Take Cushman's Bakeries as an example—they started with 14 and now operate nearly a hundred.

WALKER VEHICLE COMPANY
Grand Central Terminal

FRESH ROASTED
COFFEE
Direct from Wholesaler

OUR GENUINE MARACAIBO
COFFEE

Direct from importer in 5-lb. lots or more (bean or ground) at the wholesale price..... 38c lb
Delivered in New York, Brooklyn and within 500 miles at 41c. lb.
Satisfaction guaranteed or money back.
Open Every Day Until 5.30 P. M.

Gillies Coffee Co.
232-239 Washington Street, New York, Between Park Place and Barclay St.. Phone Barclay 9857. Established 80 years.

WANT A SOUTHERNER ON NATIONAL TICKET

Republican Movement to Urge Naming of Vice President from That Part of Country.

PROMINENT MEN APPROVE

Ex-President Taft, Dr. Butler and Governor Allen Among Those Who Indorse Plan.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—Representative C. Bascom Slemp, National Committeeman from Virginia, made public today statements from prominent Republicans declaring for the recognition of the South on the Republican national ticket. Among those who voiced the demand were ex-President Taft, Nicholas Murray Butler, Senator Frelinghuysen of New Jersey, Senator Jones of Washington, Governor Henry J. Allen of Kansas and Representative Frank W. Mondell, House floor leader.

The movement was initiated in the Virginia State Convention which indorsed Colonel Henry W. Anderson, a Richmond attorney, for the office of Vice President. He will be the only man in the Chicago convention with a State indorsement for that office. Colonel Anderson was the head of the Red Cross Commission to the Balkans, and is known as the "Father of New Rumania."

Former President Taft, in indorsing the idea, wrote:

"The tendency of a single political party in a State to develop a State-house ring or dynasty that continues the gubernatorial succession from one member to another and breeds inefficiency, extravagance and corruption is apparent. The consciousness of this disadvantage and the dissatisfaction with the present administration have put many intelligent Southern Democrats into an attitude of protest and given them an earnest desire for a change."

Nicholas Murray Butler wrote:

"You are touching upon an old hobby of mine and I find myself in complete sympathy with your thought. Nothing seems to me more clear than that the path of political and practical wisdom, as well as the path of patriotism, leads at sight to those policies and acts which will draw into the Republican Party the progressive and intellectual men and women of the new South."

From Governor Henry J. Allen, of Kansas, came the following:

"I am writing to congratulate you upon the very thoughtful and constructive interest in the Republican Party which you manifest in your presentation of Mr. Anderson."

Representative Mondell wrote:

"I agree with you that the conditions are ripe for a definite and constructive effort on the part of the Republican Party in certain Southern States, particularly in Virginia. I shall be delighted to help and assist toward that end."

Senator Jones, of Washington, gave his enthusiastic approval, saying:

"I have long been in favor of the Republican Party naming a candidate for Vice President, if not for President, from some Southern State, and several months ago I suggested in an interview the nomination of Governor Morrow, of Kentucky. We ought to break up this sectionalism if we possibly can."

Senator Frelinghuysen said:

"It seems to me that the time is ripe for agressive action on the part of the Republican Party of the Border States, and I agree with you that the Republican leaders in these States should receive the hearty and vigorous support of Northern Republicans."

Senator France to Speak Here.

Senator Joseph Irwin France of Maryland, who announced recently in Washington that he would be a candidate for the Republican nomination for President, will be the principal speaker at a dinner of the Society of Arts and Sciences at the Hotel Biltmore tomorrow night. Senator France will speak on "The Return of American Liberties." Other speakers will include Representative Julius Kahn of California, Professor Willis Luther Moore of Washington University, and Alpheus Henry Snow.

Cold Storage for FURS

Orders are now accepted for Re-modeling & Alterations at Summer prices

Clark & Weinberg
634 FIFTH AVE
Phone 2828 Circle

ORDER Ballantine's GOLDEN GLOW GINGER ALE

WEST POINT GRADUATE, 27, located in Atlanta, Ga., with experience in sales manager's office, desires
Southern Representation
Reliable Manufacturer
X 2071 Times Annex.

The Annalist, published every Monday by The New York Times Company, provides business men with information valuable in the conduct of their affairs. The Annalist also publishes extended and accurate lists of quotations of transactions on the leading exchanges and charts and barometrics exhibiting average of prices of investments and of fluctuations in living cost.

FOUNDED 1880 LONDON

WASHABLE SPORTS CLOTHING FOR YOUNG LADIES

The general observance in America of the English custom of spending the week-end in the country, the amazing and rapid growth of fashionable country clubs and summer colonies, has emphasized the necessity for specialization in the production of appropriate outdoor apparel for young ladies from 14 to 19 years.

From the accepted authorities of London we are constantly receiving their most approved models in sports clothing for young ladies, and bring from abroad the identical fabrics used in the English productions.

Tailored and two-piece shirtwaist dresses in Scotch ginghams and silks.
Specially designed washable sports skirts.
Tailored shirts for riding and sports wear.
New and attractive models in sweaters.
Washable riding habits.
Tailored hats.
"Anniped" shoes and riding boots.

DE PINNA
Fifth Avenue at 50th Street

Amberg

If the Boss Had to Hunt Letters
Only Amberg Files Would Be Used

Finding by The Amberg Plan is Not Dependent on Memory

A FILE CLERK'S JOB often requires as much brains as an executive position. Keeping records located by means of complicated indexes, laborious coding and observance of ever-changing office laws is a worrying grind. And the worst part of it is that most of it is unnecessary.

The Amberg Plan, by its simplicity, enables the file clerk to devote intelligence to observing what records mean, rather than merely to where they are. This is advantageous to firms as well as to file clerks.

Why Easy Finding Results From The Amberg Plan

Your filing, by the Amberg Plan, so logically follows your business methods that average eyesight and knowing the A. B. C's permit finding a filed record without disorganizing the filing department in the file clerk's absence. Your business methods absolutely dictate the application of the Amberg Plan. Amberg special provision for all volume correspondence created by your purchasing, branches, agencies and similar factors, plus the Law of Correspondence, which accurately distributes all casual records, permits simple indexes in which distribution can be kept 99½% accurate.

Basis and Operation Of The Law Of Correspondence

The analysis of millions of names proved that the 205,920 names in the Amberg masterlist were the ones consistently active in business. The rate of occurrence of these names was found to be 99½% constant in business. This furnished a common factor for the casual correspondence of any office and made it possible to estimate the right number of indexing divisions required for any volume of casual records. Coupled with Amberg provision for specially created volume, it constitutes the Amberg Plan.

Learn How The Amberg Plan Will Solve Your Problems

Question Amberg about your personal filing problems. Judge by the answers you get whether they will be solved by the Amberg Plan.

If your present filing equipment is of the vertical type, the Amberg Plan will probably throw nothing out of your office but some surplus and obsolete routine and some cardboard. The Amberg Plan does not depend on office legislation for results. It makes unnecessary many arbitrary rules now in use.

Amberg manufactures the highest quality Wood and Steel Vertical Filing Cabinets and every type of accessory for filing and indexing—but Amberg sells materials only as a means of solving filing difficulties. The Amberg Plan has solved the filing problems of 75,000 concerns.

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Boston
Cleveland

AMBERG FILE & INDEX COMPANY
79-81 Duane Street, New York
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Amberg
The Complete Plan of Filing & Finding

The Store is closed at 5 P. M. daily

B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

An Extraordinary Sale of
36-inch Tricolettes

to commence to-day, will offer

no less than 20,000 yards of the much-in-demand "Denisette" and "Trico" tricolettes, very fine in quality,

at the phenomenal figure of

$2.95 per yard

These tricolettes may be obtained in white, black and a great assortment of the most fashionable colors.

(Silk Department, First Floor)

Sales for to-day only

Women's New "Meadowbrook" Suits, Silk Afternoon Dresses, Silk Sports Skirts, American-made Lingerie and Cotton Voile Breakfast Sacques

HOLD HOBOKEN MAN IN RUECKERT CASE

William Schlagel, Brought from Youngstown, Ohio, Asserts His Innocence.

VALET SAYS HE WAS CHUM

Prisoner Left Home Two Hours After Manufacturer Was Killed, Police Assert.

William Schlagel, a young German, short, stocky and stolid, sat grimly through seven hours of grilling in Hoboken Police Headquarters yesterday, and last night the police admitted that they had failed in their initial attempt to prove Schlagel the masked man whose shots killed wealthy Fritz Ernest Rueckert a week ago yesterday in his home, 1,127 Washington Street.

Schlagel, the "former Hoboken resident" sought in connection with the murder, was arrested late Saturday in Youngstown, Ohio, and arrived at Hoboken Police Headquarters in charge of Captain Thomas Garrick and Detective Sergeant Joseph Cornelli. Captain Garrick said that the chase for Schlagel began last Tuesday, when the police were informed of the man's actions on the morning of the murder.

According to Garrick, Schlagel appeared at his home, 225 Garden Street, Hoboken, at 3 o'clock Sunday morning. That was two hours after two shots had been sent into the chest of Rueckert, struggling with a masked man he described as "short and strong." To his wife, Schlagel said that he was going at once to Ohio to seek work and, declared the police, the man gave evidence of excitement.

Checking up, the detectives found that Schlagel was a chum of Gus Holthan, valet to the murdered manufacturer. Holthan told the detectives, they said, that he had often discussed his master's affairs with Schlagel in a restaurant they visited frequently. Last Thursday Captain Garrick and the detectives boarded a train for Youngstown and they quickly located Schlagel at work in a steel mill.

"We told him to come along and answer a few questions," said Captain Garrick, "and we told him that if he did not come along we would place a charge of murder against him and cause his arrest. He came along then."

When Schlagel reached headquarters he was plainly nervous. He was taken at once by his two captors into a room, and all but Chief of Police Patrick J. Hayes and Inspector Daniel Kiely were barred out. According to the questioners, the prisoner, held technically as a "disorderly person," stoutly maintained his innocence and declared that he could prove an alibi.

"I do not know Rueckert," the police quoted him as saying, "and I am entirely innocent of his murder. I left Hoboken on Monday morning, not Sunday, because I was down and out and broke. I was told that I could make big money in the steel mills at Youngstown, Ohio."

The detectives said that Schlagel outlined to them his movements on the two days just before the crime. His story, said Chief Hayes, was being investigated last night and the police were looking for persons Schlagel is said to have declared he was with. During the examination, the clerk who sold the crime weapon in a Hoboken pawnshop was brought to headquarters in an effort to identify Schlagel as the man who purchased the revolver. The police would not disclose the result of the clerk's visit.

On one point, however, the police declared that Schlagel had been contradicted. According to their story, the man denied absolutely that he was acquainted with Holthan, the valet. The servant, however, came to headquarters and the detectives said that he positively identified Schlagel as his friend. Despite this, the questioners failed to shake the man's story and finally he was ordered locked up for further examination today.

The suspect was lodged in a cell isolated from the others in the Police Headquarters. An effort was made to make it as lonely as possible for him. Two guards detailed outside the cell were instructed not to speak to the prisoner and to ignore any remarks he might make. According to one of them, however, the only thing Schlagel said was the whispered question:

"Say, do you think it looks bad for me?"

Following the detention of Schlagel, Chief Hayes appeared to be highly confident. He said that he expected to have two persons at his office this morning who had witnessed the flight of the murderer from the Rueckert home.

Great Sale of Ancient Spanish Art

Clarke's

5 West 44th St

DAILY AT 2.30 P. M.

until Saturday, May 22nd

in consequence of the dissolution of the partnership of the well-known firm

PEDRO RUIZ & SONS of Madrid

The Collection Includes SUPERB TAPESTRIES, EMBROIDERIES, XV. AND XVI. CENTURY WOOD CARVINGS, SPANISH GOTHIC PAINTINGS, STATUARY; A MOST WONDERFUL VARIETY OF IRON WORK FROM THE XV. TO XVII. CENTURY; AN UNSURPASSED COLLECTION OF REFECTORY AND OTHER TABLES, CABINETS, CHAIRS, CASSONES, MIRRORS, CARVED COLUMNS, PEDESTALS, POTTERIES, FILET LACES AND RARE TEXTILES IN IMMENSE ASSORTMENT.

This offering exceeds in variety and value the collection sold last Spring for this firm. The SPANISH ART GALLERIES, formerly at 784 FIFTH AVENUE.

The Sale will be conducted by MR. AUGUSTUS W. CLARKE

SALE OF

SURPLUS BX CABLE

By The

U. S. NAVY

About 45,000 FEET OF BX CABLE will be sold by SEALED BIDS—to be opened at below address at

3 P. M., MAY 21.

NOTE:—This material is located at the Navy Yard, Brooklyn.

For catalog (No. 226), terms of sale and complete information—call, write or telephone (Sunset 8100, Ext. 755).

LIEUT.-COMDR. EUGENE H. TRICOU, S. C., U. S. N.

U. S. NAVY STORE

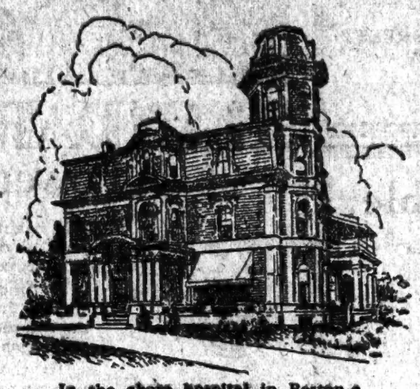
(Wholesale Dept.)

29th St. and 3rd Avenue

Brooklyn, N. Y.

Sturtevant PUTS AIR TO WORK

Make One Boiler Do the Work of Two



In the above hospital in Boston a Sturtevant Turbo-Undergrate Blower enables one boiler to do work which under certain conditions formerly required two.

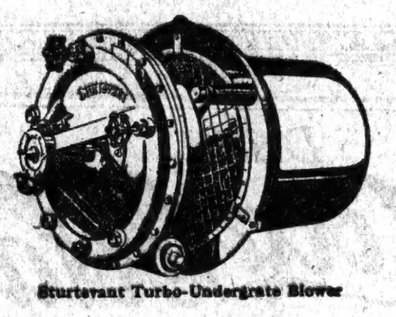
Why add new boilers when you can make one boiler do the work of two? If your boilers are overloaded, if your peak loads cause pressure to drop and your boilers can't carry the load, install a Sturtevant Turbo-Undergrate Blower. It will very likely save the cost of a new boiler and allow you to burn cheaper coal. These small, compact units fit a plant to generate several times its original power.

Turbo-Undergrate Blowers

These blowers were designed to put air to work. They are sturdy, powerful, and highly efficient units. Installed in a plant, this type of a blower gives sufficient undergrate draft for boilers ranging from 50 to 400 horse-power.

No concern in the world is better equipped to deal with boiler draft problems than Sturtevant. Three generations of engineering and manufacturing experience are embodied in every Sturtevant apparatus. Design, construction, and scientific application of Sturtevant equipment to modern manufacturers' requirements prove this.

If you wish it, a Sturtevant representative will call. He will give you facts and figures showing how Sturtevant Turbo-Undergrate Blowers will make one boiler do the work of two. Write, wire, or phone our district office.



Sturtevant Turbo-Undergrate Blower

Telephone: Murray Hill 9220

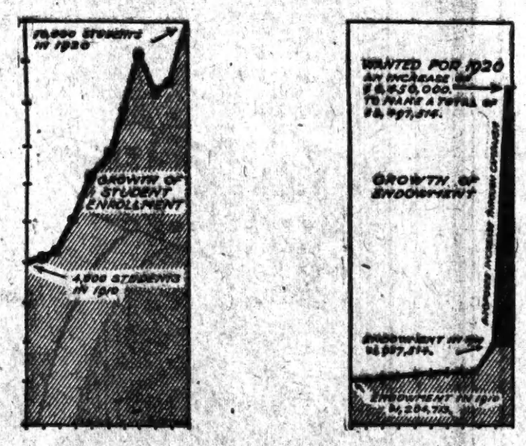
B. F. STURTEVANT COMPANY

F. S. Krag, District Manager

52 Vanderbilt Avenue New York

Fans *Blowers* *Engines* *Turbines*

It's a simple Problem in Finance



New York University

in 1910 had 4,000 students, $1,200,000 endowment

in 1920 has 10,000 students, $2,000,000 endowment

NEW YORK UNIVERSITY has had to grow despite an endowment which has not kept pace with her. It is now quite inadequate to her work and needs.

No other American institution of equal size and quality has an endowment of less than $6,000,000. The average endowment of other great universities is $20,000,000. New York University's is hardly one-tenth of that. Yet she gives her students a full-hearted, whole-souled, unskimped training—the kind that New York expects her to give its men and women.

How has she been able to do it? Only by rigid economy; and by using her facilities to the limit of their capacity, practically fourteen hours a day. She can go no farther in this direction. The purchasing power of her dollars has decreased. She must have more income.

WHERE can the University turn for her money?

From the students?

Their tuition, even though it has been raised, pays only a fraction of the cost of their instruction.

From the alumni?

They are giving, and giving generously. But they are few in numbers, and compared to the work to be done, their utmost is not sufficient.

From the city and state?

The University was founded and has always been maintained by private citizens of New York. It receives no support from city or state.

New York University needs $6,450,000.

Such a sum cannot be raised without the help of public-spirited citizens of New York. Many have contributed; more will contribute, because—

"It's in New York; it's for New York"

New York University

Endowment Fund

512 Fifth Avenue, New York

THIS ADVERTISEMENT is No. 11 of a series prepared by the students of New York University. THIS SPACE is paid for by a Graduate of the University.

JOHN WANAMAKER

Broadway at Ninth, New York *Telephone Stuyvesant 4700* *Store Hours 9 to 5*

Still Another Day of 20 per cent off

"When you started your great movement I thought it was only a clever advertising dodge,

but I have come to realize that it is a stroke of Statesmanship in Commerce"

This was the statement made to us by one of the ablest business men in the East two days ago.

"It was such a big thing that I simply couldn't grasp it," he said. "I regarded it simply as a fine plan to sell a lot of goods, but I went away last week on a trip to the South, down to Atlanta, out to St. Louis and then back by way of Pittsburgh.

"It was being talked about in trains and hotels everywhere, and the papers in all cities were full of advertisements of other merchants doing the same thing, following the lead of John Wanamaker.

"I have just got back and am calling you on the telephone to tell you I had to travel a couple of thousand miles to find out that New York's merchant is smashing prices all over the United States."

IF THERE is any one who doesn't yet know perfectly well what this gentleman referred to, let us say that it was the following fact:

The Wanamaker Stores in New York and Philadelphia are offering their twenty million-dollar stocks of fine merchandise (with exception of a few price restricted articles and our Catalog stocks) at one-fifth off the marked prices, in an endeavor to break the backbone of high prices.

Nothing sold to dealers Nothing sold C. O. D. Nothing returnable Nothing on approval

Something Like a Prairie Fire is Shown by

a collection of newspaper headings and extracts from advertisements and news items, giving news from all over the United States of what is going on, which we publish in today's Tribune, Evening World, Post, Journal, Telegram and Standard Union.

A long suffering people hails with satisfaction and support the beginning of a halt in further advances in prices of food, men's and women's clothing and home furnishings.

This movement, which we have had the privilege of leading from

A Sense of Patriotic Duty

is spreading a leaven of hope through thousands of stores and workshops and in tens of thousands of homes.

It is entirely differentiated from the usual end-of-the-season sales, where many articles, like dresses and wraps, are always sold at half price.

We are in no hurry to sell off our splendid stocks, which in many parts cannot be replaced this season.

We could have doubled our selling force, but we did not wish to add more people than could be trained to wait upon our customers well.

There are signs in a few quarters of reasonableness, with some of the makers of our qualities of merchandise offering us shoes and other wanted articles at lower prices.

Whatever bargains come to us, the people, who know that they can depend upon our words, shall have the full benefit of them, based upon the basis of actual cost.

We are paying cash every day for more new goods.

(Signed) John Wanamaker

May 17, 1920.

One woman made up a budget

—a budget of her requirements for the year—came to Wanamaker's last week, and went from floor to floor until she had bought everything on her list, saving enough to pay her electric light bills for the rest of the year.

Is your kitchen fully equipped?

Porcelain top table? Pastry table? Cutlery? Is your enamelware and tinware outfit complete and serviceable? Brushes, brooms and mops—do they need renewing? Refrigerator in good shape? Clothes baskets all right? All these and garbage and ash cans, and household tools and paints, are at 20 per cent. off our regular prices.

Garden tools all in?

Lawn mowers, watering cans, rakes, hoes, spades, cultivators, hedge shears, garden hose—now's the time to see that you have them all.

And "comfy" chairs for the porch?

Chairs and rockers and divans, in reed or willow, and some of prairie grass—cool, comfortable, in natural tone or stained or enameled; and verandah suites, painted in our own workrooms, and couch hammocks—all at 20 per cent. off.

Do you sleep well?

It is largely a question of the MATTRESS, and of the quality and quantity of bed coverings you use. We make our own mattresses. We know they are clean and well-made, and comfortable to sleep on. We have summer comforters and winter comforters. And the prettiest of bedspreads. And blankets—more, we believe, than any other store. All these, and box springs, and wire springs, and pillows, you may have at 20 per cent. off.

Now, to get that Oriental rug

The Oriental rug you've long wished to get is now 20 per cent. nearer to you. Out of our large, choice stocks of Persian, Caucasian, Asia Minor and Chinese rugs, you may choose mats for as little as $9.75, hearth size rugs for as little as $59, and room size rugs for $275 upward. One-fifth off all these prices.

Yes

Men's custom suits, men's custom shirts.

Twenty per cent off.
Burlington Arcade floor, New Building.

Au Quatrieme

A new collection of tapestries, suitable for the small house or apartment.

The collection includes Flemish verdures and Renaissance tapestries of fine color and design.

Twenty per cent off.
Fourth Floor, Old Building.

Belmaison

Reproductions of fine old furniture on view in settings that will give inspiration for your country house or for your own town house.

Twenty per cent off.
Fifth Gallery, New Bldg.

Wedding Presents

Sterling silver vases, in all sizes. $3.50 to $108. After-dinner coffee sets—three pieces—$92 to $275. Candlesticks—small and large—$15 to $145. Sandwich and bread trays in many shapes and sizes. $22.50 to $65.

Twenty per cent off.
Main Floor, Old Building.

New Ribbons

Heavy French satins in all colors. Tapestries in a variety of color effects. Tinsel ribbons and gold woven thread with blue or rose. Oriental designs on black grounds, and bird patterns on taffeta. And—very newest of the new—the Paisley shawl pattern in gold or blue on fine quality taffeta.

Twenty per cent off.
Main Floor, Old Building.

Bead Bags

Just received 100—same sort of bags we sold last Fall at $50 to $65 each—which we shall set out Monday at $32 each.

Twenty per cent off this price.
Main floor, Old Building.

French Neckwear

Enchantingly dainty net collars, cuffs and vestees, hand embroidered—crisp organdie sets—fine handkerchief linen collars trimmed with real Val. lace—and the latest novelty—patent leather collar and cuff sets in navy and white stripes, black and rose or two shades of tan.

Twenty per cent off.
Main floor, Old Building.

Porch Frocks

Lawn, voile and gingham frocks, for porch and garden wear in new smart styles, are being unpacked daily.

Twenty per cent off.
Third floor, Old Building.

Cedar Chests

Just when you most need them, to pack away winter woolens; here are a variety of sizes and kinds, all from the man who, we think, makes the best cedar chests in America.

Twenty per cent off.
Fourth Gallery, New Bldg.

Cretonnes

All laid out on long tables, so that you may conveniently pick out the pattern you like best. You will have a time of it—they are all so good.

Twenty per cent off.
Fourth Gallery, New Bldg.

For Travelers

Trunks—wardrobe, dress and steamer sizes. Suitcases and bags of wholesomely odorous leather. Field glasses and cameras. Books. Fragrant toilet waters. Handkerchiefs. And GAMEE chocolates—best east or west of Paris.

Twenty per cent off.
Main floor, Old Building.

Watch for New Lots Daily in the

Down-Stairs Store

Manufacturers are coming by dozens, offering small lots (and large ones) of good merchandise underprice.

We take in the merchandise, place it on sale at 20 per cent. off, and it is often gone in a day.

That is why we can not enumerate all of these incoming groups in the daily news—

You will find them on sale in all parts of the Down-Stairs Store, particularly in the—

Ready-to-Wear Sections

This means that SUMMER garments are available at 20 per cent. off, summer frocks, summer waists, summer hats, and such.

Of course, EVERYTHING in the Down-Stairs Store (except a very few articles restricted by manufacturers) is offered at 20 per cent. off—even some excellent phonographs.

HANDKERCHIEF CLUE IN MURDER MYSTERY

Apparently Dropped by Woman Implicated in Slaying of Man at Fairfield.

BODY NEARLY DECAPITATED

Jackknife Thrust Under Heart of Unidentified Victim, Who Was Hideously Mutilated.

Special to The New York Times.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., May 16.—A woman's handkerchief with the initial "M" in one corner is one of the clues through which the police hope to trace the slayer or slayers of the unidentified man whose mutilated and nearly decapitated body was found on the shore of the Rooster River, Fairfield, yesterday morning. The finding of the neatly-folded handkerchief and the nature of the mutilations on the body have convinced the police that a woman was involved in the crime.

Attracted by curiosity to the spot where the body was found, Theodore Hoyt of 114 Kings Highway saw a bundle tonight half hidden by a stone on the shore of the river. Investigation showed that the bundle was a dead infant wrapped in a skirt.

The place where the first pool of blood was found is some distance back from the road and hidden by a low ridge which runs parallel to the highway. It is thought the man was called from the road to the spot where he was slain.

The handkerchief was discovered by Sergeant Frank Virelli of the State police, the same detective who identified the body of "Benny" Binkowitz, the murdered Wall Street bond messenger whose body was found on the Milford turnpike last Fall.

A microscopic examination of a pocket-knife which was found hidden inside the body under the heart, showed that it bore the initials "E. P. & Co., New Britain."

A number of persons viewed the body at the morgue today but no one was able to identify it. Clerks in the department stores where the shoes and hat worn by the victim were purchased were unable to remember to whom the articles had been sold.

Steamer Lake Grafton Wrecked.

LONDON, May 16.—The American steamer Lake Grafton, bound from Swansea for Copenhagen, was wrecked off Mounts Bay, Cornwall, Saturday. The crew was safely landed. The Lake Grafton was a vessel of 1,610 tons.

China's Premier Stays; Gets Holiday

PEKING, May 13.—The President has granted Premier Chin Yun-peng a week's leave in lieu of acceptance of his proffered resignation.

Long White Gloves

Imported Glacé Kidskin

Enough for Everybody

Just received from overseas in abundant supply which at Centemeri's means *plenty!*

All sizes and there are quantities in each size—

All the desirable lengths: eight, ten, twelve, sixteen, eighteen and twenty button—

All of the pliant, exquisitely soft imported glacé kidskin—

Conventionally correct styles for the bride and her attendants—

And for graduate or alumna at the coming Commencements—

But there are also some fetching novelty styles—

Centemeri Gloves

5.50 *to* 12.00

8-button length *20-button length*

400 FIFTH AVE.

(Philadelphia Store, 123 South 13th St.)

SPECIFICATIONS

An Owner should never forget that it is possible for a contractor to follow the letter of the specifications and to violate the spirit of those specifications.

It is the spirit of Thompson-Starrett service that counts.

Put it up to us to put it up for you.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY

Building Construction

Available:

Private Secretary or Assistant to Executive

DESIRE connection with active chief executive who will appreciate ability, attractive personality, loyalty and tact.

Twelve years' experience diversified businesses. Excellent knowledge accounting, finance and general business practices. Expert stenographer.

Am 31 years old, well educated, Christian. Traveled extensively United States and abroad.

Will consider only position holding out big future. Salary must be above $4,000.

Reply D 882 Times Downtown.

STANDARD EIGHT

A Powerful Car

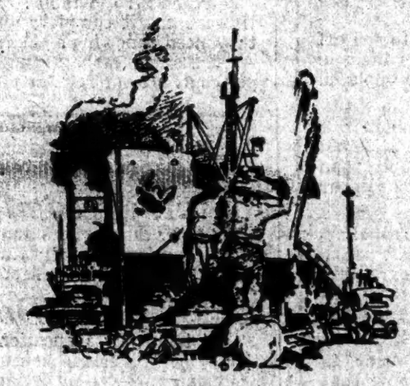
THE beautiful lines and luxury of your car please you, but you respect it for its power.

In time you come to love it for what it has done for you, and you depend upon it as you depend upon your friends.

To those men and women to whom a motor car is something more than a machine, we respectfully recommend the Standard Eight.

Come and see the new models.

New York Branch
AUTOMOTIVE DEPT.
STANDARD STEEL CAR CO.
1920 Broadway New York City
Telephone—Columbus 4843



This is the third of a series of advertisements published by the Committee of American Shipbuilders to assist in bringing about a right solution of questions vital not only to the future prosperity of shipbuilding but equally vital to the safety and prosperity of the Nation.

Why you are interested in an American merchant marine

PATRIOTIC Americans agree that a merchant marine is necessary to the Nation's welfare in peace and vital to its safety in war.

For decades before the war our flag was rarely met at sea.

America could not meet the competition of foreign ships, more cheaply operated and often fostered by government aid.

We have a great merchant fleet.

We must keep it.

But we must maintain American standards both in the shipyard and on the sea.

The Seaman's Act of 1915 improved conditions on board American ships and awakened a new interest in seafaring.

Legislation now pending in Congress aims to perpetuate our war-built merchant marine.

American labor is vitally interested—

Because busy shipyards employ tens of thousands of men (350,000 during the war); there are as many outside of but dependent on the shipyards; ships employ thousands more;

Because our shipyards and ships cannot exist—much less pay high wages—unless wise shipping laws are enacted;

Because more ships mean more foreign trade, which spells more work for American labor. What department store would deliver its goods in its competitor's motor vans?

This legislation declares that the policy of the United States is "to do whatever may be necessary to develop and encourage" a merchant marine.

This policy merits the support of every American.

Send for free copy of "FOR AN AMERICAN MERCHANT MARINE"

COMMITTEE OF AMERICAN SHIP BUILDERS

30 CHURCH STREET, NEW YORK CITY

Chairman: J. W. POWELL, - - - - Vice-President, Bethlehem Shipbuilding Corp., Ltd., Bethlehem, Pa.
H. A. EVANS, - - - - - - - - - President, Baltimore Drydock & Shipbuilding Co., Baltimore, Md.
A. C. FESSANO, - - - - - Chairman Board of Directors, Great Lakes Engineering Works, Detroit, Mich.
J. W. MASON, - - - - - - - President, Western Pipe and Steel Co. of California, San Francisco, Cal.
H. B. TAYLOR, - - - - Vice-President, William Cramp & Sons Ship & Engine Bldg. Co., Philadelphia, Pa.
J. F. DUTHIE, - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - President, J. F. Duthie & Co., Seattle, Wash.

Drink

Coca-Cola

DELICIOUS AND REFRESHING

—the bottle that answers the call of millions.

THE COCA-COLA COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

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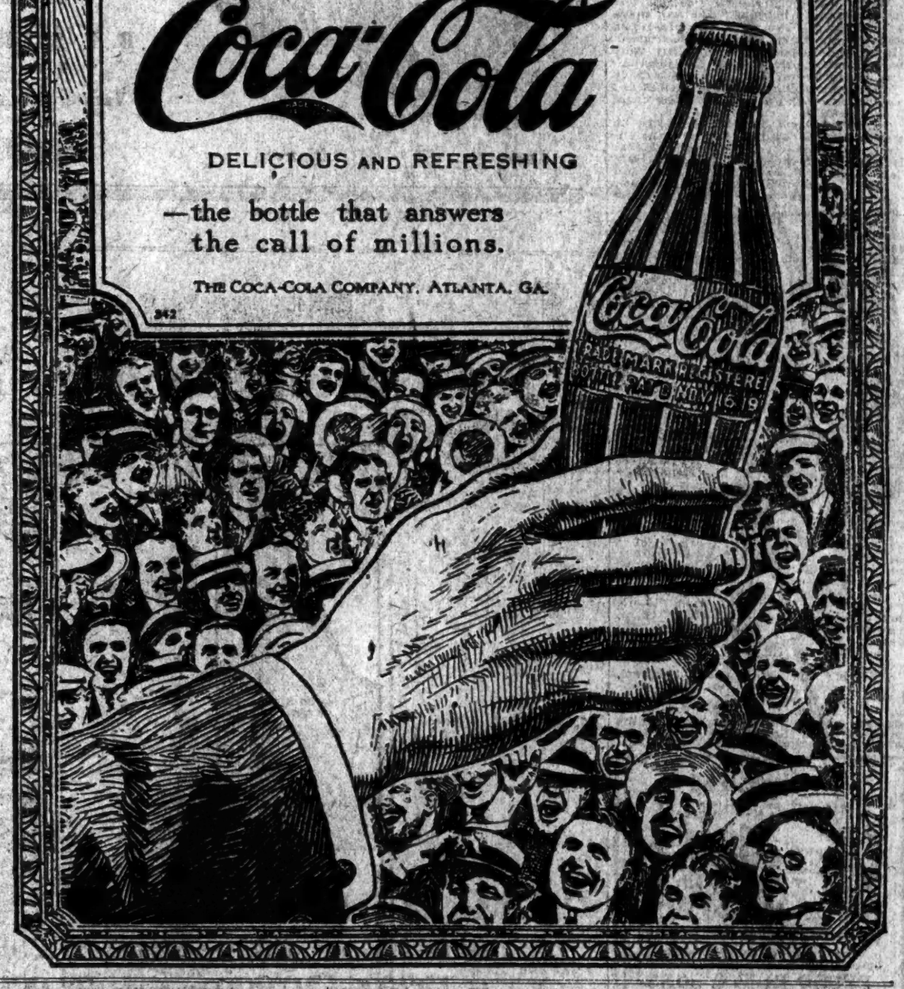


From Death Valley

Most men overestimate the lasting effect of the dramatic news story.

They are sure that you are impressed more permanently by the front page big-type news story than you could possibly be by the "eventually, why not now," advertisements.

You may recall a few years ago "Scotty From Death Valley," with spectacular first-page stories in all newspapers—special trains with oceans of champagne and tons of Greek fire.

A red meteor of news for a week and then oblivion. But you do not remember what "Scotty" was advertising.

In the meantime, regular advertising plods steadily along saying, "There's a Reason," "His Master's Voice," "It Floats" and you smile in knowing friendship.

Reiteration is irresistible, and advertising ripens with age like wine.

Butterick—*Publisher*

The Delineator *($2.50 a Year)*

Everybody's Magazine *($2.75 a Year)*

The Designer *($1.50 a Year)*

TRAVELERS FOUND ALL EUROPE WORKING

Five Observers Agree That Conditions Are Improving and Praise Efforts.

SAY AMERICA MUST AID

Supplying of Needed Materials, Exchange Stabilization and Ships Are Among Problems.

Opinions on financial, political and industrial conditions in Europe of interest to the business world were given yesterday by five well informed observers who arrived on the Mauretania. All of them spoke in an optimistic tone of the efforts that were being made there to get back to a pre-war basis, and emphasized the part the United States should take in world affairs. The speakers were Alvin W. Krech, President of the Equitable Trust Company; Samuel Vauclain, President of the Baldwin Locomotive Works; Commander Angelo Pogliani, Managing Director of the Banca Italiana di Sconto; Ira Nelson Morris, Ambassador to Sweden, and W. Averill Harriman.

"All Europe is settling down to work," said Mr. Krech. "This is the dominant note one hears in every country. I visited France, Germany, Holland, Italy, Czechoslovakia and Spain. Bolshevism is dead and the labor unrest, while noisy, is distinctly on the wane and 'spotty.' There is no exception to this rule. I was distinctly impressed with the substantial improvements industrially and financially in Czechoslovakia and Italy.

"Commodity prices with a few notable exceptions in my opinion have reached their peak; let the doubter study the recent slump of about 50 per cent. in Japan and the break in our own and foreign markets of the prices of innumerable basic raw materials and semi-finished products. It is anybody's guess when the United States must feel the repercussion of Europe's reviving industries. The world is fighting for self-preservation under the banner of production and economy. This is no time for America to stand by idly wasting her energies and her opportunities in internal economic dissensions."

Mr. Vauclain, who was abroad on a business trip for two months, said that Europe needed, first, locomotives and cars to move her crops and industrial products, and, second, machinery for textiles and agriculture. He said he was particularly impressed with the progress being made in Czechoslovakia and Poland. Imbued with a strong national spirit, these two countries were going ahead to develop their resources and would be able to pay off their debts in no time once they were able to enter the commercial field with other nations, Mr. Vauclain said.

Commenting on conditions in Austria, which he also visited, Mr. Vauclain said that the crops would be ready before the people had the locomotives to haul them away. The land was under cultivation and the indications were that the food supply would be greatly augmented in the harvest. The cities in Central Europe fared quite badly, he found, but he said he was able to obtain a good meal, "with wine thrown in," for a dollar in Bucharest and Belgrade. Vienna he described as a city for sale; industry was chaotic there, and the population were suffering.

Ambassador Morris, who arrived with his wife for his annual vacation, said that business in Sweden was generally improving, and the country was reaping the benefit of the newsprint paper scarcity in other countriees. The pulp mills were being worked every hour of the day to meet the demand.

"Other mills undoubtedly would be built in Sweden were it not for the fact that machinery is extremely high, and also because of the high wages demanded by skilled workers in that line. The pulp manufacturers are not sure that the high prices of today for paper will continue over a sufficient number of years to guarantee the extra outlay of money."

Says Italy Is Rallying.

Commander Pogliani, whose institution has more than 150 branches in Italy and 10 in other countries, issued a statement in which he discussed conditions in his country. He said:

"In opposition to the sensational and often mendacious news spread abroad, I consider the internal political situation of Italy at least no worse than elsewhere, including oversea countries, labor troubles nowadays being universal. Toward the labor classes concessions and conciliations have now reached the extreme limit and the recent failure of the Turin general strike may be considered as a new departure to put an end to continuous unjustified claims.

"At any rate, the epidemic of strikes combined with the universal so-called 'wave of idleness' did not prevent Italy from getting to work with renewed energy, surmounting numerous difficulties with the tenacity of which Italians spread all over the world are giving edifying proofs."

Continuing, Commissioner Pogliani said that Italy's mercantile navy would be increased during the present half year to 2,500,000 tons by purchases of ships abroad and home construction. He spoke of the general confidence at home in the recovery of the financial pre-war situation which manifested itself a few weeks ago in the success of the new loan. He pointed out that the loan coincided with a French loan brought out at such favorable conditions which, he said, would have been quite inconceivable for Italy, France paying back at 150 per cent. what was raised at 100.

"Referring to France," he continued, "I do not see why, under the existing state of things in both countries, there should be such a difference as 20 per cent. between the two exchanges. I am convinced that the same is bound to disappear in a very short time. Altogether a wild speculation has been going on in our lires, and the present improvement, the dollar at 20 lires against 28, sterling at 78 as against 107, francs at 130 as against 160, puts matters straighter, with a tendency to reach a normal level.

"An improvement in exchange is highly desirable for the welfare of business relations between our two countries. Unless you meant to consider the Italian market as a temporary field for your activity and to abandon it to others, you are bound to enter into a financial agreement for providing Italy with raw materials."

Need for American Ships.

Mr. Harriman, who was accompanied by Harris Livermore of Livermore, Dearborn & Co., spent several weeks in Europe studying the shipping situation. He said he was impressed with the magnitude of the problem confronting American shipping interests. America, he said, should encourage ship building to relieve the stringency to trade on the other side, caused by the lack of means of transport.

"America's economic future is inseparably bound up with its export trade," Mr. Harriman said. "The war has left us with many industries, the products of which must find an outlet in foreign markets if the industries are not to perish. I am returning with a better conception of the problems confronting us, and while I realize the difficulties ahead of us I am optimistic in the belief that we shall be able to overcome them."

Mr. Harriman said that the inflation of the currencies of the world and the corresponding inflation of commodity prices also entered into the complexities of our shipping problem. It could not be expected that freight rates would go back to a prewar basis, but it was to be hoped that from the standpoint of world trade, the relationships between freight rates and commodity prices would be re-established.

MISS HAY TO LEAD CAMPAIGN

Will Conduct Suffrage Fight When Miss Catt Goes Abroad.

With the departure of Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, President of the National Woman Suffrage Association, on Wednesday to preside at the Congress of the International Woman Suffrage Alliance at Geneva, Switzerland, on June 6-12, Miss Garrett Hay, Second Vice President, will become acting chairman of the association in charge of the campaign to bring about ratification of the federal suffrage amendment. Mrs. Stanley McCormick, First Vice President of the association, is also leaving and will be corresponding secretary of the conference.

Miss Hay will center her immediate activities upon Connecticut and Vermont. She will be assisted by Mrs. Frank J. Shuler, corresponding secretary of the association and chairman of organization, who will have charge of ratification activities in the Southern States. It was announced that Charles E. Hughes had been retained by the National Association as its counsel in the ratification campaign.

Mrs. Catt and the rest of the suffrage delegation to the Congress are expected to leave here Wednesday on the steamship Royal George of the Cunard line.

Train Kills Telegrapher.

The body of Patrick J. Harper, a telegraph operator, was found early yesterday morning on the Interborough tracks near the Bronx Park station. The police believe Mr. Harper fell or was knocked off the Bronx Park station platform by a train, which dragged the body a short distance. Mr. Harper was 42 years old, and at one time was President of the Louisiana Telegraphers' Association. He was unmarried. The last two years he had been employed by The Evening Telegram.

Venezuela and Holland Renew Amity

CARACAS, Venezuela, May 16.—A protocol renewing diplomatic relations between Holland and Venezuela was signed here yesterday by plenipotentiaries representing these countries. Diplomatic relations were severed in 1908 by President Castro because of claims made by Dutch subjects.

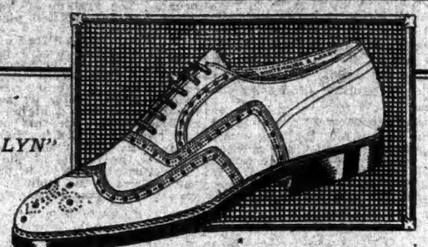
Keeping Tab on 70,000 Cows

A BIG job for one man, yet so systematized that he gets time to sleep and eat like other folks. It requires the combined output of 70,000 cows to supply Sheffield customers and each individual in this vast herd must have a health certificate. Our sanitary director operates a force of veterinaries and inspectors that enable him to tell at any time the conditions on any farm making Sheffield Milk. Thus you are assured that your milk not only comes from a healthy cow but that the cow lives comfortably and is properly fed.

Fermillac is the leading fermented milk

The effect of this service on the health of the community is hard to estimate. It is interesting to know, however, that Sheffield methods have received the endorsement of professional men in every civilized country.

Sheffield Farms Co., Inc.
New York



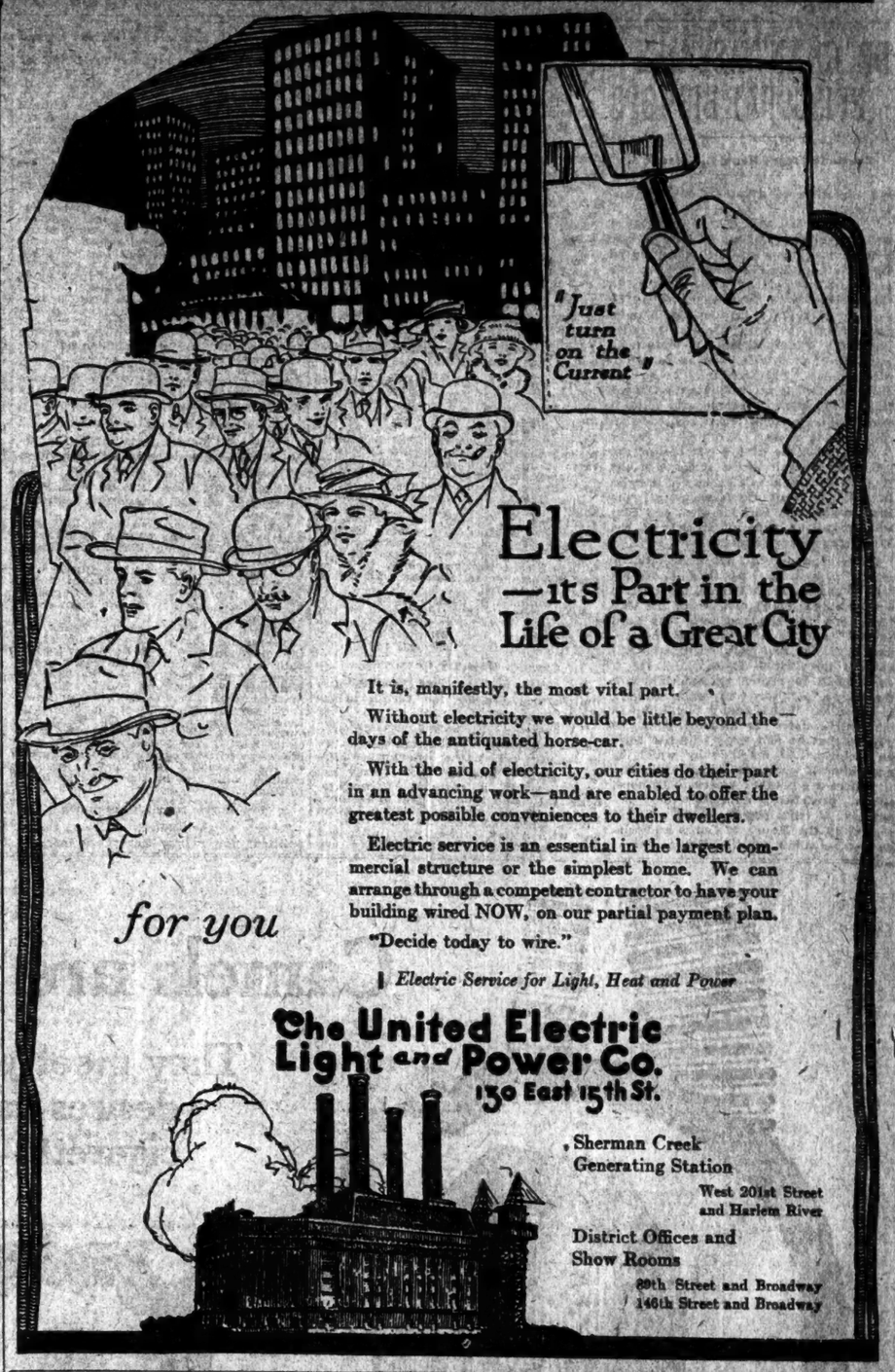
The "Pen-LYN"

A SMART brogue designed by us for this spring. The flat last, low broad heel and hand set edge gives a nicety of detail characteristic of all our shoes.

Built exclusively for us by JOHNSTON & MURPHY.

THE JOHNSTON & MURPHY SHOE

WHITEHOUSE & HARDY
BROADWAY AT 40TH STREET
NEW YORK
METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE BUILDING



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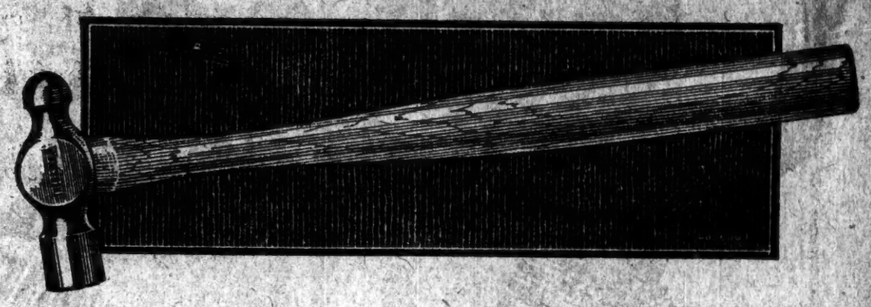
Firestone



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DR. GRANT ASSAILS EPISCOPAL BISHOPS

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

the direction of greater Congregationalism.

"In America today the Bishops of the Protestant Episcopal Church are reaching for more authority," declared Dr. Grant. "In the Middle West this takes the form of a desire to dictate to the parishes who their rectors shall be and in general to invade parish self-government. In other dioceses it takes the form of opposition to democratic methods of procedure, and so to democratic ideas. This tendency is so un-American that it will alienate the Church from the American people and have a tendency to make it small rich, democracy-fearing class.

"The relations of the Bishops of the American Church to the Bishops of the English Church have elements of danger. In the Lambeth Conferences all the English-speaking Bishops meet and consult upon the general affairs of the English-speaking countries.

"The moment an American Bishop sets foot upon an English ship, on his tour to the Lambeth Palace, he is called by the steward and officers of the ship 'My Lord'; in England he is 'My Lord Bishop' and is a witness to the domestic, social and political impressiveness of the British Episcopacy. He is very likely to return to America with the words 'My Lord' agreeably ringing in his ears. Which easily turns him in his own country to alliance with the powers that be and tempts him to form an ecclesiastical machine by which he may himself come to larger authority.

"There are notable American Bishops, saints, preachers, administrators, defenders of the people, who are not spared by the House of Lords and who do not succumb to the allurements of the British social system, which is still a menace to American democracy.

Cites Church History.

"The usurpation of power by the Bishops, which was not anticipated when the Prayer Book was put together, and not known to the Church of Elizabeth, became in the time of James I. a growing sense of antagonism among the more liberty-loving members of the Church of England. This was largely responsible for the English civil war in 1640, for the death of Charles II. and of Archbishop Laud.

"We have invited the Congregational Church to come into communion with the Episcopal Church. We cannot expect this invitation to be accepted if we repeat the mistakes of the episcopate of England which led to the withdrawal of the Congregationalists, or if we deprecate the plainer and less attractive traits of Episcopal authority here in America. The Congregationalists could better turn around and ask us to join them.

"If we throw away the bugbear of uniformity, if we throw away the obsession of political and social power, we may come to a true American conception of wide democratic use of the Church under a lightly held overseeing by the Bishops, which would develop a new era of church organization, church influence and happy accord in the spirit and aims of church members."

Dr. Grant said church dignitaries should realise that people today are afraid of the church. He recited the case of the Rev. Dr. John Haynes Holmes, who, since fire destroyed his church at Park Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street, was preaching to twice and three times as large an audience in a nearby theatre.

"A community church is without a precise creed," Dr. Grant said, "but whose love of social service guides it to all persons in need whom it can help, regardless of denominational tags."

Charges Hostility to Forums.

Dr. Grant said there was hostility and indifference toward the forum movement.

"What could be more short-sighted?" asked Dr. Grant. "The people who are ordinarily called the unchurched are eager to pour into churches if they can use them in a rational, up-to-date, democratic and socially helpful fashion. All the unused churches in the United States might be filled at least once a day with happy, mutually well-disposed congregations, praying to God for a new brotherhood and for a higher human type.

"An attempt to broaden the pulpit by allowing, on occasions, others than Episcopalian ministers to speak in it, was largely nullified by referring such occasions to the Bishops. The Church has not allied itself with the Federal Council of Churches, an admirable organization composed of many denominations for the study of social and economic questions. The National Church has made no general economic pronouncement, as the Methodists and Roman Catholics have done."

Dr. Grant paid a tribute to the Salvation Army, which, he said, had done remarkable work from the very start, even though it was despised by the Church. He recalled that the Salvation Army lassies won over many a man who was slipping away from God by their work "in the foulest of saloons."

Earlier in his sermon Dr. Grant said:

"We have an evolutionary an environment in the world has ever seen. Now millions are asking more economic freedom. The desire to abolish poverty, to create a new earth, which is the prayer of Christians, can now unite all parties in our Church. In the language of the street, 'Let the high and the broad churchman go to it.'

Recalls Old Antagonisms.

"The high church party in the Episcopal Church holds substantially the views of the English high churchman. The edifice in which we are now gathered illustrates the old antagonism between high and low.

"The land for the Ascension was bought and the church was built when the Oxford movement had tremendously excited the English Church. Anything that was liked by the high church was feared by the low church. One of these symbols of papacy, as it was thought to be, was a choir boy in the chancel of the church.

"When the Vestry of the Church of the Ascension bought the land on which the church now stands the rector of the church, Dr. Eastburn, who was a great enemy of ritualism, bought the land on which the rectory now stands. He remarked to the Vestry that he supposed they would like his lot in order to lengthen the chancel. On being informed that they would, he said they could have it for $1,000,000, which was his way of making sure that the Church of the Ascension could never have a chancel choir and by that road go over to Rome.

Reassures Broad Churchmen.

"Fear of the Church of Rome as a political power has been more influential with the low and broad churchman than fear of the high church doctrines in themselves. The number of converts to Romanism from high church parishes is of no importance—there are converts to Romanism from all churches and from no churches. On the other hand, there are conversions from Rome to Protestantism unheralded, but astonishingly numerous. Fear of ritualists becoming Roman Catholic should not arouse broad churchmen against the high churchman.

"The high churchman has an especially fortunate position in the Episcopal Church, which ought to keep him there. He can have his authoritative views without the inconvenience of a Pope as the logical head of authority and dogma. The high churchman can be Catholic without the papacy, which for him ought to be ideal freedom."

Dr. Grant averred that the Protestant Episcopal Church would only be as strong as it ought to be when the parties of the church, instead of wasting their strength opposing each other, united their strength in solving the problems of the time and in giving variety and breadth to the church in a fashion to make it attractive and useful to thousands who are now unacquainted with it.

HITS FORCED LABOR AT ASCENSION FORUM

Theologian Declares Driving Strikers Back Fosters I. W. W. Tactics.

The conservative American workingman is rapidly learning the I. W. W. tactic of "striking on the job," as a result of being forced back to work after he has gone on strike to better his condition, said Dr. Harry F. Ward, Professor of Christian Ethics in Union Theological Seminary, in an address on "New Motives in Industry," delivered last night at the Church of the Ascension Forum.

"I suppose they know in Washington by this time that while they may put people in jail, they cannot get greater production or increased transportation through that method," said Dr. Ward. "They find that when the men go back to work their work is not good. The result of forcing the men back to work is to undermine the morale of the very men on whom dependence is had for the building of a productive system. How much more illusory do we have to read in order to know that human life, to be well, must rest on a voluntary basis?"

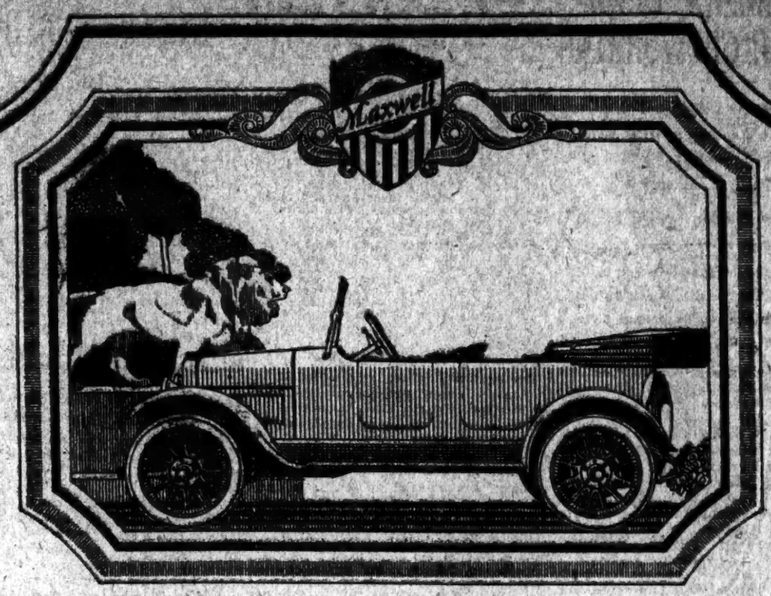
Production engineers, declared Dr. Ward, whose business it is to analyze production from the dispassionate viewpoint of science, say that in ordinary times the highly technical equipment for production in the United States produces from 15 to 20 per cent. of its possibilities. The reasons for this lack of full production Dr. Ward found in the motives which are depended on at present to produce goods. He stated them as "fear of starvation for the many and hope of gain for the few."

Substituting for these motives that of service to the community, Dr. Ward went on to say, a group of industrial engineers drew up some general statements arising from their experience and presented them to the recent Industrial Conference called by President Wilson. They warned the conference if these generalizations, founded on service as a human motive, were not taken into account the conference would be futile. Dr. Ward declared that the prediction was fulfilled. One of the guides for action urged on the conference by the engineers was "autocracy must be banished from every part of the industrial system and democracy must be organized throughout."

As an example of the operation of service as a motive rather than fear or gain, the speaker pointed to the British building trade workers, whose offer to build houses if the municipality furnished the credit, taking action only after private capital failed to erect homes, was accepted, with the result that several thousand houses are in the course of construction.

According to production engineers, said Professor Ward, the failure to get 75 per cent. in production in the United States is because most of the owners or managers of industry have not been technically trained for management, and because the system of industry is so organized that profit is placed first and production second.

Dr. Ward declared that offering an increased financial reward to the worker will not result in increased production. Justice in distribution alone, he asserted, would not put the industrial system to right. Life, he said, must be organized around a higher motive than material gain. In this connection he told how some packing house employes during the war refused to work "to increase the profits of the employers," but returned to work in order to serve the soldiers at the front.



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- Stills
- Tanks
- Thermostats
- Transmission Equipment
- Turbo Generators

THRONG OF 38,600 AT POLO GROUNDS

Crowd Shatters Attendance Record Made in 1911, and 10,000 Are Turned Away.

INDIANS THRASH YANKEES

Cleveland Batters Pounce on Mays for Five Runs in First and Drive Him from Box.

FINAL FIGURES ARE 8 TO 2

Great Gathering Drawn by Sunny Sunday and Recent Spurt of Huggins's Men Sees Poor Game.

Back in the early Autumn days of 1908 a great crowd of baseball fans stormed the old Polo Grounds to see the Giants and the Cubs in the game which meant a pennant. Three years later another wild throng crowded and jammed its way into the new Brush Stadium until 38,281 had been accounted for officially by the National Commission representatives in charge of the 1911 world's series. Yesterday a game which meant neither a pennant nor a world's series step put the outstanding attendance marks of other days into the background. Baseball interest reached a point in upper Harlem that it never touched before.

The Cleveland Indians and the Yankees were the magnets which drew to the Polo Grounds more fans than ever before had attempted to get into this stadium of sport. The Indians won the ball game, 8 to 2. Officials of the New York club announced that 38,000 had passed into the grounds, but this count took no toll of the thousands who turned away disappointed when the big stands were sold out and the gates closed at 2:30 o'clock. Twenty minutes before game time the parade of disappointed was in motion westward over the hills behind the Speedway. Other thousands went back from the Eighth Avenue side when they were convinced that it would be useless to waste time there in the hope of getting tickets.

Long before 2 o'clock police lines were established at 155th Street to keep back the late comers and reduce as much as possible congestion around the gates. Two blocks northward, where the fans enter the Polo Grounds, several thousand jammed against the gates, each with an argument as to why he should be allowed inside. Special policemen inside listened through barred gates after the tale had been told to bluecoats outside, and then shook their heads negatively. They could not help.

Busy Time for Officers.

Mounted policemen moved along the street, driving the crowd away from the entrances, only to turn and find the sea of humanity had flowed back again. Forty-four policemen from the Thirty-eighth Precinct, in charge of Inspector Cahalane, had a busy time at the Eighth Avenue entrance, but had no real disorder to check. It was a good-natured, even if it was a pushing and a jamming, crowd. Back on the Speedway another squad of police from the Twentieth Precinct took charge of the nearby entrance to the Polo Grounds and turned back other disappointed thousands.

Newspaper men with credentials were permitted to scale a fence between the old Manhattan Field and the Polo Grounds in accordance with officials of the club giving his O K as each head appeared above the boards. Those without credentials were ordered back. The idea of opening the gates to let in writers was abandoned as early as 2:45 o'clock. There would have been a mob scene and a rush for entrance which the police realized they could not check without resorting to clubs. So the writers did some climbing before they could get in.

Hundreds who were shut out when the gates were closed carried passes, and after two innings had been played the crowd outside had shrunk sufficiently to satisfy the club officials that the gates might be opened. Those with tickets were permitted to enter, but most of them had to go to the bleachers, as the stands being filled to capacity. The uncovered section offered the chance of somebody squeezing a little to make room for another rooter. By the fourth inning there wasn't a vacant spot in any section of the stand or bleachers, and New York's greatest baseball crowd was settled back, hopeful but suspicious. Those fans were hoping for victory, but about satisfied that it was not to be.

Great Crowd Not a Surprise.

Everything that attracts a baseball crowd combined to bring about the remarkable gathering of almost 39,000 inside the park and perhaps 10,000 more who could not get in. The Yankees, with the game's greatest drawing card as a magnet, were playing the league leaders. Four straight victories for the Yanks, coupled with several recent home runs by Babe Ruth, had put the Yanks in the limelight as they never had been before. A 2 to 0 shutout victory on Saturday and as fine a brand of baseball weather as ever was experienced in May did their bit. All together, these conditions blended to make the outpouring a record-breaking one.

As for the game itself, it ran true to baseball tradition, which has the home team, at its worst on the days when crowds are greatest. Huggins's men got a poor start when Mays was batted out of the box in the first inning, and they did not threaten at any time to be even dangerous. After a bad first inning the Yanks played good ball, but the handicap was too heavy and the crowd had a dismal time. That hope that springs eternal did its springing after the Indian uprising in the first frame, and then gradually subsided until the seventh, when two more Cleveland runs dispelled it entirely. After that the fans just waited to see Babe Ruth get one more crack at the ball. Babe obliged with a double against the right-field wall in the ninth, which chased in New York's last run.

If the Indians only had reserved that big smash for a late inning that record-making crowd might have had a few thrills when a Yankee got on the paths and threatened to score. There was no delay, however, by the Speaker tribe. The first ball pitched by Carl Mays collided with Jack Graney's bat and whistled a path back to center field. Carl also made a path through the outfield before he could retire the side. Five runs were over the dish and two were out when that expensive underhand fling was conducted to the clubhouse. Lefty Thormahlen came on to do some good pitching, but in a lost cause.

Hits of Yankees Scattered.

The Yankees hit only in spots. The drives would have been worth something if bunched, but they were so well scattered that the Indians had nothing to worry about. Jim Bagby was not as puzzling as Stanley Coveleskie had been the day before, but that big first inning relieved James of any great responsibility, and he could afford to take chances. He took chances, and things broke his way. Jim did not have to worry about Babe Ruth, as the big fellow came up three times with the bases empty and the Yankees several runs in the rear. That is something of a load off any pitcher's mind.

The game was really over when the Indians were retired in the first inning. Graney singled to centre, Chapman shot a Texas leaguer to right which put Graney on third, and Jack scored when Ward fumbled Speaker's roller. Smith's safe hunt filled the corners, and Chapman died at the plate when Gardner hit to Pipp. Wamby's double scored Speaker and Smith, besides putting Gardner on third. Johnston chased Gardner and Wamby home with a single to left, and he also chased Mays right out of the picture. Thormahlen came on, and O'Neill's pop fly to Ward ended the inning.

With two down in the Yankees' fourth Ruth walked; Lewis hit to right, and was caught between first and second. During the run-up Ruth crossed the plate, the visitors paying little attention to the run.

Chapman's double, Speaker's pass and Wood's walk filled the bases with none out in the seventh. Gardner's long fly to Bodie scored Chapman. Speaker had a clean steal of home in his grasp when Wamby hit to Meusel for an out at first base, thus nullifying the steal.

In the ninth, after Mogridge had retired the first two batsmen, Wood singled and stole second. Errors by Ward and Meusel let him score. In New York's half of the ninth Pipp bunted safely, and finished the trip when Ruth bounced a double off the right-field wall.

The score:

CLEVELAND (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Graney,lf	4	0	1	1	0
Chapman,ss	5	1	3	0	6
Speaker,cf	3	2	1	3	0
Smith,rf	3	1	1	0	0
Wood,rf	1	1	1	0	0
Gardner,3b	4	1	0	1	3
Wamby,2b	5	0	2	2	6
Johnston,1b	4	0	1	15	1
O'Neill,c	4	0	2	1	0
Bagby,p	3	0	1	0	2
Total	38	8	13	27	17

NEW YORK (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Ward,ss	4	0	1	1	4
Meusel,3b	4	0	0	0	3
Pipp,1b	4	1	1	12	2
Ruth,rf	3	1	1	1	0
Lewis,lf	4	0	0	2	0
Pratt,2b	4	0	1	2	3
Bodie,cf	2	0	1	3	0
Hannah,c	3	0	0	5	3
Mays,p	0	0	0	0	0
Thormahlen,p	2	0	1	0	2
aO'Neil	1	0	1	0	0
Mogridge,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	31	2	8	27	18

a Batted for Thormahlen in eighth.

Errors—Wood, Ward (2), Meusel (2).

Cleveland	5	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	—8
New York	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	—2

Two-base hits—Wambsganss, Pratt, Chapman, Ruth. Three-base hit—Bagby. Stolen base, Wood. Sacrifice hits—Wood, Bagby. Sacrifice fly—Gardner. Double plays—Chapman; Wambsganss and Johnston; Gardner, Wambsganss and Johnston (2); Hannah and Ward. Left on bases—New York, 4; Cleveland, 10. Bases on balls—Off Bagby, 2; Thormahlen, 3. Hits—Off Mays, 5 in 2-3 of inning; Thormahlen, 7 in 7 1-3; Mogridge, 1 in 1. Struck out—By Bagby, 1; Thormahlen, 4. Winning pitcher—Bagby. Losing pitcher—Mays. Umpires—Messrs. Owens and Chill. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland, 8; New York, 2.
St. Louis, 4; Washington, 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia, 3; Cincinnati, 2. (Fifteen innings.)
Chicago, 5; Boston, 1.
Brooklyn at St. Louis—Rain.
Other teams not scheduled.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Cleveland	17	7	.708
Boston	14	8	.636
Chicago	12	9	.571
New York	12	12	.500
Washington	12	12	.500
St. Louis	11	12	.478
Philadelphia	8	13	.381
Detroit	5	16	.217

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Cincinnati	16	10	.615
Brooklyn	12	9	.571
Chicago	14	12	.538
Boston	10	9	.526
Pittsburgh	11	10	.524
Philadelphia	10	14	.417
New York	8	12	.400
St. Louis	9	14	.391

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago at Boston.
St. Louis at Washington.
Detroit at Philadelphia.
Other teams not scheduled.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Pittsburgh.
Brooklyn at St. Louis.
Boston at Chicago.
Philadelphia at Cincinnati.

BROWNS EVEN SERIES.

Make Strong Finish Against Johnson and Defeat Senators, 4-2.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—St. Louis evened up the series by taking the second game from Washington today, 4-2. Wellmann puzzled the locals after the first two innings, while Johnson weakened toward the close.

The score:

ST. LOUIS (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Austin,3b	4	0	0	0	3
Gedeon,2b	4	0	2	2	1
Tobin,lf	4	0	0	2	0
Sisler,1b	3	0	1	13	1
Williams,cf	4	1	1	1	0
Jacobson,rf	4	2	3	2	0
Billings,c	4	0	2	4	1
Gerber,ss	2	1	2	1	5
Wellmann,p	3	0	0	0	2
Total	33	4	12	27	13

WASHINGTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Judge,1b	5	1	3	7	1
Milan,lf	4	0	2	4	0
Rice,cf	4	0	1	1	0
Roth,rf	3	0	0	1	2
Harris,2b	4	0	0	2	2
Ellerbe,3b	3	0	0	0	1
Shannon,ss	3	1	1	5	4
Picinich,c	3	0	0	6	1
Johnson,p	4	0	0	1	1
Total	33	2	7	27	14

Errors—Austin, Ellerbe.

St. Louis	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	—4
Washington	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Two-base hit—Williams. Stolen bases—Billings, Judge, Jacobson, Gerber. Sacrifice hits—Picinich, Wellmann, Austin. Double play—Judge, Shannon and Judge. Left on bases—St. Louis 9, Washington 5. Bases on balls—Off Wellmann 4, Johnson 2. Hit by pitcher—By Johnson (Gerber). Struck out—By Johnson 5, Wellmann 1. Umpires—Messrs. Hildebrand and Evans. Time of game—One hour and fifty-six minutes.

Eastern League.

Bridgeport 3, Worcester 2.
Albany 4, Hartford 3.
Waterbury 1, Springfield 6. (12 innings).
New Haven 3, Pittsfield 2. (14 innings).

PHILLIES' LOSING STREAK IS BROKEN

Gravath's Men Defeat Reds in 15-Inning Battle, 3 to 2—Rixey Wins Own Game.

CINCINNATI, May 16.—Philadelphia broke its losing streak of nine straight games today by winning from the Reds in the fifteenth inning, 3 to 2. Rixey and Rixey both pitched fine ball. All of the Cincinnati scoring was done in the fourth, when the Reds bunched three hits and a sacrifice for two earned runs.

In the fifteenth, R. Miller walked, went to third when Kopf muffed Allen's throw as he stole, and scored on Rixey's long fly to centre.

The score:

PHILADELPHIA (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
LeBreton,lf	7	0	3	1	0
Bancroft,ss	5	0	1	6	0
Williams,cf	5	0	1	2	0
Stengel,rf	5	1	1	1	1
J. Miller,2b	6	0	2	6	0
Paulette,1b	5	0	1	11	0
R. Miller,3b	5	1	1	3	4
Witherow,c	5	0	1	8	4
Rixey,p	5	1	1	0	4
Total	49	3	12	45	23

CINCINNATI (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Rath,2b	7	0	0	5	5
Daubert,1b	7	0	2	16	1
Groh,3b	6	1	2	3	0
Roush,cf	5	0	2	4	0
Duncan,lf	4	0	1	0	0
Kopf,ss	4	0	2	2	4
Neale,rf	4	0	2	4	0
Sariden,c	3	0	0	3	2
aDressler	1	0	0	0	0
Allen,c	1	0	0	3	4
Ring,p	5	0	0	1	7
bCrane	1	0	0	0	0
Total	48	2	12	45	23

a Batted for Sariden in ninth.
b Batted for Ring in fifteenth.

Errors—Witherow, Kopf, Ring.

Philadelphia	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—3
Cincinnati	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Two base hits—Roush, Williams, Stengel. Stolen base—Le Bourveau. Sacrifice hits—Duncan, Neale, Bancroft, Paulette, Rixey. Double plays—Kopf, Rath and Daubert; J. Miller, Bancroft and Paulette; Witherow and J. Miller; Bancroft and Paulette; Rixey, Witherow and R. Miller; R. Miller, J. Miller and Paulette. Left on bases—Philadelphia 7, Cincinnati 9. Bases on balls—Off Ring 3, Rixey 4. Hit by pitcher—By Rixey 1. Struck out—By Ring 5, Rixey 5. Wild pitches—Ring (3), Rixey. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Emslie. Time of game—Three hours and sixteen minutes.

CUBS STILL WINNING.

Score Seventh Straight Victory in Defeating Braves, 5 to 1.

CHICAGO, May 16.—Alexander won his seventh straight game today when Chicago defeated Boston, 5 to 1, giving the locals their seventh consecutive victory. Chicago won the game by bunching hits. Hollocher's fumble of Cruise's grounder and Boeckel's double saved the visitors from a shutout.

The score:

CHICAGO (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Flack,rf	4	1	1	3	0
Hollocher,ss	4	1	1	3	4
Paskert,cf	3	0	2	3	0
Barber,1b	3	0	1	11	0
Robertson,lf	4	1	2	2	0
Deal,3b	3	0	1	0	3
Terry,2b	2	1	0	1	3
Killifer,c	3	1	0	4	0
Alexander,p	2	0	1	0	3
Total	28	5	9	27	13

BOSTON (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Powell,cf	4	0	1	0	0
Pick,2b	4	0	1	2	3
Mann,lf	4	0	1	1	0
Cruise,rf	4	1	1	1	0
Holke,1b	4	0	1	6	0
Boeckel,3b	4	0	0	1	2
Maranville,ss	4	0	0	4	4
Devine,c	4	0	0	5	2
Hearn,p	3	0	1	1	6
Total	34	1	6	24	20

Errors—Hollocher, Maranville.

Chicago	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	—5
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—1

Two-base hits—Alexander, Boeckel, Sterlivas-Terry, Barber. Double play—Maranville and Holke. Left on bases—Chicago 5, Boston 6. Bases on balls—Off Hearn 3. Struck out—By Alexander 4. Umpires—Harr and McCormick. Time of game—One hour and twenty-four minutes.

American Association.

Louisville, 5; Milwaukee, 3.
Minneapolis, 5; Columbus, 3.
St. Paul, 11; Toledo, 1.
Kansas City, 3; Indianapolis, 2.

Southern Association.

New Orleans 1, Memphis 7.
(Five innings—rain).
Chatanooga 1, Mobile 0.
Birmingham 10, Atlanta 7.
Nashville 5, Little Rock 2.

JAMAICA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For maiden fillies two years old; five furlongs. Jamaica Belle 111 pounds, Leipsic 111, Turnabout 111, Last Straw 111, Mantilla 111, Fading Star 111, Marjorie M. 111, Polythia 111, Foam 111, American Beauty 111.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, selling; five and a half furlongs. *Our Little Anne 102 pounds, *L'Infirmier 107, *Larghetto 93, Phalaris 112, Sunrose 107, Paddy 112, Gus Scheer 112, Eastern Glow 96, Marion Hollins 107, *American Eagle 107, *Madam Byng 102, Goldvale 112, Philippic 112, Midian 103, Florsain 98, Santiago 112, Kewessa 112, Abadans 112.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-old maidens; six furlongs. Feodor 115 pounds, Dunsandel 115, Sir Clarence 115, Burley 115, Florsain 110, Titanium 115, Elmont 115, Marie Antoinette 110, Eastern Glow 110, Larghetto 110, Headman 115, Dorothy's Pet 110, Universal 115, Mad Hatter 115, Keither 115, The Nephew 115, Lady Archie 110, Liberty Girl 110, Retlevs 110.

FOURTH RACE—The Newton selling stakes, for three-year-olds and upward; purse, $1,500 added; six furlongs. Youneed 112 pounds, Royal Ensign 117, Mayfair 112, Thunderstorm 120, Lad's Love 115, Elected 2d 110, Pickwick 122, Pastoral Swain 126, Bon Tromp 112, By Laddie 114, Wyoming 112, Cinderella 104, Diversion 115.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. *Alma B. 105 pounds, *Ricochet 93, *Edith Baumann 100, Paddy Dear 115, Cousin o' Mine 110, Major Bradley 108, Tiger Rose 106, Orderly 110, Beauty Sleep 101, Arbitrator 110, Regreso 115, Burlingame 115.

SIXTH RACE—For two-year-olds: The Burlington; five furlongs. Omer K. 112 pounds, Joaquina 109, Superwoman 114, Messines 112, Crest 112, High Wave 112. *Apprentice allowance claimed.

PIMLICO ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; six furlongs. Frank Macklin (imp.) 108 pounds, *Escarpolette (imp.) 96, Brynhild 101, Foreclosure 93, *Lariat 101, Calvert 96, Miss Millions 101, Nebraska 108, *Brother MacLean 106, Jeweler 108.

SECOND RACE—The Catonsville Steeplechase; for four-year-olds and upward; claiming; two and one-quarter miles. New Haven 147 pounds, Candidate II. (imp.) 145, Cynosure 147, Mashach 152, Quelbonheur 147, Algardt 147.

THIRD RACE—Roland Park Handicap; selling; for four-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Ben Hampson 109 pounds; *Tan II. (imp.) 106, Manolkin 108, Galley Head 105, W. Ward 93, Waterproof 103, Pas de Chance 102, John L. Day (imp.) 105, Bar Sec 101, Modan 120, *Verity 106, Peerless One 98, Joan of Arc 110, Austral 112, *Padua 100.

FOURTH RACE—For two-year-olds; four and a half furlongs. Tarantula 113 pounds, The Cook 112, Victor A. 112, Jem 117, Mythology 112, Quocreak 117, Night Raider 117, By Gone 112, Dr. Charles Wells 112.

FIFTH RACE—The Stafford Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Kallipolis 100 pounds, Motor Cop 128, Titania 90, Charley Laydecker 100, King Herod 115, Milk Maid 121, Chassaur 105, Mock Orange 95, Crank 104.

SIXTH RACE—Selling; handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile. Veteran 102 pounds, Knot 108, King John 107, *Soldat de Verdun 110, *Waukeka 103, Ballymooney 101, Ettake 105, Herd Girl 92, Port Elles 107.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; six furlongs. *Charite Sunny 106 pounds, Pokey Jane 98, Estes Emblem 104, Sir William Johnson 103, Bright Gold 101, *Ettake 118, Equator 106, General 103, *Onico 98.

*Apprentice allowance.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	R.	H.	E.
Rochester	5	12	1
Baltimore	2	7	1
Garton, Acosta and Beyers; Ogden, Kneisch and Egan.			
	R.	H.	E.
Reading	1	6	2
Buffalo	5	11	0
Barnhardt and Konnick; Heitman, James and Bengough.			
	R.	H.	E.
Akron	1	10	2
Syracuse	0	4	1
Finneran and Walker; Ensmann and Niebergall.			

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Buffalo	16	6	.727
Akron	12	7	.632
Toronto	14	9	.609
Baltimore	13	10	.565
Reading	11	12	.478
Jersey City	8	11	.421
Rochester	9	14	.391
Syracuse	4	18	.182

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Jersey City at Toronto.
Baltimore at Rochester.
Reading at Buffalo.
Syracuse at Akron.

Curves and Bingles

The usual rush to the exits in the ninth inning was not in evidence. Babe Ruth was due to get a shot at the ball in the last frame so the fans waited to see a home run. Babe was half obliging. He doubled off the right field wall.

The fire curtains in front of the centre field bleachers had to be raised for the first time this season. The entire centre field bleacher section was filled.

Ruth covered a lot of ground on Chapman's drive in the seventh. Babe sprawled over the turf as he got the ball and made his throw to second base from a sitting position. As a result Chapman got a double.

Hundreds who could not get into the park stood on Coogan's Bluff and got the details from the big score board which can be seen plainly from the heights.

The Indians got more hits off Mays in the first inning than they collected off Jack Quinn in nine frames on Saturday.

Harry Frazee, owner of the Boston Red Sox, wasn't as crazy to see Ruth as some of the other fans, but he wanted to see the game. He was shut out for some time, but was finally recognized and escorted inside.

More than 90,000 fans have seen the Yanks in two games against Chicago and two against Cleveland since last Tuesday. The club will earn the price of that new park before the big moving day.

Everybody in Harlem moves Oct. 1, so the Yankees will have a lot of company when the big van backs up for Ruth's bats and the other furniture.

This is an off day for the Yanks and Indians. It will also be an off day for a flock of policemen who spent a busy afternoon trying to keep that crowd from breaking down the Eighth Avenue entrance.

"Something like that was bound to happen to a team that takes a game on a home run by a pitcher," mused Tris Speaker. Tris hasn't recovered from the shock occasioned by Jack Quinn's circuit clout on Saturday.

Leading Batsmen of the Major Baseball Leagues

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Player. Club.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	PC.
Jackson, Chicago	21	81	10	33	.407
Johnston, Cleveland	22	77	5	31	.403
Weaver, Chicago	21	86	19	32	.372
Gedeon, St. Louis	23	92	9	35	.350
Gerber, St. Louis	23	73	8	26	.356

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Player. Club.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	PC.
Hornsby, St. Louis	22	94	18	39	.415
Le Bourveau, Phila	16	63	7	22	.415
Groh, Cincinnati	25	100	23	40	.400
Myers, Brooklyn	22	86	12	30	.349
Burns, New York	20	71	14	24	.338

N. Y. A. C. MARATHON COURSE MAPPED OUT

From Club House, Runners Will Cover 26.56 Miles to Travers Island Via Yonkers.

After traveling over practically every road in the upper part of the Bronx and the lower part of Westchester County in order to select the best, the Athletic Committee of the New York A. C. has finally decided on the course for the marathon race to be held in connection with the hundred and fourth games of the Mercury Foot organization, June 5.

Starting at the clubhouse, Fifty-ninth Street and Sixth Avenue, the course will be as follows:

West on Fifty-ninth Street to Columbus Circle, north on Central Park West to 106th Street, west on 106th Street to Manhattan Avenue, north on Manhattan Avenue to 124th Street, north on St. Nicholas Avenue to 160th Street, across 165th Street and north on Audubon Avenue to 181st Street, across Washington Bridge to University Avenue, running north on University Avenue to Aqueduct Avenue. The course will then be north on Aqueduct Avenue to Kingsbridge Road, where a turn will be made to the right or east.

Going east on Kingsbridge Road after crossing Jerome Avenue, the runners will take the up-grade instead of going through the tunnel, and will turn to the left, or north, into the centre driveway of the Grand Concourse, proceeding north to Mosholu Parkway where a slight turn to the left, or west, will be made into Jerome Avenue. The course will still be north after turning into Jerome Avenue to the city line between New York and Yonkers. After crossing the city line into Yoonkers the runners will continue north on Jerome Avenue to Central Avenue, following this thoroughfare to Palmer Avenue (Bryn Mawr Park, Yonkers).

This is the turning point in the course, a distance of fifteen miles, and the roads then lead to the finish line at Travers Island. The runners will continue east on Palmer Avenue and go under the railroad tracks at Bronxville where they will enter Pondfield Road, Bronxville, in front of the Hotel Gramatan. The course will be east on Pondfield Road to Gramatan Avenue, south to Lincoln Park Avenue, east to Park Avenue, south along along Park Avenue and over the railroad bridge to First Avenue, south to Fourth Street, east to Columbus Avenue, north to the White Plains Road, north to the California Road, east to Pelhamdale Avenue, to Fifth Avenue, south under the railroad tracks into Wolf's Lane, south to Colonial Avenue (Old Boston Post Road).

At Colonial Avenue a turn will be made to the left, or east, and the runners will go east on Colonial Road for about three blocks, when they will take the right hand, or south fork of road, and enter Pelhamdale Avenue. Continuing east on Pelhamdale Avenue the tired athletes will have entered the home stretch, as Pelhamdale Avenue will lead directly to Travers Island. At the Pelham, or Shore Road, a right, or south, turn will be made and about a hundred yards down the Shore Road the runners will enter the Travers Island grounds, and the race will be in sight.

The distance over the roads has been so arranged that it will not be necessary to make a full lap around the track to complete the marathon distance of 25.56 miles. The course is over many of the best roads in the Bronx and Westchester County. Particular attention has been paid to avoiding hills and bad roads, and the New York A. C. officials believe that they have selected a course which will come as near to being a duplicate of the Antwerp course as is possible in the United States.

With the announcement of the race interest has been stirred up in all sections of the East. Already requests have been received for entry blanks and full particulars from Boston, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh and even as far West as Chicago. The race will be started at 12:30 P. M. and the finish will be about 3 P. M.

KRAMER ONCE MORE OUTRIDES GOULLET

Wins First and Third Heats of Mile Match Race at Velodrome in Newark.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., May 16.—Frank Kramer defeated Alfred Goullet in two out of three hard-fought heats of a mile match race at the Velodrome here this afternoon before a huge crowd. Kramer beat Goullet last Sunday, but the blond-haired rider said he was sick, and asked for another chance at "Big Steve." He did a bit better this afternoon by getting one heat, but will have to acquire a great deal more speed before he can hope to beat Kramer.

Kramer rode the first heat from the rear, and tore around Goullet in the last turn, beating him down the home stretch and looking back as he crossed the finish line.

Goullet won the second heat, due to trickery and not speed. Going into the last lap Goullet overlapped Kramer's front wheel with his rear one, and in this manner held Kramer in a pocket. He could not go ahead, as Goullet would cut down on him, and he chose the only other alternative, and that was to back out and try to ride around his rival. When Kramer backed up Goullet jumped with all the speed at his command, and picked up a lead which Kramer could not overcome.

Goullet tried to do the same thing in the third heat, but Kramer had too much speed for him, and once more rode around and won.

Ray Eaton, the professional champion, was beaten in two straight heats of a mile match by Arthur Spencer, the speedy Toronto star.

Orlando Piani, the Italian champion, and Willie Spencer, a brother of Arthur, defeated Harry Kaiser of the Bronx and Reggie McNamara, the Australian, in two straight heats of a mile team match. Piani won the first heat and Spencer took the second. It was Spencer's first appearance on the track this season. He recently returned from Australia.

Eaton won the five-mile invitation but was disqualified for teaming with Madden, Hill and Kaiser. These riders were all fined $25 each, while first place went to Willie Keller, who beat out Grenda, Egg and Magin.

The summaries:

One-Mile Novice, Amateur—Won by William A. Baldwin, Newark; Michael Ulrich, Newark, second. Time—2:19 1-5.

Half-Mile Handicap, Professional—Won by Floyd Krebs, Newark (70 yards); Edward Byron, Australia (70 yards), second; Gus Lang, Irvington (50 yards), third; Percy Lang, Irvington (50 yards), fourth; Lawrence, San Francisco (45 yards). Time—0:53 flat.

One-Third Mile Handicap, Amateur—Won by Lawrence Gaffney, Brooklyn (45 yards); Michael Deerie, Unione Sportiva Italiana (30 yards), second; Nicholas Horvath, Bayview Wheelmen (30 yards), third; Bobby Walthour, Jr., Newark (30 yards), fourth. Time—0:36 2-5.

One-Mile Match Race, Professional—Arthur Spencer, Toronto vs. Raymond Eaton, Newark. Won by Spencer. First heat won by Spencer, time—2:45 flat; last eighth-mile—0:12; second heat won by Spencer, time—2:47 3-5, last eighth-mile—0:12.

One-Mile Team Match Race, Professional—Won by Orlando Piani, Italy, and Willie Spencer, Toronto; Harry Kaiser, Bronx, and Reginald McNamara, Australia, second. First heat won by Piani, time—2:45 3-5, last eighth mile—0:12 2-5; second heat won by W. Spencer, time—2:39 4-5, last eighth-mile—0:12 3-5.

Miss-and-Out Invitation, Professional—Won by Jacob Magin, Irvington; Fred Hill, Boston, second; George Chapman, Newark, third; Peter Drobach, Boston, fourth; Menus Bedell, Lynbrook, L. I., fifth. Distance, two miles one lap. Time—4:29 3-5.

One-Mile Match Race, Professional—Frank L. Kramer, East Orange, vs. Alfred Goullet, Newark. Won by Kramer. First heat won by Kramer (Goullet), last eighth-mile—0:12 3-5; second heat won by Goullet, time—2:37 4-5, last eighth-mile—0:12 2-5; third heat won by Kramer, time—2:58 4-5, last eighth—0:12.

One-Mile Class B, Amateur—Won by William Beck, Bayview Wheelmen; David Landa, Bayview Wheelmen, second; Louis Hiban, Inwood, L. I., third; Andrew Watts, Newark, fourth. Time—2:05 3-5.

One-Mile Consolation, Professional—Won by Fred Weber, Newark; William Keller, Newark, second; John L. Staehle, Newark, third; Charley Piercey, Australia, fourth; Thomas Bello, Brooklyn, fifth. Time—2:00 4-5.

Two-Mile Open, Amateur—Won by Anthony Young, Bayview Wheelmen; Fred Taylor, New York A. C., second; William Beck, Bayview Wheelmen, third; Edward Bendl, Unione Sportiva Italiana, fourth. Time—4:09.

Five-Mile Invitation, Professional—Won by William Keller, Newark; Alfred Grenda, Australia, second; Oscar Egg, Switzerland, third; Jacob Magin, Irvington, fourth; Alfred Goullet, Newark, fifth. Time—10:24 2-5.

ARMY RECORDS MAY FALL.

Athletes Gather for Great Meet at Camp Dix.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP DIX, N. J., May 16.—Soldier athletes began reporting at training headquarters in big squads today from many camps for the annual championship athletic contests of the Eastern Department of the United States Army, which will open Tuesday morning. The events will include all the standard track and field sports, special military games, and swimming, the latter events being held in the camp's big swimming pool.

With recent improvements, the quarter-mile cinder track and the athletic field at Camp Dix are now in superb condition for the games, and there will be an opportunity for army record breaking, which officials anticipate in the sprints and possibly the hurdles, javelin throwing, and one or two other events. Major Gen. Hale will welcome the athletes here Tuesday morning. The program will be directed by the recreation officers of this camp.

Anvin Wins 3 Handicap Races In 3 Days Over 3 Paris Tracks

PARIS, May 16.—Winning three handicap races in as many consecutive days on different tracks was the feat performed by Anvin, a five-year-old horse belonging to Count de la Cimera of Spain, on French race tracks during the past week.

Going to the post at even money at La Tremblay Wednesday, Anvin won the mile and seven-eighths event. Anvin faced the starter again Thursday at Longchamps, his backers cashing in at 3 to 1, when he again finished in front over the mile and seven-eighths course.

Count de la Cimera decided to start Anvin

BEHR ENTERS FINAL IN HARLEM TENNIS

Sets Too Speedy a Pace for Hammett and Gains Verdict in Straight Sets, 6-2, 6-4.

HARD MATCH FOR LETSON

Former Boy Champion Furnishes Surprise in Fifth Round by Defeating Keresey, 6-3, 2-6, 10-8.

Allen Behr became a finalist yesterday afternoon in the open tennis tournament of the Harlem Club, defeating Alfred D. Hammett in a straight-set semi-final by scores of 6—2, 6—4. In a morning match the former national boy champion, Ben Letson, attained an upper semi-final bracket by winning from Donald Keresey in a terrific three-set struggle, scored 6—3, 2—6, 10—8. He will meet Fred C. Anderson tomorrow afternoon for the remaining place in the final round, with the finish of the tournament scheduled for next Sunday in order not to conflict with the Church Cup matches at Forest Hills Friday and Saturday.

Behr yesterday kept up the great pace that he has been setting all through the tournament, showing more speed and steadiness than ever before in his career. His improvement in backhand shots and service was again noticeable, and he hit overhead with far more severity than in the past. Hammett, on the other hand, did not quite have the customary control of his baffling chops, and was inclined to take too little room at the top of the net, many of his shots just hitting the band and bouncing back. Of the thirty points won by Behr in the opening set, over half were on Hammett's netting errors. Technically the winner earned only four of them. But it was his aggressive playing that forced Hammett to take the chances he did, and really brought about the fatal mistakes.

Safety Play Hurts Hammett.

After Behr had taken the first set by running four games in a row from a two-all deadlock, Hammett seemed to soften his strokes a trifle, and to be inclined to play safe. His opponent took advantage of this to speed up more and more, smashing and driving with a recklessness which often lost him points, but even more often put a decisive end to the rallies. A bad decision at the baseline cost the loser one game in this session, but, aside from this one bit of hard luck, he was clearly outplayed.

Behr was the first server and his twisting delivery won him a love game at the outset. He broke through Hammett's offerings immediately, but had his service upset in turn, and then saw the games squared at two-all. A long deuce game followed, and after Behr had pulled through this in safety he rushed ahead in an unbeatable streak until the set was his at 6—2.

In the second session they alternated in innings on service up to 3—2, two of Behr's games coming at love. Then he broke through Hammett once more, this time without allowing him a point, making eight tallies in succession. The chopper tried desperately to stem the tide and managed to get the better of his rival's service again, reaching 4-all with another great effort. The next game went to deuce, but Behr won it after trailing at 30—40. With Hammett in a similar hole on the deciding game, the match point came up, but with an easy volley in sight, Behr knocked the ball outside. Hammett, however, in trying for passing shots, fell into his fatal habit of netting once more, and two successive chops hit the top of the barrier, ending the argument rather tamely at 6—4.

Letson Plays Brilliantly.

There was more excitement in the morning match, which developed something of a surprise, as Keresey had been picked to win after his straight-set elimination of Manchester on the previous day. Young Letson, however, played brilliant tennis from the start, and had put away the opening set at 6—3 before his opponent could gather his resources together. Keresey struck his fastest gait in the second set, and soon had the match squared at 6—2. Then the real battle began. Both won on service with great regularity, but Letson always had the lead of the odd game. At 9—8 his chance came when Keresey weakened momentarily, and with a final rush of volleying Letson broke through for the set and match, 10—8.

The summary:

FIFTH ROUND—Ben Letson defeated Donald Keresey, 6—3, 2—6, 10—8.
SEMI-FINAL ROUND—Allen Behr defeated Alfred D. Hammett, 6—2, 6—4.
Umpire—William Cunningham.

SCORE BY POINTS.

FIRST SET.

Behr	4	4	2	1	7	4	4	4	30	6
Hammett	0	2	4	4	5	2	0	2	19	4

SECOND SET.

Behr	4	2	4	1	4	4	1	2	5	5—32—6
Hammett	1	4	0	4	0	0	4	4	3	3—23—4

COLLEGE PLAYERS WIN.

Vanquish Tennis Team of Hoboken Club by 4 Matches to 2.

An informal tennis match was played at the Hoboken Club yesterday afternoon between a strong collegiate team and the home representatives, resulting in a victory for the visitors by a score of 4—2. Kirk Reid, last year's runner-up in the intercollegiate singles, downed the star of the Hoboken side, Captain R. C. Van Vliet, Jr., in a scintillating three-set match, scored 4—6, 6—4, 6—4. The local player got his revenge later in the doubles, when, in partnership with Kenneth Johnson, he captured two out of three sets from Reid and Holt, the rubber going by the record-breaking score of 16—14, and lasting almost till even the daylight-saving had given out. Several other encounters were closely fought, Johnson being Hoboken's only individual winner, although all his teammates succeeded in taking a set apiece from their collegiate opponents.

The summary:

Singles—Kirk Reid (C.) defeated R. C. Van Vliet, Jr. (H.), 4—6, 6—4, 6—4; Mallory (C.) defeated Milton Soper (H.), 1—6, 6—3, 6—3; Kenneth Johnson (H.) defeated Cassidy (C.), 6—3, 6—4; Holt (C.) defeated S. V. Brubara (H.), 5—7, 6—2, 6—3.
Doubles—Cassidy and Mallory (C.) defeated Frank Kusch and Henry Pope (H.), 6—3, 7—5; Van Vliet and Johnson (H.) defeated Reid and Holt (C.), 5—6, 6—4, 16—14.

TILDEN TO MEET GARLAND.

Tennis Stars Will Play Exhibition Match in New Haven Today.

An exhibition tennis match is to be staged this afternoon on the New Haven Lawn Club Association courts between William T. Tilden, 2d, last year's national runner-up, and Charles S. Garland, Captain of the Yale team, and at present ranked No. 8 in America. Both players will be in New York later in the week to get some practice as a doubles team on the turf courts at the West Side Club, Forest Hills. Tilden will head the Philadelphia side in the forthcoming Church Cup matches beginning at Forest Hills on Friday, May 21, meeting former National Champion Richard Norris Williams, 2d, who tops the Boston team. Two other candidates for Davis Cup honors, Wallace F. Johnson and Richard Harris, will occupy the second brackets in opposition to each other in the same competition.

The New Haven Lawn Club Association played a team match against Yale last week, and lost all nine encounters, six singles and three doubles. An open tournament will begin on the clay courts of the club on Monday, June 14.

Comment on Current Events in Sports.

Racing Bursts Into Bloom.

The unmistakable enthusiasm which greeted the return of racing with the opening of the metropolitan season at Jamaica Saturday justifies the most optimistic predictions of the prophets that this is to be an unusually brilliant season for the turf. It indicates a real public demand for this kind of amusement and is also further evidence of the public's liking for any of the wholesome sports. The demonstration of Saturday was a hard blow to those persons who even now are trying to curb racing along with other forms of entertainment.

There has never been any question but what New York wanted racing and the sport will undoubtedly continue to have strong public support as long at it is properly conducted. The Jamaica plant, for years accustomed to the smaller crowds and seldom participating in the prosperity that went to other courses on the circuit, has never held a larger crowd than packed it Saturday. It was also a representative crowd, the so-called regulars being vastly in the minority.

The stewards of the Jockey Club realize that such support is a tribute to their management of the sport and that it can be maintained only by carefully watching the conduct of racing. It was probably with this in mind that the ruling body took the first step on the opening day to rid the clubhouse of a number of men who are to be regarded as undesirable in the opinion of the stewards. These few may feel that they have been discriminated against, but the action against them was but a warning to others who escaped for the time being.

The fact is, racing has drawn most of its criticism because of the actions of a few men who have sought to use the sport solely for their own gain. Heavy speculators have at times caused public suspicion. The stewards are all-powerful in racing, making their own rules and enforcing them. They can bar from their courses any one who does not conduct himself properly and it is refreshing to know that they have taken a strong stand against the chief evil which has ever threatened the sport.

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Eviction of the Yankees.

The edict of Messrs. Stoneham and McGraw, owners of the New York Giants, that the Yankees must vacate the Polo Grounds at the close of the present season has struck what might be termed an unpopular chord in New York fandom. That the owners of the National League club acted entirely within their rights cannot be questioned. Theirs is the lease on the Polo Grounds and theirs is the privilege of deciding whether theirs shall be the sole tenancy.

The baseball follower arises, however, to ask a question which has been frequently asked since the two major leagues united on a non-conflicting schedule:

Why should any city have two ball parks for major league teams which cannot play at home on the same day?

Inasmuch as the Polo Grounds must remain idle when the Giants are away from home the fan argues that no logical reason can be advanced for the muster proceedings. The owners of the Yankees pay rental that puts $50,000 or more to the Giants coffers annually, yet they must vacate with no other tenant in sight. The argument that two parks will help baseball may be true of Chicago, but that it is not true of St. Louis, Philadelphia or Boston, the other cities where two clubs play major league games in different parks. There is a suspicion, too, that in Chicago the Cubs would draw better at Comiskey's South Side park than on the North Side, while the White Sox are away. Until some can be found for a ball park while the home team is away there seems to be no convincing answer for two fields, with their huge overhead expenses.

The idea that the Giants, with exclusive use of the field, may be able to use the Polo Grounds on more Sundays than under the present arrangement is incorrect. Even if the Yankees are playing elsewhere than the Polo Grounds on Sunday they will be protected by the non-conflicting schedule. The Giants cannot jump back home for games on such days any more than the Yankees can jump home on days when the Giants have the date. With each club owning its park the Sunday dates will be the same as they are now. The leagues operate under an agreement that will protect each club against any move that its home rival might desire to make in scheduling games.

Fans will regret the apparent break in the friendly relations which have prevailed, at least superficially, in the past. The New York baseball follower has come to regard the Polo Grounds as the place for his baseball, be it of the National or American League brand. The announcement that he must look elsewhere for part of it causes some regret. But Mr. Fan will travel far to see his favorite team play ball, and the new orders simply mean that he will regard the eviction as partly personal and go elsewhere when it becomes necessary. The game itself and the personnel of the team form the main attraction, with the field a secondary consideration.

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England Wins First Hole.

England stands 1 up. The greatest international golf match of the biggest golfing season in history has just started. The first hole has been played, the caddy has just replaced the flag, they are mounting the second tee, they are taking a pinch of sand from the box, some one down the course is yelling "fore," and America is trailing.

Miss Hollins did well, surprisingly well, to continue up to the fourth round at Newcastle, Ireland, last week. Playing in a foreign land, on a strange course swept by high ocean winds unknown on the inland links which she knows best, she was able to do more than had been expected. Without detracting one whit from the ability of the Metropolitan champion, it must be admitted that she never had a chance against the British group. But she was brave to make the try. Even Miss Stirling, head and shoulders above the best America has got, saw the handwriting on the wall. Perhaps it was due to Douglas Edgar's warning not to engage the great Miss Cecil Leitch this year—at least that's the commonest reason advanced—but at any rate Miss Stirling abandoned her plans. America hails the champion of Britain. On this side we appreciate all her marvelous ability. Undoubtedly she is the greatest woman player of all time, for her record of meetings with strong men players and her victories over them prove this.

But the international match of this year has just begun. Three weeks from tomorrow will find seven American amateurs at Muirfield, Scotland, in the British amateur championship. What they will do is problematical; what they may do is almost unlimited.

That will be the second hole and the third will provide the greatest interest from our standpoint. It is the invasion of Walter Hagen and his dogged rival, Jim Barnes, for the British open, to be played at Deal the last of June. England fears both of them, Hagen particularly, for already at this advanced date he has been backed down to odds of 6 to 1 in that great field. An American has never won a British open and only Walter J. Travis, on a single occasion, won an amateur title overseas.

In July the countermarch begins. At least two English pros, Vardon and Ray, and at least one amateur, C. B. Macfarlane, conqueror of Chick Evans in 1914 at Sandwich, will come to this side for the two big championship tournaments. As yet no British woman player has decided to come here for the national event, although it is entirely possible that Miss Leitch will, between now and next October, make up her mind to come here to challenge Miss Stirling. Exhibition matches will be sprinkled in the Englishmen's schedule in profusion, for each club wants to see them over its course. One of our golfers already has defeated Vardon and Ray. Quimet's feat will ever be remembered. In the case of Macfarlane he faces opposition of the strongest kind and he undoubtedly realises that fact.

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Two Fast Crews Uncovered.

That low, distant rumbling from the up-State regions is attributed to the laughter of Charles E. Courtney and James Ten Eyck, whose 'Varsity crews made their season's debut on Saturday. That the two New York State rowing tutors have cause for whole-souled glee will not be denied by the followers of intercollegiate rowing, particularly by those followers who are fairly familiar with the progress of the current season.

There was the slightest touch of the dramatic and also of the ludicrous in the results of Saturday's races. At Annapolis the Naval Academy athletic authorities, after contemplation of the midshipmen's two victories against Harvard and Columbia, had begun to turn confident eyes on Belgium and the Olympic games. At Yale Coach Guy Nickalls was beginning to reach the serene stage, in which he looked forward to the New London regatta with more pity than scorn for Harvard. And Dr. Spaeth, on the shores of Lake Carnegie, was resting on the laurels of a decisive victory over Harvard and Penn.

Into this setting stole Messrs. Courtney and Ten Eyck, late as usual—so late, in fact, that the intercollegiate season was well past the half way stage and most of the leading Eastern crews had selected their own niches. The Navy was to go to Belgium, Princeton was to sweep the Childs Cup race in its progress, and Yale was to win the New London classic. That Ten Eyck, the fox, had said little from the retreat in Syracuse was taken as proper modesty, and it was notorious that Courtney had had far from a smooth path at Ithaca.

The results on Saturday, however, shifted the scenery radically. Syracuse defeated the Navy by a matter of feet, although it might be as well to have been miles so far as the midshipmen's undisputed claim to a transatlantic trips is concerned. And at Princeton the other infant of the 1920 rowing season was leading Yale and the Tigers to the finish line by the margin of half a boat length. Princeton was second and Yale such a poor third that Harvard is once again able to see a glimmer of hope.

The victories of Cornell and Syracuse will have the result of throwing the dope into an even more confused state. They will have a bearing upon the Childs Cup race, in which both the Navy and Princeton are to compete. They will cast their shadow forward to New London, and still further on, to Poughkeepsie, where the two up-State victors will settle the issue between themselves, with Columbia and Penn assisting. A day more packed with significant and startling results from a rowing standpoint is difficult to recall. The stage may now be considered fully set for the three great regattas to come.

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On Chevy Chase Courts.

Such tennis tournaments as the historic Chevy Chase Club of Washington has staged in the past, and is still able to stage by reason of its almost unique facilities and prestige, stand out in the memory of all players fortunate enough to have taken part in them. The resumption of these rarely enjoyable events this season should have been the signal for an enthusiastic response on the part of every expert of the racquet whose presence could add distinction to such an important fixture. Instead, however, the majority of those who were invited showed a strange backwardness in allowing themselves to be royally entertained and lionized by perhaps the keenest aggregation of tennis fans in America today.

The local committee had worked hard in its preparations, and seemed assured of a thoroughly representative gathering of stars until at the very last moment no less than six men dropped out, for reasons of their own, which may or may not have been good. With the added handicap of rainy and cold weather, it was astonishing that the club was able to go through with its plans at all, and every credit is due to the persistent optimists who achieved the seemingly impossible feat.

It was a fine piece of sportsmanship, too, on the part of Conrad B. Doyle to come to the aid of the committee by entering absolutely without practice and doing his best to give the visiting players a worthy argument. Doyle has for years been in a class by himself so far as the District of Columbia was concerned, and he has repeatedly shown his skill in the North by defeating such men as George Church and S. H. Voshell. Although in no condition for fast play, he came within a point of beating Samuel Hardy last week, and later gave Kumagae a far closer match than the scores showed. On the percentage of games won and lost he finished second to the Japanese star in the round robin singles.

If the Chevy Chase Club decides to hold either an open or an invitation tournament next season the tennis players of America will do well not to overlook the opportunity of spending a few days in the most enjoyable of surroundings, and among the most hospitable of sportsmen.

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Outlook for Yachting Fans.

Heretofore world's championship battles in the squared circle have held the record as regards the attendance at and money expended in witnessing a sporting event, but it seems probable that the onlookers at the contests to be held off Sandy Hook this Summer for the America's Cup will far eclipse in numbers the attendance claimed by the promoters of the fistic encounters, as well as in the cost, per person.

In 1903 a great fleet of vessels of every description and size gathered off Sandy Hook and aboard them was a floating population estimated at 50,000. When the Reliance met the Shamrock III. there were no rigidly enforced marine laws to prevent a vessel carrying as many passengers as could be packed aboard, but all that is different now and only as many may be carried as can be provided with approved lifesaving equipment. That means far more than life preservers. It means suitable lifeboats, each with suitable launching facilities, and, in consequence, the number of spectators of the Shamrock IV.-Vanitie or Resolute contests will be greatly reduced, but, to offset that, the cost of witnessing these marine contests will be proportionally greater.

It is safe to say that $10 will be the minimum price charged by the operators of the passenger carrying fleet for a single race, or, to be more accurate, a single trip out to the starting line and back, for it is usually the case that at least one or two postponements for the day occur and no equivalent to the baseball rain check is given by those who operate the passenger carriers of the deep.

While $10 is mentioned as a minimum price per race, still there are those conversant with present day operating costs in these vessels as well as the limited carrying capacity, to say nothing of the demand for accommodations, which they believe will exceed that for previous America's Cup contest, who think $25 will be about the average cost per race for each onlooker.

Since 1903 the motor boat industry has flourished and there are thousands of power craft in and near New York whose owners undoubtedly believe them to be perfectly suited to service off shore, and this great armada, each craft bearing its limited number of human beings, is expected to make up for any lack of accommodations afforded by the regular passenger carrying fleet.

Even the great steam yacht fleet of past years is affected by the present-day regulations and there will be no more large parties aboard these floating palaces. In fact, there will be comparatively few of the large steam yachts in commission this year, owing to the almost prohibitive wages demanded by professional crews, but it is safe to assume that a great floating population, aboard a great and heterogeneous fleet of craft, will be on hand to witness the contests and salute the victor.

O'CONNELL WINS SPRINT.

Takes 220-Yard Dash in Pastime A. C. Games in Good Time.

William O'Connell showed promising form as a sprinter yesterday in the members' games of the Pastime A. C. at Macomb's Dam Park. O'Connell, starting from scratch, broke the worsted a winner in the 220-yard dash in 0:24 1-5. Less than a yard back was L. Hordes, the other scratch starter. W. Schenkelbach, with a four-yard handicap, finished third.

The winners in the other events were: 88-yard run, handicap, J. Bascomb (48 yards), 2:08; one and one-half mile run, handicap, O. Philipson (scratch), 7:46; throwing the discus, handicap, John Conway (10 feet), 125 feet; one mile walk, handicap, C. Hagaman (1:15), 7:59; running broad jump, handicap, E. Litchtman (1 foot, 3 inches), 21 feet, 3 inches.

Victory for Clason Point Nine.

The baseball nine of Clason Point Military Academy defeated the team of St. Ignatius Council, Knights of Columbus, on the Clason Point Field yesterday afternoon by a score of 9 to 3.

SCHOOLBOYS' GOLF STARTS BUSY WEEK

National Interscholastic Tourney Begins Today — Team Matches on Schedule.

Metropolitan golfers' busiest week so far this Spring will get under way early this morning with an array of events for men, women and small boys, several of which are of importance. Trade association tournaments, team matches between colleges, and finally, on Saturday, the departure of America's invaders of England will fill out the week.

The boys will be the first to step up to the tee, for at the Nassau County Club at 10 o'clock this morning the Interscholastic Golf Association will begin its three-day tourney for the national championship. More than fifty youngsters under 21 years of age, including some local high school juniors, will compete for the individual and team titles. The team championship will be decided today on the basis of the aggregate medal scores of four boys representing each school. Sixteen will qualify today for the match play, and will continue to morrow and contest their final round on Wednesday afternoon.

Beginning Thursday, the first three-day invitation tournament of the local season will summon all golfers who find these important and popular interclub competitions to their liking. The Garden City Golf Club has the honor dates, and will hold the qualifying test Thursday, first and second rounds Friday, and semi-finals and final on Saturday.

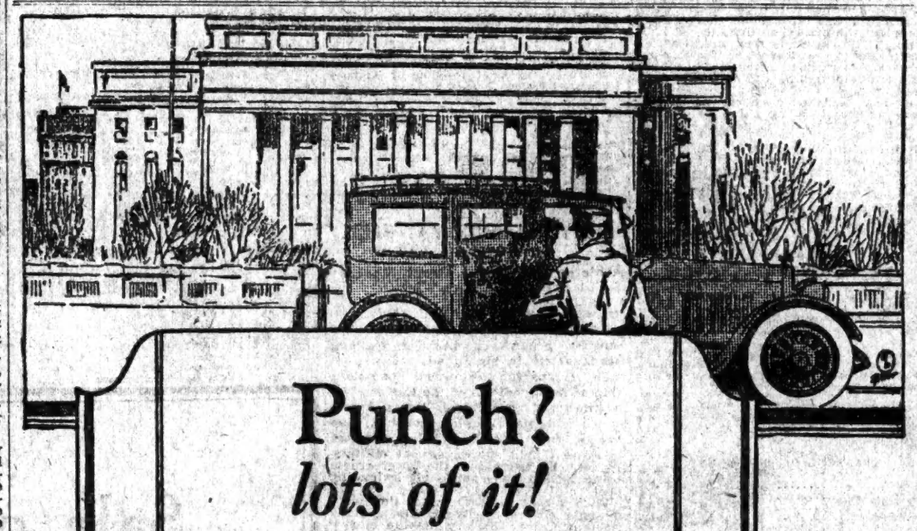
On Saturday many golfers not otherwise engaged will flock to the Cunard line piers to wave good-by to the Americans bound for England. Walter Hagen and his small band of rooters will sail on the Mauretania, and from an adjoining slip the Caronia will cast off with the U. S. G. A. Committee on Rules and the team of amateurs on board. The committee comprises the following men: George H. Walker of St. Louis, President of the U. S. G. A.; Frederick S. Wheeler of this city, last year's President; Howard F. Whitney of this city, Vice President; J. F. Byers of Pittsburgh, Vice President, and Robert A. Gardner of Chicago, former national champion, who will find time abroad to compete in the British amateur championship event at Muirfield, Scotland. It is also probable that the six other amateurs who have been entered will sail with the committee. They are Sam J. Graham, Findley S. Douglas, F. C. Newton and H. W. Maxwell, Jr., of this city; Nelson Whitney of New Orleans and Stewart Stickney of St. Louis.

Of unusual importance this week will be the first team matches in history between New York and New Jersey players. This innovation, long planned but never before negotiated, will be played Wednesday at the Englewood Country Club, with John G. Anderson's Westchester County group representing New York.

Two college matches are listed—Princeton v. Harvard today, at Englewood, and Princeton v. Yale, Saturday, at Nassau. The second of the series of three women's intra-district team matches will be played Wednesday at Nassau. This is between Long Island, winners last week over New Jersey, and Westchester County, the latter group being augmented by Staten Island women. The metropolitan women will also assemble Friday for a one-day tourney at Arcola. Tucked in when possible are several trade association tourneys. The N. Y. Jewelers' Golf Association will have a tourney today at Arcola, the Engineers' Golf Club one tomorrow at the Engineers' Country Club, and the Real Estate Board of New York will tee up Wednesday at Cherry Valley.

Four-Cornered Tie at Traps.

There was a four-cornered tie in the handicap shoot of the College Point Rod and Gun Club at fifty clay birds yesterday, among Charles Johnston, Walter Lineau, Fred Hohlein and Harry Garber. All had full scores of 50.



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NICHOLSON, BUILDER OF SHAMROCK, HERE

Daring English Yacht Designer Says Challenger Will Be Launched This Week.

RETICENT ABOUT CHANGES

Lipton's Architect Parries Questions About Altering Queer-Looking Sloop—Goes to City Island.

Charles E. Nicholson, the daring British naval architect and yacht builder who is responsible for Sir Thomas Lipton's challenger for the America's Cup, the Shamrock IV., arrived yesterday on board the Cunard Line steamship Mauretania. As soon as he passed through the hands of the customs officers he proceeded to City Island with Colonel Duncan D. F. Nelli, Sir Thomas's yachting representative, who was at the pier to meet him.

Mr. Nicholson appeared hopeful regarding the chances of the Shamrock IV. against the American defender but made no remarks that might be taken to indicate anything like certainty of winning. He said that six years have passed since the Shamrock IV., as well as the Resolute and Vanitie, was designed and that during those years many things had been learned, which, in his opinion, would cause all three of the designers to plan quite different craft were they permitted to do so at this time. Aviation, he said, had furnished much valuable data for naval architects.

Along with his hand baggage Mr. Nicholson had numerous rolls of blue prints of the Shamrock IV. He also carried a bag of golf clubs and he expects to get some sport on the links while not busy on the preparations of the big green sloop. He was greatly interested to learn directly how work had progressed on the alterations to the yacht and expects that, unless unexpected obstacles arise, to have the Shamrock overboard this week, after which, he says, it will be quick work to rig her.

When asked whether he expected to make any material alterations in her sail plan he avoided a direct answer, intimating that it would depend largely upon how she performed during such trial spins as she may have on Long Island Sound before she leaves for Sandy Hook. He expressed great regret that the 23-metre Shamrock would not be here in time to contend with the challenger before she leaves the Sound, for, as he said, it is difficult to get any good line on the performance of any yacht unless one has some other in competition with her on which to base some comparison. Also, he said that it was doubtful if the 23-metre craft would appear on Long Island Sound at all, indicating that she might be re-rigged down the bay so as to avoid further delay in getting the actual trials started. He looked upon this as about the greatest handicap he will have to encounter.

W. P. Burton, the amateur skipper, is expected to arrive in this country soon and Mr. Nicholson credited him with being England's cleverest helmsman, and one who could get out every bit of speed the challenger has. He also said that this crew was the best, and that Mr. Burton had sailed many races with them, which was a decided advantage.

"The Shamrock IV. is not a pretty yacht as she is now, in the shop, is she?" he asked. Comment on her blunt, round bow and straight, sawed off stern caused him to remark that carrying useless weight was only a drawback, and that she was extreme for the simple reason that, having no vessels in England built to the American rule, it seemed essential at the time he designed her to go to extremes. It is possible that the recent alterations in the strange looking green craft indicate that the daring designer believes he may have gone a bit too far in his extreme views and seeks to lessen them.

Commenting on the yachting prospects in British waters this Summer, Mr. Nicholson said that a surprisingly large number of the larger craft would be in commission. King George has ordered the Britannia put into commission, and much sailing is expected.

The American schooner Westward, which had been in the possession of a German yachtsman, was recently purchased in England, and, according to Mr. Nicholson, may figure prominently in British yachting activities this year. The racing abroad among the larger yachts will be in the handicap class and will include yachts of from 60 to 90 feet water line length, under B. R. A. rules.

When asked what he thought of the Resolute and the Vanitie, he said that last October when in this country for ten days he had seen the Vanitie at City Island and thought her a beautiful and speedy looking yacht. Since Mr. Herreshoff was not at Bristol, R. I., at that time he had not seen the Resolute.

During his stay in this country Mr. Nicholson will make his home aboard the houseboat Killarney, now at City Island. He was glad to learn that at last Sir Thomas had obtained a suitable steam yacht.

400 ATHLETES TO COMPETE.

Record Entry Received for N. E. Intercollegiate Track Meet.

BOSTON, May 16.—Four hundred entries have been received by Manager C. H. Talcott of the M. I. T. for the New England intercollegiate track and field championships, which will be held at Tech Field next Friday and Saturday. This is the greatest number of athletes which ever competed in the event.

The seventeen colleges and universities entered do not include New Hampshire State, the blanks of which seem to have gone astray, and for which special entry time will be granted. Colleges whose blanks have been received are Amherst, Bates, Boston College, Bowdoin, Brown, Colby, Holy Cross, Massachusetts Agricultural College, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Middlebury, Trinity, Tufts, University of Maine, University of Vermont, Wesleyan, Williams and Worcester Polytechnic.

Famous Japanese Player to Seek Tennis Laurels Here

Ichiya Kumagae, who last week won the invitation tennis tournament of the Chevy Chase Club in Washington, announced there that he had received a letter from Zenzo Shimidzu, rated as the second best player ever developed in Japan, and that the latter intended to come to the United States this Summer and compete in the American singles championship. Shimidzu is at present in India, where he has three times won the individual title. He is also champion of the Argentine Republic. Shimidzu will play in the world's event at Wimbledon before coming to America, and will have the opportunity in England of meeting the members of the American Davis Cup team.

Kumagae himself expects to represent Japan in the Olympic games, and will therefore be out of the American championship, sailing some time in July and not returning until September.

RESOLUTE FINISHES PRELIMINARY TESTS

To Receive Inspection and Cleaning Before Tuning-Up Races with the Vanitie.

BRISTOL, R. I., May 16.—The H-class sloop Resolute, candidate for defender of the America's Cup, after a week's trials, completed her preliminary training today. Upon her return from two trips into Narragansett Bay under full racing canvas she was stripped of her sails and small spars and taken out of the water on the marine railway at the Herreshoff boat shops.

There she will be inspected and her under body, which has been in the water for nearly two weeks, will be cleaned in preparation for the tuning-up races against the Vanitie off New Haven, beginning next Thursday.

The first of the trial runs today was in the morning under a seven-mile breeze from the northeast. The yacht carried full sail, even to club topsail and intermediate jibtopsail, and went down the bay before the wind toward Newport for an hour's spin, later beating back.

In the afternoon she was taken out for three hours, at first under the same wind conditions as existed in the morning. But when off Sandy Point Lighthouse, about five miles from her anchorage, she fell into a 22-mile wind from the southwest.

The sloop was worked to the windward in this strong breeze and stood the test well, heeling over until her lee rail was close to the water. After an hour on this tack she was swung before the wind and raced back at great speed. The wind by this time was approaching the stiffness of a Summer gale, and as a final test, just before entering the harbor, the mainsail was jibed, without mishap.

A. A. U. TO USE STADIUM.

Rubien Will Direct Construction of Cinder Path at Velodrome.

Frederick W. Rubien, Secretary-Treasurer of the Amateur Athletic Union, will supervise the construction of the athletic track which will be part of the $250,000 stadium now being built at 225th Street and Broadway by the New York Velodrome Company. The cinder path will be laid out inside the bicycle track. In the centre of the inclosure will be a 100-yard straightaway stretch.

The Amateur Athletic Union officials are anxious to co-operate with the promoters of the new plant, which, when completed, will give the parent body of amateur athletics a place to hold championship meets, something that has been lacking in New York since Manhattan Field and the picturesque Berkeley Oval were abandoned. With the completion of this modern sport stadium, New York can bid for the annual national athletic classics.

Motor paced and motor cycle racing are among the many features planned by the New York Velodrome Company this Summer. A national circuit is now being organized and according to the tentative schedule all the noted motor cycle speed demons and pace followers in the world will be seen here in championship events.

GOVERNOR IS ASKED TO SIGN BOXING BILL

James E. Sullivan Officials Club Urges That Walker Measure Be Made Law.

That the enactment of the Walker Boxing bill will in no way prove inimical or detrimental to amateur boxing as conducted under the jurisdiction of the Amateur Athletic Union, but on the contrary, will greatly strengthen and stimulate interest in the amateur sport, is the sentiment reflected in a resolution unanimously adopted by the newly formed James E. Sullivan Officials Club, composed of representatives of seventy-five amateur athletic clubs in the local district. The resolution, which has been forwarded to Governor Alfred E. Smith, was made public yesterday by Harold Dibblee, of the Seventy-first Regiment A. A., who is also a member of the Cycling Committee of the American Olympic Committee. John P. Boyle, Pastime A. C. and Alfred G. Savori, New York A. C., comprising, with Mr. Dibblee, the Resolutions Committee, also signed the resolution.

The purpose of the resolution, evidently, is to counteract the move made by opponents of the Walker bill through the circulation of reports that the bill would injure and practically kill amateur boxing. The insincerity of these persons is shown, the resolution says, by the fact that when the Metropolitan A. A. U. caused to be introduced in the Legislature bills permitting amateur boxing in this State, the same crowd battled by similar methods against the measures and eventually brought defeat to the A. A. U. bills. Opponents of the Walker bill, according to the resolution, are now circulating reports that the measure would eliminate the amateur sport, not for the purpose of preserving amateur boxing, but for the sole purpose of defeating the enactment of the Walker bill "for their own selfish motives." In conclusion the resolution recommends that the Walker bill receive Governor Smith's approval and be placed on the statute books of the State.

That the sentiment of the resolution is that of local lovers of boxing there is no doubt. Practically every leading athletic official of the local district has affiliated with the James E. Sullivan Officials Club.

Start Movement to Change System of Penalties in Polo

A movement to change the system of penalties now in effect in polo is being carefully considered at the leading polo clubs of this country. The proposal is to introduce certain features of the English system, which, instead of imposing a penalty of half a point for a foul and quarter of a point for a safety, permits a free shot at goal, the distance to correspond with the magnitude of the offense. The scoring of a goal would be made fairly simple in case of a minor infraction of the playing code, while for a serious offense it would become more difficult. The idea is gaining favor and will be given a thorough hearing, as well as a possible trial in some of this season's matches.

LYNCH TO MEET MOORE.

New Yorker Will Clash with Memphis Bantam in Jersey Ring.

Unusual interest is reported in the twelve-round bout between Joe Lynch, west side bantamweight, and Pal Moore of Memphis, which will be held this evening at the Armory A. A. of Jersey City. Both boxers have trained faithfully for the contest and are said to be in excellent condition. Lynch, who is matched with Champion Pete Herman for a title bout on May 29, is eager to score a decisive victory over Moore in order to demonstrate his qualifications for a championship bout. Moore entertains similar views. Promoter Jennings plans to start the show at 8 o'clock, in order that New Yorkers may return to Manhattan by 11 o'clock.

ROBINS ELEVEN IS WINNER AT SOCCER

Defeats Morse Dry Dock, 4 to 2, in Semi-final of Southern New York Tourney.

The Robins Dry Dock soccer team of Brooklyn, winner of the American Football Association's cup, yesterday defeated Morse Dry Dock in the re-play of their match in the semi-final round of the Southern New York State Football Association's cup tie competition by a score of 4 goals to 2. The match was played at Todd Field, Brooklyn, before 3,000 spectators.

As a result of this decision, the Robins will meet Tebo Yacht Basin in the final round for the State cup. The victors netted the ball twice in each half to their opponents' once and, in addition, scored a goal, which was disallowed for off-side play.

The line up:

ROBINS D. D. (4).		MORSE D. D. (2).
Renault	G.	Whalen
Robertson	R. B.	Lindsay
Brownlee	L. B.	Page
Beardsworth	R. H.	Mackie
Clarke	C. H.	Bustard
Lance	L. H.	Stradan
Garside	O. R.	Kershaw
Hayes	I. R.	Rorke
Robinson	C.	McLoughlin
McGuire	O. L.	Lennon
Shanholt	O. L.	Galloway

Goals—Ratican (3), McGuire, McLoughlin (2).

Linesmen—W. Williams and C. Stott.

Referee—J. Masterson. Time of halves—Forty-five minutes.

The soccer team of the Erie Athletic Association of Newark, after losing to Bethlehem in the National League on Saturday, gained 2 points in that series by defeating Paterson by 4 goals to 0 at Clark's Field, East Newark, yesterday afternoon.

In the first game of the double-header in the National League soccer championships at Clark's Field, Newark, yesterday, the Federal Ship team defeated New York by a score of 2 goals to 1.

SCRATCH RUNNER WINS.

Brunson Captures Mile Race at Salem-Crescent Games in 4:58.

J. Brunson, competing from scratch, ran an impressive race yesterday in winning the one-mile run at Macombs Dam Park for members of the Salem-Crescent A. C. Brunson, gaining the lead in the homestretch, finished with an advantage of about five yards on H. Johnson, who was allowed a start of 90 yards. C. Ellerman finished third. The time was 4:58.

Winners of the other events were: 100-yard dash, handicap, W. Thompson (7½ yards), 0:10 1-5; 220-yard dash, handicap, W. Ash (5 yards), 0:23 3-5; 880-yard run, handicap, A. Stancell (45 yards), 2:04 1-5. In a handicap running high jump B. Lauder, and W. Thompson, scratch competitors, tied, each with a leap of 5 feet 8 inches.

GIANNAKOPULOS WINS RACE.

Leads Small Field Home in Glencoe A. C.'s 13-Mile Practice Run.

Nick Giannakopulos, sturdy Greek runner of the Millrose A. A., showed the way to a small field yesterday in the thirteen-mile practice road race held under the auspices of the Glencoe A. C. to enable local distance runners to prepare for the coming New York A. C. Marathon. Giannakopulos, running in front over the greater part of the journey, raced past the judges a winner in 1 hour 38 minutes 7 seconds.

Harry Rosen, unattached, was two seconds in the rear, and I. Berger, unattached, finished third in 1:38:14. George Thompson, St. Christopher Club, was fourth in 1:38:18, and M. Tea, Glencoe A. C., finished fifth in 1:39:10.

SLOW TIME IN ENGLISH RACE

Ives Wins Half-Mile Event at Olympic Team Tryouts in 2:08 1-5.

CHESHAM, Eng., May 16.—At an athletic meeting held here today under the auspices of the Amateur Athletic Association, B. Ives won the half-mile Olympic trial in 2 minutes 8 1-5 seconds. W. Crook won the 100-yard event on a downhill track in 9 4-5 seconds.

TWO FIRST PLACES TAKEN BY JOHNSON

Swedish-American Athlete Wins Shotput and High Jump in Meet at Ulmer Park.

Algot Johnson of the Swedish-American A. C., possessor of military decorations received in the World War, carried off premier individual laurels yesterday in the track and field meet conducted by the Sporting Club Olso, at Ulmer Park, Bensonhurst. Johnson accounted for victories in both events in which he competed. In the twelve-pound shotput, he emerged victorious with a heave of 40 feet 7 inches, and in the running high jump, in which he was allowed four inches, he cleared the bar at 5 feet 4 inches.

The program consisted of five events, four of them closed to members of the Scandinavian-American Athletic League. In the only open A. A. U. event, a novice race of one and one-half miles, J. Davies, an unattached runner, showed promising form by racing to victory in 7:41 2-5.

The summaries:

One and One-Half Mile Run, Novice, Open—Won by J. Davies, unattached; E. Mathes, unattached, second; L. Clover, unattached, third. Time—7:41 2-5.

100-Yard Dash, Handicap, Closed—Won by H. Stemberg, Swedish-American A. C. (4 yards); J. Fleidner, Atlas A. C. (7 yards), second; W. Sandquist, Swedish-American A. C., third. Time—0:10 2-5.

One-Mile Run, Closed—Won by R. Vickstrom, Swedish-American A. C. (20 yards); J. Wilbers, Swedish-American A. C. (penalized 20 yards), second; E. Larsen, Swedish-American A. C. (scratch), third. Time—5:12.

Putting 12-Pound Shot, Handicap, Closed—Won by J. Johnson, Swedish-American A. C. (4 feet), with 40 feet 7 inches; R. Carlson, Swedish-American A. C. (4 feet), 39 feet 6 inches, second; H. Stemberg, Swedish-American A. C. (4 feet), 40 feet 3 inches, third.

Running High Jump, Handicap, Closed—Won by A. Johnson, Swedish-American A. C. (4 inches), with 5 feet 4 inches; H. Stemberg, Swedish-American A. C. (scratch), 5 feet 3 inches, second; W. Sandquist, Swedish-American A. C. (2 inches), 5 feet 3 inches, third.

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119 Chatham St.
62 East 14th St.
200 FIFTH Ave.
124 Delancey St.
1407 B'way at 39th St.
1464 B'way at 42d St.
1045 B'way at 66th St.
204 West 125th St.
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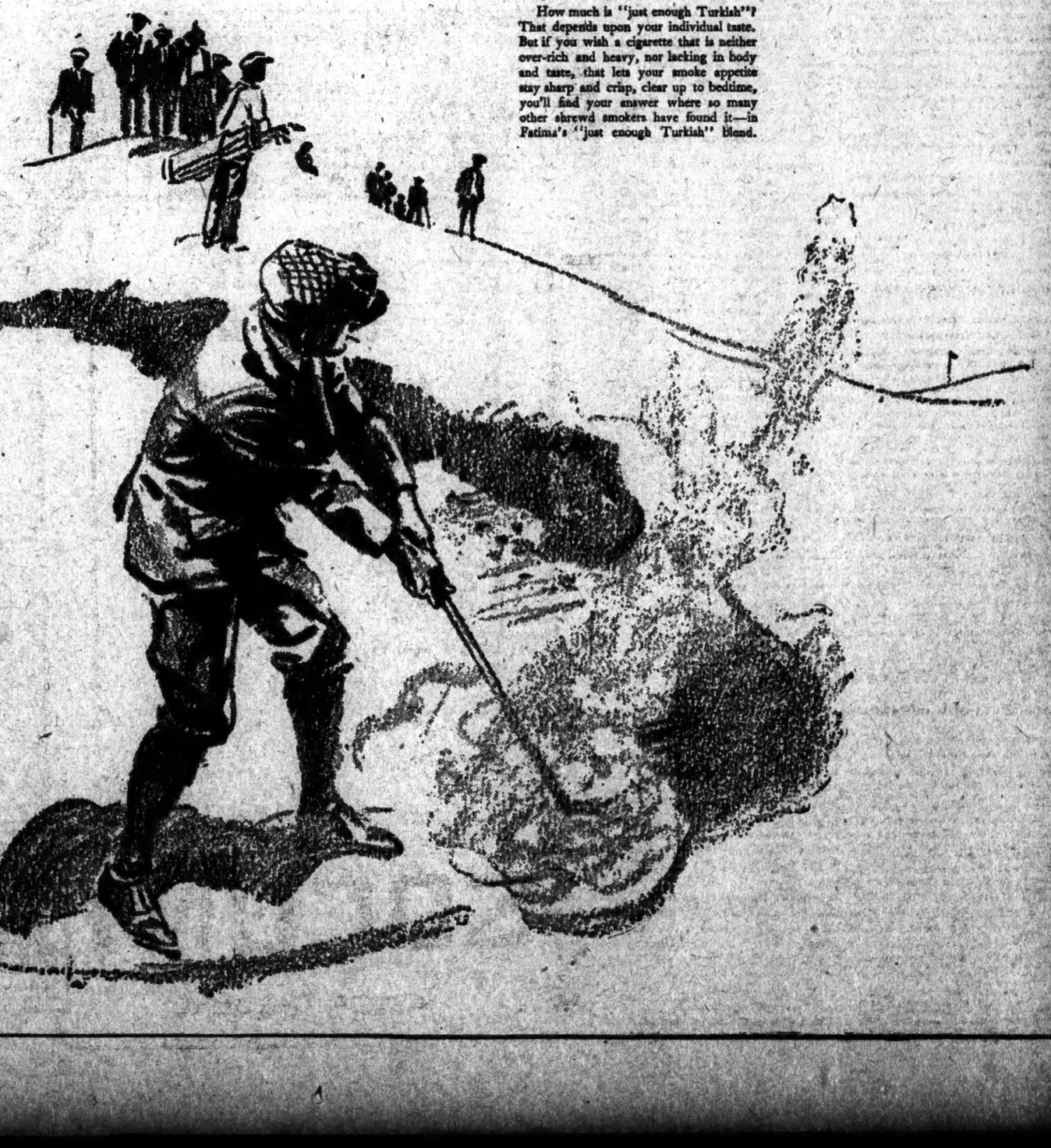

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THE MODEL.

Prepared by or for HENRY CABOT LODGE, the Treaty plank of the Indiana Republican platform is highly interesting because it is reported that it will "serve as the model for the "plank that will be presented to the "National Convention of the Repub"lican Party at Chicago." It is the present purpose of the Republican managers, certainly it is the purpose of the Republican Chairman, to bring the discordant factions of the party into relations of harmony at the convention. It is proper, therefore, to inquire whether the Indiana resolution concerning the Treaty and the League promise to serve that purpose.

The resolution tells us that all the trouble over the Peace Treaty is due to the President. The Treaty of Peace should have been made immediately after the armistice, without the League covenant. The President "sac"rificed peace to his own plan for the "League of Nations." Was it altogether his own plan? Are the Republicans of Indiana ignorant of the fact that many, if not most, of the devoted friends of the League would have despaired of its establishment if it had not been included in the Treaty? Do they not know that the most active supporters of the League principle believe it to be a structural and necessary part of the Treaty? Has not the course of events in Europe proved that they were right?

"As representatives of the Repub"lican Party," the delegates to the Indianapolis convention declare their "absolute opposition to the covenant "of the League of Nations as sub"mitted by the President"; they "fully approve the action of the Re"publicans in the Senate in resisting "its adoption." They approve the rejection of the Treaty because the questions raised by its submission "involve nothing less than the inde"pendence and the sovereignty and "the future of this country." This is a terrible arraignment of ex-President TAFT, who said that if he had been a Senator he would have voted for the Treaty as submitted; of Senator McCUMBER, who did vote for the Treaty without reservations; of hundreds of college professors and of innumerable Americans of light and leading, as well as of all the Democratic supporters of the Treaty in and out of Congress. The test of patriotism, it seems, is to be found in opposition to or support of the Treaty and covenant which nearly twoscore other nations have found acceptable.

We are told that a treaty with reservations was twice submitted by the Senate and "twice the President "wrought its defeat. The result is "due to the President alone." Is that true? The President was willing to accept reservations, his position was they must not be destructive of the purpose of the League. Moreover, men who paid diligent attention to the proceedings in the Senate were convinced that if Mr. WILSON had indicated his acceptance of certain specific reservations, amendments would have been put forward by the Republicans that would have made them quite unacceptable. In the interest of truth it would be well to inquire whether there was anything in the conduct of Senator LODGE that created this belief. It was a condition, and a danger, quite overlooked by those friends of the Treaty who urged the President to say that he would accept the Lodge reservations.

The Indiana Republican platform "favors an association of nations to promote the peace of the world." For that the country will be thankful, for it is the great purpose of the League to promote the peace of the world. For some reason which we may be sure HIRAM JOHNSON will demand an explanation, the Indiana Republicans asserted that "it should be the "declared policy of our Government "that the freedom and peace of Eu"rope being again threatened by any "Power or combination of Powers, as "was the case in 1914, the United "States should regard such a situa"tion with grave concern and as a "menace to its own peace and free"dom"; and "should consult with "other Powers affected with a view "to devise means for the removal of "such a menace"; we should even be prepared "to render every service "as we did in 1917 for the defense of "civilization." It is not Senator JOHNSON alone who will read that passage with amazement. Friends of peace the world over, sticklers for logic everywhere, will inquire why these Republicans of Indiana approve the rejection of a League of Nations that would have been a pretty sure defense against the coming of war and then in the same platform lay down a precept of policy to be followed when war for which they leave the door wide open actually comes. We must be prepared again to send millions of soldiers abroad and spend billions of money to meet the threats of aggression "by any Power or combination "of Powers" which, it is the belief and hope of most men, could not carry their warlike designs to the stage of menace if the League were in full operation. Let us reject this defense against war, but let us be prepared to fight again when the next war comes—that is the philosophy of the Indiana Republican platform.

We fear there will be a large number of delegates to the convention in Chicago who will strenuously urge material modifications of the model before it is put before the country as the declaration of principles upon which the party is to make its fight for the Presidency.

MR. KNOX'S TREATY.

Intending a peace resolution, the Senate Republicans have blundered into a treaty. The Knox resolution is unworkable as a piece of domestic legislation. It is international. It demands many assents and compliances from Germany, notably that she accord to us all rights, advantages and indemnities to which we were entitled under a treaty we have trampled into the mire of partisan politics. It far transcends the scope of that class of agreements which the Executive, acting independently, sometimes enters into with foreign countries. If the Knox resolution is anything it is a treaty.

If it is a treaty it is of illegitimate origin. Congress brought it forth, perpetrated—we cannot say negotiated—it by an impudent attempt at usurpation of an Executive function. Congress has nothing whatever to do with the origination of treaties—that is the President's business.

As a treaty it is further vitiated by its failure to secure a two-thirds vote in the Senate. Thus irregularly projected into the White House, the President might ignore it as a thing unknown to the law and the Constitution. Necessarily he will withhold his approval.

The Senate vote on the resolution destroys it for campaign use. It was passed by a vote of 43 to 38, saved from defeat by the votes of three Democrats. Had they voted with their party it would have failed by one vote. The Republicans will reap no advantage from a peace resolution, futile in itself, adopted by the votes of REED, SHIELDS and WALSH of Massachusetts. Senator MCCUMBER, Republican, was paired against it and sturdy KNUTE NELSON voted against it.

GIVING THE GERMANS TIME.

From the French point of view, there may be objection to the postponement of the economic conference at Spa from May 25 to June 21. It means one more delay after the many which have already occurred; it puts off the prospect of the commencement of actual payments of indemnity; by interposing another interval it may strengthen the German hope of escaping with a light penalty. It will be intelligible if these feelings are expressed in France, yet it may seem that they will be premature.

The German elections are to be held early in June. By postponing the conference the Allies can be sure that the German plenipotentiaries who come to Spa represent a Government backed by the majority of the people and consequently responsible for its promises. Also, the Allies will have a chance to find out just what the German majority wants. If the result of the disorders of the last few months should be a larger vote for conservative candidates, the British would understand that the danger of reaction in Germany was more serious than they had suspected, and might be willing to consider stronger measures. If the Left made gains, the French might consider that the need for guarantees was not quite so great. In any case, the Allies will know better after the elections just what is the temper of the people with which they are dealing, and they can be sure that the Government is, at least for the moment, representative of that temper. A policy that shall be fair to the enemy and at the same time protect allied interests can be agreed upon more satisfactorily with this evidence in hand.

It is also possible that the delay will be needed to enable the French and British to agree upon the amount of the indemnity. There is still reluctance in some French quarters to fix any sum, and a persistent and not wholly unjustified fear that British influence will be exerted to make that sum too low. But, if there is need of delay to harmonize allied demands, it is obviously because both countries intend to support whatever policy is finally adopted. England and France may still differ on details, but they are still determined to stand together. Also, by the end of June the new Italian Prime Minister, whoever he may be, will have put his house in temporary order and be able to attend the conference, something which might not be possible if it were held now.

These are all good signs, for the sum of their evidence is that the Allies will give Germany every reasonable relief that may be needed, but will stand firmly against the continuance of the German policy of passive resistance to all the provisions of the Treaty. The line may not be drawn so far away as the French would like, but it will be drawn clearly, and the Germans will not be allowed to overstep it. For the moment all sides seem to be disposed to conciliation; Marshal FOCH seems to think that there is reason to believe that the Germans are evacuating the Ruhr, and as soon as he is satisfied that they have reduced their forces to the permissible limit the French will leave Frankfort. The French policy at present is certainly not unduly rigorous; the obstacle to peace and understanding is still, as it always has been, on the other side of the Rhine.

SECRET STRIKE BALLOTS.

Toward the end of April, by a scanty majority of six, the House of Commons passed to a second reading the Trade Union Ballot bill making permissive, not compulsory, a secret ballot of members of unions on proposed strikes. Little has been said or heard about it since. The Minister of Labor did not directly favor it. Mr. BRACE, speaking for the miners, objected to it on the ground that it is governmental meddling with the private affairs of the unions; yet he admitted that the existing system needed improvement; and the public interest in strikes that imperil transportation and trade, cut off light, warmth and food, so far as they can, is only too bitterly known by experience that may be repeated any day.

It has been too often the case that a determined radical minority has enforced its will on great unions. Under open and loose methods, intimidation, direct or indirect, is easy. At the best, many members will not and do not vote and the results are often unsatisfactory and unrepresentative of majority opinion. It is curious that the unions or their leaders should approve a method of voting which in the case of political elections used to be an especial grievance.

Whatever the fate of this bill, it is a sound and necessary measure, as far as it goes, for the protection of the mass of trade unionists as well as the public. It is taken for granted, correctly or incorrectly, that permission to use the secret ballot will be enough; that the trade union leaders will be in an awkward position if they set themselves against the secret ballot. Whether they will easily give up the open system, so advantageous to their control, may be doubted.

THE SOCIALIST PLAN.

Mr. MORRIS HILLQUIT humorously calls Russia "not a Government of the proletariat," but "a somewhat limited democracy." LENIN and TROTZKY are not dictators. "They "can be recalled by the Soviets or by "the people at any time." There is no dictatorship of the proletariat. Even if there be, "there is no reason "why we should adopt it in the "United States." It might be inconvenient here, indeed, for some of the bourgeois proletarians, and Mr. HILLQUIT will certainly wish to be able to vote here, while in Russia he would be disfranchised.

All this misrepresentation of what Russia and the Russian Government are; all the smooth phrases, the deprecation of violence, are palpably necessary avoidances and temporary concessions. People mustn't be frightened. A rouge of false pretense must be plastered on the hideous face of Russian fact and revolutionary purpose. Build up the Socialist Party. Gull voters into believing that wolves are sheep.

Strengthen and organize the Party of Revolution. Shudder at force. Call the doubting, weak-kneed, timorous to "a political fight." Confuse, conceal, shade off principles and purposes. By organization, gaining numbers by an affectation of moderation, gain power. That power gained, use it to carry out to their uttermost the essential, the fatal principles which are now not to be pressed too much out of regard for weak stomachs and heads still full of narrow bourgeois prudence and prejudices. Organization, power, principles and the fulfillment of them; That is the order of the Socialist attack.

In vain is the net spread in the sight of the bird. By a vote of 90 to 40 the National Convention accepted the report, made by the minimizing Mr. HILLQUIT, and the Socialist Party added itself to the Third International, the creation and the creature of LENIN and TROTZKY, the organ of the Communists. What is the use of denying notorious facts, jumping aside, for the present, from "dictatorship of the proletariat" and then crying that

it should be the task of the Socialist International to aid our comrades to maintain and fortify their political control and to improve and stabilize the economic conditions of their country by forcing the great Powers of Europe and America to abandon the dastardly policy of intrigue, war and starvation blockade against Soviet Russia.

In Saturday's TIMES and in yesterday's issue Colonel ITKIN told us what utter ruin the proletarian Government and socialization have brought on Russia. The Socialist Party of the United States is to be, as it has been, the admirer and the ally of the destroyers of a great nation, of its industries, its trade and transportation, its rights, its liberties, almost of its civilization. The American Socialists, or the clever majority of their leaders, have tried vainly to hide their intentions, to soften their principles. They have bewrayed themselves none the less. They seek to help the worst enemies of national prosperity and freedom. For all their imagined cleverness, they cannot dupe many Americans. "Free Russia" is known for what it is. These Socialists are preparing their version and adaptation of it for American latitudes.

IBANEZ ON MEXICO.

Any one who has read "The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse" and "Blood and Sand" knows that VICENTE BLASCO IBANEZ is a born reporter with a gift of making others see what he has observed, as in a moving picture. The readers of THE NEW YORK TIMES are fortunate to have the brilliant Spanish novelist as their interpreter of revolutionary Mexico, once more the theatre of events that have their humorous and romantic as well as their tragic aspects. No one could present them with more realism and sympathy.

"I am just back from Mexico, where I spent a month and a half," said IBANEZ, on Sunday, in the first of a series of articles that are sure to be read with interest by everybody who wants to understand what is going on in Mexico. The presence of IBANEZ in the capital when the Carranza Government fell was not fortuitous, it may be supposed. He arrived on the scene before the curtain went up, as if he had divined what was to happen, or had received an intimation, and he stayed until the end of the last act, when President CARRANZA evacuated the city with a large force of well equipped troops, to fight his way to Vera Cruz.

In the City of Mexico Señor IBANEZ was not a stranger. His name had a magic that opened all doors to him. President CARRANZA, who is seldom accessible, talked with him about the affairs of the republic, and there was a matching of wits. It is not easy to imagine Don VENUSTIANO unbending, but the Ibanez magnetism made him voluble and even merry. In the shadow of disaster the old chieftain laughed light-heartedly. But he was grimly in earnest about rescuing Mexico from Presidents who were always Generals, "and what Generals!" The eminent reporter used asterisks at this point. The means employed to get rid of the sinister militarists he could not approve; therefore, the downfall of CARRANZA was well, admirable as his policy had been in theory.

The President had undone himself and failed to serve his country by trying to force YGNACIO BONILLAS upon it, and by giving a personal favorite, young General JUAN BARRAGAN, Adonis, dandy, exquisite, powers and privileges that made him intolerable. How faithfully IBANEZ paints the worthy BONILLAS! With delightful comedy touches he shows us the court favorite! But he does not spare the pseudo-patriots—"shameless self-seekers" he calls them—who abound in Mexico. Not a Don Quixote did he find among the public men—no one disinterested, clean-hearted and clean-handed. To read IBANEZ is to know Mexico as it is, and why constitutional government has always failed there.

THE RICE STADIUM.

The public is to be congratulated upon the acceptance by the Board of Estimate of the Rice Memorial Stadium; but the gift, generous and much needed though it is, would be dearly purchased if the building were placed, as has been strongly urged, within Pelham Bay Park. Ancient and stately trees would have to be sacrificed and also a natural bathing beach which is used even now by some 400,000 people each season. Many precious views of natural shore and sea would be obliterated and the entire character of the park transformed. Such a calamity is wholly unnecessary. A stadium is in its very nature self-centred, focusing in the contests of the arena. Its essential purpose is filled even when, as is the case with the Lewisohn Stadium, it stands in the centre of a city.

If placed in the near vicinity of the park, however, its advantages would be increased. Before and after the contests many would wish to bathe on the beach and picnic beneath the trees. The delay of the authorities in coming to a decision as to the site is doubtless due to a desire to fix upon some place which would give to each institution all natural advantages and accentuate the public enjoyment of both. The framework of the rail terminal is already in place. In a very few months park and stadium will be easily accessible to vast crowds. But that the stadium should in any way mar the unrivaled beauties of Pelham Bay is unthinkable.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Coercion Can Be Applied.

A decidedly curious situation has been created and a delicate legal question is raised by an inquiry recently addressed to the Attorney General of Connecticut by the Park Commission of the State. What the Commissioners wanted to know was whether they could condemn and take over under their power of eminent domain the house and grounds in Hartford where MARK TWAIN lived and turn the estate into a permanent memorial of the dead writer.

It seems that the present owners of the property demand for it a price which the members of the Mark Twain Memorial Association consider unreasonably high, and this is evidently the belief, too, of The Hartford Courant, for that paper characterizes those owners in severe terms for the little regard they have shown for the carrying out of a plan the execution of which would be a cause of keen satisfaction all over the country.

As evidently, the Attorney General is in sympathy with the purposes of those who are trying to preserve in its present condition a place with which are linked so many fine associations and to prevent the erection on the land of a group of big apartment houses. In a long opinion, supported by many citations of decisions rendered in cases which he declares relevant, the Attorney General declares that the Park Commission's power to take the property is unquestionable, but he advises that the Memorial Association have in hand, before the condemnation proceedings begin, enough money to pay whatever the Park Commission may decide to be a reasonable price for the house and the seven acres of ground in which it stands.

These Are "Public" Purposes.

There is no doubt, of course, as to the power of a State or municipal board to take at an appraised value land for a park the need for which has been duly recognized. The question at issue is whether or not the commemoration of a literary man's memory is a "public purpose" in the legal meaning of that phrase.

In defining its objects in acquiring the Mark Twain house, the Park Commission told the Attorney General that, "primarily, it would be for the preservation of its historic associations, and, secondarily, for the preservation of its natural beauty and for the purposes of public recreation and other appropriate public uses."

These are intentions, the Attorney General holds, that bring the project well within the domain where the right of eminent domain can be exercised with propriety. "This recreation place," he writes, "will not only benefit the general welfare of our people, but it will be the Mecca for people from every country in the world." That is an exaggeration so slight as to be permissible, the part of the world not interested in MARK TWAIN and his work not having much right to be considered in such a matter.

The thing to do now is to raise the money with which to pay the price the owners of the Mark Twain home ought to get, as distinguished from the price they want to get. The Hartford Courant is ready to accept contributions, large or small, and take care of them.

Too Terrible Ever to Happen.

As if the world were not suffering already from a sufficiency of troubles and deprivations, it now faces the dreadful possibility—alleged—of going without its Congressional Record! The publisher of that revered guide, philosopher and friend of us all plainly announces that lack of paper may force him to suspend its publication any day, and that already he must refuse to give to Senators and Representatives the reprints of their contributions to the Record upon which the perpetuation of their political existences depends.

But the sinking of the nation into despair can be, and should be, at least postponed. The Congressional Record will appear, always, because it must appear. Its cessation would be so calamitous that it simply cannot happen. A day without it is lost—a week without it is unimaginable—would involve a complete reconstruction of life, and that is, of course, impossible.

The Public Printer must find paper for the Record, even if there isn't any.

Credit for Foreign Trade.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The article by Charles H. Grasty regarding the foreign trade of America, which seems to and actually is slipping away, contributes the keynote to what promises to be the biggest blunder known in commercial history.

The loss of foreign trade by American firms must be attributed only to their amateurish methods in dealing with a fundamentally important part of the economic structure of the nation. They say: "Yes, foreign trade and export is all right, but what do we care when we can sell our articles here at a profit without trouble?" and unless this prevalent feeling is somewhat changed it will block any honest intention on the part of foreign firms to establish lasting trade relations here.

A case in point which has come to my attention is that of an American firm refusing an attractive offer for several thousand tons of coal because the foreign buyer offered a confirmed letter of credit at a leading bank here guaranteed by one of the largest banks of Europe, whereas the American seller insisted on a strict cash payment.

RENATO CRISE.

New York, May 15, 1920.

BROUGHT HOME FROM FRANCE.

Here lies the body of my boy,
Brought home to me.
They will not let me see my son—
Though mine is he—
Shut in his coffin, 'neath his flag
As he should be.
Strange that it was some other one
Across the sea,
In a far land, who did for him,
Instead of me,
What I in happier days have done,
When as a wee
Sweet babe he lay upon my breast,
So fair to see—
Close down his eyes against the sun.
Ah, woe is me!
Now they are closed forever, but
He waits for me
In Heaven, his race superbly run;
And I and he
Will (joined together at God's throne,
Bowed head, bent knee)
Receive the crowns his life has won
For him and me.

CAROLINE RUSSELL BISPHAM.

New York, May 15, 1920.

ASSAILS PROPOSALS FOR NEWSPRINT LAW

Chicago Tribune Asserts There Is Danger to Public in Some Suggestions.

FEARS EDITORIAL LEANING

Possible Rewards to Legislative Benefactors Are Declared to be Involved.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 16.—In an editorial entitled "Seeking Laws to Corrupt the Press," printed this morning, The Chicago Tribune says:

"The evil of Government interference in private business and industry has come to a point which commands attention. The newspaper situation offers an illustration of the growing evil of which we can speak authoritatively.

"Some newspapers, theoretically dedicated to the public welfare, are wrangling, and long have wrangled, at Washington and Ottawa for special legislation designed to enrich them at the expense of others. Such efforts and such legislation are a menace not only to the newspapers, but to all legitimate business, because of the precedent built up and the substantial foundation of prosperity torn down.

"The first efforts of a part of the press to this end put money in the pockets of some publishers at the expense of the paper mills. The mills therefore ceased to expand, and the pendulum swung to the other extreme. As a result, some newspapers began to seek special legislation, designed to benefit proponents and cripple competitors. The New York Globe furnishes an example.

"The Globe, although technically a metropolitan daily, has well-defined limitations. It has been unsuccessful in competition with other metropolitan newspapers in the race for circulation and advertising. Assuming the rôle of the downtrodden, therefore, it goes to Washington, and, with the pretense of conserving printpaper, asks that a limitation be placed upon the size of newspapers. The size sought is half-way between the average size of The Globe and its successful competitors. If this size can be made standard, The Globe will lose nothing, but may hope its successful rivals will be reduced and that their advertisers will be forced to take space in The Globe.

"Other papers of small circulation wish the pursuer to be placed upon those of large circulation. Papers without comics seek legislation against the use of 'comics' by others. Papers without 'want ads' seek to limit the 'want ads' of their rivals. Papers without country circulation wish to limit others to the city. In each and every case the law sought is for the purpose of assisting the failures at the expense of the successful.

"Deplorable as is this expose of the unscrupulousness of some publishers, the public may see a worse danger in the fact that such newspapers will reward their legislative benefactors by subordinating editorial policy to expediency and political reward. Even newspaper proprietors in Congress are using their official positions to lobby for their pocketbooks.

"Intelligent readers will recognise that newspapers which seek special advantages by special legislation are corrupt and will gladly repay legislators who assist them by assisting such legislators with misrepresented facts or subsidized editorials, but a large part of the public may not distinguish between honest and corrupt publishers, because the facts are not widely known.

"In such case the entire influence of the Fourth Estate will be jeopardised and the reputations for reliability built up through years of painstaking effort will be thrown with the others.

"Honest, efficient business, standing upon its merits, does not need special legislation. Proponents and perpetrators of special legislation lay themselves open to suspicion."

For the Wilson Principles.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The President is denounced by many Democrats who put the success of our party above the great principles upon which the President's policies are founded. Parties are but mere instruments. They should be supported only so long as we are convinced that they are struggling to promote the welfare of our nation honorably and wisely.

What if our party fails in the next elections? The important consideration for us Democrats should be that the principles upon which our party is founded shall not fail. And one of the greatest principles of our party has been laid down by our Democratic President. It is the principle of American service to humanity by the participation of America in the greatest world movement for the elimination of the causes of wars and the establishment of true human brotherhood. That is the great principle of our Democratic Party. And it should be the duty, first of all, of every good Democrat, and, secondly, of every true American, to see to it that the next elections shall vindicate that principle. To that end every true American Democrat should rally to the support of the courageous and unfailing champion of the covenant of the League of Nations, our misunderstood President.

I am of the newer stock of citizens. I have taken part in the military efforts of my adopted country for the establishment of the great American principles of human brotherhood enunciated by our President. And, a descendant from a race that has never flinched before duty and sacrifice for liberty and principle, I and I know hundreds of thousands of citizens of Greek descent will have to cover our faces for shame, when America loses courage, and becomes selfish and refuses to face responsibilities, or suffer losses even unto bleeding white for the triumph of the ideals of human brotherhood.

Let us stand by our President in the League of Nations Treaty. America never was afraid of responsibilities. Give us responsibilities, greater and graver, and we can measure up to them. If others can, we can—more easily. N. J. CARRAVETES.

Boston, May 14, 1920.

English Churches of the Continent.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I think many people do not know the principal reason of Bishop Bury's visit to the United States. He is the Bishop of Northern and Central Europe for the English Anglican churches, and also gave great help to our American Episcopal churches in those places. His clergy were driven out by the Central Empires in the war, without any possessions, and he has given all his own salary to their service for six long years.

Many people not of the Episcopal faith must have been glad, very often, to find an English-speaking church when living abroad. The writer can testify that some fifty years ago a Unitarian family was glad to attend the Sunday morning service in the little, old, rather poor and sombre English church in Brussels, all one Winter, and once a week hear their own language spoken and sung.

The Bishop asks a modest sum for his poor clergy and churches—only $20,000—but one would think full 40,000 people at the least right in New York and Brooklyn and near by would be glad to give at least $1 for gratitude or sentiment for those little churches many of us have been benefited by. It will be a grievous thing if he goes home without even the moderate amount he asks.

A NEW YORK WOMAN.

New York, May 15, 1920.

EXPEDITE KNOX RESOLUTION

Will Be Sent to Conference with No Indications of Opposition.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—Nearing the end of its long legislative journey, the Republican peace resolution will be formally sent to the House tomorrow without any prearranged program for rushing it through conference. Its early dispatch to the President, however, is certain.

Chairman Porter of the House Foreign Affairs Committee is prepared to ask that the resolution as adopted late yesterday by the Senate be sent to conference as soon as it is formally brought into the House. There is no indication that his request will encounter opposition, and Speaker Gillett is ready to name Mr. Porter, Representative Rogers of Massachusetts, another Republican, and Representative Flood, Democrat, of Virginia, as House conferees.

Before this action, however, the Senate must formally name its conferees. Senator Lodge and Senator Hitchcock, rival leaders in the treaty fight, will be named, but ranking next to Senator Lodge among the Republicans on the Foreign Relations Committee is Senator McCumber of North Dakota, who opposed the resolution, and leaders said there was doubt as to whether he would be designated.

But as soon as the resolution gets to conference, which will be early in the week, leaders in the Congress do not expect any trouble in ironing out the differences between the two branches. While the Senate resolution differs entirely from the House measure, the aim of the two is the same and the trouble is largely one of phraseology. There are, however, some essential differences, as follows:

Senate omission of the House provision, making the resolution inoperative as to Germany unless that country formally gives to the United States all rights and privileges that might have accrued to this country had it accepted the Peace Treaty.

The Senate ended the war with both Germany and Austria, while the House acted toward Germany alone.

Different methods for bringing peace officially, the Senate repealing the declaration of war and the House declaring the state of war at an end.

These differences, however, are expected to be easily overcome.

"Rest assured we will not get into any quarrel over a peace resolution," Mr. Porter said today.

President Wilson's veto of the resolution is regarded as a certainty. There has been no announcement as to whether an attempt will be made to override the veto, but Democrats assert there are not votes enough for that purpose.

URGES VOLUNTEER ARMY.

King George Pleads for Formation of Territorial Citizen Forces.

LONDON, May 16.—King George declared yesterday to the Lord Lieutenants of the counties, the Lord Mayors and Lord Provosts, who gathered at Buckingham Palace in answer to the call for the reconstruction of the territorial volunteer army, that the formation of a volunteer citizen army was indispensable to the safety and freedom of the empire.

"No more valuable proof of our peaceful strength and the soundness of our national life and character," continued the King, "could be given to the world than the fact that we have abandoned the principle of compulsory military service, to which we were forced to resort in the hard times of the war, and have returned to the purely voluntary system.

"The foundation of that voluntary principle must be a territorial army, strong enough to enable the regular forces to move about the empire at circumstances require. It must be strong enough also, if new dangers of a most serious kind confront us, to secure us a breathing space necessary to enable the full strength of all the peoples of the empire to be organised for its defense."

STIRS UP LOYAL TURKS.

Kemal Has Nationalists Enter Sultan's Army—French-Armenian Differences.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 15 (Associated Press).—Evidence tending to show that Mustapha Kemal Pasha has been encouraging his followers to enlist in the Sultan's army, for the purpose of spreading propaganda and creating general demoralization, continues to accumulate.

A French court-martial at Adana has convicted the Armenian Archbishop Mushejh on a charge of inciting trouble between Turks and Armenians, and has sentenced him to ten years' imprisonment with forfeiture of all of his property.

Hostility appears to be growing between the Armenians and French in Cilicia, the Armenians charging that the French are either unable or unwilling to protect Christians and are placing protection of their territorial claims above protection of the lives of their Allies.

SUGGESTS IRISH ASSEMBLY.

Lord Hugh Cecil Would Have It Elected by All of Ireland.

LONDON, May 17.—Lord Hugh Cecil, in a letter to The London Times, suggests that the Government should set up a Constituent Assembly in Ireland, for the purpose of devising and formulating a bill for the better government of Ireland.

This assembly would be elected by the whole of Ireland on the principle of proportional representation. The assembly should be allowed to present any plan it pleased, including one for making Ireland an independent republic.

In the meantime, the writer suggests, the Irish Government should not waste its time "in measures against sedition or treasonable language, whether written or spoken, or against any demonstration which fell short of violence."

Lord Hugh does not anticipate that the assembly would present a bill which Parliament would be able to accept, but suggests that the assembly be kept in being until some acceptable plan to Great Britain was evolved.

1,381 HERE ON MAURETANIA.

J. D. White of British Shipping Ministry Is Among Passengers.

The Mauretania docked here yesterday morning from Southampton with 1,381 passengers. One of the first off the steamer was Pauline Chase, the "pink pajama girl" of a decade ago, who returned after an absence of several years as the wife of A. V. Drummond, an English banker. She carried in her arms her three months old baby Ann. The former star of "Peter Pan" told friends that being a mother was far better than being an actress.

J. D. Whyte, who is connected with the British Ministry of Shipping which took over the German vessels assigned to England after the signing of the armistice, was another passenger. He paid a tribute to American shipbuilding genius, declaring that the world owed much to builders of the type of William Todd. J. W. Isherwood, the British naval architect, who invented the longitudinal system of ship construction, was a fellow passenger.

Countess Pappenheim, wife of an Austrian nobleman, will visit her mother, Mrs. W. H. Wheeler, in Philadelphia. She declined to make a statement of conditions in that country. Other passengers were Samuel Goldwyn, the film producer; Mlle. Gina Relly, a French motion-picture actress; C. B. Nicholson, designer of Sir Thomas Lipton's yacht Shamrock; L. C. H. Palairet and Montague Place.

INTERCHURCH FACES MONEY CRISIS TODAY

Has Spent All of $7,500,000 Guaranteed by Denominations for Expenses.

HAS RAISED $176,000,000

New Plans to be Proposed for Continuing Drive for $336,777,672 Fund.

The Interchurch World Movement is facing the embarrassment of an empty pocketbook, although it has been the agency through which $176,000,000 has been raised since April 25, last.

A special meeting will be held this morning at 25 Madison Avenue, to which have been invited the General Committee of the movement and representatives of all the boards and agencies of the thirty denominations which co-operated in the campaign for $336,777,672. The whole financial situation will be reviewed at this meeting.

The Interchurch is a clearing house, and none of the money subscribed passes through its hands except the contributions of "Friendly Citizens."

When the movement was launched Dec. 17, 1918, the co-operating denominations were asked to underwrite the sum of $7,500,000. This they did, borrowing the money from banks. This money now has all been spent. It has gone for the making of surveys in foreign lands and at home, for office rent of three floors in the Greenhilt Building, for the pay of 1,400 employes in the home offices and about 400 in the field, for office equipment, traveling expenses, salaries of secretaries and other administrative expenses.

The sum of $40,000,000 was asked from "friendly citizens" or those not church members, but who are in sympathy with the church. It was thought this would reach at least $25,000,000, which was expected to help out. But the "friendly citizens" campaign practically has failed, as so far only a little more than $3,000,000 has been raised in that way. Many of the church leaders take this for a good sign in another way, as it shows, they say, that the generous men and women are mostly church members.

Plans to be Offered.

Today three proposals will be made as to how the Interchurch Movement may be reorganized. The courses open, it is said, are:

First, for the co-operating denominations to pay up, according to their underwritings to the respective banks.

Second, the raising of additional money to continue the Interchurch Movement.

Third, the devising of a new plan of financing, by which the co-operating denominations will contribute monthly for the program as mapped out by the movement.

The denominations are all practically reaching their quota, and they recognize that the Interchurch Movement has provided the foundation which made this possible. It is believed by many that the denominations should continue their support of the movement.

It has already been determined that until July next the Interchurch will continue a campaign for special funds, but in a quiet way. Instead of making an intensive drive such as has just ended, and at the meeting today the denominations will be asked to contribute sufficient funds for this campaign until July 15.

Three secretaries have been placed in charge of the new campaign. They are the Rev. Dr. A. E. Cory, the Rev. Dr. R. E. Diffendorfer and the Rev. Dr. Daniel Poling.

These three will combine the field department and the survey department in each county. From a headquarters in each State they will direct the work in the counties. All the canvassers in the counties will be volunteers. It has been estimated that if each county in the United States will contribute an average of $3,000 the Inter-Church can continue unhampered.

Cutting Expenses.

The new gifts will go to pay administrative expenses, which are being cut rapidly day by day, and to complete the surveys.

As rapidly as one line of work is being completed employes are being let go. One department in the Greenhut Building which had fifty-seven on its office staff and thirty on outside work, has cut its entire force down to nine. As fast as possible office space in the Greenhut Building, where the rent is almost $1,000 a day, is being sublet to other religious or philanthropic organizations.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., has repeatedly said that if the Interchurch did not do more than make these surveys, the whole movement and what it has cost were worth while.

At today's meeting a plan will also be outlined for conducting the Interchurch after July 15. It is expected from 150 to 200 persons will be present. Recommendations will be made to the various national denominational bodies which have participated as to a more satisfactory plan of caring for the expenses of the movement.

BENEFIT FOR MILK FUND.

Amateurs and Professionals in Casts at Longacre Theatre.

The Longacre Theatre was filled last evening for the benefit performance in aid of the Milk Fund for American Children. The program included besides a number of vaudeville acts the second act from "An Ideal Husband," by Oscar Wilde, with the original cast. That was followed by a group of songs by Paul Reimers. In Shaw's "How He Lied to Her Husband," Mrs. James Lowell Putnam of New York and Boston, an amateur, played the part of Mrs. Bumpus, and Reginald Mason and Percival T. Moore, both of the "Adam and Eva" company, took the men's parts. The program closed with the Sakharoffs in costume dances.

Mrs. Oliver Harriman, Mrs. James Lowell Putnam and Miss Elisabeth Marbury made brief speeches. Mrs. Reuben Van Rensselaer, Mrs. Richard E. Enmeshand the Misses Marion Tiffany, Genevieve Clendenin, Estelle O'Brien and Julie Letlihon sold programs.

THREATEN SUNDAY PAPERS.

English Shops Closing Bill May Affect 10,000,000 Readers.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 16.—The sale of Sunday newspapers in England is threatened by various amendments which have been put down to the Shops (early closing) bill.

The report stage of the bill will be taken in the Commons on Tuesday, and these amendments have been so framed that they would, if adopted, practically deprive the great reading public of news on Sunday.

Opponents of the amendments point out that Sunday newspapers have a circulation of 10,000,000 copies throughout the country. They are mostly read by the working classes.

Milk from Chile for German Children.

BERLIN, May 16.—The first consignment of 50,000 cans of condensed milk for German children from the Chilean Women's Rel

J. W. SIMPSON DEAD OF COMPLICATIONS

Head of Law Firm Succumbs at His City Home After an Illness of Several Months.

HE WAS SEVENTY YEARS OLD

Practice of Corporation Law Led to His Election to Many Boards of Directors.

John Woodruff Simpson, senior member of the law firm of Simpson, Thacher & Bartlett, 62 Cedar Street, died yesterday morning at his home, 966 Fifth Avenue, after an illness of several months of a complication of diseases. He was in his seventieth year, having been born at East Craftsbury, Vt., on Oct. 13, 1850.

Mr. Simpson prepared for college at the State Normal School at Johnson, Vt., and in 1867 entered Amherst. After graduation he studied two years at Columbia Law School. In January, 1884, Mr. Simpson joined with William M. Barnum and the late Thomas Thacher in forming the firm of Simpson, Thacher & Barnum, the name being changed to its present form after Mr. Barnum's retirement in 1904.

The nature of his work, that of a specialist in corporation law, led to his holding many important directorships. Among the organizations on whose boards he had a place were the Metropolitan Trust Co., Telautograph Corporation, Hudson Companies and Gresley Hudson Securities Corporation.

Mr. Simpson's home contains many fine paintings by old masters and a collection of Rodin's sculpture that is regarded by experts as one of the finest private collections in existence. He was a life trustee of Amherst College and had always been prominent in the Alumni Council. Mr. Simpson is survived by his wife, a daughter, Miss Jean Walker Simpson; a brother, James G. Simpson, of Queensboro, Vt., and a sister, Mrs. Mary S. Wylie, of East Craftsbury, Vt. He will be buried at his birthplace, where he has always maintained a home.

EX-GOVERNOR FOUND DEAD.

R. B. Glenn, North Carolina, Expires in Winnipeg Hotel.

WINNIPEG, May 16.—Robert B. Glenn, former Governor of North Carolina and a member of the International Great Waterways Commission, was found dead in bed from heart disease at the Royal Alexandra Hotel here tonight.

R. B. Glenn was Governor of North Carolina during the famous Southern Railroad and Atlantic Coast Line dispute with that State over the 2½-cent rate law in 1907.

The Federal authorities were brought into the dispute when Judge Pritchard immediately released W. W. Finley of the Southern Railroad, after his arrest by State authorities, and President Roosevelt is said to have taken a hand in the matter.

Governor Glenn finally won his point and the railroads agreed to apply the State rate law.

He was mentioned as candidate for the Presidency, but declined to seek the nomination.

Mr. Glenn, who was also a prohibition champion, was born in Rockingham County, N. C., August 11, 1854. His mother was a great-niece of Washington Irving.

Hundreds Visit Kessler Bier.

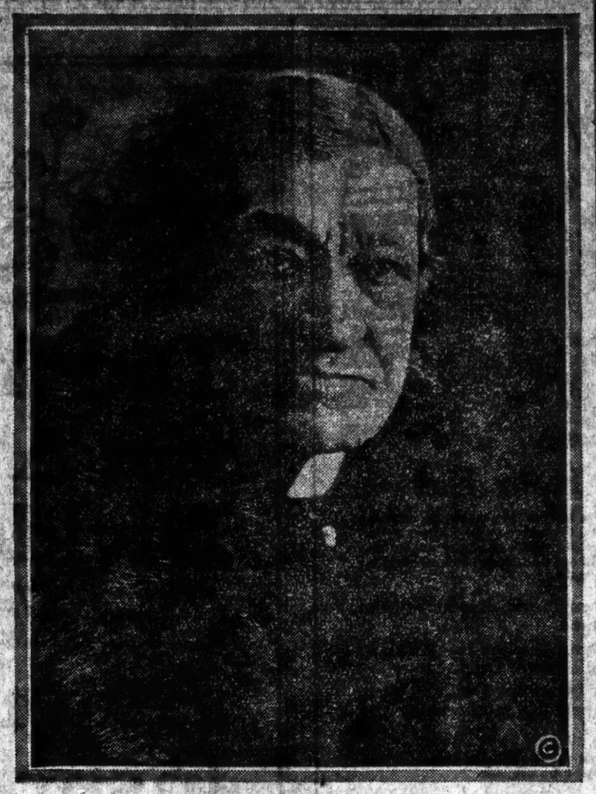
Hundreds of persons went to the Jewish Actors' Club at 108 Second Avenue yesterday, where the body of David Kessler, the Yiddish actor, lay in state. The funeral services will be at the club this morning, and later at Kessler's Second Avenue Theatre. Many East Side shops will close their doors for a half holiday in honor of the dead actor's memory. Burial will be in Washington Cemetery this afternoon.

SUE TO OUST TRUSTEES.

Defendants in Christian Science Case Bring Cross Action.

BOSTON, May 16.—The Supreme Court is asked to oust the present Board of Trustees of the Christian Science Publishing Society and to require them to account for all the funds which have been in their possession since 1908 in a bill filed by Frederick A. Bangs and James A. Hemingway, members of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, and defendants in an action in equity recently brought by the trustees.

The suit, which was announced today, is in the nature of a cross action to the bill in equity, which was filed by the trustees and alleged that Bangs and Hemingway were stirring up strife among members of the Church.



LEVI P. MORTON
Former Vice President of the United States, and Governor of New York, Who Died Yesterday on His 96th Birthday.

LEVI P. MORTON DIES ON 96TH BIRTHDAY

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

sons, the first American missionary to Palestine. The family tree was rooted in original Puritan stock, the lineage being traced directly to George Morton of Eawtry, Yorkshire, England, who landed at Plymouth, Mass., from the ship Ann in 1623. The contrast of the early poverty of Levi P. Morton with his wealth in later life furnished the bulwark of much political argument directed to enhance Mr. Morton's chances of election at the hands of the people.

Mr. Morton's education was limited to that which he could acquire in the academy at Shoreham. The college degrees bestowed in later life were honorary. He started on his independent career when he was 16 years old, beginning as a clerk in a store at Enfield, Mass. At the age of 20, by his thrift, honesty and economy, he was the owner of a general store in Hanover, N. H. He stayed there for five years, and in 1840 became connected with the house of James M. Beebe & Co. of Boston as a clerk. A year later he was a member of this firm. In four years it came to New York and established the firm of Morton & Grinnell, which was replaced in 1863 by the banking house of Morton, Bliss & Co. in this city and Morton, Rose & Co. in London. The latter became the fiscal agents for the United States, and were intrusted with the payment of the Alabama claims and Halifax fisheries awards, which together amounted to $21,000,000. Young Mr. Morton, about 1870, founded the New York syndicate that funded the United States National debt and disposed of its bonds. Thus Mr. Morton became an international figure in the financial world before he was 50 years old. His fortune was one of the largest in America, and as a contributor to the Republican Party Mr. Morton could always be relied upon.

Commissioner to Paris Exposition.

He was first appointed to office by President Hayes as Honorary Commissioner of the United States to the Paris Exposition of 1878. In the same year he was honored by the richest Congressional district in the United States, the Eleventh of New York, by election to Congress. He defeated his Tammany Hall opponent by 7,000 votes. In Congress, because of his experience in finance, his advice was sought on all financial legislation.

Mr. Morton strongly opposed the unlimited coinage of silver in 1879, and characterized the measure then before the House as a "bill for the relief of owners of silver mines and silver bullion in the United States and Europe."

He served as a member of the Committee on Foreign Affairs. He was reelected from the Eleventh District in 1880, and in that year he received, informally, the offer of the nomination for the Vice Presidency from the Republican Convention in Chicago. He declined, and owing to his extreme modesty and aversion to publicity, it never became known why he declined.

The banker's first wife, who was the daughter of Elijah H. Kimball of Flatlands, L. I., had died in 1874, leaving no children. In 1879 Mr. Morton had married the daughter of William L. Street of Poughkeepsie. Mrs. Morton was well known in society, and when Mr. Morton became Minister to France in 1882 the legation, largely through the activities of Mrs. Morton, became a great social centre. The legation, immediately after the arrival of the Mortons, was moved into spacious quarters, and there great artists, statesmen, writers, and others of prominence were lavishly entertained.

Mr. Morton, as Minister, secured from the French Government the rescinding of the edict which prohibited the importation into France of American pork. He also brought about such modifications of the regulations regarding corporations as enabled American insurance companies to open agencies in France. When Cleveland succeeded Arthur, Mr. Morton resigned.

Received Honorary Degrees.

The degree of LL. D. was conferred upon him by Dartmouth in 1881 and by Middlebury in 1882. He was a candidate for United States Senator in 1884, but was defeated by William M. Evarts after a long contest in the Legislature. He was a candidate for Senator again in 1887, and was again defeated, this time by Frank Hiscock.

He was nominated for Vice President at the Republican Convention which nominated Harrison for President at Chicago, June 25, 1888. His residence at Washington during the four years of the Harrison Administration was marked by the cordiality of his receptions, which had given to him European celebrity as a host when he was Minister of the United States at Paris.

His house on Scott Circle, in Washington, will remain in the memory of those who visited it. Its large hall was decorated with Oriental stuffs and carpets. The reception rooms were white and gold. The official reception room was of a delicate tea shade and opened into a larger room, hung in chintz-pattern silk. The dining room was in oak and red, with buffets of ebony. The family sitting room, above the library, was a garden of green leaves and fragrant flowers.

After the wife of President Harrison died Mrs. Morton became "the first lady of the land." The Vice President and Mrs. Morton continued to entertain lavishly. Washington visitors delighted in seeing the Vice President going for a walk in the morning. With him almost invariably were three or four of his children. They clung to his arms and he romped with them along the streets.

Washington has not yet forgotten the Harrison inaugural ball in the Pension Building, when Mr. and Mrs. Morton walked through the building with all their children, the latter being dressed in the simplest of white gowns.

Levi P. Morton received the hardest political blow of his career when he was not renominated for Vice President with Harrison in 1892. His extreme calmness prevented any disclosures of regret, however, and his dinner to Vice President Stevenson on the latter's arrival in Washington was reported at the time as "the model of gracefulness." THE NEW YORK TIMES, commenting on his record as Vice President and his failure to obtain a renomination, said:

The treatment of Vice President Morton by the politicians of his own party in his own State has not been such as to encourage modest fidelity and dignified performance of duties not too attractive in themselves. Mr. Morton had every claim to a renomination that Mr. Harrison had, and some that the President could hardly pretend to. He has filled his office with equal ability and with more unselfishness; he has kept aloof from the factional quarrels of his party in his own State; he has never sought to promote his personal ends at the expense of others; he has had nothing to do with the trade and dicker in offices that has been the disgrace and weakness of the Administration. Within his sphere he has added as much to the character and strength of the party as was possible. It was not seemly that he should be set aside when a candidate was taken from his own State, and it is not to be supposed that he would have been had Mr. Harrison and his friends been as loyal to him as Mr. Morton has uniformly been to Mr. Harrison. Mr. Morton, however, if he has missed the deserved recognition of a renomination, is free from the danger of defeat, and, whatever the result of the election, will retire from his post with the general and cordial respect of his fellow-citizens of both parties.

From Politics to Farming.

After his retirement from Washington Mr. Morton lived on his 1,000-acre farm, Ellerslie, at Rhinebeck on the Hudson. He developed his farm into a beautiful garden, replete with lakes, conservatories, Italian gardens, and beautiful walks, too. Here he maintained his own dairy of 100 Guernseys and engaged to some extent in scientific farming. The estate still maintains the palatial home of the Mortons, and there one can find a fine collection of paintings, rare books, curios, and other objects of art.

On Sept. 18, 1894, Mr. Morton was nominated for Governor of New York. He was elected, serving during 1895 and 1896.

Many were the philanthropies of Mr. Morton. Among the churches to which he gave were Grace Church and the Cathedral of St. John the Divine. At the former the chapel house was built in memory of Mr. Morton's first wife. At the latter the gifts of Mr. and Mrs. Morton are said to have totaled in value many hundreds of thousands of dollars, much of which was spent on elaborate services and on the gold altar.

Obituary Notes.

SAMUEL C. DUNBAR, formerly editor and part owner of The Tonopah (Nev.) Miner and a reporter in Washington some years ago, is dead in Baltimore. He was born in 1853, spent much of his life in the West, and lately had made his home in Washington.

Mrs. MARY FRANCES HAMILTON, widow of Thomas H. Hamilton, for many years editor of The New York Herald, died Saturday night at her home, 232 Convent Avenue. She was born in Brooklyn sixty-three years ago.

Mrs. HELENA RUTHERFORD FAIRCHILD, wife of Benjamin T. Fairchild of 947 Fifth Avenue, died yesterday at her residence. She was the daughter of the late John Rutherford of New Jersey.

Judge HENRY L. YOST, Recorder, died yesterday in Montclair, N. J. Funeral services will be held at 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon at his home, 219 Walnut Avenue. He was 64 years old.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mr. and Mrs. William Curtis Demorest, Miss Demorest and Gilbert C. Demorest have moved from 18 East Ninety-fourth Street to their new apartment, 971 Madison Avenue. They will go to their Loon Lake Camp, Hukweem, in June.

Mr. and Mrs. James Speyer will close their town house, 1,068 Fifth Avenue, this week and go to Waldheim, their country place at Scarborough.

Dr. Lee Hollister and Miss Margaret Knapp, who will be married Thursday, are to spend their honeymoon at the A. Pierpont Morgan Camp in the Adirondacks.

Among those whose children are to take part in the Miniature Matinée at the Colony Club tomorrow afternoon, for the benefit of Hope Farm, are Mrs. G. F. Baker, Jr.; Mrs. Samuel Weldon, Mrs. Lewis G. Morris, Mrs. Carroll D. Winslow and Mrs. Angier Duke.

Mrs. J. Muhlenberg Bailey has opened her country place, Glenwood, Yonkers, for the Summer. Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Gouverneur Morris of 1,018 Park Avenue are spending the early Summer with Mrs. Bailey, Mrs. Morris's mother.

Mrs. Joseph Palmer Knapp will give a dinner next Saturday evening at the Piping Rock Club for Archibald McIlwaine, Jr., and his fiancée, Miss Caroline Hicks Read.

Mrs. Hugh D. Auchincloss and her sister, Miss Anne Burr Jennings, are booked to sail early in July to spend the remainder of the Summer in France.

Hot Springs.

Among the many New Yorkers to arrive yesterday were William S. Clough, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Appleton Terry, Mr. and Mrs. William Shillaber, Mrs. and Joseph R. Greenwood.

William C. Hall and Miss Noel Hall Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr.; Mrs. Joseph Leiter and Mrs. Frank Gray Griswold drove over to Warm Springs in the afternoon.

Baron and Baroness Rosenkrantz of Atlanta entertained at luncheon at Roselos.

Mrs. Thomas D. Griffin and Miss R. Teady Thurmond reached here last night by automobile from New York. They will remain for a fortnight.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar N. Wrightington of Boston left for home yesterday.

Sir William Pursley, Lieutenant Governor of New Brunswick, and Lady Pursley have gone to New York on their way to St. John.

White Sulphur Springs.

Dr. Thomas A. le Breton, Ambassador from Argentina, arrived from Washington yesterday to join Mme. le Breton. They motored over to Hot Springs for the afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel T. Calloway of New York motored over to Elmhurst Farm yesterday with a party of friends for luncheon.

John Francis Harris of St. Paul was a dinner host last night at the Kate's Mountain Club.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver W. Mink of Boston started last night for New York, where they will spend a few days before returning home. They will open their Summer home at Manchester, Mass., in June.

Newport.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Tuckerman are expected Thursday from Washington to occupy their place on Kay Street.

F. Francis A. Clark of New York has returned home.

Dr. and Mrs. Henry Barton Jacobs of Baltimore are having Whiteholm, their Summer home, made ready for occupation.

Reginald C. Vanderbilt returned to New York last night after spending the week-end at Sandy Point Farm.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel K. Reeves of Philadelphia, Mrs. J. F. Dorst of Warrenton, Va., and Mrs. Edward Walsh Humphreys of New York were visitors here over Sunday.

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FILE JULIEN T. DAVIES'S WILL

Office and Home Employes of New York Lawyer Get Bequests.

RIVERHEAD, L. I., May 16.—The will of Julien Tapran Davies, a Summer resident of Great River, and member of the law firm of Davies, Auerbach & Cornell, New York, has been filed in the Suffolk County Surrogate's office. Mr. Davies died in Boston on May 6. The value of the real estate is placed at over $10,000 and the personal estate at over $10,000.

Employes in his law office who had been continuously in service fifteen years are each left $500, and those employed for ten years $250. Each employe in his household or on his farm who had been in his continuous employ for twenty years is left $1,000.

Mrs. Ethel Thatcher, his daughter, is given $35,000 outright and the income of one-third of the residuary estate, the principal to go to her heirs at the time of her death. The other two-thirds of the residue are left to six grandchildren, Julien T. Davies, Alice Martin McKee, Phoebe T. Davies, Emily O'Nel Davies, Frederick N. Davies and Audrey Davies, each to receive the income and their issue of the principal.

Engaged.

SHAPIRO—SAVADA—Mr. and Mrs. Solomon Savada of 818 Beck St. announce the engagement of their daughter Estelle to Mr. Tobias Shapiro of 130 Henry St. on May 16.

Married.

BARBOUR—DICKINSON—On Saturday, May 15, 1920, at "Kokoro," West Hampton Beach, Long Island, New York, by the Rev. J. Howard Melish and Dr. Robert E. Speer, Dorothy, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Robert Lamb Dickinson, to George B. Barbour, son of Dr. and Mrs. A. H. Freeland Barbour of Edinburgh, Scotland.

POWELL—KELLY—At Rye, N. Y., on the 15th inst., F. Aubrey Powell, son of Evan Powell of Mapperley Hill, Nottingham, England, to Emily Raymond Kelly, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. James Raymond, of this city.

RUNDLE—HAINES—On May 15th in the Chapel of St. Thomas's Church by the Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires, Marion, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Haines of New York, to Merritt White Rundle, son of the late Anthony M. and Mrs. Rundle and grandson of Mr. Samuel H. Rundle of Danbury, Conn.

Died.

AMDURSKY—On May 16, 1920, Sarah Amdursky, dearly beloved wife of Samuel Amdursky. Funeral from residence of daughter, Mrs. L. Goldstone, 910 Riverside Drive, Monday 10 A. M. Please omit flowers.

ARNSTEIN—At his home, 592 West End Av., on Sunday, May 16, 1920, after a short illness, Emanuel N., dearly beloved husband of Rae K. Arnstein, in his 59th year. Funeral services at his late residence on Tuesday, May 18, 1920, at 10 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

BARON—Jacob, beloved son of David and Fannie Baron, in his 25th year. Funeral from late residence, 924 Prospect Av., Bronx, Tuesday noon.

BROPHY—On May 16, Joseph J., at his residence, 241 East 71st St. Notice of funeral hereafter.

CLARK—On May 16, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Edward P. Hayward, Barbara A., widow of Joseph S. Clark, in her 81st year, after a lingering illness. Funeral services at her late residence, 214 South 5th Av., Mount Vernon, on Tuesday, May 18, at 2 P. M.

CODY—Elizabeth Moran, at her residence, 210 Parkville Av., widow of the late George Cody. Services at the Church of St. Rose of Lima, at Parkville, on Tuesday, May 18, at 9:30 A. M. Funeral private.

COLE—At her residence, 449 Park Av., on Friday, May 14, 1920, Margaret, widow of the late William Washington Cole. Funeral services on Tuesday, May 18, at her late residence at 2 o'clock. Interment Greenwood Cemetery.

Died.

COURTNEY—On Saturday, May 15, Mary Devine, beloved wife of the late David Courtney and devoted mother of Mary G., John M. and the late Edmund J. Courtney. Funeral from her late residence, 215 8th St., on Wednesday, May 19, at 9:30 A. M. Solemn requiem mass at Church of the Nativity, 2d Av. and 2d St. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

CURTIS—At The Wyoming, 853 7th Av., in this city, on Friday, May 14, H. Holbrook Curtis, M. D., husband of Josephine Allen Curtis, in the 64th year of his age. Funeral services at St. Thomas's Church, 5th Av. and 53d St., on Monday, May 17, at 10 A. M. Interment at Watertown, Conn.

DAVIS—On Friday, May 14, 1920, at her residence, 123 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn, Celinda T. Davis. Funeral services will be held at the Lefferts Place Chapel, 80 Lefferts Place, near Grand Av., on Monday, May 17, at 3:30 P. M.

DICKINSON—On May 16, at his residence, 154 East 95th St., Patrick F., beloved husband of Elizabeth Mullen Dickinson and father of John, Florence and Mrs. Mary Carroll. Time later. Please omit flowers.

DOUGLASS—On Saturday, May 15, at her father's residence, 1,001 Ogden Av., Dorothy, beloved wife of William Richard Douglass and daughter of William and Margaret McCormick. Requiem mass at the Church of the Sacred Heart, Highbridge, on Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers. Newark (N. J.) and Akron (Ohio) papers please copy.

EARLE—At Montclair, N. J., Sunday morning, May 16, 1920, Thomas Vredenburgh, son of the late Robert Buloid and Mary A. Earle, in the 80th year of his age. Funeral services will be held in the Old First Presbyterian Church at the Centre Monday night at 8 o'clock. Jersey City papers please copy.

FAIRCHILD—On May 16, 1920, at her residence in New York City, Helena Rutherford Fairchild, only daughter of Charlotte Livingston and the late John Rutherfurd of New Jersey, and wife of Benjamin T. Fairchild. Funeral services will be held at Trinity Chapel, West 25th St., New York City, on Wednesday, May 19, at 10 o'clock A. M. It is earnestly requested that no flowers be sent.

FISHER—At Mount Vernon, N. Y. on May 15, 1920, Elizabeth A., beloved mother of Martha F. Baldwin. Funeral services at the residence of her daughter, 17 Summit Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y., on Tuesday, May 18, at 3:30 P. M.

HAMILTON—Mary Frances (nee McCahill), widow of the late Thomas H. Hamilton, age 63, at her residence, 232 Convent Av. Notice of funeral hereafter.

HAWLEY—On Saturday, May 15, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. John C. Springsteen, 49 Hawley St., Brooklyn, Lydia William Stevens, wife of the late John G. Hawley. Funeral private.

HENSCHEL—Morris J., beloved husband of Sarah D. Henschel, and father of Marry, Edward, Leon, and Mrs. May 16, at his residence, 560 West 148th St. Funeral date will be announced later. Rochester, N. Y., papers please copy.

HORKIMER—Johanna, beloved wife of Isaac and mother of Sigmund, Martha and Frida. Funeral from her late residence, 570 West 156th Street, on Tuesday, May 18, at 10 A. M.

JOHNSTON—May 16, 1920, Margaret M., beloved wife of Robert Johnston. Services Stephen Merritt's Morrison Chapel, 1364 West 126th St., Monday afternoon, 4:30. Interment Baltimore, Md.

KELSEY—At Trenton, N. J., on the 14th inst., Henry C. Kelsey, aged 83 years. Services at the Trinity Episcopal Church, Trenton, N. J., on Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Interment at Newton, N. J.

KEMP—On Sunday, May 16, Daniel D., son of the late William D. and Jean Stewart Kemp. Service at the Field Memorial Chapel, Home for Incurables, Fordham, at 11 A. M. Tuesday.

KLEIN—On May 16th, after a brief illness, Mildred, beloved daughter of David and Hannah Klein. Funeral from her late residence, 3,071 Broadway, Tuesday, May 18, at 10 A. M.

KRONOLD—May 16, in his 86th year, Adolph S., beloved father of Selma, Leon and Hans. Funeral from late residence, 1,197 Lexington Av., on Tuesday, May 18, 10 A. M. Funeral private.

LISTER—On May 16, in her 86th year, Margaret Clarkson Lister, widow of the late Edwin Lister of Newark, N. J., and mother of the late Adolphe Napoleon Roussel of Brooklyn. Interment Forth Amboy, N. J.

McALEENAN—On May 16, 1920, Arthur, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur McAleenan, in his 25th year. Funeral services at Blessed Sacrament Church, Broadway and 71st St., May 18th, at 10 A. M. Please omit flowers.

McCABE—Amos C., died suddenly, May 16, in his 88th year. Interment Greenville, Greene County, N. Y.

Died.

McGRA—On Friday, May 14, at his residence, 65 West 88th St., Robert Alwyn, son of the late Robert Graham and Mary E. McKim. Funeral from St. Ignatius Church, West 84th Av. and 87th St., on Monday, May 17, at 10:30 A. M.

McMAHON—May 13, 1920, Margaret McMahon. Services Stephen Merritt Harlem Chapel, 304 West 126th St., Monday, 10 A. M.

MANDELL—Carolina, at Indianapolis, Ind., on May 15, in her 70th year, after a lingering illness, wife of Kaufman Mandell and mother of Judith, Budd, Marie, Louis, Harry, George and Max Mandell. Funeral at the convenience of the family.

MARBLE—On Friday, May 14, Susan Antoinette, daughter of the late Joel and Mercy Chapin Marble and sister of the late Manton Marble, in the 83d year of her age. Funeral services Tuesday, May 18, at 10:45 A. M., at St. Matthew's Church, Bedford, N. Y., upon the arrival of train leaving Grand Central 8:50 A. M., daylight-saving time. Interment at Albany Rural Cemetery at convenience of family.

MARKS—Suddenly, on May 15, Abraham, beloved husband of the late Linda Marks and devoted father of Manton, Florence and the late David Marks. Funeral from his late residence, 1,292 Madison Av., Monday, May 17, 10 A. M. Chatham, N. Y., papers please copy.

MONTAGUE—Clara Meliwell, wife of Theodore Montague, suddenly. Cremation private. Turkey, May 14, 1920. Notice of funeral arrangements later.

PAGE—At his residence, 231 Warwick Av., South Orange, N. J., on May 16, 1920, Frederick Maxwell, son of Mr. and Mrs. F. West Page of East Orange, N. J. Funeral services private. Philadelphia papers please copy.

PAULIN—At Loomis, N. Y., on Saturday, May 15, 1920, Elise, daughter of L. R. E. Paulin and Emma F. Paulin of 175 Sloane Terrace, Staten Island, N. Y. Services at St. John's Church, Rosebank, S. I., on Tuesday, May 18, at 11 A. M. Interment private, at Woodlawn.

PECK—On May 14, at the residence of her son, Bayard L. Peck, 267 Henry St., Brooklyn, Anna Van Dresen Peck, daughter of the late Peter and Susan Livingston Van Deusen, and widow of Horace R. Peck, late of Hudson, New York. Funeral at the residence of her nephew, Charles Demeyer, Bohemian Av., Hudson, New York, Monday afternoon, May 17, at 4 o'clock.

PERRY—Suddenly, on May 15, at Andover, M. J., Abbie Cotton, wife of M. Francis Perry, D. D., pastor of the Baptist Church of the Redeemer, Brooklyn, N. Y. Funeral services at her late residence, 2,264 Newkirk Av., Brooklyn, on Monday, May 17, at 1 o'clock.

PINKNEY—James Henry, May 16, age 79, beloved husband of Henrietta Swann, father of James Henry, Jr., C. Cotesworth and the late Frederick Hare Pinkney. Funeral services Grace Church, Jamaica, Tuesday, May 18, 2 P. M.

PROCTER—On May 15, Harley Thomas Procter, at his residence, in New York City. Funeral private. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

Died.

ROBINSON—On Sunday, May 16, 1920, at her residence, 159 Bainbridge St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Ellen Gertrude, beloved wife of Edward G. Robinson. Services at her late residence Tuesday, May 18, at 2 P. M.

SCHWAB—Suddenly on Saturday, May 15, 1920, Alwin Hugo Schwab, M. D., beloved husband of Amelie Schwab (nee Froehlich) and father of Alwin J. Schwab, aged 36 years. Relatives and friends are invited to attend funeral services at the late residence, 913 McDonough St., Brooklyn, on Monday evening, May 17, at 8 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

SCHWARTZ—Morris, aged 22, on Sunday, 4 A. M., of spinal meningitis. Funeral Monday from his late residence, 2,420 Grand Av., Bronx.

SCULLIN—May 15, Mary Scullin, beloved wife of Vincent Scullin. Funeral from the residence of his cousin, 236 East 49th St., Tuesday, May 18, 9 A. M. Solemn requiem mass at St. Vincent Ferrer's Church, Lexington Av. and 66th St., at 10 o'clock.

SHEPHERD—On May 14, 1920, Ann Elizabeth. A short service at her late residence, 223 West 129th St., on Tuesday, May 16, at 11:30 A. M. Funeral services at Christ's Church, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Tuesday afternoon at 2:45.

SIEGEL—On Sunday morning, Hannah, beloved wife of David and mother of Moses Siegel and Theresa Schlesinger. Funeral today, Monday, May 17, 10 A. M., from her late residence, 923 Simpson St., Bronx. Interment Washington Cemetery. Relatives and friends are requested to attend.

SIMPSON—John Woodruff Simpson, at his residence on Sunday, May 16. Funeral services at the Church of the Holy Communion, 6th Av. and 20th St., on Tuesday morning, May 18, at 9:30 o'clock. Interment private.

SMITH—On Saturday, May 15, 1920, at the Chapin Home, Jamaica, L. I., Kate B. Smith, widow of James M. Smith. Funeral services at the Chapin Home, Park and Chapin Avs., Monday, May 17, 1920, at 2:30 P. M. Burial service May 19 at 11:15 A. M. at the Chapel of Evergreen Cemetery, New Haven, Conn. New Haven papers please copy.

SMITH—Kate Butler Smith, age 72 years. Funeral services at the Chapin Home, Jamaica, L. I., Monday, 2:30 P. M.

STEINHARDT—At Newark, N. J., on May 16, 1920, Hattie Davidson, wife of Ralph Steinhardt. Funeral Tuesday, May 18, at 2 P. M. from 28 Devine St.

STONE—At his residence, 82 Gates Av., Montclair, N. J., May 16, 1920, Benjamin F. Stone, in the 57th year of his age. Notice of funeral hereafter. Toledo, Ohio, and Boston papers please copy.

STUTZMAN—Suddenly, on Saturday, May 15, George Frederick, son of Tilly and the late George Stutzman, in his 30th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 270 Riverside Drive, on Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Funeral private.

WARE—At Newark, N. J., on Sunday, May 16, 1920, Margaret Amy, wife of Arthur K. Ware. Funeral services will be held at "The Home for Services," 100 Clinton Ave., Newark (Smith & Smith), on Tuesday, May 18, at 2 P. M.

Died.

WIGGINS—At Yonkers, N. Y., on Saturday, May 15, 1920, William Archibald, husband of the late Josephine Helen Wiggins. Funeral services at his late residence, 812 Palisade Av., Yonkers, N. Y., Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Interment at Mount Hope Cemetery.

WILLIAMS—On Friday, May 14, 1920, Fred C., beloved husband of Harriet T. Williams and father of Carlton E. Williams. Funeral services will be held at the Lefferts Place Chapel, Lefferts Place, near Grand Avenue, Brooklyn, on Tuesday, May 18, at 3:30 P. M.

WORMSER—Rose E., beloved wife of Solomon Wormser and mother of Max B. and Louis Wormser, entered into rest Saturday, May 15. Funeral Tuesday morning, May 18, from Hotel Ansonia at 10 o'clock.

WYCKOFF—Patricia, beloved infant daughter of Richard D. and Cecelia G. Wyckoff, aged 3 months 12 days. Funeral service at parents' residence, 435 Riverside Drive, 2 P. M. Tuesday.

YOST—At Montclair, N. J., Sunday, May 16, 1920, Judge Henry L. Yost, in his 64th year. Funeral services will be held at his late home, 219 Walnut St., Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Brooklyn papers please copy.

In Memoriam.

HALE—In loving memory of Edward Warren Hale, entered into eternal rest May 17, 1919.

JONES—William P. Born into spirit life May 17, 1917.
Faithful husband, father, friend;
Living, loving without end.
Elizabeth S. Jones, Charlotte L. Snipes.

ROSENTHAL—In tender and loving memory of our darling girl Harriet, who died May 17, 1918.

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The Reason Why

By DR. BERTHOLD A. BAER.

The book of The Funeral Church, "*The Heaven of Sorrow*," should have been sent before this to the thousands who asked for a copy. The scarcity of paper and the printers' strike, however, prevented the completion of the book.

Mr. Frank E. Campbell rarely finds it necessary to "explain." The Funeral Church, Broadway at 66th Street, works with precision. Every funeral conducted by Mr. Campbell is a fitting closing chapter to a life well lived. Everything is well planned and well done. Thousands of letters of thanks and appreciation bear witness of this.

No expense is spared to bring the book to you at the earliest possible moment. In the meantime Mr. Campbell asks your kind indulgence. ©1920

Why the United Drug Company Chose St. Louis

J. N. Staples, Jr., vice-president and general manager of the United Drug Company, of Boston, in a letter gives the following reasons why his company chose St. Louis for its new $3,000,000 factory, in preference to other cities. "Among the reasons which influenced us to locate our middle western laboratories in St. Louis were these:

1—Land is cheaper.

2—Building construction is cheaper, so that considerable saving in interest on the investment was made.

3—Light, heat and power are cheaper.

4—Tranquil labor.

5—Excellent shipping facilities.

6—Waterways shipments in addition to railways.

7—Atmospheric conditions superior for our purpose.

8—St. Louis is getting to be nearer and nearer to the center of population of the United States.

9—A saving in the freight on incoming commodities.

10—A belief that we will get excellent co-operation from the business men and authorities of the city. I do not mean by this that we would not get co-operation in other places, for I think we would, but for a number of years St. Louis business men have had the reputation of being very clannish, independent and slow to solicit new enterprises to come into their midst. I believe the fact they had that reputation and realize it is now spurring them to greater effort than would otherwise be the case."

THESE statements by Mr. Staples are not unsupported claims, but are logical deductions from acid tests applied by the United Drug Company before it spent $3,000,000 to erect a Mid-West plant in St. Louis.

This is only one of almost 100 new plants, and a total of 15,00,000 feet of floor space, built in St. Louis in the last two years. In one industrial district alone new industries have been established costing more than $20,000,000 and employing 14,000 workers. The new factories built 8,000,000 feet of floor space, and the already established St. Louis industries expanded 7,000,000 feet.

Why were these big plants built in St. Louis? This general movement to the one point was not an aimless change of location, but was the result of a business-like investigation of production and distribution advantages.

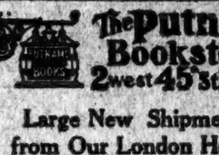
These industries spent millions of dollars in locating in St. Louis, so as to be near the center of economic distribution, near the center of raw materials, and within easy reach of the markets in every direction. Twenty-six railroads and the Mississippi River carry their goods to all markets.

The business men of St. Louis are awake to the advantages of the city, and are seeking sixteen specific industries to manufacture goods not now made in St. Louis but for which there is a profitable market in the St. Louis trade territory. These industries are:

Shoe laces and findings	*Malleable iron castings*
Cotton spinning and textile mills	*Farm implements*
Dye stuffs	*Rubber products*
Steel and copper wire	*Screw machine products*
Machine tools and tool machinery	*Locomotive works*
Automobile accessories and parts	*Blast furnaces*
Drop forge plants	*Cork products*
Tanneries and leather products	*Small hardware*

The booklet, "St. Louis as a Manufacturing Center," gives details that will be interesting to you. A letter will bring it, if addressed to

New Industries Bureau
St. Louis Chamber of Commerce
St. Louis, U. S. A.



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LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Four certificates for two hundred and eleven shares of Common Stock of the United States Rubber Co. standing in the name of Halle & Stieglitz and bearing the following numbers: A-87018 for five shares, 87019 for six shares, 87020 and 41864 for one hundred shares each. Liberal reward for the return of said certificates. Transfer of the certificates has been stopped and the public is cautioned against negotiating or using same in any manner. Reply to W 896 Times Downtown.

LOST—Will young man who found purse on Broadway car Saturday, 1:10 P. M., 75th St., with sum of money and owner's name inside, kindly communicate. Owner, care McGowan, 11 West 53d St., and receive reward? Lady absolutely stranded.

LOST—Diamond chain and diamond lorgnette; used Brown & White taxi from Playhouse to home, 490 West End Av., then to 30 Claremont Av., Friday evening about 11:30; liberal reward. Phone Schuyler 5178, a.m. 9:0.

LOST—Bar pin; $100 reward; three large, square diamonds, surrounded by small diamonds; Hollander's or Abercrombie & Fitch or vicinity; no questions asked. Telephone Columbus 1405.

LOST—Diamond and pearl platinum brooch, last Thursday evening in Hotel Commodore or in taxi from there to West 95d St.; reward. J. G. Kirkpatrick. Phone Riverside 6170.

LOST—Friday, 34th St. entrance McAlpin, to Herald Square, light blue enameled watch and chain. Reward. Sentiment attached. Cathedral 5676. Apt. 3.

LOST—Liberal reward for return of beaded bag containing opera glass, lost at Adelphi Theatre, 30th St. and Broadway, Friday night. Herts, 571 West 113th St.

LOST—Check for $1,000, Fifth Av. Bank, payable to Ruth McGovern, endorsed by Arthur A. McGovern. Finder kindly return to McGovern's Gymnasium, 5 West 60th St.

LOST—B flat bass clarionette in black leather covered case on ferry boat "Lackawanna" Sunday morning, May 9; $50 reward. Return to W. S. Hughes, 413 W. 23d.

LOST—In taxicab, Sunday afternoon, May 16, at 4 o'clock, a single sable scarf. Return to Ansonia Hotel, Apartment 104, Lehmann. Suitable reward.

LOST—Between 83d and 92d Sts., on Riverside Drive, small platinum and diamond bar pin, Sunday afternoon; reward. Mrs. Garvin, 110 Riverside Drive.

LOST—Friday, amethyst pin, clover shape, diamond centre, between Madison Square Hotel and the Henry Miller Theatre. Reward at office, 37 Madison Av.

LOST—Gold-headed cane, left in smoking car N. Y., N. H. & H., Sunday evening. Large reward if returned to owner, R. M. Fulton, 7 East 42d St.

LOST—Keys on gold keyring, with initials "R. P. N." in or near Van Cortlandt Park, Saturday afternoon. Reward. Nessler, 267 West 79th St.

LOST—Notebook labelled "Neuro-Anatomy" and papers labelled "Surgical Pathology." Reward if returned to A. R. Bernheim, 140 West 80th St., N. Y. C.

LOST—Two doors of moving van, May 11, between New Rochelle and New York; $5 reward. Simkovitch, 211 East 3d St. Tel., Orchard 3078.

LOST—Platinum and diamond bar pin, between 87th and 87th Sts., 5th Av. to Lexington; liberal reward. R. Ewing, 1,181 Madison Av.

LOST—Sable scarf, Longacre Theatre, May 10; return and receive liberal reward. Sanders, 205 West 89th.

LOST—Gold bar pin, 6 pearls, 1 diamond. Park Av., 68th St., along 5th Av.; liberal reward. Buckingham Hotel.

LOST—Lady's wrist watch, between 62d and 81st Sts., Columbus Av., Saturday evening; suitable reward. 135 Central Park West.

LOST—Friday or Saturday, between 94th and 147th, jewels and money in glove; reward. Monasheimer, 460 W. 147th.

LOST—Blue handbag Friday, about 1 P. M.; contents gifts greatly valued by owner; reward. Telephone Union 1283W.

LOST—Diamond wrist watch, Palais Royal, Thursday evening; liberal reward. Bryant 5614.

LOST—Platinum circle pin of pearls and sapphires; suitable reward, no questions asked. Phone Rector 7662.

$350 REWARD
for return of large round brooch, set with pearls and diamonds alternating; lost May 5, between Century Theatre and West 58th St. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

$100 REWARD
for return of diamond bowknot brooch lost May 12 between West 41st and 85th Sts. I. H. & B. H. Weinberg, 665 5th Av.

$200 REWARD return of jewelry in purse lost 9th and New Utrecht Ave., Tuesday, May 11. P 290 Times.

$500 REWARD for diamond circle brooch, lost May 7. Tiffany & Co., 5th Av. and 37th St.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Sunday afternoon, between 3 and 4 o'clock, squirrel neckpiece, 140th St., between St. Nicholas and Amsterdam Av. Finder please return to Hebrew Orphan Asylum, 138th St. and Amsterdam Av. Liberal reward.

LOST—Large sable scarf, lined with brown georgette with blue dots, on Friday night between 12 and 12:30; loss occurred Between Chevalier's Restaurant and West End Av. and 97th St. Substantial reward and no questions asked if returned to Cashier, Chevalier's Restaurant, 133 West 45th St.

Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Brown and white Boston bulldog, 1¼ years, no collar. 515 West 81st St. Schuyler 10452.

LOST—Black chow, answers to name Chink, neighborhood Central Park West-79th; reward. Mrs. Stone, 140 West 79th.

PERSONAL.

FITCHER—PRESENT ADDRESS WANTED of Ward A. Pitcher, druggist, who in February, 1918, resided at 247 East 198th St., New York, and at that time became a witness to the will of Mary D. McTaggert. William F. Clare, 185 Broadway, New York.

PHIPPS—PRESENT ADDRESS WANTED of Mrs. Lallie Phipps, who in February, 1918, resided at 2,947 Briggs Av., New York, and at that time became a witness to the will of Mary D. McTaggert. William F. Clare, 185 Broadway, New York.

REFINED COUPLE WISH TO ADOPT attractive, healthy girl, 1 to 3 years of age; excellent home and all advantages of education. Write, giving all particulars. All replies confidential. Address "T. C. M.," P. O. Box 922, City Hall Station.

R. C. B.—LETTER RECEIVED; WILLING to take risk; South Africa correspondence too slow; must have quicker action. Communicate W. J. H. or J. R. H.

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'NICKY' TODAY FACES CONTEMPT THREAT

Arnstein Will Be Taken Before Federal Court for Persistent Silence.

NO BAIL IS YET IN SIGHT

Passes Two Hours with Wife at Jail—Search for "Nick" Cohen Redoubled.

"Nicky" Arnstein must show cause before Federal Judge John C. Knox at 2.30 o'clock this afternoon why he should not be committed to jail for contempt. The contempt charge will be pressed against him by Saul S. Myers, attorney for the surety companies which brought bankruptcy proceedings in an effort to recover millions in stolen securities in connection with the disappearance of which Arnstein has been indicted for grand larceny. Mr. Myers will argue that Arnstein's refusal to answer his questions on Saturday, was in defiance of the court's authority. William J. Fallon, Arnstein's lawyer, is expected to resist any attempt to force his client to answer but those who instituted the bankruptcy proceedings believe Judge Knox will direct "Nicky" to answer. Such a procedure would also solve for the time the question of Arnstein's bond and the privilege of holding him which is more or less in dispute between Federal and State authorities.

This question remained where it was yesterday. Disappointed after his triumphal entry into the city in the midst of the police parade, when he was unable to furnish the Federal bail clapped on top of $75,000 bail in the larceny case, Arnstein met with another setback when he was forced to remain in Ludlow Street Jail.

Still Unable to Get Bail.

Efforts to obtain the extra bail were futile again yesterday. Mr. Fallon was in high hopes for a time that a professional bondsman would supply the $25,000, but last night had to give up.

At a late hour, however, he expected that the needed amount would be available today and believed his client would go free if not detained as a result of the contempt proceedings.

Meantime "Nicky" was waiting impatiently in the jail, which he had found by no means to his liking, despite the fact that, like other prisoners, he had been allowed to buy his own food and such toilet requisites as he lacked. In the afternoon he had been permitted to spend nearly two hours in the jail with his wife, Fannie Brice, an actress, Mr. Fallon and Miss Mae Weston, a friend of Mrs. Arnstein's.

Miss Weston was compelled to wait in an ante-room. The other callers found that "Nicky" had dined well, and had to some degree conquered his initial depression at landing in jail after all, despite his elaborate efforts to insure his freedom before he came back to the city. The lawyer and his client discussed the Arnstein defense, particularly the attitude "Nicky" should adopt should he be confronted today with the alternative of answering questions or going back to jail. There was a report that so long as he was unable to raise the additional bail and had to be confined anyway, it didn't make much difference whether he was in jail for lack of bail or for contempt.

Search for Hidden Assets.

The ground on which Judge Knox will be asked to direct him, either to reply to questions by the attorney for the bankruptcy creditors or be in contempt, will be that that examination is solely for the purpose of discovering hidden assets if there are any. Judge Knox probably will be informed that it is believed that Arnstein left this city with perhaps $1,250,000 worth of securities, and that the real reason for his long absence was that he was carefully "salting" them away.

The line of questions on which Mr. Myers embarked Saturday, only to be balked at every step by Arnstein's refusal to answer, it was made clear last night, was designed solely to bring out "Nicky's" movements in so far as they might concern themselves with the alleged disposal of these securities. The Court will be asked to recognize the fact that the question of how Arnstein got possession of the securities is not at issue in the Federal court, whereas any movements he made after he fled this city and information as to any persons with whom he communicated or to whom he intrusted any property are a vital and proper part of the bankruptcy inquiry.

The surety companies and their lawyer have no wish to take any unfair advantage of the accused man nor do they want, it was said for them, to hamper or embarrass the defense he soon must make to a criminal charge. The crime, they say, was committed, if at all, weeks before "Nicky" left New York. Hence, they argue, an inquiry into his movements since, with searching effort to learn whether he has hidden any property, can be conducted with propriety and with justice to the accused man.

Trial Date in Doubt.

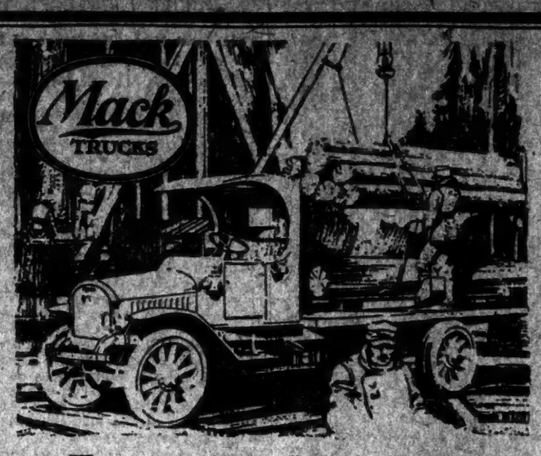
Just when Arnstein will be called upon to face a jury in the Criminal Court was in doubt last night. Assistant District Attorney John T. Dooling, who spent a busy day gathering up his evidence against the suspect, was not prepared to say, beyond asserting that it would "follow in due course." The case has so many involved ramifications, some of which may remain in gloom until other persons sought are taken into custody, that it was believed it might be weeks before "Nicky" would be placed on trial.

It is not improbable, however, that he will be arraigned some time today in General Sessions for pleading. It is intended to take him there if that can be accomplished without interfering with the Federal proceedings. It is a foregone conclusion that Arnstein's appearance in the Criminal Courts Building, however, will be in the nature of a brief formality, as he is expected to enter a plea of not guilty and to waive examination.

With Arnstein safely behind bars the security companies which have lost millions through the bond plot in which they charge he furnished the dominating intellect, were maturing plans last night for an intensive campaign for the capture of "Nick" Cohen, wanted almost as badly as Arnstein himself. From Arnstein's attitude thus far it was not expected he would give much help in finding this fugitive or any of the others sought.

Agents of the companies expressed themselves last night, however, as satisfied that publicity finally forced the return of "Nicky," who, they believed, came back because he realized that with the unremitting hue and cry after him he must be caught sooner or later. For that reason they determined to begin today a determined effort to "smoke out Cohen," as one of them put it.

Feeling that the whole plot was on the verge of being disentangled, now that Arnstein is on hand, these agents said that with Cohen also in custody would not take long to clean up the whole case and deal out punishment to those they say are guilty. At the same time they believe the efforts to get back a large amount of the stolen securities would stand a much better chance of success if Cohen, too, were caught.



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WHOLE WORLD REPESENTED

Historic St. Peter's Filled by Vast Throng—140 of Joan's Family Present.

FRENCH DELEGATES ATTEND

Celebrations in Honor of the Maid of Orleans Also Held in London and Paris.

ROME, May 16 (Associated Press).—The canonization of Joan of Arc, the French national heroine, was celebrated by Pope Benedict this morning in St. Peter's. It was the greatest and most impressive function performed in the historic basilica not only by the present Pontiff, but for several centuries past.

The interior of St. Peter's was lighted by thousands of incandescent bulbs, and the soft radiance of innumerable wax candles, the flickering of which added fascinating beauty to the scene. The enormous pillars of the basilica were decorated with priceless ancient crimson damask, and pictures of Joan of Arc were prominently displayed. A passage was kept open in the middle of the basilica for the Papal procession to the high altar, behind which the Papal throne was erected, having a small tribune for the Papal family.

Another tribune that attracted much attention contained 140 descendants of the family of Joan of Arc. These, belonging to all ranks of life and coming from all parts of France, had, for the most part, never met one another before. Three times as many applied for seats as relatives of Joan of Arc's family, but their claims were not admitted.

Further along there was a tribune for the Roman aristocracy, the Knights of Malta, headed by Count Lambertenghi; the diplomatic body accredited to the Holy See, and a special mission headed by Gabriel Hanotaux, sent by the French Republic. In the diplomatic tribune, which glittered with uniforms and decorations of all kinds, were the Duke of Vendome, Princess Irene Alexandrovna, Princess Jussuroff, Prince Theodore Alexandrovitch and Prince Miguel of Braganza.

Diego von Bergen, the German Ambassador to the Vatican, made his first appearance at a function. He wore evening dress, in striking contrast to the gorgeous uniforms of the other diplomatic representatives. The Ministers of Chile, Argentina and Brazil, with their wives; Count de Salis, British Minister to the Holy See, and M. Doulcet, the French representative at the Vatican, were among the 60,000 to 70,000 persons present at the canonization ceremonies.

The vast temple was filled from dawn with the crowd which had gathered from all parts of the world.

The Pontiff was received at the entrance to the basilica by Cardinal Merry del Val, Archpriest of St. Peter's, with the Vatican Chapter. The choir sang "Tu Es Petrus" while the faithful sank to their knees, but did not allow any details of the magnificent procession to pass unobserved.

Scene Inside and Outside St. Peter's.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, May 16.—The ceremony of the canonization of Joan of Arc was carried out today with the greatest pomp and solemnity and with the religious attention of a vast crowd in historic St. Peter's. After having said mass, the Pope returned to his apartments, being greeted with a most enthusiastic demonstration.

The wonderful temple embodying the religious faith and sacrifices of centuries was hung with gorgeous crimson brocades, ornamented with gold and fringe with silver and gold and crystal lamps. Pictures and tapestries showing Joan of Arc were hung above the immense doors. Thousands of twinkling, swaying candle flames shed a soft, subdued light all over the building. A profusion of flowers of all colors made the altar of confession, where later the Pope celebrated the mass, appear like a fairy garden.

Near the Basilica this morning one passed hundreds of automobiles, cars and cabs conveying high dignitaries of the Church in picturesque costumes—Cardinals in their crimson robes, Monsignors in purple, humble pilgrims, nuns and monks on foot.

Dense crowds filled every inch of the sidewalks, eager and curious to see the passing notabilities. The square of St. Peter's looked strangely unfamiliar, as if it had been painted black over night. This curious effect was caused by the thousands of vehicles of all kinds and sizes lined up in it, many crowded with urchins whom nothing would chase away. Some had even in an inexplicable way succeeded in clambering on to the Colonnades, the better to witness the passing show. Above all was the cloudless blue sky and the sun shining down pitilessly upon the hot, perspiring crowd. From the entrance of the square to the big portals of the church it seemed like a rising and falling sea.

Another most impressive spectacle was to see the immense multitude which had witnessed the ceremony, estimated at from 60,000 to 70,000 persons, melt away in the immense square before the Basilica until it was almost impossible to believe such numbers had been contained there so lately.

SEES JOAN AS SAINT OF BRITAIN AND FRANCE

Poincare Says Her Spirit Must Keep Them United for World's Welfare.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 16.—In an article which Le Matin will publish tomorrow, ex-President Poincaré, writing of the canonization of Joan of Arc, says that the spirit of the Maid of Orléans links France and England today in unity upon which depends the future peace of the world.

"It is today," he says, "that Joan of Arc fulfills the last part of her mission in bringing together forever in the sacredness of her memory the heritors of those she sought to push out of her kingdom and the descendants of the chevaliers who fought beneath her banner. From the flames which burned Joan of Arc came the spirit of light and truth which has finally associated in common accomplishment, after long centuries of misunderstandings, the peoples of France and England.

"Joan gave to a wavering and uncertain dynasty the standard around which was formed our national unity. She made possible the France of Francis I., of Henry IV., of Louis XIV., of the Revolution and of today. If at the same time she helped expel England from the Continent she simply consigned our neighbors across the Channel to their natural destiny, and in reconciling them in spite of themselves to their insular traditions she prepared them to assume the mastery of the seas.

"For long centuries the two peoples, seated on opposite sides of the Channel, regarded each other with persistent hostility which broke out too often in war. Then the day came when, united on the field of battle, they realized the power of their permanent union. Grown to full stature in the exercise of their liberty, they have come to understand what together they can do for the liberty of the world and have joined hands for that work.

"From 1902 to 1908 the Entente Cordiale established itself and grew. Old causes of misunderstanding one by one disappeared. Agreements were signed with regard to Newfoundland, Egypt, Morocco and Equatorial Africa. Faithful interpreters of British thought, the Ministers of Edward VII., followed a new policy toward France, and they found at the Elysée as well as at the Quai d'Orsay a disposition favorable to collaboration. The two Chancelleries adopted the habit of consulting each other in all grave circumstances. In the years which preceded the war this association which, while it did not lead to a definite alliance, enabled England and France at least for a while to soften the menaces which threatened Europe.

"Now that the two nations have fought side by side for a common ideal, how can they, on the morrow of the victory won together, allow to be reborn between them misunderstandings which will be for both sources of grief? They have, at the price of their blood, made a peace which rests today entirely upon the continuation of their intimacy and the realization of which in years to come depends upon their reciprocal confidence and loyalty. On all points of the globe they have united their fortunes, and whatever shall come they must not separate. None of the commissions created in Paris, in London, on the Rhine, or of those which the Turkish treaty provides for the Dardanelles can function a single day if the flowers which the English have offered to Joan of Arc are to perish in a morning. Joan united the English and us. We fought on the same side in the World War, like her, for the reign of right and justice. In her spirit let us remain united for the good of mankind."

LONDON HONORS NEW SAINT.

Procession in Streets Follows Service in Cathedral.

LONDON, May 16.—The whole Catholic world was represented in remarkable scenes of devotion at the celebration today of the canonization of Joan of Arc at Westminster Cathedral.

The thousands thronging the cathedral included visitors from China, India, Russia and other distant parts. The shrine of Joan of Arc was decorated with laurel wreaths and the French and British colors.

The culminating point in the celebrations was a war pageant organized by the Catholic Women's League in the form of a long procession through the adjacent streets, preceded by the cathedral dignitaries in their robes.

British and French officers escorted Joan of Arc, as impersonated by a girl clad in shining armor, mounted on a gray horse. There were many bands and banners, and French peasant children in the garments of the period, the whole forming a beautiful and impressive spectacle, which was witnessed by 100,000 people.

Celebrations were held also in all the French churches in London.

SPROUL-WOOD SLATE NOW.

Pennsylvania Astonished by Alleged Move in General's Interest.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, May 16.—Slates of candidates for Pennsylvania's seventy-six seats in the Chicago Convention, appearing by the thousand throughout the State today disclosed an alleged plan to capture the delegation for General Wood through coupling his name with that of Governor Sproul. McAdoo stickers also appeared in abundance.

Organization politicians were astonished, particularly as the delegate candidates now classed as Wood possibilities were originally, for the most part, the regular organization candidates, and therefore considered safely in the hands of Senator Penrose for trading purposes at Chicago.

Whether Governor Sproul had any knowledge of the preparation of the Sproul-Wood slate was a subject of lively speculation here and in the eastern end of the State. Pennsylvania's delegation to the Republican National Convention, while uninstructed, had been considered as at the call of Governor Sproul until Senator Penrose declared for Senator Knox for the nomination.

WOMAN DEFENDS UNIT RULE.

Mrs. Sire Tells Democratic League the Majority Should Rule.

The "unit rule," adopted by a majority of the members of the New York State delegation to the Democratic National Convention, was defended by Mrs. Lillian R. Sire at a dinner to the women members of the delegation by the Women's Democratic Political League at the Café des Beaux-Arts last night. Mrs. Sire, who presided, declared that willingness to abide by the decision of the majority was the foundation of democracy.

"If a question comes up at San Francisco the unit rule means that we will have a conference or caucus on it," she said. "Why should not the minority abide by that decision of the majority?"

Other speakers included Public Service Commissioner Lewis Nixon, Sheriff David H. Knott, Representative Herbert C. Pell, Thomas J. McManus, Mrs. N. Taller Phillips, Mrs. Rebecca Hoffman, Mrs. Minnie Wichman and Mrs. Helen McRedmond. About three hundred persons, mostly women, were present.

Accept Advance in Wages But Will Continue Strike

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., May 16.—The textile unions of this city, with the exception of the loom fixers, voted today to accept the 15 per cent. advance in wages offered by the manufacturers.

At a mass meeting of the operatives tonight it was voted to continue the present strike in eighteen cotton mills in support of the loom fixers, who have demanded that the mills remove notices changing their working conditions.

10,000 IN PAGEANT FOR JOAN OF ARC

Canonization Is Marked by Ceremonies on Fordham University Campus.

25,000 SEE BIG SPECTACLE

Archbishop Hayes Gives Blessing to Assemblage — British Flag Hissed.

The canonization of Joan of Arc at Rome yesterday was celebrated here by the Catholics of New York City with a pageant showing scenes from the martyr's life, and ending with her death at the stake. The spectacle was held on the campus of Fordham University, under the auspices of the Catholic Actors' Guild and the special patronage of Archbishop Patrick J. Hayes. Some 10,000 school children took part, and the audience numbered about 25,000.

In the pageant Joan of Arc is first seen as a child, at play with her sheep; in the second episode her prayer for a liberator for France is answered, and St. Michael, appearing amid a group of angels, presents her with a banner and a sword, while an unseen choir chants the Kyrie. She next appears before the Court of France, where King Charles, at last convinced of her supernatural powers, accepts her as the leader of his armies to raise the siege of Orleans. Then follows a battle between French and English troops, turned from rout to victory by her sudden appearance at the head of the French. The next scene portrays her triumphal entry into Rheims, before whose cathedral she places the crown upon the head of Charles and proclaims him Charles VII. The last three episodes show the trial for heresy and witchcraft, the burning at the stake and her apotheosis.

The part of Joan was played in the early scenes by Virginia Madigan, and in those of her glory and downfall by Mrs. Shannon Dale. As the English troops were being driven from the field bombs were sent up behind the grandstand, some of which released balloons carrying French, British and other national flags, and at last the Stars and Stripes. As the British flag floated to the breeze many of the children who had taken part in the pageant and were watching its close hissed loudly, an one of them shouted, "Shoot it down with another one."

The instrumental music was provided by an orchestra conducted by Dr. Harold Beckett Gibbs. A picked chorus of 5,000 voices sang, under the direction of teachers from the Pius X. Choir of Liturgical Music. There were guards of honor from the 69th Infantry and the American Legion.

Archbishop Hayes gave his blessing to the assemblage after the pageant was over. With him on the guest stand were General Louis Collardt of the French Embassy, representing Ambassador Jusserand; Gaston Liebert, French Consul General, with two of his staff; French High Commissioner Maurice Casenave, ex-Governor Martin J. Glynn, the visiting Syrian Archbishop, Cheikralla Khouri; an honorary committee of churchmen, including former Chaplain Francis Duffy, and a number of prominent citizens, among them Rodman Wanamaker, William D. Guthrie, Dr. George F. Kunz, Victor J. Dowling and Charles H. Murphy.

Over forty parochial schools had children in the pageant. It was staged under the general direction of Frederick H. Tims, who also prepared the scenario. Groups from various military academies took soldier parts in the battle and ceremonial scenes.

CHARLES FOR TREATY, HE TELLS HUNGARIANS

But He Wants Secret Clause Permitting His Return—Other Royal Candidates Retire

BUDAPEST, May 13.—Followers of former Emperor Charles of Austria, who have been without information as to whether he desired them to support the signing of the Hungarian peace treaty, are reported to have received a message from Prangins instructing them to support the treaty providing a secret clause be appended permitting him to return.

It is regarded as a foregone conclusion here that Charles will return shortly, in any event. Archduke Joseph has tacitly withdrawn from the race to head the Government, his house in Esterhasy Street having been closed. The Royalist Party continues to exist, however, and its headquarters are still open. The other candidates apparently have withdrawn also.

Archduchess Stephanie, wife of the Count of Lonyay, who has just returned from a visit with Charles' castle at Prangins, brought the message from Charles which is reported to contain the orders for support of the treaty.

ASSERTS LEAGUE WILL COME

Baptist Leader Warns All Parties the People Will Demand It.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—Speaking today from the steps of the Capitol to thousands attending the Southern Baptists' Convention, the Rev. Dr. George W. Truett of Dallas, Tex., indorsed the League of Nations and prophesied that "if it does not come today it will as inexorably come tomorrow as that God is on His throne."

A volley of cheers from men and women, gathered here from seventeen Southern States, greeted the statement.

"Standing under the shadow of the United States Senate," Dr. Truett declared, "I dare to say as a citizen and as a Christian and moral teacher that the moral force of the United States of America, without regard to any political party, will never rest until we have a League of Nations.

"I dare to say also that the unquestioned majorities of both great political parties in this country regard the delay in the ratification of the League of Nations as a national and world-wide tragedy. I can certify the men of all political parties that the moral forces of this country will not be silent until there is put forth a great League of Nations that shall strive with all its might to put an end to the diabolism and the horrors of war.

"I thank God that that stricken man yonder in the White House pleaded and pleads yet that the nation will take its part with the others in bringing in a new era wherein shall dwell righteousness and peace."

TAKES OVER COLISEUM.

National Committee Now in Charge of Chicago Convention Building.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 16.—Although the formal opening will not come for twenty days the active preliminaries of the Republican National Convention will get under way tomorrow morning, when the National Committee will assume charge at the Coliseum. From now on the building will be humming.

Many of the committees, or at least their chairmen, will be found in their newly furnished offices every day. There is much preliminary detail work to be done before the convention starts.

The most important work will be hearings by the National Committee to settle the disputes arising over contested delegates. These contests are: Arkansas, 4; Florida, 8; Georgia, 17; Louisiana, 12; Minnesota, 5; Mississippi, 12; Missouri, 7; North Carolina, 22; Oklahoma, 4; Virginia, 4, and the District of Columbia, 2.

Report Plot for Soviet Uprising in Berlin By Communists on Election Day

BERLIN, May 16.—According to a news agency the Government has been informed of the existence of a widely ramified Communistic plot, hatched in a Berlin suburb, for sabotage during the elections for the Reichstag by organized attacks on the polling booths and the destruction of ballot boxes and ballots.

Should the plans miscarry, with the result that the elections favor the bourgeoisie, the news agency says, a rising has been planned by the plotters, to break out not in Berlin but in the central provinces with the view of establishing Soviets throughout Germany.

The Government, according to the agency, while taking no repressive action is keeping close watch for any developments.

The Morgen Post says that a warrant for the arrest of General von Lüttwitz, leader of the military arm of the Kapp revolutionary dictatorship, on a charge of high treason has been issued by the examining Judge of the Leipsic Supreme Court.

The Government, the agency says, views the seizure of Sangerhausen on Friday by Communists as simply a criminal thieving raid, not inspired by political motives. The Communists after breaking into stores, the bank and Post Office with grenades and plastering the town with proclamations signed with the name of Max Hölz, the Communist raider, who recently was apprehended in Czechoslovakia, decamped with their loot in automobiles. They were pursued by citizens but only two were caught. Seven local youths have been arrested as accomplices.

A Presidential decree issued last night transfers the military in the district of Düsseldorf and Münster to civilian authority. At Arnsberg, forty-four miles south-southeast of Münster, the military officials have been ordered to take no action without express orders from the Civilian Government Commissioners.

Drumhead courts-martial are abolished by the decree, but military tribunals will continue to function, their members being appointed by civilian commissions, to whom the local authorities are also subordinated.

LONDON, May 16.—Troops of General von Lüttwitz have again marched into Cottbus, Prussia, and the workers there have declared a general strike, according to a Berlin dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company.

The Communist Committee in Sangerhausen, at the foot of the Harz Mountains, which posted the town Friday night with announcements that the Government had been overthrown and authority vested in the Left Radicals, compelled the Post Office to surrender 300,000 marks and the town banks 200,000 marks, the dispatch adds.

GIFTS OF FLOWERS GREET EX-KAISER

Doorn Neighbors Speculate on Whether He Will Remain Permanently in New Home.

BENTINCK LIFE FREER NOW

Though They Miss His Tips, the Castle Servants Express Pleasure at His Departure.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, May 16.—The ex-Kaiser dispensed with divine service at Doorn today. There is no chapel in his new residence, but I learn that the ex-monarch intends building a small chapel in the grounds.

Wilhelm busied himself today in getting his house in order and dictating letters of thanks for many presents of flowers.

Many excursionists arrived by automobile, motorcycle and bicycle at Doorn today to see the ex-royalties.

A German officer in uniform created some excitement in the village street. The ex-Kaiserin, who arrived in a closed automobile yesterday, was accompanied by her doctor, owing to her precarious state of health and agitation over moving.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

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DOORN, Holland, May 15.—The former Kaiser presented a marble bust of himself to Count Bentinck as a parting present, and also gave away several photographs of himself in uniform, taken by Countess Bentinck, when he left Amerongen.

With his removal from Amerongen to the House of Doorn, another stage of William Hohenzollern's post-war career commences.

Does William intend to return politically, or to make this his permanent home? is asked on all sides. Judging by the elaborate alterations on his estate here, this is to be no temporary residence. The small villa is still in process of building, and the old dovecots is also undergoing repairs. For months workmen have been showing feverish activity, and even now there is much in an unfinished state.

The guards have now deserted Amerongen Castle, taking up their posts at Doorn and Marechaussees, and with rifles are seen patrolling the quiet village streets of Doorn. Although the ex-Kaiser once expressed a wish to enter Doorn under a flowered arch, no outward signs of welcome were allowed officially, but I learn that many people in the vicinity are pleased with their new ex-royal neighbor and the shopkeepers are hoping for business. Quantities of large baskets and bouquets of flowers arrived yesterday and today.

Little is to be seen of the extensive measures for guarding the ex-Kaiser from the footpath running parallel with a high wire cage surrounding the estate, where visitors are asked to show identity cards, but I am informed that many armed guards are inside and also that a barbed wire fence is concealed on the grounds.

Nothing is to be heard outside but the cooing of doves and the occasional scream of the peacocks.

The village telegraph office is already very busy with telegrams piled up waiting. At Driebergen Station the last of the ex-Kaiser's empty furniture wagons are being loaded and a train is ready for reshipping. William's large motor-lorry plies backwards and forwards with the last remnants of his luggage.

The ex-Crown Prince was honored with a serenade by the Wieringen Band on Ascension Day, and each musician was treated to a glass of wine by the Prince.

AMERONGEN, May 15 (Associated Press.)—Bentinck Castle, long hemmed about by special guards because of the presence of former Emperor William of Germany, has again been thrown open to visitors following the departure of the former Emperor for his new home. The castle gates are wide open and the formality of requiring tickets of visitors has been done away with.

One minute after the ex-Kaiser's automobile had started in the direction of Doorn, the guards were withdrawn, and after taking leave of friends in Amerongen, mounted bicycles and pedaled off in the direction taken by William's car.

The only person in the Bentinck household who appeared to regret the departure of the erstwhile royalty was a daughter of Count Bentinck, who is reported to have become engaged to marry Captain von Ilsemann of the ex-Emperor's retinue.

"There will be less tips for us now," said the Bentinck gamekeeper to a plump village girl, "but all the same I am glad the fellow's gone."

ORIENTAL INFLUX PERPLEXES BERLIN

Ministry of the Interior Making an Investigation of Reasons for Movement.

JAPANESE MOST NUMEROUS

Suggestion Is Made That They Are After German Trade Secrets—Fewer Students Among Them.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, May 15.—The German authorities are surprised, if not alarmed, at the influx of members of the Asiatic races from nearly all parts of Asia, and also men from certain African countries, so much so that the Ministry of the Interior is now conducting an investigation concerning the activity of these strangers and their numbers, which, as Privy Councilor Fritz Rathenau, a cousin of Walter Rathenau, told THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent, will be concluded within about two weeks. Meanwhile Geheimrat Rathenau prefers to keep silent because "he does not desire to mix in national politics." However, Rathenau named the following countries as being largely represented by these visitors: Japan, China, India, Siam and Egypt.

"Of course, there have been students from all these countries in Germany before the war, but never did they come in such large numbers," said Rathenau, "and you will be surprised that only a very few seek instruction at our schools. What they are really doing here we are trying to find out now. Our low rate of exchange cannot account for the invasion."

Indeed, you may see scores of these visitors any day and any night in Berlin and other large German cities, apparently well provided with money and seemingly out for pleasure, knowing how to keep their business secret. The most numerous are the Japanese, all young men about 30, and none of them has registered at any high school or university, as Dr. Erich Scharfschmidt of the Oriental Seminary told THE TIMES correspondent. Dr. Scharfschmidt, too, feared to compromise himself politically if he said too much, but he admitted he had taken notice of the many Japanese who had arrived in Berlin since the peace, and gathered they had been sent by their Government and were well provided with money.

"I have myself tried to find out their reasons for coming here," he said, "but beyond telling me they are commissioned to purchase machines and other German wares, they were unwilling to say anything. I am of the belief that these purchases are only a masquerade for other enterprises, and cannot account for their prolonged sojourn. They no longer seek registation at the high schools, nor do they try to enter our large industrial workshops. Nevertheless they seem well informed about our science as well as our industry, social conditions and politics. You can see them at the gambling clubs and horse races, our first-class hotels and theatres, spending money lavishly, but you can never get them to tell you what they really want in our impoverished country. It may be bribery to obtain industrial secrets, but if so, they succeed in covering up all tracks."

Professor Edward Meyer, Rector of Berlin University, confirmed that no Japanese had matriculated, and of hundreds of Chinese visiting only about fifty were regular attendants at the university lectures. These, however, Rector Meyer praised as most desirable students in every way.

"We meet the Japanese at society functions, stock exchange, political gatherings, clubs, and everywhere but the university, where in pre-war days they outnumbered all other Asiatics," said Professor Meyer. "I am aware that they are being watched by the authorities."

At the Technical High School and at the Mining Academy THE TIMES correspondent was informed of remarkably frequent visits by Japanese scientists and Government officials, but that no Japanese students had matriculated while scores of Chinese, Egyptians, and Indians were registered as regular attendants. Representatives of the latter two nations were frankly anti-English.

Mexico Revealed by Ibanez

THE third of the series of articles on conditions in Mexico by Senor V. Blasco Ibanez will be published in

The New York Times

TOMORROW (TUESDAY)

Other articles of the series will follow daily.

In order that you may read this important series, order your newsdealer to deliver The New York Times to you every day.

WANT NEXT MEETING OF LEAGUE IN EUROPE

Delegates May Ask Wilson Not to Summon It for Washington.

COUNCIL'S ARMENIAN VIEWS

In Case of America's Refusal to Serve Another Nation Will Be Approached.

ROME, May 15.—A request that President Wilson, who is to issue the formal call for the next meeting of the League of Nations, designate as the place of the meeting some European city rather than Washington, as was originally planned, will be forwarded to him soon by delegates of the league, according to reports prevalent here.

The Council of the League of Nations held a private sitting at 4 o'clock this afternoon and a public sitting at 6 o'clock, at which a number of reports were read and decisions announced. Signor Tomaso Tittoni of Italy presided, and England, Belgium, Brasil, Spain, France, Italy, Japan and Greece were represented.

The Council received a letter from the Supreme Council approving the former's opinion that the protection of the future of Armenia should be the duty of one State alone, and that if the United States refused an Armenian mandate a fresh conference of the Council and of the Supreme Council would be necessary.

The Japanese delegate read a report on Germany's request for intervention by the League of Nations to insure freedom of decision in the plebiscites to be held in Eupen and Malmédy. He stated that the delimitation of the frontier between Germany and Belgium had been intrusted to a commission of seven, five to be appointed by the principal Allies, one by Germany and one by Belgium.

The Brazilian representative submitted a report on the white slave traffic, urging that a special department for its further study be attached to the Secretariat General of the League.

It was announced that the League was not in position to take direct measures to prevent the spread of infectious diseases in Central Europe, which are threatening the Continent, until it should have received a report from the International Red Cross.

The Secretary General reported on the formation of a committee of legal experts to be charged with the drafting of a plan for the establishment of a permanent International Court of Justice.

Signor Tittoni announced that Dr. Fridtjof Nansen had agreed to the Council's request that he investigate the question of the Siberian prisoners and make suggestions with a view to saving those unfortunate men from spending another Winter in exile.

The Council referred to the General Assembly requests from Luxembourg, San Marino, Georgia, Finland, Esthonia, the Ukraine and Ireland to be admitted to the League.

CECIL CHARGES POLES WITH MILITARISM

He Publishes Protests to British Government and Elicits Strong Press Criticism.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Monday, May 17.—The correspondence on the subject of the Polish advance which passed between Earl Curzon and Lord Robert Cecil was issued last night for publication from the office of the League of Nations Union. The decision to make it public is that Lord Robert, and Lord Curzon in a final letter protests against the former's expressed intentions of publishing the correspondence without his permission, as he did not write with a view to publication, and it left him without an opportunity of making an adequate reply.

Lord Robert, as Chairman of the Executive Committee of the League of Nations Union, wrote to Lord Curzon on May 3, declaring that for months past Poland has been notoriously preparing to attack Russia," and saying that as far as he could judge "the Soviet Government has made repeated and genuine offers of peace, which have been set aside on seemingly flimsy pretexts."

Lord Robert said he thought it regrettable that the machinery provided by the Covenant of the League of Nations should not have been utilized, and he urged that a meeting of the Council of the league be summoned immediately at the instance of the British Government to deal with the situation, which, he said, was not improved by the fact that Poland had rendered her northern neighbors, Esthonia, Latvia and especially Lithuania, bitterly hostile by her recent conduct.

Lord Curzon in the course of his reply said:

"Our information does not at all support the view that 'for months past Poland has been notoriously preparing to attack Russia.' Until quite recently there has been no evidence to show that the Poles have been contemplating an offensive against Russia. We have every reason to believe that their endeavors to open peace negotiations were genuine. They were only abandoned when the Poles became aware that the Bolsheviki were concentrating opposite their front a large supply of guns and material captured from General Denikin's army. In any case this episode does not constitute an outbreak of war. It is merely a phase of a war which has been going on for some time and has not yet been terminated.

"I do not see how we can invoke the intervention of the League of Nations to check an offensive by the Poles in the course of their conflict with the Bolsheviki. We told them His Majesty's Government could offer them no advance, and that they must choose peace or war on their own responsibility. Having left them free to choose, I hardly think that it is open to us to attempt to repress their action when they have made their choice. Such an attempt would certainly be regarded as intervention in favor of the Bolsheviki and against our allies."

The Daily Chronicle editorially charges that Lord Cecil Robert is acting most unfairly to the League of Nations Union in heading his correspondence from the office of that organization as acting as Chairman of the Executive Committee. "Assuming that he had his executive's sanction," says the paper, "it merely widens, but does not diminish, the injustice to the union's members. The union was formed for a quite definite purpose—to help democratic opinion in this country for the League of Nations. It was certainly not forged in order that inaccurate and grossly partisan letters should be published in its name, attacking allied powers and favoring the Bolsheviki.

"If that is to be its function in future it had better change its title and cease to ask ourselves or any other supporters of the British Government to appeal for it."

NEW AIR SERVICE STARTED.

Thrice a Week Flights from Amsterdam to London Begin Today.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, May 16.—The first regular air service will commence on Monday between London and Amsterdam. The Royal Netherlands Aero Company has contracted with a British company for a three times weekly service, carrying passengers, parcels and mail. If this service is successful it will be the beginning of a network of services between Germany, Denmark and the whole of Northern Europe. Contracts already have been made with five companies.

The voyage from Amsterdam to London, taking about three hours, costs 150 florins (£60). The route is via Ostend and Calais, crossing the narrowest part of the Channel.

French Quit Frankfort Today; Report Demand for Hostages

MAYENCE, May 16.—Marshal Foch has ordered the French forces to evacuate the newly occupied territory in the Main region tomorrow, on confirmation by General Maurice Nollet, Chief of the French Military Mission in Berlin, that the German forces in the neutral zone have been reduced to within the authorized limits.

BERLIN, May 15.—With a view to insuring against unpleasant incidents on the occasion of the evacuation of Frankfort on Monday, says a dispatch from that city, the French are demanding the following hostages: Herr Cossmann, President of the local Government; Chief Burgomaster Voight, Police President Ehrler, Herr Hopf, Chairman of the City Council; Alderman Rumpf and Councillor Lion. They are also said to be demanding a guarantee of 1,000,000 marks.

BOOST GOV. COOLIDGE TO CUT WOOD LEAD

W. Murray Crane Reported to Lead Move to Bring About Deadlock in Convention.

VERMONT VOTES TOMORROW

Will Elect Delegates to State Convention May 26—Oregon Primaries Friday.

An attempt to use the candidacy of Governor Calvin Coolidge of Massachusetts to prevent General Leonard Wood from getting too big a lead on the early ballots at the Republican National Convention at Chicago is being made by some of the Republican leaders in Massachusetts, according to a report received here yesterday. An effort is being made, it was said, by W. Murray Crane, former United States Senator, and other prominent Republicans, to get as many New England delegates as possible to support Governor Coolidge on the first three ballots, primarily to make a deadlock more likely.

General Wood undoubtedly possesses more strength than any other candidate in New England. He has the Maine and New Hampshire delegations and six out of the eight delegates from Massachusetts are instructed or pledged to him. The remaining Massachusetts delegates, as well as those from Rhode Island and Connecticut, are uninstructed, and the Vermont delegates are yet to be elected.

Many of the delegates are known to favor General Wood, at least as their second choice, and to tie them up for Governor Coolidge would delay their swing to General Wood. On the other hand, some of those opposed to General Wood on the public effect of a deadlock for him in New England votes, if after being cast for Governor Coolidge they should go over to General Wood in a block.

This issue will come up in Vermont at the primaries, where delegates to a State convention are to be elected tomorrow, and delegates to the National Convention are to be elected at a State convention at Burlington on May 26. The issue there is whether the delegates shall be instructed for General Wood or uninstructed.

Oregon Votes Friday.

The most important Republican primary elections remaining are in Oregon next Friday, and in West Virginia on May 25. General Wood, Senator Hiram W. Johnson, Governor Frank O. Lowden of Illinois, Herbert Hoover and Senator Miles Poindexter of Washington, are all entered for the Oregon primaries, but it is now believed that the fight lies between General Wood and Senator Johnson. A dispatch received yesterday at the Wood Eastern headquarters in the Hotel Imperial from the main Wood headquarters at Chicago said:

"The Oregon primary race now ends as a race between Wood and Johnson. Hoover has ordered his managers publicly not to make further efforts to get votes for him, and the Hoover strength is going to Wood. The Lowden managers are making only sufficient fight to make a showing, he is believed. Dow W. Walker, Wood's manager in Oregon, believes the State will go to Wood, despite the fact that Johnson is known to have considerable strength on account of the Pacific Coast being his home country.

The fight in West Virginia is between General Wood and United States Senator Howard Sutherland, who is running as a "favorite son" candidate. Word was received yesterday at Wood headquarters from State Editor John S. Darst, the Wood campaign manager, that General Wood would carry the State.

Other States to hold Republican primaries or conventions are Pennsylvania, which will have a primary election tomorrow; Alabama, which will have a State convention on Wednesday, and Texas, which will hold a State convention on Tuesday, May 25.

Pennsylvania and Alabama.

Pennsylvania has two "favorite son" candidates, United States Senator Philander C. Knox, recently put forward by his colleague, Senator Boies Penrose, and Governor W. C. Sproul. The Wood leaders characterized the situation there as "satisfactory," and expected to have a number of Wood delegates to challenge Senator Penrose's control of the delegation.

The contest for the Alabama delegates is expected to be between General Wood and Governor Lowden. A dispatch was received here yesterday from Colonel William Cooper Procter, Chairman of the Leonard Wood National Campaign Committee, that he had received word that the two delegates from the Third Congressional District of Alabama would be pledged to vote for General Wood.

Thomas W. Miller, Assistant Eastern Campaign Manager of the Wood Committee, replied yesterday to newspaper criticism that General Wood had attempted to evade a statement of his position on the League of Nations in a recent interview at Washington, when he said that he favored the Lodge reservations, if they would Americanize the league.

Mr. Miller said that to draw an inference that General Wood desired to "side-step" the issue from his reply in a hurried interview was to do him an injustice. He said General Wood had frequently stated his position in regard to the league with great definiteness and quoted his reply to Senator William E. Borah to show that he said several months ago that he favored acceptance of the league with the Lodge reservations.

N. Y. PRESBYTERY IN LEAD.

Will Report to Assembly Contributions of $5,589,575 for Year.

The Presbytery of New York has the best year in the history of the local body to report to the general assembly of the Presbyterian Church, which opens next Thursday in Philadelphia. The sum of $5,589,575 was contributed through the sixty-two Presbyterian Churches in Manhattan, the Bronx and Richmond. Of this $4,783,567 went to benevolences and $634,008 to congregational expenses.

The Brick Church, Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street, of which the Rev. Dr. William P. Merrill is pastor, donated $2,689,131. Riverdale Church was second, its gifts totaling $1,192,880. The Fifth Avenue Church, at Fifty-fifth Street, was third, with a contribution of $423,694.

LOWDEN MEN CLAIM STRATEGIC POSITION

Declare Wood's Vote in Convention Will Decline After the First Ballot.

SEE DANGER IN DARK HORSE

Illinois Governor's Managers Assert He Can Win Over Present Rivals.

UNCERTAIN AS TO FAR WEST

It Is Insisted, However, That Western Republicans Are at Least Not Hostile.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 16.—While they admit that General Leonard Wood will have the largest block of delegates on the first ballot in the Republican National Convention, the campaign managers of Governor Frank O. Lowden are asserting today that their candidate is in the best strategic position so far as the actual nomination is concerned, and that, if the field were to be narrowed down to those who are openly in the race, thus eliminating all "dark horses," the Illinois Governor might feel reasonably safe as to the result.

Friends of Governor Lowden are taking the viewpoint that General Wood will be at the top of his strength on the first ballot and will go back after that is taken. They say that, despite the efforts of Frank H. Hitchcock and other Wood leaders who are working night and day to round up delegates, the General cannot hope to get more than 300 votes on the first ballot and that his total probably will be nearer 250 or 260.

On the other hand, while Lowden will have fewer delegates on the first ballot, his managers express the conviction that he will increase his strength from that moment and soon pass General Wood. The Lowden managers appears to be more nervous over the danger of a dark horse being nominated than from apprehension that their candidate will fall before General Wood.

That Lowden's stock now has a reasonably high rating among the political leaders in that part of Chicago's hotel life known as Presidential Row seems to be due in part to the fact that the leaders here are at a loss to settle upon any one who shapes up as a dark horse candidate with sufficient personality and popularity in the East, Middle West and Far West to smother Governor Lowden's claims. Reports which the Lowden managers are getting from the Far West also make them feel that, at least, there is no strong anti-Lowden sentiment in the western country, although he may not stir it to great enthusiasm. It is the contention of the Lowden managers that, as between Wood and Lowden, the latter would be more acceptable to the Pacific coast States and other sections of the West.

Declare West Not Unfriendly

It appears that there is no such animosity to Governor Lowden in these States as there is to Senator Harding of Ohio. Harding's nomination, it is declared, probably would cause a serious situation in the Republican ranks in the West and lead to party lines being disregarded by many thousands of the voters if the Democrats nominated a strong man at San Francisco.

This feeling dates back to 1912, when Colonel Roosevelt by running as a Progressive broke the Western tradition on voting the Republican ticket.

Governor Lowden apparently has not as yet been definitely linked among the voters of the West with the elements in the Republican Party which fought Roosevelt in 1912 and refused him a nomination for a third term, and this is regarded as to his advantage. Lowden's supporters say that Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania did the Governor a favor, from a standpoint in the West is concerned, when he failed to indorse Lowden and came out as advocating Senator Knox's nomination.

Whether Lowden would be acceptable to the

TO WIRELESS 1,000 WORDS A MINUTE

World's Biggest Plant to be Connected with City Office by Relay Wire.

NO OPERATORS AT STATION

Transfer Device to be Controlled Mechanically—Rates for Foreign Messages Less Than Cable Tolls.

The world's biggest wireless plant, to be built at Rocky Point, L. I., by the Radio Corporation of America, will handle 500 words in and 500 words out a minute, simultaneously, the land wire relay of seventy miles from Rocky Point to the company's office in Broad Street being controlled mechanically, the human element entering into the process only at the point of actual transmission or receipt.

This was stated yesterday by Edward Nally, President of the Radio Corporation, in confirming the announcement in THE TIMES that his company planned a $10,000,000 plant on a 6,000-acre tract about seven miles from Fort Jefferson.

"We are going to erect," he said, "five units, with another one to be held in reserve for use in the emergency of severe storm or other trouble. Each of the units will have a minimum capacity of sending 100 words a minute and of receiving the same number. This is, of course, the minimum capacity. We are hopeful, however, of doing better than this when the plant is fully geared up.

"To get an idea of the projected plant you might fancy it laid out as a wheel. The big power house represents the hub, while the spokes or wings, twelve in all, radiate out in all directions from the power house. Each wing will have six antennae strung to 400-foot steel towers.

"It is our plan to transfer the wireless signals directly from the wireless apparatus to land wires and send them right along into New York City, to main quarters, without calling manual labor into the process at any time. We are going to have a radio receiving station about seven miles from the transmitting station, and we plan to operate both simultaneously.

"It is the design to control relays entirely from our city office. All of the operating work will be done there, although the machinery of transmission will be, of course, out at Rocky Point.

"Each of the five units of the plant will serve a separate field. One will be in touch continuously with South America, another will talk to Germany, a third will serve France, another goes to Italy and the fifth will serve Poland."

The third transoceanic wireless circuit, linking America with the rest of the world, was opened by the Radio Corporation yesterday. Opened principally for commercial messages, the new wireless route connected this country with the Scandinavian countries—Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Finland. The American stations, at Marion and Chatham, Mass., with their complementary stations at Stavanger and Naerobe, Norway, are of the duplex type, sending and receiving simultaneously and at high speed.

It was announced that the rates for the new service, from New York City to any point in the countries named, would be, per word: Norway, 24 cents; Sweden, 26 cents; Denmark, 23 cents, and Finland, 29 cents. It was stated that these rates were from 30 to 50 per cent. lower than existing cable tolls. The other commercial circuits in operation by the Radio Corporation are from San Francisco to Japan, via Hawaii, are from New York to Great Britain.

GEORGIANS HOLD UP TARTAR'S ADVANCE

Mixed Force of 50,000 Concentrating for Attack in Caucasus, Athens Hears.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 15 (Associated Press).—Between May 1 and May 11 continued fighting took place between the Azerbaijan forces and the Georgians, with results largely in favor of the Georgians, who barred the Tartar advance by destroying bridges.

Proclamations were widely posted in Stamboul today with the caption, "Moslems, on to Anatolia!" saying:

"The situation now is clear. Why are you waiting? It is manifest that a Christian crusade is being undertaken against the Moslems. In whom do you place your hope? Arise and attack your enemies!"

LONDON, May 16.—A dispatch to The London Times from Athens says it is reported from a good source in the Greek capital that Enver Pasha, the former Turkish Minister of War, has arrived at Baku, in Transcaucasia.

The same correspondent says that a mixed Russo-Tartar force of approximately 50,000 men is concentrating against Georgia and Batum and for effecting a junction with Mustapha Kemal Pasha, the Turkish Nationalist leader.

A cable message from the President of the Delegation of the Armenian Republic, now at Paris, saying that their Government had been told in an ultimatum from the Soviet Government of Azerbaijan to evacuate immediately the districts of Karabagh and Zangezur, was received yesterday by James W. Gerard, former Ambassador to Germany, who is Chairman of the American Committee for the Independence of Armenia. The cable message says:

"Our Government telegraphs that the Soviet Government of Azerbaijan by an ultimatum demands immediate evacuation of the districts of Karabagh and Zangezur (a district about 8,000 miles in area, with an Armenian population of 350,000 and 180,000 Moslems). The Bolshevist Commissary of Northern Caucasus supports Azerbaijan and declares that refusal by Armenia shall be considered as a declaration of war against Russia. We have rejected the ultimatum. Situation is most critical due to lack of munitions and supplies. We will be obliged to abandon Karabagh to the mercy of our enemies. Turkish troops are making preparations to attack us from direction of Erzerum. All is being carried out according to understanding between the Bolsheviki and Turks.

"I make a supreme appeal to our American friends of the great Republic to lend us at once some little military aid and to continue the dispatch of foodstuff, without which our position is hopeless."

America has a great share in the responsibility for the plight in which Armenia is found today, regardless of what the other Allied Powers should or could have done, said Mr. Gerard in giving out the message, and he asserted further that the state of things in that country would not have come to pass had we recognized Armenia six months ago and furnished her with necessary munitions and supplies.

Mr. Gerard pointed out that the Bolsheviki had no troops now in the Caucasus, but that they had their agents co-operating with the Turks and Tartars. In this way, he believes, the Armenians have been thrust into the arms of their foes by the refusal of America to lend them the means of self-defense.

"Can Your Business Use $250,000?"

RETIRED business man, with thirty years' commercial and banking experience, with clean record, desiring to get back into active business, will invest up to $250,000 in safe, successful and established business. Must stand strict investigation. Principals only. No garment trades considered. Replies will be held in strict confidence.

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How Fulton Sugar Mills
Answer the World's Demand for More Sugar

THE process of extraction is basic to cane sugar production and a basis of values in the industry.

Fulton's extraction is higher than any other.

Fulton is the only complete process made and installed by any one maker of sugar machinery in the world. Fulton mills and crushers, together with their power installation, embrace many exclusive features and factors of operation that can neither be imitated nor approached. They represent the full equipment of a plantation and the entire handling of a harvest through every stage from the cartip to the delivery of the juice.

Fulton's universal service, wherever cane is grown, accomplished by distribution of duplicate parts, and the location of experts, engineers and executives in cane centers, represents an insurance of the efficiency of Fulton mill equipment and protection against break-downs during the crushing season. This service is unique in the cane sugar industry and has few peers in any industry.

These are basic reasons why Fulton represents the world standard in cane sugar machinery.

Fulton mills and crushers not only maintain their long established superiority, but Fulton equipment represents a constantly heightening and developing standard, because the institution commands the world's foremost experts and scientific specialists in cane sugar machinery. The exclusive Fulton developments of the past are the sound assurance that Fulton development will continue.

The Fulton Iron Works Company enjoys a fundamental advantage of central location at St. Louis as a manufacturing site unsurpassed in relation to labor, raw material, rates and shipping facilities with about equal access to all of the great American ports—rendering the shipper independent of embargoes, strikes or tie-ups in any one section, and assuring timely delivery to all parts of the world.

H. J. Steinbreder, *President*

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"Sixty-eight years of Successful Manufacturing"

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Where does your dealer stand on the question of quality?

MOST men and women feel a good bit at sea in the luggage store. Here are two bags, for instance. Both marked "genuine cowhide"—both look almost alike—and perhaps $10 to $20 apart in price.

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A Belber Cowhide Bag is *genuine* cowhide. The style and workmanship are excellent. It will look well after years of hard service.

In the cheaper bag, the "cowhide" may not be thicker than this *sheet of paper*. And what can you know of workmanship that is *nameless*?

Or a Wardrobe Trunk. You can't see the difference between a *Belber* Wardrobe, with its 5-ply construction, fine hardware, and hand riveted bracing—and the trunk that maybe looks pretty near as good, but is made of inferior boards flimsily held together.

It's beyond even the experienced merchant to know *all* the facts about any given piece of luggage.

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That's the reason you see so much Belber Traveling Goods in the better class stores in the city.

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Choose any style of Belber Luggage that meets your needs. The *name guarantees the value.*

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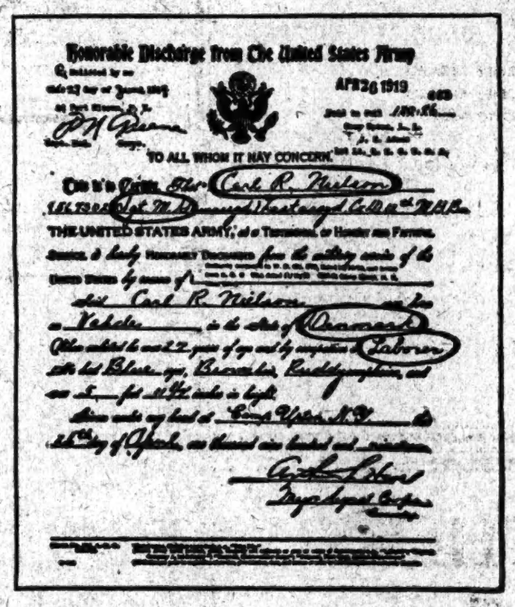
Honorable Discharge from the United States Army

APR 26 1919

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

Carl R. Nielson

THE UNITED STATES ARMY

Carl R. Nielson

Denmark

Laborer

Brown

What the Army did for this man

BORN abroad, unable to read or write English, a day laborer, unfitted for a good job, Carl Nielson joined the United States Army.

A few months ago he received an honorable discharge. In one year he rose from private to corporal, then to sergeant. He has learned English. He has become a trained mechanic, a valuable American citizen.

Ask if there's a vacancy for *you* in our new, democratic, peace-time Army.

TO-DAY—

Sergeant
Trained mechanic
Has learned to read and write English
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Lead a good healthy life
Learn a trade or get a schooling
Get military training
Be with men from your own home State

Here are your Home State Regiments of the Regular Army

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Now at Fort Sill, Okla.
76th Regt. Field Artillery
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Now at Camp Eustis, Va.
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UNITED STATES ARMY

FIRES SWEEPING ADIRONDACK WOODS

Five Tracts Ablaze Threaten State's Wilderness with Heavy Loss.

MANY NEW FIRES IN DAY

Alarms Sent In from Stillwater Mountain and Lyons Falls—One Fire Is Controlled.

Special to The New York Times.

THENDARA, N. Y., May 16.—Five forest fires are running in the western Adirondacks, and forest rangers and wardens are being called out in force as the result of unusually dry weather conditions and the usual incidents of locomotive sparks and fishermen's matches.

Foresters' reports today located blazing tracts as follows:

In big timber at Mudhole Dam, two miles east of the junction of Pine Creek and the Abbey Road north of Copper Lake.

Between Pine Grove and Petrie's Corners; open country, with little chance of big damage.

At Horseshoe, reported set by sparks from locomotive; extent unknown. Large force working on it.

Ground and top fire on the Golden Roberts farm, near Remsen, on the Maple Lake road; under control.

On the North Lake road, about ten miles from Forestport; unchecked.

Little rain has fallen in the Adirondacks during the last ten days. With the hot sun beating down through bare branches and a strong wind blowing most of the time, the carpet of leaves and "duff" in the woods is like tinder.

Old lumber operators said today, when they learned of the number of fires reported, that the conditions in the woods were the worst in five years. They predicted serious losses unless rain falls in quantities before the new leaves come out, which will be in about another ten days.

District Ranger Ernest Blue, for District 3, was working on an incipient blaze in the rear of the Bushinger camp at Old Forge this afternoon when the first of the large fires was reported from Stillwater Mountain, through Beaver River, by Observer Barrett. The observer's report showed that the fire was a large one, in the general direction of Lyonsdale. This apparently was the same fire later reported by William Merriam of Lyons Falls as being at Mud Hole Dam. The stand of timber is heavy in that section. It was said the fire was set by fishermen.

Ranger Blue, with Warden Fell of Thendara, left with fire fighting equipment for Lyonsdale. The four other fires were reported during the afternoon, and men were called out from all sections to fight them. The fire on the North Lake Road was burning unchecked, as all the available firefighters were needed to save the threatened buildings on the Roberts Farm near Remsen. The North Lake Road fire has been burning since this morning. Reports said it was impossible to get details of the Horseshoe fire tonight, though it was being fought by an adequate force.

Guides and resident sportsmen reported having extinguished a number of camp fires in the woods, attributed to carelessness of campers and fishermen, whose automobiles lined the roads leading into the woods today.

ITALY'S PART IN THE WORLD WAR.

A semi-official statement giving the full details of Italy's part in the World War, losses and casualties, &c., forms one of forty big features in the May CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE; 208 pages; what has occurred within the past thirty days in forty nations of the world. On news stands today. 35c.—Advt.

THE SCREEN

The fruits of Doris Keane's recent journey over the water are to be observed at the Strand Theatre this week in the motion picture version of Mr. Sheldon's play, "Romance." Miss Keane, having acted Rita Cavillini for more than two years over here and nearly three in London, has now transferred that celebrated actress to the screen—all of her, that is, except the Italian dialect. She has the assistance of her husband, Basil Sydney, in the dual rôle of the bishop and his nephew, and Norman Trevore in the rôle which was once A. E. Anson's.

The film, although it is not without its social lapses, is uncommonly interesting, as is Miss Keane in the stellar rôle. The picture follows the play with exceeding closeness, and accordingly is chiefly distinguished for its several scenes of impassioned lovemaking. One of these, in particular, is quite sufficient to insure a goodly life for the picture.

The Strand program is put together without a comedy film this week, nor is the lack appreciably felt. The topical review, an interesting Burton Holmes scenic film, and the musical numbers round out the program.

At the Capitol the feature film is the "Shore Acres" of James A. Herne—a piece which gave the actor the opportunity to hand his name down to posterity, but a play which is all but unknown to this generation. In one form or another, however, the films have been using the story this many years, for it is a simple tale of justice battling injustice, and emerging triumphant.

Just as it derived its greatest appeal as a play from the performance of its leading character, so the film version suffers a bit by not having an actor of the calibre of Mr. Herne in the leading rôle. Indeed, Uncle Nat Berry is hardly the "star rôle any more; it is the name of Alice Lake which appears in heavy type on the program, and whom it is plainly intended to feature. Edward Connelly has the Herne rôle, and Frank Brownlee plays the brother. The film, while in no way remarkable, is always interesting.

Mrs. Sidney Drew, with John Cumberland heading her company, appears in a short comedy, "The Emotional Miss Vaughn," by Julian Street, and the operatic number of the week is the third act of "Lohengrin."

The Rivoli offers Jack London's story of "The Sea Wolf," pictured anew with certain departures from the original story. At the Rialto the principal feature is "A Lady in Love," with Ethel Clayton in the stellar rôle, and the Criterion enters its fourth week with "Why Change Your Wife?" Rex Beach's story, "The Silver Horde," seen last week at the Capitol, was placed on view yesterday at the Broadway.

J. BARRYMORE WELL AGAIN.

He Will Remain in the Country and Rest, However, Until Fall.

John Barrymore, who has been recently at the Muldoon health farm, near White Plains, has been practically restored to health and returned to New York on Saturday. Mr. Barrymore broke down during his engagement in "Richard III." at the Plymouth, following a season of particularly arduous work both on the stage and in the films, and has been at Muldoon's for six weeks or more.

Mr. Barrymore will make no attempt to act, either on stage or in pictures, until the Fall. He left again yesterday for the country, where he will continue his rest.

Washington Square College Plays.

The Dramatic Society of Washington Square College, a branch of New York University, gave four one-act plays Saturday night at the Lenox Little Theatre, 52 East Seventy-eighth Street, under the direction of Randolph Somerville. The plays included Lady Gregory's "The Rising of the Moon," J. M. Barrie's "The Twelve-Pound Look," Lord Dunsany's "The Murderers" and Harold Brighouse's "Lonesomelike." The performers were Johanna Redlich, Rita Gluck, Adolphe Meyer, Robert Crow, Albert Ehlers, Jr., May Gilfond, Eraine Fermon, Miriam Alter Steep, William Allan Miller, Harold Axworthy, John Camden, David McGourty, George Muller and Thomas Moore.

THE EGGS WERE LOADED.

With Scotch at That, and Were Cheap at $2 a Dozen.

The people of Detroit are undaunted by the price of eggs, even though they are quoted at $2 a dozen, according to D. A. Sawyer, who is at the Waldorf-Astoria, but the willingness of people to pay that price was made clear after a recent accident.

"For some time," said Mr. Sawyer, "eggs at $2 a dozen have been snapped up the moment they were put on the market. Of course, they were supposed to be very special eggs, and at first some wonderment was expressed at their value, but it was all made clear on Wednesday as the latest style in liquor smuggling when a man carrying a big market basket from a boat just arriving from the Canadian side was bumped by a taxi.

"Following the collision there was the unmistakable odor of good old Scotch and an astonished crowd gathered. The man did not wait to explain nor to make the usual charge against the chauffeur, but 'beat it' unceremoniously, leaving the eggs, basket and all, when the traffic policeman approached.

"On examination the eggs proved to be filled with liquor and carefully sealed. The Customs Inspector afterward testified that he had noticed a great increase in egg imports, and that a great many men and women had seemed to be doing this branch of their marketing in Canada, but they certainly were surprised at this new method of liquor traffic."

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"Cinderella on Broadway" will be the title of the new production at the Winter Garden, to be seen there in a few weeks. Harold Atteridge has written the book and lyrics and Bert Grant and Al Goodman the music.

This will be the final week of "Mrs. Jimmie Thompson" at the Princess Theatre.

Florence Johns, until recently in "Abraham Lincoln," has been engaged for "An Innocent Idea," coming to the Fulton next Monday.

"His Chinese Wife" will have its first performance tonight at the Belmont Theatre. The Ziegfeld "Follies of 1920" will open in Atlantic City on May 31, and at the New Amsterdam Theatre a week later.

John Charles Thomas, Cecil Lean and Cleo Mayfield will be on the program at the Globe Theatre next Sunday night, when a testimonial performance will be given in aid of W. R. Sill.

VAUDEVILLANS GET $65,000.

Hippodrome Is Well Filled for Annual Performance.

Vaudeville's annual night at the Hippodrome was celebrated last night, when fifty or sixty of the best known entertainers of the two-a-day appeared in aid of the common cause—the National Vaudeville Artists. As in previous years, the stage as well as the auditorium was filled, and the receipts from all sources were estimated at $65,000. This figure is made possible by the selling out of the house many times to vaudevillans remote from New York.

Individual turns were limited to about five minutes last night, but for all that the program continued until midnight.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES

GLOBE EVGS. 8:20. POP. MAT. WED. "Zippiest in Town."—Telegram. "THE GIRL FROM HOME" Charles Dillingham's Musical Farce.

GEO. M. COHAN B'way Eve. 8:30.—Mts. 43d St. Wed. & Sat., 2:30 SAM H. HARRIS Presents WILLIAM COLLIER in "THE HOTTENTOT." "It's a Riot." "BIGGEST LAUGHING HIT IN TOWN."

COHAN & HARRIS Th. W. 42. Eve. 8.30 Mts. Wed. & Sat. 2:30 SAM. H. HARRIS presents the MUSICAL COMEDY SENSATION HONEY GIRL YEA, BO! A PIPPIN SHOW! SEATS SELLING 8 WEEKS AHEAD.

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43rd St. Eves. 8:30. Mats THURS. & Sat., 2:30. HENRY MILLER BLANCHE BATES in "The Famous Mrs. Fair" By JAMES FORBES THE SEASON'S TRIUMPH

GREENWICH VILLAGE Th., 4th St. & 7th Av. Matinees Thursday and Saturday 2:30 "Is a Delightful Play."—Tribune. EMILY STEVENS, NORMAN TREVOR O. P. HEGGIE And Brilliant Supporting Cast, in "FOOT-LOOSE" By ZOE AKINS, Author of "Declasse."

CORT WEST 48th St. Eves. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. JOHN DRINKWATER'S ABRAHAM LINCOLN

LIBERTY W. 42d St. Eves. 8:30 Mats. Wed. and Sat. 2:30 "THE NIGHT BOAT" "IT'S A JOY RIDE"

BELASCO WEST 44th ST. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs., 2:30. LENORE ULRIC in "THE SON-DAUGHTER" By George Scarborough & David Belasco.

NEW AMSTERDAM WEST 42D ST. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 50c to $2.00. No Higher Eves. at 8:15. THE ED. WYNN CARNIVAL with ED. WYNN, "THE PERFECT FOOL" "THE FUN IS CONTINUOUS."—Times

NEW AMSTERDAM ROOF AT 8:30. You Can Dine, Dance and Smoke. ZIEGFELD 9 o'Clock Frolic and New Midnight Frolic. TWO ENTIRELY DIFFERENT SHOWS If Desired—Dinner at 7—Supper at 11

GAIETY B'way, 46th St. Eves. 8:30. Matinees Wed. and Sat. JOHN L. GOLDEN presents FRANK BACON LIGHTNIN

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Eves. 8:30 Mats Wed. & Sat., 2:30 BOOTH TARKINGTON'S "CLARENCE" "Best Light Comedy Ever Written by an American."—Heywood Broun, Tribune.

LYCEUM Theatre, West 45th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Thursday and Sat., 2:30. DAVID BELASCO Presents INA CLAIRE in "THE GOLD DIGGERS" By Avery Hopwood

KNICKERBOCKER B'WAY & 38th St., EVES. 8:30. Matinees Wednesday & Saturday, 2:30. FOR WEDNESDAY MATINEE: ENTIRE ORCH. $1.50, BALC. $1.00. 2d BALC. 50c Sunshiny Cape Cod Comedy. SHAVINGS TONIGHT FOR THE 107TH TIME. Best Seats at Box Office. Regular Prices.

STANDARD B'way & 90 St. POP. PRICES Mats. THURSDAY and SAT. DAVID BELASCO presents "DADDIES"

PARK COLUMBUS CIRCLE Eves. 8:30 & Sat. Mat., 50c, $1.00, $1.50 WED. MATS. $1 BEST SEATS —Now— CHAUNCEY OLCOTT MACUSHIA

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS. DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th St. Evgs. at 8. MATINEE TOMORROW. THE PASSING SHOW LOUIS DE FOE, WORLD:—"A dazzling new spectacle. Passes all the rest."

CASINO 39th St. and B'way. Eves. 8:15. Matinees Wed. and Sat., 2:15. The Musical Comedy Sensation BETTY, BE GOOD MOST STUNNING CHORUS ON BROADWAY

CENTURY THEA., 62d St. & Cent. P. W. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15 Wednesday Matinee, Best Seats, $2.00. FLORODORA Evs. 600 Good Seats at $2; 550 at $1.50; 700 at $1.00; 800 at 50c; others at $2.50 and $3. BRANCH TICKET OFFICE NOW OPEN IN Lobby of Central Theatre, 47th & B'way.

LYRIC Thea., 42nd W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Matinees Wed. and Sat., 2:20. Musical "Syncopal" Comedy Hit "WHAT'S IN A NAME" BEST SEATS $2 Wednesday and Saturday Matinees.

VANDERBILT THEATRE, W. 48TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat. THE MUSICAL COMEDY HIT IRENE WITH ADELE ROWLAND

ELTINGE Thea., W. 42nd St., Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30 MARTINIQUE with Josephine Victor and Emmett Corrigan.

PLAYHOUSE W. 48th St. Evs. 8:30 10th Mts. Wed.-Sat., 2:30 Time THE WONDERFUL THING With Jeanne Eagels

BELMONT Thea., 48th St. E. of B'way. Matinee Thur. & Sat. 2:30. BEGINNING TONIGHT 8:30, an Oriental-American Drama of Morals and Manners HIS CHINESE WIFE With Forrest Winant, Madeline Delmar. Others.

GARRICK Theatre Guild's Greatest Success THEA., 35th, Near Broadway. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thur.-Sat. 2:30. "JANE CLEGG" By St. John Ervine, Author of "John Ferguson"

ASTOR 45th & Broadway. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. and Sat., 2:30. Success of two Seasons EAST IS WEST With FAY BAINTER

COMEDY 41st, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:25. Mats. Tom'w, Thurs. Sat. 2:25. Popular Mat. Tomorrow, 50c to $2. MY LADY FRIENDS AMERICA'S GREATEST COMEDY With CLIFTON CRAWFORD

BIJOU THEA., 45th Street, West of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mts. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20 THE OUIJA BOARD

SHUBERT Riviera, 97th & B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs.-Sat., 2:15 "39 EAST." Henry Hull, Constance Binney.

BOOTH Theatre, 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30 The Overnight Comedy Hit! "NOT SO LONG AGO" "May be confidently recommended to discriminating theatregoers as a rare comedy delightfully acted."—Charles Darnton, Eve. World.

SHUBERT Evs. at 8 Mat. Sat. AU REVOIR E. H. SOTHERN—JULIA MARLOWE LAST WEEK Tonight, Tuesday Night; Tues. Matinee Wed., Shrew.

39TH ST. THEA., Mts. B'way. Evs. 8:40. Mats. Wed. and Sat., 2:40. 284TH TIME TONIGHT. WEDNESDAY MATINEE 50c to $2.00 CHARLES CHERRY and FRANCINE LARRIMORE in SCANDAL

CENTRAL Thea., 47th & B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. and Sat., 2:30. SAM BERNARD and BORDONI IRENE IN "AS YOU WERE"

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. at 8:30. Mts. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. at 2:30 MARJORIE RAMBEAU In Channing Pollock's Great Melodrama. THE SIGN ON THE DOOR

FULTON WEST 46TH ST. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30. "OH, HENRY" SCREAM!

48TH ST. THEATRE Th., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. STORM With HELEN MacKELLAR

BROADHURST WEST 44TH ST. EVES. 8:30. JANE COWL In "SMILIN' THROUGH" LAST 5 TIMES. Mts. Thurs. & Sat.

LITTLE THEATRE 44TH ST., West of Broadway Evs. at 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30. RICHARD BENNETT IN EUGENE G. O'NEILL'S GREAT DRAMA BEYOND THE HORIZON

LITTLE THEATRE WEST 44TH ST. EVS. 8:30. MAT. TOMOR. SPECIAL MATS. TUES., THURS., FRI. THIS WEEK, SATURDAY MORNING, 10:30 Ellen Van Volkenburg's MARIONETTES IN SCENES FROM MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM

HARRIS THEA., W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. Alexandra CARLISLE in RESPECT FOR RICHES with Lucille Watson & Wm. Devereaux

SELWYN West 42d St. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. Charles King Peggy Wood Ralph Morgan IN THE MUSICAL HIT BUDDIES

WHERE TO GO

Monday Evening—Sothern & Marlowe in "Twelfth Night," Shubert Theatre.
Tuesday Matinee — Comedy — "My Lady Friends," with Clifton Crawford—Comedy Theatre.
Tuesday Evening—Musical Comedy—"Betty, Be Good"—Casino.
Wednesday Matinee—Comedy—"Not So Long Ago"—Vic to $2—Booth Theatre.
Wednesday Evening—Farce-Comedy—"Seandal"—39th St. Theatre.
Thursday Matinee—Girl Revue—"39 Peoples' Passing Show"—Winter Garden.
Thursday Evening—Musical Revue—Sam Bernard & Irene Bordoni in "As You Were"—Central Theatre.
Friday Evening—Brilliant and successful revival of "Floradora"—Century Theatre.
Saturday Matinee — Modern Play — "The Outer Road"—Bijou Theatre.
Saturday Evening—Musical Comedy—Cecil Lean in "Look Who's Here," 44th Street Theatre.
Sunday Evening—Popular concerts at the Century Theatre, Winter Garden and Central. Seats reserved in advance.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea., 39th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15 Matinees Wed. and Sat. at 2:15 JOHN D. WILLIAMS Presents ALL SOULS' EVE A Romance of Motherhood. with Lola Fisher and Cyril Keightley

44TH ST. Theatre, Mr. B'way Evs. 8:30. Mats (Least 6 Wed. & Sat. 2:30 CECIL LEAN In "Look Who's Here" with Mayfield CLEO

NORA BAYES 44th W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mts. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. Matinee Wednesday, Best Seats $1.50. "LASSIE" The Season's Biggest Musical Hit!

LONGACRE 48th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present LAST 2 WEEKS ADAM AND EVA "Polite Comedy, Rare and Refreshing."—World

MOROSCO W. 45TH ST. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. THE HOLE IN THE WALL With MARTHA HEDMAN William Harrigan, Vernon Steele.

PRINCESS 39th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. and Sat. 2:30. MRS. JIMMIE THOMPSON

Not even this smallest of agate type can hide the happiness radiating from "Mrs. Jimmie Thompson." New York's most hilarious farce comedy.
This ament the new ruling of the N. Y. Times limiting the size of type in amusement advertising.

MILK AND CHILD HEALTH EXPOSITION
GRAND CENTRAL PALACE
MAY 17th TO 22nd 2 TO 11 P. M.
The country brought to the city. Milk and Child Health exhibits of interest to every parent. Bring the youngsters It's educational and interesting. Adm. 25c

CAPITOL BROADWAY at 51st. KARL JORN and 100 Singers in "LOHENGRIN" (3d Act in English) James A. Herne's Dramatic Success of 3 Generations "SHORE ACRES" With ALICE LAKE. MRS. SIDNEY DREW COMEDY

AEOLIAN HALL, Tonight, at 8:15 o'clock PUREZA-RICO World's Greatest Basso. Tickets on sale at Box Office. Prices 50c. to $2.00.

HUNTS PT. PALACE MAX ROSEN JACQUES REMSON 50. BOUL'VD, 163D ST., Bronx GREATEST AMERICAN VIOLINIST, AND SENSATIONAL TENOR SUN. EVE. 8:15, MAY 23. TICKETS 75c. to $2.00.

LUNA CONEY ISLAND. PRYOR'S BAND Concerts Aft. & Eve. FREE ATTRACTIONS.

PALISADES AMUSEMENT PARK Opposite W. 130th St. Ferry. Again the Best of All. Free Attractions Galore.

COLUMBIA, B'way & 47th St. Twice Daily All Summer Show. FOLLY TOWN Evs. at 8:15

ROSELAND BROADWAY AT 51ST ST. DANCING MARDI GRAS CARNIVAL TONIGHT 8 P. M. to 1 A. M.

B. F. Keith's PALACE Mats. Daily 25-51 FRITZI SCHEFF Rescue Alls & Co., Lew Brice, Bernard & Duffy, others, and HENRIETTA CROSMAN CO.

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B. F. Keith's 81 St. & B'way. Popular Prices. "GEORGIE" PRICE, Wm. Gaxton & Co., Mr. & Mrs. Jimmie Barry, others & ANITA STEWART, in "The Fighting Shepherdess."

MOTION PICTURES.

DORIS KEANE AGAIN TRIUMPHS IN "ROMANCE"

Beloved American actress repeats success of seven years ago.

Yesterday's audience at STRAND THEATRE literally swept from their seats by powerful dramatic scenes in Edward Sheldon's immortal love story.

As Cavallini, the Italian opera singer, Miss Keane repeats in motion pictures the tremendous success she achieved in the spoken play of "Romance."

You owe it to yourself to see "Romance"—not once, but many times. To see it is to enjoy the greatest of all love photoplays.

In recognition of the importance of this offering "Romance" is being shown simultaneously at both the STRAND THEATRE, NEW YORK (Broadway and 47th Street) and at the STRAND THEATRE, BROOKLYN (Fulton Street).

RIALTO TIMES SQUARE ETHEL CLAYTON "A LADY IN LOVE" SUNSHINE COMEDY. RIALTO ORCHESTRA.

CRITERION THEATRE DIRECTION OF HUGO RIESENFELD BROADWAY At 44TH ST. Cecil B. De Mille's "Why Change Your Wife?" VALLEY OF 10,000 SMOKES CRITERION ORCHESTRA.

RIVOLI BROADWAY AT 49TH ST. THE SEA WOLF BY JACK LONDON. RIVOLI ORCHESTRA.

BROADWAY AT 41ST. S. S. HOOS' The SILVER HORDE By REX BEACH GIRLISH CLUB—20 People Comedy and Other Features.

PLAZA Madison Ave. At 59th St. CHARLES RAY in "ALARM CLOCK ANDY" Also GALLI-CURCI in "THE MADONNA of the SLUMS"—Orch. News. Comedy.

Loew's American Roof 42 St., W. of B'way Every Eve. at 8.15 Versatile Sextette, Joe Darcey, Keler & Irwin, 6 others. In Thea., Olive Thomas in "The Flapper." All Seats Reserved

Loew's New York Theatre & Roof Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M. "SINNERS," with ALICE BRADY.

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THE ROADS ARE RIGHT TO Pelham Heath Inn Pelham Parkway at Eastchester Road

Blossom Heath Inn Merrick Road, Lynbrook, L. I.

Facing Beautiful Central Park Hotel Netherland 5th Ave. at 59th St. Large and Small Suites Now Ready for Inspection. Excellent Cuisine.

HOTEL NEWTON 2528 Broadway, bet. 94th & 95th Sts. SUBWAY EXPRESS AT 96TH ST. RATES: Single, $1.50 to $4.00 a day Double, $2.00 to $5.00 a day Phone 3924 Riverside.

Hotel Apartments with Kitchens. Refurnished and redecorated apartments of from two to five rooms. Completely furnished, including maid service, gas, electricity, kitchen equipment, &c. HOTEL SCHUYLER ARMS, 203 to 211 West 28th St.

A Pleasureful Blend

that tempts the taste and charms the senses: the exquisite cuisine and captivating entertainment of the Shanley dinner.

Vaudeville de Luxe until 1 A. M.

TODAY'S TABLE D'HOTE LUNCHEON 12 to 2.30—Music—$1.00

Canape of Caviar
Celery Olives
Cream of new green peas or Consomme Brunoise
Supreme of halibut a l'Orly
Roast spring lamb, mint sauce
Shanley steak, Lyonnaise
Fricassee of veal a l'Anglaise
Assorted cold meats
Fresh vegetable salad
Hollandaise potatoes
Rice meringue pie or Creme de menthe sherbet
Assorted cakes Demi-tasse
A la carte service all day.

SHANLEY'S Broadway—43rd to 44th St.

Kew Gardens Inn KEW GARDENS, LONG ISLAND REGRETS TO ANNOUNCE that due to weather and labor conditions they were unable to open as scheduled, but will positively open TUESDAY, MAY 18TH. American Plan. UNDER KNOTT MANAGEMENT GEORGE H. WARTMAN, Manager. Temporary Telephone—Richmond Hill 2708-W.

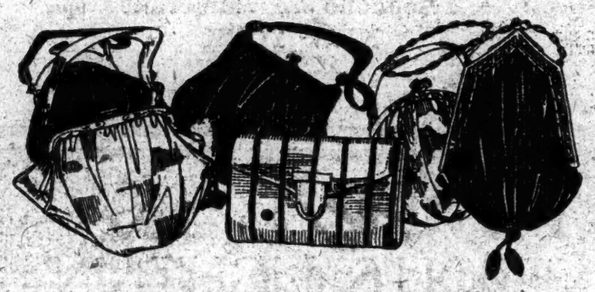
"More of a home than a hotel." Great Northern Hotel 118 W. 57th St. 120-131 W. 58th.

Store Closes at 5 P. M.

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Telephone Orders Filled—Phone Fitz Roy 1900—Ask for Telephone Order Desk



Important Offering of SILK BAGS

These are genuinely good bags, some taken from our regular stock and reduced—others bought specially for a sale—all grouped to sell for

$3.95 $5.95 $8.95

WOMEN conversant with current styles will find among this selection examples of all the unique modish shapes, only a few of which are illustrated. The quality of the silks—Taffeta, Moire, Faille and Novelty silks—the expert, careful workmanship, the minute attention to such details as silk linings, attractive mountings and correct fittings (mirror and change purse) will be well appreciated by women of discernment who demand practical elegance.

Ground Floor

FRANK BROTHERS

Fifth Avenue Boot Shops

Near Forty-Eighth Street—Near Twenty-Seventh Street

Advance Sale

20% DISCOUNT

Slippers—Ties—Pumps

All fresh new models, authoritative Frank Brothers styles —the finest footwear made in this country or abroad.

No Returns—No Exchanges

Special

Women's Brown All-Silk Stockings

Style 307

3 Pairs 9.50

LEIGHTON'S

Skolny Clothes

You don't have to read about them to learn how good they are. Look into our windows, or, still better, come into the store, and *see* them. Then you will understand why all men who wear them are eloquent in their praise.

SUITS and TOPCOATS REDUCED

Were $45.00 to $85.00
Now $37.50 to $72.50

At the early-season prices they were marvels of values.

Broadway at 47th St.
Open Evenings.

AS GOV. COX SEES THE ISSUES. Ohio executive, who seeks Democratic nomination, tells, in a striking article in The New York Times next Sunday, what he considers the chief issues in this year's campaign.—Advt.

FEDERAL PAYROLL WASTE IS CHARGED

Thousands of Unnecessary Employes Retained by Administration, Say Republicans.

COULD SAVE $300,000,000

Trying to Retain the Civilian Force Intact for 1921, Investigators Assert.

Retention of thousands of unnecessary officials and employes on the Federal payroll is charged in a report of the Committee on Policies and Platform of the Republican National Committee, made public yesterday. The committee, which has been investigating governmental expenditures and appropriations to sustain its charge of extravagance against the Wilson Administration, estimates that $300,000,000 could be stricken from the payroll of the Federal Government by the elimination of officials and employes made necessary by the war who have been continued since.

The report states that the Administration has maintained practically intact for the year 1920 the civilian staff of paid employes mobilized in Washington for war purposes, and has been equally slow in reducing its staff of field workers outside Washington. A reduction of only 17,344, or slightly less than 15 per cent., is stated to have been all that has been made from the 117,454 civilians employed at the time of the armistice. The report continues:

"More startling, however, than the payroll waste during the fiscal year 1920 is the apparent effort of the Administration to maintain the present civilian force intact for the next fiscal year, 1921. The Administration's original estimates (that is, without deficiencies) for the fiscal year 1921, which amounted to $4,865,410,021, contained the sum of $1,184,596,213 for purely payroll purposes, including the pay of the army and navy. This was $89,000,000 more than Congress appropriated for the same purpose in 1920.

"Published official reports of investigations, the statements of members of the Federal Civil Service Commission in Congressional hearings, the testimony of responsible officials of the Federal Government—all confirm the testimony of the Chief of the Bureau of Efficiency to the effect that 'literally thousands of unnecessary clerks are carried on the payrolls in Washington.' Indeed, these reports (from official and responsible sources) describe conditions of confusion, idle employes and waste in the several departments and offices in Washington which descend at times to chaos."

Investigation by the committee is stated to have revealed that, under the estimates submitted by the Administration for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1920, the number of employes is about twice as many as carried on the payroll for the fiscal year 1916, and that the payroll cost for 1921 will show slight, if any, reduction.

"The payroll cost as proposed for 1921, it is stated, is almost $200,000,000 more than the entire disbursements for 1916.

SEES NO DROP THIS YEAR.

Increased Production Only Will Lower Prices, Says Merchandise Exhibits Head.

No reduction in the prices of general merchandise is anticipated before 1921, and even that is an optimistic prediction, according to Charles D. Bailey, President of the Popular Price Merchandise Association, which, represented by 150 manufacturers' exhibits of department store standard stock and novelties for 1920, recently held a semi-annual display in the ballroom of the Hotel Commodore. Everything, from articles favored at the ten-cent stores to the most elaborate wearing apparel, could be found at the various booths.

"Normal conditions in the lines we are now exhibiting can only come about by increased production," said Mr. Bailey earnestly. "Our reserve stocks were exhausted while our factories were working day and night on war material, and now, ready for peacetime work again, the manufacturers find themselves compelled to outbid each other for the products of the mills handling the raw materials. In turn these mills find they must outbid each other for the products of forest, plantation and mine. The problems of today in producing raw materials are well known—industrial unrest, transportation difficulties, lack of machinery—and only lead the investigator back to his starting point. There is really neither head nor tail to the situation.

"The economic situation in most lines of general merchandise should become stabilized in 1921, while a tendency toward a price reaction may even be realized this year. Conditions will become normal on a new plane, however, for it is doubtful if prices ever return to a pre-war basis."

The purpose of the exhibition, Mr. Bailey said, was to enable the retailer to buy directly and conveniently from the manufacturer and so eliminate, to a great extent, the extra cost of the consumer due to a jobber's commission.

MAY DECIDE DRY LAW TODAY.

Supreme Court's Ruling on Volstead Act Is Expected.

Liquor dealers, brewers, hotel men and saloonkeepers, as well as many others, await with much interest today word from Washington of the decision of the United States Supreme Court on the constitutionality of the Volstead act, it having been reported that the opinion would be handed down today.

William D. Guthrie, who, with Elihu Root, represents the New York State Brewers' Association, yesterday made public a letter he had written to Governor Smith, relative to the action of Governor Coolidge of Massachusetts in vetoing the 2.75 per cent. beer bill. This bill is similar in substance to the Walker bill, now before Governor Smith for his approval, and to the bill passed by the New Jersey Legislature.

"According to Governor Coolidge's view," Mr. Guthrie writes, "apparently State Legislatures, because temporary war legislation of Congress is still enforcible, should make no preparations for the immediate future, however provident and statesmanlike such preparation might clearly be, but must wait until peace is technically restored and then be reconvened to deal with a situation which common sense surely dictates can be properly and wisely anticipated and provided for beforehand."

He says that if the Supreme Court shall hold in the pending cases that the "concurrent power" clause reserves to the States an effective voice and jurisdiction in respect of their own internal and intrastate traffic, then the Walker bill, now before the Governor, would become "immediately necessary and applicable whenever the basis for war prohibition is removed by terminating the alleged technical state of war with Germany and Austria."

ASSAILS THE VOLSTEAD ACT.

Maryland Republican Candidate for Senate Calls It Intemperate.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, May 16.—The issue between the wets and drys in the coming campaign in Maryland for election of United States Senator has been accentuated by O. E. Weller, the Republican candidate, who in a letter to the Liberty League of Maryland under date of May 15 declares that the Volstead act contains provisions which are "unreasonable, drastic and intemperate."

He further declares that this "act in his judgment, is an undeserved reflection upon the moral balance and self-control of the American people."

TO COMBAT PANIC TALK.

Manufacturer on Western Tour to Take Stump If Necessary.

In order to determine something of conditions throughout the country and to combat the talk of approaching dull times, panic and general depression that seems so prevalent, Herbert E. Millar, a manufacturer of this city, left yesterday for a ten weeks' business trip to the Middle West and Southwest.

"Merchants in every part of the country have enjoyed unusual prosperity during the last two or three years, and I am going to take the stump if necessary to fight against the germ of industrial and commercial unrest which has been sown by the firesides of our country's farmers and merchants, inspired, I heartily believe, in Berlin and Moscow," said Mr. Millar at the Hotel McAlpin.

"The average American merchant has just passed through the most prosperous period ever recorded in industrial history. The immediate slump which they may feel at the present time is natural and is not the result of influence brought to bear by the monied interests of Wall Street, as so many are prone to think.

"It is the natural development of things, and if the merchant and small dealer will stop crying 'thief' and will buckle down to business, throwing his efforts into his production for the future rather than into a lamentation of a few lost dollars on damaged or old goods, which he may have had on hand when the war boom began to weaken, he will not only find himself a richer man in the long run, but a better American.

"True it is that railroad conditions and market conditions are not today what they were one year ago, and this coupled with a backward Spring has in many cases left him with large oversupplies of goods, which, in my opinion, he ought to do as the thrifty newsboy does. That is, when this newsboy finds himself enveloped in a blinding blizzard which halts transportation and stifles his day's business, or perhaps the business of his stand for a week or a month, he does not lock up his shop and mourn the sudden drop.

"He remembers the furious and unending stream of patrons who bought of him before the blizzard and also peers into tomorrow when the same throng again will be at his door. Thi throng will not buy last week's newspaper. Last week to them is history. They won't read it. Neither will the markets of the country purchase oversupplies of spoiled and aged goods now lying on the farms and in the warehouses.

"The day has come when a new leaf must be turned in the book of industrial progress. That is the message I shall take to thousands of men and women throughout the country who, mind you, are equal to the conception of common sense and also who only too often fail to have it properly and fairly presented to them."

HUNT BRONX WATER WASTE.

Inspectors Begin Tour of Houses Today in Conservation Drive.

Ninety additional water inspectors, borrowed from other boroughs, will aid the regular force of twenty-two in the Bronx this morning to make a house to house inspection to stop the wanton waste of Catskill water. Deputy Commissioner of Water Supply Liebenau explained the campaign, which will take a month.

"It requires 40,000 tons of coal to pump wasted water only," said Mr. Liebenau in explaining the urgency of conserving the water supply. "One-third of the Catskill water supply last Winter was wasted, according to Water Department records, which also indicate that 100,000,000 gallons are wasted every day, at an expense of $750,000," he said.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ATLANTA, Ga.—Chamberlain-Johnson-Du Bose Co.: A. H. Bernard, domestics, white goods, blankets; H. S. Johnson, Jr., dry goods; R. J. Lee, dress goods, silks, velvets; C. Y. Rose, men's furn. goods, boys' clothing; 48 W. 33th; Collingwood.

BALTIMORE—Hutzler Bros. Co.: A. D. Hutzler, dry goods, china, glassware; Miss M. Hutzler, representing; H. Oppenheimer, cloaks, suits, furs; 302 4th Av.; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—Doyle & Keyser: H. S. Keyser, linens, blankets, hosiery, vellings; Brystell.

BALTIMORE—American Wholesale Corp.: H. S. Messersmith, remnants; 854 5th Av.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—J. Pulitzer, men's, women's, children's clothing; Pennsylvania.

BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh Co.: B. G. Hawkins, rugs, oil cloths, carpets; 432 4th Av.

CANTON, Ohio—Kenny's: R. J. Bour, china, glassware, house furnishing goods; Herald Square.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn.—D. B. Loveman Co.: L. D. Farar, men's clothing; W. M. Sparborg, general mdse.; 1,150 Broadway.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.: C. Winslow, leather goods; L. M. Beals, leather goods; W. W. Pensley, women's wear; D. C. Blair, men's underwear; G. Lineberry, draperies; Miss J. Drose, dressmaking dept.; Miss M. Carroll, dressmaking dept.; Miss M. Maher, misses' dresses, skirts; 1,107 Broadway.

CHICAGO—Philipsborn's: Miss G. Ward, silk waists for Fall; Miss Nugent, women's, misses' junior skirts, dresses for Fall; J. N. Rosenthal, E. Dicker, women's, misses', juniors' coats, skirts for Fall; 912 B'way, 11th floor.

CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.: D. S. Betts, ribbons; 72 Leonard.

CINCINNATI—Aims & Doepke Co.: Miss B. Sulvetor, women's, juniors', infants' muslin underwear; 350 B'way.

CINCINNATI—H. & S. Pogue Co.: W. L. Foster, dresses, waists; 366 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—The May Co.: Miss Kay, taffeta, white wedding dresses, confirmation dresses; 37 W. 26th.

CLEVELAND—Ederheimer, Stein Co.: S. Stein, woolens; 500 5th Av.

DES MOINES, Iowa—L. Cransky & Sons: D. Cransky, jobs suits, coats, dresses, waists, skirts; 1,150 B'way.

DETROIT—Emporium: Mrs. K. Musgrave, blouses; 116 W. 32d.

EASTON, Pa.—W. Laubach & Sons: G. A. Laubach, mdse. manager; 41 Union Square.

FORT WAYNE, Ind.—J. Stillman, jobs, suits, dresses; 37 West 26th.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y.—Irving, Edwin Co.: E. Glass, jobs waists, dresses, infants' wear, gents' furnishings; 15 East 30th.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—I. E. Solomon Co.: H. R. Friedman, coats, dresses; McAlpin.

KALAMAZOO, Mich.—J. R. Jones & Co.: W. O. Jones, mdse. manager; Waldorf-Astoria.

LANCASTER, Pa.—Leonard's: L. Ginsberg, jobs coats, suits, dresses, skirts; 48 E. 25th.

LOS ANGELES—Hamburgers: M. Eroy, silk dress goods; W. F. Hippe, millinery; M. Swain, cloaks, suits, basement; Room 528, 225 5th Av.

LOS ANGELES—Broadway Dept. Store: Miss M. C. Gilmore, laces, ribbons, women's neckwear; 96 Madison Av.; Prince George.

MEMPHIS, Tenn.—Bry-Block Merc. Co.: S. Bernstein, jobs, men's Palm Beach suits, woolen pants, men's dress shirts; 1,100 Broadway.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Paris Fashion Co.: G. B. Schoen, voile, silk, sports dresses, jobs dresses; 37 West 26th.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—Dayton Co.: N. Cohn, cloaks, suits, waists, furs; 225 5th Av.

MUNCIE, Ind.—J. Stillman, jobs, suits, dresses; 37 West 26th.

PHILADELPHIA—Lerner Brothers: J. G. Lerner, jobs dresses and jersey suits; 157 W. 23d, 10th floor.

PHILADELPHIA—Standard Garment Co.: J. Gattestort, jobs ladies' Spring sport coats; 157 W. 23d, 10th floor.

PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl; Miss K. Sullivan, women's waists; Miss E. Eberhard, art novelties; 1,140 B'way.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufman Dept. Store: Miss M. Gibian, waists; 1,261 Broadway.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Mfrs. Outlet Co.: L. Samuels, mdse. manager; 116 W. 32d. Pennsylvania.

SACRAMENTO, Cal.—Weinstock, Lubin & Co.: C. W. Kuchman, mail order, ready-to wear; 225 5th Av.

SAN FRANCISCO—T. Weingarten; A. Weingarden, ribbons, holiday novelties; Room 1612, 949 Broadway.

SAN FRANCISCO—H. S. Presley, furs; 57 W. 38th, 12th floor.

SOUTH BEND, Ind.—J. Stillman, jobs suits, dresses; 37 W. 26th.

ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.: L. Fruend, domestics, cotton goods, linens; 1,107 Broadway.

ST. LOUIS—Furstenwarth-Uhl Co.: O. F. Uhl, silk, underwear; Pennsylvania.

ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.: T. D. Page, jobs women's, misses' dresses; 37 W. 26th.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—The Hunter-Tuppen Co.: J. F. Hanlon, silks, dress goods; Prince George.

TOLEDO, Ohio—W. L. Milner & Co.; E. C. Capper, women's, juniors' coats, suits, dresses; Miss M. Rochte, infants' wear, women's muslin underwear, sweaters; 120 W. 32d.

TOLEDO, Ohio—Lasalle & Koch Co.: H. O'Connor, jobs silks, jersey dresses, ajrons; 225 5th Ave.

TOLEDO, Ohio—Huxo Stein Cloak Co.: Miss S. Goldberg, waists, underwear, petticoats, sweaters; 404 4th Av.

TOLEDO, Ohio—Miller & Hadley Co.: W. J. Hadley, men's furn. goods; 256 Church.

WILMINGTON, Del.—M. Rosenman & Son; A. Rosenman, dry goods, notions; Pennsylvania.

WHOLESALE ONLY

Novelty Waists

MAY 17th TO MAY 21st — 33⅓% — MAY 17th TO MAY 21st

MARKED OFF

$12.00 PER DOZ
BLACK VOILES
DOTTED SWISS
WOVEN VOILES
SILK AND COTTONS
COLORED ORGANDIES

$9.00 PER DOZ
BLACK VOILES
PRINTED VOILES
STRIPED ORGANDIES
WHITE NOVELTIES

SPOT DELIVERY

Larry Goldberg
1270 BROADWAY, N. Y.
Telephone: Penn. 1708

WANTED
Merchandise for Spot Cash

WE are in the market for unlimited quantities of new, clean Fall and Winter merchandise, including Women's and Misses' Coats, Suits, Dresses, Skirts and Waists, Men's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats, Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes, Underwear, Hosiery, Millinery, Shirts and Work Clothing.

Prices must be below market and all merchandise must be of good quality. No seconds, damaged, or out-of-style merchandise will be considered.

CALL, WRITE, WIRE, or PHONE

Chicago Mail Order Company
368 Sixth Avenue — New York City

Wholesale Only.

Organdies—
Popular Sellers
This Year

THIS is to be a season of sheer fabrics — and Organdie will be the leader.

We are prepared to meet your needs. Never were Organdies more exquisitely colorful, more cleverly designed than the Rosebud line for Mid-Summer.

Don't fail to see them. Prices as low as $8.75.

Immediate Delivery

Rosebud
Cotton Frocks
Wash and Silk
Sport Skirts

ROSEBUD MFG. COMPANY
"Quality Merchandise at Moderate Prices."
37 W. 26th Street, New York

WHOLESALE ONLY!

$3.00 Net

Tricolette Overblouses

featuring the fancy drop-stitch and all the season's popular shades.

Selling Very Fast
and the sharpshooters are coming back for more because the
Values Are Supreme

Going Strong Also:

$2.50 Net

Georgettes

hand and machine embroidered and beaded

La Rose Waist Co.
25-27 West 32nd Street, N. Y.
Penn. 6234-5-6

Watch our Specials in Silk Waists.

VALUES ONLY!

Visiting Buyers
"JANE CLEGG"
By ST. JOHN ERVINE
is "a vital human play, acted almost flawlessly."—Globe.
Garrick Theatre 35th Street, near B'way.
Best seats at regular prices at box office

AUCTIONS.

TODAY (MONDAY)
May 17, at 11 A. M.
ONE DAY ONLY
at Unrestricted Auction
THE ENTIRE CONTENTS OF THE RESIDENCE OF
Theodore F. Whitmarsh
339 West 77th St.
(ON THE ABOVE PREMISES)
COMPRISING
Odd Italian and English Chairs and Tables; Three Bedroom Suites, Jacobean, Empire and Sheraton—all with Twin Beds; Oriental Rugs and Carpets; French Mounted Clocks, Bronzes, Andirons, etc.
A specially selected Steinway Baby Grand Piano, Mahogany Case.
PAINTINGS
Among which are examples by Winslow Homer, William M. Chase, F. Hopkinson Smith.
Sale Under Direction of James P. Silo & Son, Auctioneers, of
SILO'S
Fifth Ave. Art Galleries,
40 East 45th St.
S. W. Cor. Vanderbilt Ave.

Wilmerding, Morris & Mitchell
Auctioneers, 479 Broome St.
Wednesday, May 19, 1920
Promptly at 10 o'Clock
for mills, agents and others.
Over 500 Pieces
Dress Goods, Suitings, Coatings
Men's Wear Suitings
About 500 Pieces
Black and Colored Silks
Including Radium, Foulards, Silk, Faille, Taffetas, Warp Prints, Crepe de Chine, Striped Crepe, Shirtings, Duvetyns, Georgettes, Messalines, Printed Poplins, etc.
Plain and Fancy Cotton Goods
and for account of Marine Underwriters, 4 cases Italian chip braid.

COMPTOMETER ADDING and Calculating Machine bargain at $75; guaranteed one year; also adding and calculating machines at auction. John E. Ransom, 52 Church St., Room 101, second floor. Phone Cort. 8084.

AUCTION SALE of Postage Stamps for collectors at the Collectors' Club, 120 West 49th St., on May 18th, 20th and 21st, at 2 P. M.

WALTER S. SCOTT, Auctioneer.

WHOLESALE ONLY

BROTEX
DRESSES

Entirely New Line
At Radically Lower Prices

ENTIRELY new line of these well-known dresses priced phenomenally low on the basis of present lower cost of materials. Every dress a sales producer.

Silk Dresses Begin at 7.75
Cotton Dresses Begin at 3.75

Broder & C.
48-54 West 25th Street
Near Broadway — New York

Associated
Dry Goods Corporation
2 West 37th Street.
OPEN TO BUY
1,000 Cotton Voile Dresses
To Retail at $8.95.
MUST BE EXCEPTIONAL VALUES. WILL PAY CASH ON DELIVERY
Submit Samples Monday, Tuesday
9 to 12 A. M.

To Exporters and
Export Bankers
WE WILL BUY
FOR CASH
IN ANY QUANTITY
Boots and Shoes
If Price Is Attractive
Max Kalter Mercantile Co., Inc.
591 Broadway, New York City.
Spring 5160

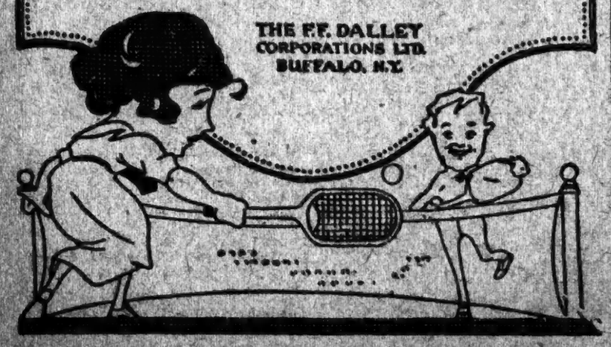
WHOLESALE ONLY

2 in 1
WHITE SHOE DRESSING

KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT
THE BIG VALUE PACKAGES
— LIQUID AND CAKE —

Also Pastes and Liquids for Black, Tan, Ox-Blood and Dark Brown Shoes

THE F. F. DALLEY CORPORATIONS LTD. BUFFALO, N.Y.



WHOLESALE ONLY

Weissenbach & Kay Inc.
509 FIFTH AVENUE

Our Extraordinary Sale
OF
More Than $1,000,000 Worth
OF
Standard Dress Silks

Priced at Materially Less Per Yard
Than the Actual Cost of Production

BEGINS TODAY!
Monday—May 17th—9 A. M.
ENDS
Thursday—May 20th—6 P. M.

NO WHOLESALE USER OF SILKS CAN AFFORD TO MISS THIS SALE!!!

Telephone 384 Vanderbilt
NEW YORK

BIJOU'S LIGHTNIN'
STRIKES TWICE

WHOLESALE ONLY

FRENCH VOILE
AND
JAP SILK
WAISTS

$18.00
DOZEN
PACKED ½ DOZ. TO A BOX

BIJOU WAIST CO., 303 Fifth Ave., New York

DEUTCHMAN BROS.

Wholesale Only

Georgette
WAISTS
$2.75 to $3.25
QUALITY GUARANTEED

TRICOLETTE
WAISTS
$3.25 TO $5.50

Positively the Best Values Shown in the Market.

Deutchman Bros.
18 WEST 20TH ST., NEW YORK.

Wholesale Only

Georges Aubert, Inc.
FRENCH MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS
Annual Stock Sale, May 17th to 22d
50 PER CENT. REDUCTIONS
These great bargains are made possible by the heavy decline in French exchange since the goods were contracted for

LACES — VEILINGS — RIBBONS — GLOVES
BLOUSES — UNDERWEAR — NECKWEAR

15 West 34th St. — New York — Tel. Greeley 3675

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

MILITARY HEADGEAR COMPANY, INC. The following was unanimously adopted: Resolved, That the name of this company shall be changed from MILITARY HEADGEAR COMPANY, INC., to HILL WOOLEN COMPANY, INC., and that the officers and Directors of this company be authorized and directed to execute and file such certificates and to take such other steps as may be necessary legally to effect such change in name.

PROPOSALS.

Picatinny Arsenal, Dover, N. J.—Proposals for extension and alteration to power house at this arsenal will be received until 3 o'clock P. M., June 1, 1920. Apply to Commanding Officer.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of HENRY HORNIK, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shoengood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, May 17, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 163 East 125th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of groceries, canned goods, cash register, scales, grocery store fixtures, etc.

JULIUS LICHTENBERG, Trustee.

ISRAEL BRINKMAN, Attorney for Trustee, 1,475 Broadway, New York.

MACGRANE COX, Referee in Bankruptcy, 302 Broadway.

BIG RISE IN TEXTILE TRADE TO ARGENTINA

Foreign Commerce Bureau Reports Fiftyfold Increase in Exports from 1913 to 1918.

YEARLY SALES $18,000,000

Latins Find Our Fabrics Well Made and Well Designed, but Complain of Service.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—Exports of American textiles to Argentina increased fiftyfold between 1913 and 1918, says Trade Commissioner L. S. Gary, in a report submitted to the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce on the textiles markets of Argentina, Uruguay and Paraguay.

Taking advantage of the exceptional conditions brought about by the war, manufacturers of such articles in the United States succeeded in selling more than $18,000,000 worth of merchandise to the Argentinians in the fiscal year preceding the armistice, as compared with sales amounting to only $312,000 before the outbreak of hostilities in Europe. The United States now occupies second position as a supplier of textiles to this market, furnishing 18 per cent. of the total imports.

The Trade Commissioner's investigations showed that the textile trade of Argentina has always been dominated by British interests, nearly one-half of the actual imports of piece goods being generally from that source. Practically all the imports of French goods consist of the higher grades and finer materials.

The greatest increase made by any country in the piece-goods trade with Argentina has been by Japan, which prior to the war supplied less than $48,000 worth of goods per year, compared with almost $5,000,000 in 1918. This represents an increase for Japan of 4,512 per cent. in volume and 10,142 per cent. in value, giving that country fourth place among the supplying nations.

The United States has sold to Argentina practically all classes of cotton, woolen, and silk materials, and the general opinion of importers, Mr. Gary reports, is that American fabrics are on the whole well made and well designed. The buyers find among America's goods many medium class fabrics suited to the demands of the Argentine markets, and during the war prices were quite as advantageous as those quoted by other suppliers. Such complaints as arise are concerned with service rather than with the merchandise.

About 20 per cent. of the total amount of textiles in the piece consumed in Argentina are manufactured in the country itself. The war gave a great impetus to the development of this domestic industry, Mr. Gary says. However, that most persons in touch with textile manufacturing in Argentina are not optimistic over the immediate future of the industry. In normal times the Argentine mills have not been very successful in competing with foreign manufacturers, and the history of the industry shows many failures. In Mr. Gary's opinion American exporters of textiles need not fear any really serious competition from the Argentine mills for some time to come.

"It will surely be 25 years," he concludes, "before the local industry can begin to threaten European and American commerce."

1,200 AT K. C. BREAKFAST.

Meet at Pennsylvania Hotel After Mass at St. Stephen's.

The Vera Cruz Council of the Knights of Columbus, the Ladies' Auxiliary and the Council's Choral Union met for breakfast yesterday in the ballroom of the Pennsylvania Hotel, after attending mass in St. Stephen's Church on East Twenty-eighth Street, at which Father Francis P. Cummings officiated.

About 1,200 listened to short addresses by Grand Knight William F. Foley, Dr. John F. Coyle and Supreme Knight James A. Flaherty, who outlined the present and future plans of the order.

Letters were read from Governor Smith and Father Duffy, Chaplain of the 69th Regiment. It was announced that the number of collegiate scholarships in the State had been increased to twenty-eight through recent gifts.

HONORS THE SEA'S DEAD.

Floral Boat Sunk for Civil War Soldiers and Sailors.

Annual memorial services in honor of the soldier and sailor dead buried at sea during the civil war were held yesterday afternoon under the auspices of Daughters of Veterans, Mrs. Ella Bixby Tent No. 18, at the Recreation Pier, 129th Street and North River.

An impressive feature of the services was the sinking of a floral boat in the middle of the Hudson. The boat, about ten feet long, had a superstructure made entirely of flowers. After addresses by civil war veterans and others, the boat was towed to the middle of the river and consigned to the deep.

Among the organizations that took part in the services were Farragut Post, No. 516, G. A. R., Phil Kearny Post, Sons of Veterans, and American Junior Naval Marine Scouts.

To Warn Public of Cancer.

In the intensive campaign to be waged here during the next two weeks against cancer, physicians will speak at various public and high school meetings to warn the public against neglecting cancer symptoms. Drs. J. P. Hoguet, Fenwick Beekman, F. W. Bancroft, John H. Dyer, J. S. Read, Condict W. Cutler, Charles A. Gordon, Jr., E. Welles Kellogg, John Viator, Raymond P. Sullivan, L. H. Moss, James T. Pilcher, William Brinsmade, Allen De F. Smith, J. S. Thomas, Martin N. Kittel and John Carl Geister.

Meetings will be held tomorrow in De-Witt Clinton High School, Stuyvesant High School, Borough of Manhattan; Commercial High School, Brooklyn; Bryant High School, Long Island City. All the meetings are open to the public.

TURKS WOULD SIGN TREATY

But Those Advocating This Plan Would Nullify Its Provisions.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 15 (Associated Press).—Strong opposition to acceptance of the peace terms imposed upon Turkey are expressed by several of the newspapers here, the phrase "better to die immediately than accept such terms" appearing frequently.

Other papers favor the signing of the treaty, but with the purpose of passively opposing and nullifying its terms. Still other papers say that the month's delay allowed before Turkey is required to sign may make it possible to obtain modifications through an appeal to the sense of justice of Europe.

Damad Ferid Pasha is said to be exerting every effort to secure a modification of the western boundary as fixed and to bring about the withdrawal of the Greeks from Smyrna.

Armenian and Greek newspapers in this city praise the treaty highly, declaring that it provides mild punishment for Turkey when the fact is considered that she prolonged the war for at least two years.

LONDON, May 15.—The Greek Chamber of Deputies received the announcement of the terms of the Turkish peace treaty with great enthusiasm when they were presented by Premier Venizelos, says a dispatch to The London Times from Athens dated May 14. At the session of the Chamber all the Deputies, headed by the President of the Chamber, escorted the Premier to his home. Along the route the populace acclaimed M. Venizelos.

CHANGE ORDERS FOR BODIES

Some Transfers of Soldier Dead Cancelled When Relatives Moved.

PARIS, May 16.—A steady stream of cable dispatches is arriving from Washington to army officers in charge of the removal of American soldier dead to the United States instructing them to allow certain bodies to remain in France, as the relatives of the soldiers have changed their homes.

Frequently these neworders have arrived as a body was being exhumed, and several came after the body was on shipboard, ready for the homeward voyage. These changes are said to average a dozen or more weekly, which is only a small percentage of the many thousands to be returned.

The second shipment of bodies probably will leave Brest within af ew days, as there is a group of 300 ready for transfer to the United States.

Eighty thousand small American flags are being sent out by the Memorial Day Committee to the various cemeteries, so that there will be an ample supply available for the ceremonies on May 30. Non-perishable wreaths are being prepared for the graves of 22,000 American soldiers at Romagne and in the cemeteries of Northern France, but fresh flowers will be used in the South.

At Romagne and other places wher there are many graves some of the work will be done in advance, so that the limited number of caretakers will be able to give proper attention to every grave.

BUFFER STATE IDEA GAINING.

Soviet Representative Says Moscow Recognizes Vladivostok Government.

VLADIVOSTOK, May 13 (Associated Press).—The idea of a buffer State is gaining popularity with the Russians, both in the East and West, and M. Vilensky, the Soviet representative from Moscow, assured the correspondent today that it already existed, the Soviet Government having recognized the Vladivostok provisional Government which is attempting to unite the social and political elements east of Lake Baikal.

The troops of General Voltzkhovsky, which are the remnants of Admiral Kolchak's forces, have refused to co-operate with the Japanese and General Semenoff, the Cossack leader, against the Russian partisans, according to Chita dispatches.

Here Russo-Japanese relations are improving and joint committees are co-operating. Hostilities have ceased, and the Japanese commander, General Oi, has issued a declaration supporting the proposed popular Government and suggesting a definite truce and peace negotiations. Nine thousand fresh Japanese troops arrived in Vladivostok last week.

TOKIO FAREWELL TO MORRIS.

T. W. Lamont Praises Ambassador on Eve of Visit Home.

TOKIO, May 13.—Roland S. Morris, the American Ambassador, was the guest of honor at an "au revoir" dinner last night at the Imperial Hotel. Mr. and Mrs. Morris will leave on furlough next Saturday on the Empress of Russia. The function was under the auspices of three American associations of Tokio, Yokohama and Kobe, and the principal dining hall of the hotel was filled with American residents and distinguished visitors to Japan.

The speakers alluded to the statesmanship by which Ambassador Morris defeated German intrigues during the critical Winter of 1917-18, following the collapse of the Russian front.

Thomas W. Lamont, the American financier, spoke on the successful conclusion of the consortium negotiations regarding the Chinese loan, which, he said, was largely due to the advice and direct efforts of Ambassador Morris. He declared that, of all diplomats with whom he had worked, he knew none with such a clear and comprehensive grasp of a difficult situation or greater ability in meeting it.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Thirteen cents per word each insertion.

BARONETS Wanted—Duplon, black, navy and flesh. Pennsylvania 6612.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Chameleon cord, frostglo, talama, Duvet de Laine, peachbloom and 63&4 tricotine, all colors. D. Hamburger & Son, 36 West 26th. Madison Sq. 6257.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—315 or F. & H.; will pay spot cash for large or small quantities; all shades. Cohen & Schwartz, 44 East 26th St. Madison Square 5695.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted — American 112 Juilliard's 110, Botany, Stevens; also Deland's polos. Watkins 6257.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted—Style 112, shade 329, 317, 813; also velours, style 715, shade 125, 127. Gramercy 2352.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted—Botanys, Stevens, American 112, Juillards 110. Meirovitz. Madison Square 3140.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—112 in all shades. George Hoffspiegel, 40 East 21st St. Stuyvesant 3848.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—Juillard's 110, Brown, I. & P. Sapiro Cloak Co., 35-47 West 20th.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—Green, navy, brown, style 313. Pennsylvania 6188, 6187.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

PATENTS—Over 70 years' practice; all communications strictly confidential; handbook on patents free on request; special facilities for office consultations. Munn & Co., patent attorneys, 411 Woolworth Building, New York.

CAPITAL WANTED.

Splendid opportunity for man to take charge of New York office of manufacturing firm; good responsibility; $5,000 to $6,000 required; state experience, with reference. D 31 Times.

Wanted, a man with $10,000 to pay out a partner in good paying business; money secure. Siele Bros., 210 Canal St.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

HAVE YOU REPRESENTATION IN THE GULF TERRITORY? NEW ORLEANS IS LOGICAL DISTRIBUTING POINT. We will handle your line of machine tools and such equipment as is in use at saw mills, cane mills, sugar mills, foundries and the like; nothing but staple lines and reputable houses will be considered. P 1,000 Times Annex.

Re-sellers distributing corporation, with county offices throughout the British Isles and an extensive organization, invites solicitation of marketable commodities, preferably proprietary; highest references exchanged; write full particulars. Z 2000 Times Annex.

FOR SALE.

Completely equipped job printing, multigraphing and mailing plant in downtown New York; fine clientele; $10,000. William B. Scudellas, 13 Water St. Phone 0244 Bowling Green.

For Sale—Commercial stationery store, well established, good location; well-paying proposition to party with $2,000; principals only; investigation invited. S 344 Times.

BAKERY

Best system bakery in best location in city; 40x 24's; long lease; price $11,000, cash $7,000, balance terms. C 144 Times.

For Sale—Lingerie shop, upper Broadway, $10,000 annual business; $10,000 required. Phone only between 12 and 1 P. M., 5402 Watkins. Turnenhorn.

Small blast manufacturing rubber bands at 30c per pound for sale; machinery, stock, full equipment $3,000; will consider partner with $3,000 with selling experience stationery line. Address Business, 810 Broad St., Newark.

BUSINESS LOANS.

Loans—Machinery, automobiles, trucks; rated notes discounted; quick action. Col. 7570.

GENERAL HARBORD'S REPORT, giving full details of the Armenian massacre, in May Current History. On news stands.—Advt.

BUYERS' WANTS.

CABLE COTTONADES Wanted—Warren tweeds, 9 oz. Palmer; can use any quantity. Spring 7136.

CHARMEUSE, Filettes, Japanese and Foulard Silks wanted. Room 702, 39 West 32d St.

CHARMEUSE Wanted—Empires 1650. A. Schweitzer & Co., 348 4th Av.

CHARMEUSE Wanted—40-inch, cheap. Zeits & Levin, 2 West 32d.

CHINCILLA Wanted—Raritan 157 and 3272, gray, navy and Cart. Madison Square 1380.

CLOAKINGS Wanted — Slater's velours, thibets, meltons, all colors. R. Fineman & Son, 128 West 31st.

COATING Wanted — ¾ prints, broadcloth American 112, heavyweight velours. Gramercy 2765.

COATS, Suits, Dresses Wanted—Out-of-town jobber open for jobs any quantity, this or last year's merchandise; also samples. Room 400, 1,101 Broadway. Chelsea 251.

COATS Wanted—Jobber open for high price children and misses' coats, snappy styles; call with samples, 10-12, 3d floor, 43 E. 31st.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted—Placing orders on high-grade coats and suits. Call all week, 140 West 23d; 11th floor.

COATS and Suits Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall samples from 2 to 5 P. M. 48 West 27th, 8th floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at ladies' and misses' cloth coats for Sept. Fall. 105 Madison Av., 5th floor.

COATS Wanted—Junior and misses' only; better grades. 9-12 all week, 137 West 25th, 5th floor.

COATS, SUITS Wanted (Spring)—What have you for cash? 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

COTTONS Wanted—Solsette, white, tan, blue; bleached 6400 and 6872; Eastworth seersucker, Everett classics or Essex. Stone, 261 Broadway.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Quantity plaids and checks, 32-inch ginghams, Amoskeag, Universal Spencer or similar. Greenberg, Watkins 120.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Forty-inch pink batiste, Pilgrim repps and longcloth, 10-yard pieces. Goldwater Bros., 37 East 21st St.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—64-60 cambric and muslin. M. Berger, 1,133 Broadway. Chelsea 178.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—White, cheap crepe. Call National Underwear Co., 1753 Canal.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Any quantity at a price. Kaplan Bros. Canal 0620 and 6270.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Ramie linens, colored. Hub Waist Co., 131 Spring St.

CREPE, Georgette, Wanted—Up to 50 pieces of 40-inch georgette crepe in an assortment of colors for spot cash; will pay up to $1.12½ per yard, plain; $1.50 per yard, printed. Write or call May 18 or 19, 9 o'clock A. M., Bowman & Co., care Stanley C. Macrae, 1,270 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—At 600, Cronemeyer's preferred, flesh, lavender, pink, and light blue, also Cheney's 36-inch satin. Mme. Shapiro, 114 West 116th.

CREPE DE CHINES, Georgettes and Satins Wanted—Will pay cash. Jaffin, 151 West 30th St.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Three thread, flesh, at $1; 8 per cent cash. Addison, 40 West 23d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber will buy for cash any quantity jobs georgettes, satins, charmeuse, serge, tricotines, tricolettes, and also cotton voiles; better grades preferred. 15 West 20th St. Phone Madison Sq. 9368.

DRESSES Wanted—Interested in the highest class wool dresses for Fall; will place orders on the right kind; submit samples after 9:30 A. M. Sample Room, 29 West 32d, 11th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall dresses; only those working for jobbers need call with own samples; 9:30 to 10:30 A. M. all week. Room 710, 1,170 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Open to buy big quantity taffeta dresses; also placing orders on new styles for immediate delivery. Adelson & Weinberg, 5 West 31st St.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at, Fall silk, serge and tricotine dresses, all week; Call with samples between 10:30 and 4, 9 West 31st, 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Fall dresses of the better kind; must be new style in taffeta, velour and charmeuse. 12 East 33d St., 1st floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobbers placing orders on snappy Fall numbers in tricotines, serge and jersey. Call all week with samples, Value Dress Co., 130 West 29th.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders on high-grade tricotine, serges and charmeuses. Call all week, between 3-6 P. M., 140 West 23d, 11th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Suits, Winter coats, waists, skirts, silk underwear; better trade jobs; cash. National, 15 Lispenard. Canal 1447.

DRESSES Wanted—Tricotine, serge, charmeuse and fancies; jobber looking at Fall dresses. Room 1412, between 10 and 2, 15 East 26th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall dresses in satin and taffetas; also foulards. Call after 11 A. M., 34 West 32d St., 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders on Fall styles in serges, satin, charmeuse, &c. Call morning, 150 Madison Av., 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Tricotine, serge and satin; jobber looking at flappers. Room 1812, between 10 and 2, 15 East 26th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobbers looking at Fall models tricotine, jersey and velour. Myrtle Mfg., 1,182 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Fall models in satins and silks. L. & R., 129 West 27th, 11th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders on charmeuse and georgette dresses for Fall. Geverts, 29 West 35th.

DRESSES Wanted—Western jobber placing orders on Fall line of dresses. Room 406, 1,101 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall samples. Contractors can call all week, 116 West 28th, 2nd floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Will buy any quantity of dresses all kinds for spot cash. Lincoln Dress, 47 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders on high-priced tricotine dresses. 32 East 31st, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—High-class satin tricotine georgette, at a price. 12 East 32d, 5th floor.

DRESSES, Sport Coats Wanted—5,000, for cash; entire season's output. Watkins 6154.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on voiles, 13th floor, 19 Madison Av.

FANCY BELTING Wanted—Cash for jobs, any quantity or description; also white crochet cotton. C. H. 707 Times Downtown.

FLANNEL SHIRTING Wanted—O. D. 34-inch, fine 9 ounce quality, big quantity, immediate delivery; quote lowest price and make. F. S., 294 Times.

FOULARDS AND GEORGETTES Wanted—Open for quantity. Balsam Heitner, 37 West 32d.

FOULARDS Wanted—Printed, any quantity, cash. 54 East 11th, 3d floor.

FUR COLLARS, Kid Coney Shawl Collars Wanted—Any quantity. Madison Square 435. Mr. Weiner.

FURS Wanted—Australian opossum shawl collars at a price. Hurowitz & Son, 38 West 21st.

FURS Wanted—Kitconey sets, large quantity. Rosalind Cloak Co., 133 W. 29th, 3d floor.

FURS Wanted—Coats and trimmings; must be cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

FUR Wanted—Placing orders on kit coney coats, 32 East 31st, 9th floor.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Open for quantity georgettes, dyed and raw; also satins and changeable taffetas; SPOT CASH. Call, 9 to 11, Weiss & Feig, 38 West 36th St.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Open for several hundred pieces good quality two-thread and 2x2, at a price, spot cash. American Lady Waist, 514 Broadway.

GEORGETTES and CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Open for large quantity, in all colors, at a price. Goldberg & Rosenblatt, 127 West 25th.

GEORGETTE Wanted—Open to buy quantity $1 to $1.25 white, also 44 and 54 inch; mono Jap silk. E. Phillips, 14 East 23d. 314 Lisson Square 3078.

GEORGETTE and Crepe de Chine Wanted—Open for quantity in cheap and better qualities. Reuter & Glasgner, 245 7th Av.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Satin, large quantity, all colors; cash transaction. Call morning. Dieusmakers, Inc., 208 5th Av.

GEORGETTE and Crepe de Chine Wanted—500 pieces for cash; must be cheap. Federal Waist Co., 56 Bleecker St.

GEORGETTE Wanted—Open for navy georgette; must be cheap. Emporial Dress, 34 West 28th St.

GEORGETTE, Tricolette, Voile, Ribbons Wanted—Will buy in big quantities. Bryant 5624.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Open for quantity 2x2 and 2x3 for cash. Kerner & Cohen, 20 East 30th.

GEORGETTES Wanted—1,000 pieces, 2x2 and 2x3, greige or finished. 430 4th Av., Room 707.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Large quantity at a price. Monroe Dress Co., 22 West 26th.

GEORGETTES Wanted—All colors, at a price. 7 West 30th St., 8th floor.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Dyed and raw; Call 9-11. Weiss & Feig, 38 West 36th.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Open 100 pieces at price. Queen, 114 West 26th St.

GEORGETTE Wanted—At a price, Kayner Waist Co., 110 West 28th.

GINGHAMS Wanted — Quality Amoskeag's Lorraine or other makes. Madison Square 1540.

INTERLININGS, Fibrenda, Wanted—Quantity cheap; call with samples. Morris Nagel & Co., Inc., 103 Madison Av.

JEANE Wanted—No. 38, Delft, Turner, Hallsey or similar cloths for manufacturer of middies. Abe Millman, 121 West 19th St. Watkins 7286.

BUYERS' WANTS.

KHAKI HANDKERCHIEFS Wanted—Can use quantity O. D. khaki handkerchiefs; quote best price and quantity. W 60, Times.

KUMSI-KUMSA Wanted—Open for quantity, in all colors; price must be low. Stuyvesant 2087.

LACES Wanted—Job of Val laces, all widths, 1 at a sacrifice. Address W 6 Times.

LININGS Wanted—Open for quantity, all silk linings. P. Fressman Co., 425 4th Av., corner 29th St.

MALINES Wanted—Also chiffon banding, laces, &c.; any quantity. Phone Madison Square 6796.

NAINSOOKS Wanted—30" 88x80 and 96x100. French American Import Co., 45 East 15th.

OLD ENGLISH SUITS Wanted—For men and young men. Phone Spring 4263.

PERCALES Wanted—Open for 64 percales, any quantity, for cash; darks and lights; call before 11. Fashion Silk Undergarments, 148 West 23d.

PIECE GOODS Wanted—All wool steel gray serge. Sam Hirsh's or American Woolen; Bahnsen's velour. Stone, 791 Broadway.

PLUMETTES Wanted—Joels 400, reindeer and copen. Goldtex Woolsh, Madison Square 8192.

PLUSH Wanted—Pierson's striped plush, all colors. Harry Greenberg & Co., 29 West 35th.

PLUSHES Wanted — Peco, peerless and others; prices must be right. Gramercy 1982.

PLUSHES Wanted—Bearing, Buffin, Hudson beni, Peco, Lapinex, Tie. Madison Square 4213.

POLO CLOTH Wanted—Stevens 1075 and 6100, also Stursburg-Schell 1100 or similar. Madison Square 1868.

PONGEE Wanted—12 momme, at reasonable price. Stuyvesant 586, or Stuyvesant 6562.

POPLINE Wanted—7/4 or 7/8L at the price. Goldberg & Eisman. Chelsea 2618.

POPLIN Wanted—PPL, navy. Watkins 7213.

RIBBONS Wanted—Flowered with dark background, 6½ inches wide, for cash. Freyberg, 85 5th Av.

SATINS Wanted—Black and white; will buy good quality; cash. Max Greenberg & Co., 112 Madison Av.

SATIN DE CHINE Wanted—Cotton back satin, Japs and mattens, printed. 303 5th Av., Room 611.

SATIN Wanted—Washable satin, also crepe de chine, flesh color 145. 147 West 28th St., 11th floor.

SATINS Wanted—Dyed and raw, SPOT CASH. Call, 9 to 11, Weiss & Feig, 38 West 36th.

SATINS Wanted—1213, 1210, TPS, 87; also Pacifics, Staffs, 151 West 26th St.

SERGES Wanted—7130, black only; cash for right price. Spring 6830.

SERGE Wanted—0086 poplin, suedine 13058. Ohringer, 9 West 20th.

SERGE Wanted—104 navy, at a price. Madison Square 2183.

SERGES Wanted—3192, 0086, 87, spot cash. Call Madison Square 9366.

SERGES Wanted—87780, 11335; spot cash. Watkins 9180.

SILKS Wanted—Tussah, can use 1,000 pieces of 58-inch, broadcad, good quality, at a price; must be under 400 per yard; submit samples and quantity, together with price. M. Silverman & Son, northwest corner Sixth and South Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.

SILKS Wanted for cash—Must be big bargains in georgettes, pongees, crepe de chines, striped, plaid and checked taffetas, plain taffetas, pole de soles and tricolettes. Patsy, 145 West 30th.

SILKS Wanted—For cash, satins, taffetas, crepe de chines, printed georgettes, pongees, tricolettes, also all kinds odds ends. Call with samples store, 24 East 29th. Madison Square 4941.

SILKS, satins, messaline, taffetas, georgette, crepe de chine, printed georgette, pongees, novelties and wash satins wanted; spot cash. Bond, 1,101 Broadway.

SILKS Wanted—Will buy for cash, 36 and 40 inch Plush crepe de chine, also 36 and 40 inch Plush washable satin. The Wolf Company, 304 5th Av.

SILK Wanted—Kumsi Kumsa, Fan-ta-si, Dewlist, plain and printed; must be cheap. Meirl Co., Greeley 1120.

SILKS Wanted—Quantity taffetas and messalines, dark shades, not over $1.35. National Garment, 1 East 28th.

SILKS Wanted—Taffetas, messalines, cotton-back satins, velours, velvets, novelties, &c.; jobs only. Spring 7934.

SILK Wanted—For cash 150 pieces 12 momme georgette; must be at the price. Madison Square 2678.

SILKS Wanted—Satins, taffetas, georgettes, crepe de chine shirtings. Mr. H., Stuyvesant 7570, Extension 16.

SILVERTONDE Wanted—4318, shade 27-4314, shade 830-846 or similar; U. S. worsted style 317, shade 132. Watkins 4324.

SILVERTONNE Plush, Velours Wanted—16007, 16038 Baffins and Sturaburg-Schell 4823, Madison Square 6686.

SILVERTONE Wanted—All kinds, pole and velour. Montroy, 1 East 28th.

SKIRTS Wanted—Western jobber placing orders on fall line of cloth skirts. Room 406, 1,101 Broadway.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at suits for 1921. The Palm, 39 West St., 10th floor.

SUITS Wanted—Jobbers looking at Fall suits. Myrtle Mfg., 1,182 Broadway.

TAFFETAS AND GEORGETTES Wanted—Flowered, all shades; must be cheap. Stylo, 24 West 25th.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Old rose and pink for cash. Freydberg, 85 5th Av.

TRICOLETTES Wanted — Open for 1,000 pieces; must be cheap; raw or finished. Goldberg & Rosenblatt, 127 West 23d.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Broadway dress manufacturer open; 800 pieces good tricotine, $4.90 cash. Box C. R., 1,214 Wilson Building.

TRICOTINES, BROADCLOTHS Wanted—0086, 09077, 915, 813, 0884, 2004, 87. Stuyvesant 8722. Estelle.

TRICOTINE Wanted—American, 09077, 0086; also Botany and Yalama, Copen; cash. Watkins 6186.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Low price, U. S. 307, serge 11432; also American suedine. Vanderbilt 4634.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Botany 5032, DRW, similar, also Stevens velour. Watkins 2428.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Botanys, Abraham Lundgarten, 4 West 10th. Chelsea 8170.

TRICOTINE and POIRET TWILL Wanted. Schoen & Newman, 35 West 35th.

VELOURS Wanted — Merrimac 3018, 5, 8; Wyandotte 210, rookie. Victor Everett, Watkins 2620.

VELOUR Wanted—Wyandot 210; all colors. Williamsberg Manufacturing Co., 12 West 38th.

VELOURS Wanted—All colors; must be cheap. Gordon V. Lyons, 127 West 26th.

VELOUR Wanted — Merrimac 3018, shades 8 and 5; will pay cash. Orchard 5432.

VELVETEENS Wanted—27-36 twilled back; cash. H 53 Times.

VENETIANS Wanted — Quantity English Venetians for cash. William V. T. Samuel, piece goods broker, 25 West 34th.

VENETIANS Wanted—56-inch, in colors, gold, reindeer, light green. Spring 3078.

VENETIAN Wanted—Pekin brown and reindeer. Stuyvesant 3034.

VOILE Wanted—Open for plain and figured cotton voile at a price. Call with samples, Kahn, Leinhard & Simon, 10 East 23d.

VOILES and Printed Double Twist Wanted—Must be cheap, cash. Frank, 41 Union Square. Stuyvesant 1494.

VOILES Wanted—Open for quantity Bitterfield Normandy voiles only. Dorfman & Wiesen, 18 West 25th.

VOILE, Printed, Wanted—Dark patterns only; must be cheap; spot cash. Romer, 120 West 32d.

WAISTS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Fall line of waists. Room 406, 1,101 Broadway.

WOOLENS Wanted—Jobs poiret twill, gabardine, tricotines, serges, plaids, checks. Stuyvesant 9471.

YALAMA CLOTH Wanted—In Fall shades. Medina Bros., 15 West 28th.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

Thirteen cents per word each insertion.

BROADCLOTHS—Botany, Stevens, American 112, Juillard's 110, Meirovitz, Madison Square 8141.

CHARMEUSE and CREPE METEOR—All shades. H. Leitzer, 433 4th Av.

CHARMEUSE—Black, navy and colors from $2.25 up. Sunset Silk Mills, 40 East 21st.

CHILDREN'S "Misses and ladies", to close, $1.95. Nivel, 114 West 26th.

COATS, coatech, plushes and pile fabrics for jobbers exclusively. Cohen & Wheilan, 30 West 15th.

COATS—Tweeds, all wool, 48 inches long; also short coats, 18 close out. Blumenson & Co., 56 West 22d.

COATS—Plush, 500 job; sacrifice; long and short. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

COATS—Children's, closing out. D. Kantor & Wasserman, 3 East 17th St.

COATS AND SUITS—To close out cheap. Singer & Son, 45 West 27th St.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

COATS—Wonderful display coats and wraps, all newest materials, featuring tricotines; stock on hand for immediate delivery; full line of cloth and pile fabric coats now ready for jobbing trade. Menschtaky & Stollerman, 38 West 27th.

COATS—Serges, 1,500 coats, infants', children's and juniors' to close out at a sacrifice price; large stock-carrying house in New York. Roch Manufacturing Co., 1123 West 27th St.

COATS—300 sport coats; assorted shades; 200 suits, tricotine, serges, &c., to close out. A. Cohen, 34 West 27th.

COATS—Desirable lot of Spring coats to close out at special low prices. Norwalk Bros., 105 Madison Av.

COATS AND SUITS—Will sell out left overs cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS—Fall line ready for jobbers. Loventhal & Hurwitz, 56 West 22d.

COATS—Sport models at sacrifice prices. Eisen & Son, 122 West 29th St.

COATS, Suits and Dresses—Closing out. Rinsberg, 41 West 25th.

CORDUROYS—9,000 Jullliards, all colors. Charles Feldman & Sons, 712 Broadway. Spring 3236.

CORDUROYS—Boyd's, rose, copen, tan, nutria, to close out cheap. Giselle Co., 426 4th Av.

COTTON GOODS, black sateen, twill and Albert; 36-inch pillow tubing; Turner Halsey's 680 khaki; John H. Meyer's 50-inch drab moleskin; printed organdie; 72-inch 19-in. grey flat. Stokes, 751 Broadway.

COTTON GOODS—Imported, dotted Swiss, dark ground, white dots; all colors, will sell below market price. Telephone 1055 East New York.

COTTON GOODS—Quantity black and slate sateen, 2x70, firsts, below market price; unusual bargain. Room 630, 621 Broadway. Spring 3615.

COTTON GOODS—Large assortment of plaids, checks and striped; also jeans and piques; will sell below market. Canal 8150.

COTTON GOODS—80-80, 40-inch crisp finish, full mercerized batiste; marked price 52½c, will sell 46c. Telephone 1055 E. N. Y.

COTTON GOODS—Organdies and voiles, white and colors, at special prices. Elk Textile Co., Inc. Chelsea 8110, 8111.

COTTON GOODS—Genuisene, Solsettes, all colors, low figured. M. Barser, 1,133 Broadway. Chelsea 178.

COTTON GOODS—Printed voiles in good shades to close out cheap. 26 West 15th, 7th floor. Chelsea 670.

COTTON GOODS—White army duck, also white shoe drill. New York Mfg. Co., 600 Broadway.

COTTON NETS—36-hole, 900 pieces below market. 14 East 27th, 6th floor.

CREPE DE CHINE—1 lot assorted colors, 40 inches wide, heavy 4-thread, $1.50 net cash. N. Y. Silk Exchange, 257 4th Av. Madison Square 1803.

CREPE DE CHINE—Stewart's 2500 flesh, 82, 7% 10 days; also Eagle's 815, $1.40. Sunset Silk Mills, 40 East 21st.

CREPE DE CHINE, charmeuse, georgette. Phone Madison Square 5967.

CREPE DE CHINE—Four thread flesh and white. Wolf, 187 West 28th.

CREPES—Japanese, 150 pieces assorted colors; will close out at 35c. Watkins 7287.

DRESSES—A ten-dollar bill will buy more dress value here than you ever dreamed possible; fifteen good numbers in all silk materials; beaded georgettes, flowered georgettes, crepe de chines, taffetas combinations, all at $10; just the thing for sales; on the racks by the thousands. Meyer Bosnlak, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES—"Just the cotton line I've been looking for. You'd be justified in making a noise about it," he added. "Anyhow, we'd like to add that the quality and price combination will more than meet the national demand for economy. Immediate delivery." M. Kirschner & Sons, 34 East 23d.

DRESSES—For your economy sales! Special, very important values in advance, fascinating fluffy Summer styles of georgette or taffeta; the exclusive, highly refined Klif models at amazingly low prices; styles for afternoon, street or graduation. Klif Dress Co., 28 West 27th St.

DRESSES—Exceptional values in better grades of satin, charmeuse, beaded georgette, in a good selection of sporty styles, also confirmation dresses in cotton poll and plain. Crescent Dress Co., 101 West 29th.

DRESSES—Visiting jobbers, attention. We're showing tricotines and serges for Fall; make your selection; we can ship samples for your salesmen immediately. Meyer Bosniak, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES, COATS—Big slaughter, georgette and taffeta, $7.75; voile, organdie, $2.50, $3.75; sport coats, $7.75, $9.75; suits, $9.75, $12.75; several jobs very cheap. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

DRESSES (Stouts)—Buy direct from manufacturer; voiles, $5 to $15.50; also close outs in Nainsquehanna poplin, satins and georgettes. Liman Dress Co., 12 West 17th.

DRESSES, priced to create sales; all silk tricolettes, $13.75; beaded georgettes, jap, lined, $10.75; crepe, satins, taffetas, $9.75 up; jobs. Feller, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES—Jobs of silk dresses to close out at once; taffeta, crepe meteors, printed and beaded georgettes, foulards, &c. Hugo H. Levy & Bro., 29 West 36th St.

DRESSES—Closing out 200 tricolette dresses and 300 voile dresses, latest models, exceptionally low price. D. Horowitz & Co., 22 Roomin Temple; must be at once.

DRESSES — Best buy in town; beaded georgettes Jap silk lined throughout, $9.75; fafetas to close out. Loeb Nussbaum, 119 West 23d.

DRESSES — 500 to close out; georgette, charmeuse, satin, taffetas, serges and tricolettes; very low price. Pincus Bros., 14 West 17th.

DRESSES—Exceptional opportunity! Closing out choice styles, ginghams and white dresses. Room 1412, 305 Broadway. Canal 4442.

DRESSES (stouts)—Closing out cotton voiles to-day at $5.25; sizes 42½ to 52½. Regimar Dress Co., 106 West 32d. Phone Chelsea 6090.

DRESSES—See our fine quality georgette models; big reductions; immediate delivery. L. Kant & Co., 37 West 26th.

DRESSES—300-1,000 beaded and plain georgettes, also printed voile dresses; close out. A. Burgen, 3 West 30th St.

DRESSES—Gingham dresses for special sale; regular sizes $3.75 up, stylish stouts $5.50 up. Kalish & Co., 120 West 27th.

DRESSES—2,000 taffetas and georgettes at a sacrifice. Michael Simon, 354 5th Av. Entrance on 33d.

DRESSES—Children's, to close out to jobbers, retailers, before market; samples on request. Kellner Bros., 17 East 16th.

DRESSES—Silks, sport and better grade wash dresses; exceptional values; immediate delivery. Glockner, 49 West 27th St.

DRESSES—Children's; big offering; closing out prices; taffeta, poplin and Shantung. Greater N. Y. Silks, 244 5th Av.

DRESSES—Jobs of crepe de chine and georgettes, closing out, low price; cottons on rack. Fioranell Dress, 38 West 20th St.

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FINANCIAL SITUATION

Success of New Financing Lightens Railroad Problem—Traffic and Credit Relation.

One favorable aspect of a generally unfavorable credit and business situation is the present success railroad companies of excellent resources are having in raising new capital. True, the cost is high. It is a wrench for railway managements to pay 7 to 7½ per cent. for funds when they recall the 3 and 4 per cent. market for long term bonds in the '90s, but this is overshadowed by the certainty of increased revenue based on property investments which take account of the appreciation of values up to current standards. Now that an eager public demand for first-class railway notes and short bonds has been uncovered, the question may be raised whether it could not have been availed of some months ago—at 7 per cent. If the railroads had pressed upon the market immediately after the roads were returned to stockholders, before they began to suffer from new strikes and embargoes, it is conceivable that hundreds of much-needed cars and locomotives would now be under construction which, in many cases, are still to be ordered. However, sight should not be lost of the fact that more than $100,000,000 of new security offerings were distributed during the year prior to the transactions of this month, and the proceeds of a large part of this total will be seen in new equipment before the Autumn crop moving begins. The matter of immediate importance is the fact that, while credit is exceedingly tight, investment money is plentiful when a high return and ample security are offered. Last week $50,000,000 of railroad securities were absorbed with such ease that offering bankers found their most difficult task in paring down allotments. More are coming this week and signs have not yet been discovered of an approaching saturation point in the market.

The week's financing bore out surprisingly the contention of bankers before the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee a few days ago that roads of recognized good credit should be left to finance themselves. In so far as the process may be extended, just so far will the Treasury's burden under provisions of the Transportation act be eased. It appears now as though the original provision of $300,000,000 of Treasury funds for railroad requirements will be extended by several hundred millions, paving the way for the needs of the roads which would have difficulty in selling their paper to private investors. A double-barreled principle is involved in the action to be taken at Washington. First, adequate assistance for the "weaker" roads will work to alleviate such intolerable transportation conditions as shippers and consumers of goods are suffering from, and, second, the investment market will be conserved at a trying period for prime securities. It is not difficult to picture the adverse effect upon existing bonds and notes of forced offerings of paper bearing 9 per cent. interest, say, paper issued by companies which in normal times have a substantial investment following.

Events of the last few days have shown more clearly than before the intimate relationship between railroad transportation and credit, and the attendant relationship between the former and living costs. At a time when the effort of bankers had begun to get real and far-reaching support from the public in the work of deflation of prices and credit, extraordinary congestion on the railroads came along to handicap the undertaking. From all parts of the country are coming complaints, hardly less in volume from the man in the street than from corporations which are unable to move their products to market. It might be too much to state that the railroad situation is the keystone to the entire credit and price structure, but certainly the banks would be in a far better position to get their loans down if it were possible for manufacturers and merchants to lighten their accumulations of goods. A man cannot easily pay off his loan when the products which represent that loan cannot be delivered and sold.

The outlook is not promising for an expansion of credit for use in speculation. Eastern Federal Reserve Banks are lending extensively to Reserve Banks of the interior, especially in the grain and livestock territory, and the appearance of last Saturday's Clearing House bank statement seemed to show that they were also extending accommodation to correspondents on a larger scale than before. The large expansion of loans and increase of rediscounts at the Reserve Bank of New York may have reflected operations attendant upon the week's new financing, but the movements were not accounted for to any degree by stock market dealings. On the contrary, fresh liquidation of speculative accounts was evidently disclosed in a decline of about 2½ points in the average price of stocks. So far, however, there have been few indications of public liquidation of securities. Professional speculators were busy for a time last week in depressing quotations, but even their operations slackened and the turnover was 1¼ per cent. less than the week before. The impression that many stocks have reached levels where they are "cheap" prevails widely. But the credit tension discourages buying on margin, particularly as no one may venture a prediction whether or not money supplies will be more restricted before a positive appearance of easement is seen.

Crop news has been more encouraging since the May 1 report of the Department of Agriculture appeared than before. In the Southwest good weather conditions have helped Winter wheat and corn is reported to be doing well. Because of the fact that many farmers of the Middle West have not undertaken the plowing up of acreage hurt by freezing, the suggestion comes from the crop belt that the yield may be larger than Government predictions, as part of the injured area is reviving. With favorable weather and sufficient labor, which is being attracted by high wages, it seems possible that acreage able to return 800,000,000 bushels of Spring wheat will be planted. A yield of this size, together with the estimated 484,000,000 bushels of Winter grain and a carry-over in the neighborhood of 150,000,000 bushels from last year's crop, would make a marketable supply next Autumn not greatly less than that a year before.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED MAY 15, 1920.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	3,841,969	105,781,869
Same period a year ago	8,616,304	94,000,997

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 50 stocks	86.29	81.67	94.07	75.45
Same period a year ago	83.96	80.64	83.96	69.73

Sales.	COMPANY.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
500	ADAMS EXPRESS	33½	32	32	— 1
2,200	Advance Rumely	35⅝	32½	33⅝	— 2¼
200	Advance Rumely pf	64⅞	63½	64½	
1,300	Ajax Rubber	69¾	65½	65½	— 3½
5,200	Alaska Gold Mines	1¾	1½	1⅝	— ⅛
1,800	Alaska Juneau	2¼	2	2	— ⅛
200	All-American Cables	109¾	107	109¾	
6,400	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	37	33	33½	— 2⅝
	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. pf.	75¾	75	75	— 1
1,000	Am. Agricul. Chem.	88	85	85½	— 1⅝
	Am. Bank Note	41½	41½	41½	
200	Am. Bank Note pf.	42	42	42	+ 1
5,400	Am. Beet Sugar	33½	32¼	32⅝	— 2
4,900	Am. Bosch Magneto	100⅝	101	106½	— 2⅞
100	Am. Brake-Shoe & Fdy.	91	91	91	— 1¼
9,800	Am. Can	42½	39	39¾	— 2
1,200	Am. Can pf.	90¼	89½	89¼	— 1½
8,700	Am. Car & Fdy.	135¾	129¾	131½	— 3⅝
100	Am. Car & Fdy. pf.	108	108	108	— 2¾
3,100	Am. Cotton Oil	47⅞	46½	46½	— 2¼
5,800	Am. Drug Syndicate	13¾	12¾	12¾	— ⅝
1,700	Am. Express	130	120½	125	—35
3,000	Am. Hide & Leather	20¼	18¾	18¾	— 2½
6,000	Am. Hide & Leather pf.	96	92	94½	— 3¾
500	Am. Ice	44	42	44	+ 2½
200	Am. Ice pf.	63	60	62	+ 2
25,000	Am. International	92¼	85¼	86¼	— 1⅝
1,000	Am. La. F. Fire Engine	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	+ ⅛
10,000	Am. Linseed	85⅝	83½	83	— 3½
1,800	Am. Linseed pf.	93	91¼	91¼	— ⅝
16,400	Am. Locomotive	97⅛	90¾	94	— 2
100	Am. Locomotive pf.	100¾	100¾	100¼	— 2¾
100	Am. Malt & Grain	38	38	38	
23,200	Am. Safety Razor	14⅞	12¾	14	
5,800	Am. Ship & Commerce	23	20	21	— 2½
9,800	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	62	58⅝	60½	— ½
500	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	94½	92¼	92½	— ½
700	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. A	80¾	79¼	80	
300	Am. Snuff	103½	101½	101½	+ ½
4,800	Am. Steel Fdys.	42	39	*39⅜	— 1½
200	Am. Steel Fdys. pf.	88½	88	88	— 2
2,100	Am. Sugar Ref.	132	128½	129¼	— 2
420	Am. Sugar Refining pf.	109	108	108	+ 1
7,400	Am. Sumatra Tobacco	90½	84¾	85⅝	— 2½
11,520	Am. Tel. & Tel.	94⅞	93	94⅜	— ¼
500	Am. Tobacco	240	229¾	*229¾	— 4¼
500	Am. Tobacco pf. new	91¼	90⅞	90⅞	— 1
18,100	Am. Tobacco Securities	60⅝	57	58⅛	— 1⅞
100	Am. Wholesale pf.	93	93	93	— 2
60,700	Am. Woolen	110⅜	107¼	109½	— 2⅝
350	Am. Woolen pf.	100	99	99	— 1¼
1,300	Am. Writing Paper pf.	42	39¾	39¾	— 1½
2,200	Am. Zinc, L. & S.	16½	14½	14⅝	— 1¼
100	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf.	50½	50¼	50¼	— 1
13,900	Anaconda Copper	57⅛	55¾	56¼	— 1¼
100	Ann Arbor pf.	23	22¾	23	
300	Assets Realization	4⅝	4	4	— 1⅛
1,300	Associated Dry Goods	36½	32	35	— 4½
100	Associated D. G. 1st pf.	60	60	60	
300	Associated D. G. 2d pf.	62	61	61	— 2
5,000	Atch., Top. & S. F.	81	78½	79½	— 1½
1,400	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	75½	74¼	74½	— ¾
800	Atl., Birm. & At.	6¾	6	6⅝	— ⅛
400	Atl. Coast Line	87	84½	84½	— 2½
25,500	Atl., Gulf & W. I.	172½	162	169	— 3
100	Atl., Gulf & W. I. pf.	6	6	6	
500	Atl. Ref. pf.	103	103¾	103¾	— 2¼
500	Auto Sales	11	10	10	— 1
254,100	BALDWIN LOCO.	121¼	113½	117⅝	— 1½
9,700	Baltimore & Ohio	35	32	32⅝	— 2¼
400	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	44	43½	43½	— ½
600	Barnsdall, Class A	46	42	42	— 3
2,500	Barrett Co.	129¾	122¾	124¾	— 5
100	Barrett Co. pf.	105½	105½	105½	
500	Baroplas Mining	1⅞	1	1	— ⅛
8,500	Bethlehem Motors	24⅜	21	22½	— 1
2,600	Bethlehem Steel	94	88	88	— 6¼
118,300	Beth. Steel, Class B	95⅞	89⅝	92	— 3½
600	Beth. Steel 8% pf.	105	103½	103½	— ¼
2,100	Booth Fisheries	10¾	9½	9½	— ⅝
2,800	Brooklyn Rap. Tran.	12⅝	11⅛	12¼	— ⅛
200	Brooklyn R. T. c. of d.	9	9	9	— ⅛
300	Brooklyn Union Gas	50	50	50	— 5½
100	Brown Shoe	111	111	111	— 7½
1,100	Bruns. Term. & Ry. Sec.	7	6¼	6¼	— ¼
300	Buffalo & Susq.	68	67	67	— 1
1,700	Burns Brothers	119	114¼	114½	— 4⅞
3,300	Butte Copper & Zinc	9⅛	8¾	8¾	— ⅜
1,000	Butte & Superior	25⅛	22¾	23⅛	— ⅞
100	Butterick Co.	14½	14½	14½	
3,300	CADDO CENT. O. & R.	19¼	18	19	+ ½
700	California Pack.	76	74	76	— 1½
300	California Petroleum	32	30⅜	30⅝	— 1½
200	California Petroleum pf.	67	67	67	— ⅞
500	Calumet & Arizona	61½	60	60	— 1½
9,000	Canadian Pacific	119	113¾	115	— 2⅜
100	Case (J. I.) Co. pf.	94	94	94	— ⅞
12,500	Central Leather Co.	73⅜	67¾	69½	— 4½
2,700	Cerro de Pasco Copper	48	45½	45⅝	— 2⅛
100	Certain-Teed Products	49	49	49	
39,500	Chandler Motor	147	129½	136	—11
1,500	Chesapeake & Ohio	53½	50⅝	52	— 1¼
1,700	Chi. & Alton	10⅝	9	9	
600	Chi. & E. Ill. Eq. Tr. r.	7⅞	6⅝	7¼	+ 1⅛
300	Chi. & E. Ill. Eq.Tr.r.pf.	7½	6¾	6¾	— ⅝
1,500	Chi. Great West.	8¼	7½	7½	— ⅝
900	Chi. Great West. pf.	23¾	20½	21¼	— 1½
4,400	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	35⅞	33	33¾	— 2⅛
6,100	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	52⅛	48¾	49	— 2⅞
1,800	Chi. & Northwestern	81	78¼	79	— 2
900	Chi. Pneu. Tool	89	88	89	— 1
52,700	Chi., R. I. & Pac.	36	32¾	34⅝	— ⅝
400	Chi., R. I. & Pac. 7% pf.	73	71	72	— 1
1,900	Chi., R. I. & Pac. 6% pf.	63	60½	63	+ 1½
200	Chi. St. P., M. & O.	60⅝	60	60½	— 2⅞
4,400	Chile Copper	16⅝	15⅜	15⅜	— ⅝
4,100	Chino Copper	32½	31¾	31½	— ⅛
100	Clev., Cin., Chi. & St. L.	47½	47½	47½	
200	Clev., C. C. & St. L. pf.	63	63	63	+ ½
13,200	Coca-Cola	34½	31⅝	32⅝	— ⅝
700	Colorado Fuel & Iron	35¾	34½	34½	— ⅞
500	Colorado Southern	22	22	22	— 1
100	Colorado Southern 1st pf.	48	48	48	
1,900	Columbia Gas & Electric	59	55⅝	56	— 3
34,000	Columbia Graphophone	36½	27½	29¼	— 7
400	Computing Tab. Record.	51	50¾	50¾	— 4½
800	Consolidated Cigar	61	59½	59¾	— 1
600	Consolidated Gas	55⅝	51	*51	— 2½
2,100	Consol. Inter. Cal. Min.	15	13⅞	14½	— ½
13,800	Consol. Textile	39	34	35½	— 2½
2,500	Continental Can	92	86	87	— 4½
8,300	Continental Candy	12¾	11¼	11¾	— ⅝
61,300	Corn Products Ref.	98	92	94½	— 3½
400	Corn Products Ref. pf.	104½	104¼	104¼	— ⅝
1,900	Cosden & Co.	41	35	37	— 3½
100	Crex Carpet	60	60	60	— 4
26,900	Crucible Steel	148	133½	138	— 8
400	Crucible Steel pf.	96	95	95	— 1⅜
18,600	Cuba Cane Sugar	53⅜	51½	52⅝	
1,600	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	81½	80½	81¼	— ⅝
200	Cuban-Am. Sugar	550	550	550	—65
2,400	Cuban-Am. Sugar, new	56	53¾	53¾	
100	DEERE & CO. pf.	95	95	95	— 1½
400	Delaware & Hudson	94	91¾	91¾	— 1⅝
300	Del., Lack. & West.	175¾	170	170	— 5
400	Denver & Rio Grande	6¾	6¼	6¼	— ½
7,500	Denver & Rio Grande pf.	12⅝	10¾	11¼	— ⅞
50	Detroit Edison	102	102	102	
400	Detroit United Ry.	92¼	92	92¼	— 6⅜
200	Dome Mines	10	9⅞	10	
100	Duluth, S. S. & Atl.	3	3	3	— ⅛
100	Durham Hosiery pf.	93	93	93	— 1
800	ELK HORN COAL	21¾	21	21	— ¾
700	Emerson-Brant.	21	20	20	— 1
900	Emerson-Brant. pf.	80	78¼	78¼	— 2
2,500	Endicott-Johnson	106	101	102⅝	— 4½
300	Endicott-Johnson pf.	98¼	97⅛	97⅝	— ½
5,000	Erie	13	11⅞	11⅞	— 1⅛
4,700	Erie 1st pf.	20⅜	18	19	— 1½
800	Erie 2d pf.	14	13⅞	13⅞	— ⅛
9,500	FAMOUS PLAYERS-L.	73⅜	69	71	— 1
1,032	Famous Players-L. pf.	84	81	83	— 2
1,900	Federal Min. & Smelt.	14½	14	14⅛	— ⅛
5,850	Federal Min. & Smt. pf.	44⅞	38½	42¼	— 1⅝
1,700	Fisher Body	128¾	125¾	125¾	— 4½
900	Fisher Body pf.	104	103½	104	
9,700	Fisk Rubber	32⅜	30⅝	31⅝	— 1½
4,200	Freeport-Texas	23¾	21	21½	— ⅝
1,900	GASTON, W. & W.	12½	12¼	12½	— ⅛
1,000	Gen. Am. Tank Car	61	50	50⅝	
100	Gen. Chemical pf.	90	90	90	— 4
900	Gen. Cigar	61¾	61¼	62	— 1½
100	Gen. Cigar deb. pf.	81¾	81¾	81¾	— 2⅜
5,550	Gen. Electric	148	140¾	141	— 1
177,600	Gen. Motors	31	26	28⅝	— 2½
600	Gen. Motors pf.	77½	75	75	— 1
1,900	Gen. Motors 7% deb.	83	81¼	81¼	+ 1⅜
3,500	Gen. Motors 6% deb.	71⅜	70	70	— 1¾
12,200	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	64⅞	59⅜	61¼	— 2½
1,100	Goodrich (B. F.) Co. pf.	92	91	91	— 1
100	Granby Consol.	40	40	40	
800	Gray & Davis	27⅜	24½	24½	— 2¼
4,200	Great Northern pf.	75¼	73	73½	— 1½
5,900	Gt. Nor. ctfs. for ore p.	38¼	34½	35⅝	— ⅝
613	Greene-Cananea Cop.	32	31⅜	31⅜	
400	Gulf States Steel	60¼	57¾	57¾	— 3½
400	Gulf, Mobile & North.	14¾	13¾	13¾	— ½
200	Gulf, Mobile & Nor. pf.	31½	31	31	
100	HARTMAN CORP.	86	86	86	— ¼
6,900	Haskell & Barker	65¼	61	63¾	
2,400	Hendee Mfg.	41⅜	35½	36	— 5
9,650	Hupp Motor	19⅝	16½	17¾	— 1⅝
100	Homestake Mining	58	58	58	— 2
400	ILLINOIS CENTRAL	86	84½	84½	— ¾
1,700	Indiahoma Ref.	8⅛	7½	7⅝	— ⅜
7,300	Inspiration Copper	54	51¾	52¼	— 1½
3,100	Interborough Con.	4	3½	3½	— ¼
100	Interborough Con. pf.	12	12	12	— 1
600	Internat. Agricul.	22⅜	19	20	— 1
200	Internat. Agricul. pf.	60	52	52	— 3
4,700	Internat. Harv., new	129	122	124	— 3⅝
100	Internat. Harv. pf., new	107½	107½	107½	— 1⅜
11,200	Internat. Mer. Mar.	34⅝	29¼	31¾	— 2⅝
11,800	Internat. Mer. Mar. pf.	87	83	84	— 1⅞
2,300	Internat. Motor Truck	54¾	50¼	*52¾	— 1
100	Internat. Motor T. 1st pf.	80	80	80	— ½
200	Internat. Motor T. 2d pf.	66	63	63	— 3
15,100	Internat. Nickel	20⅝	18¾	18¾	— ⅝
13,600	Internat. Paper	74⅝	69	72¾	— 1½
300	Internat. Paper pf. stpd	72½	72	72	— 1
6,280	Iron Products	49¾	43½	45¾	+ 1⅜
100	JEWEL TEA pf.	34	34	34	— 4
10,000	KAN. CITY SOUTH.	15¼	13½	14	— 1
100	Kan. City, South. pf.	44⅜	42¾	42¾	— ⅝
3,800	Kelly Springfield Tire	112⅜	104	107	— 5
800	Kelly Spring. Tire 8% pf	99⅞	96	98	— 1½
1,400	Kelsey Wheel	72	63¾	65¼	— 5⅝
100	Kelsey Wheel pf.	90	90	90	— 6
8,700	Kennecott Copper	27⅛	26⅝	26⅝	— ⅜
9,000	Keystone Tire & Rubber	30¾	26	26⅝	— 4½
200	Kress (S. H.) Co. pf.	102	101¼	101¼	— 3
17,900	LACK. STEEL	80⅜	73	75	— 5
100	Laclede Gas	38	38	38	
500	Lake Erie & Western	8⅝	8½	8½	— 1⅛
900	Lee Rubber & Tire	30½	30	*30½	— 1
1,800	Lehigh Valley	42⅜	41	41½	— ⅞
100	Liggett & Myers	160	160	160	
500	Liggett & Myers pf.	101	100	100	— ½
14,900	Loft, Inc.	17	14	15⅝	— 1⅜
17,800	Loew's, Inc.	31	28	30⅜	+ ⅜
1,200	Lorillard (P.) Co.	141¼	135	135½	— 7⅜
100	Lorillard (P.) Co. pf.	104	104	104	
1,000	Louisville & Nashville	101½	99	99	— 1¾
400	MACKAY COS. pf.	62	61½	62	
4,400	Manati Sugar	136⅜	130	131½	+ 1
600	Manhattan Elevated	45¼	45	45	— ¼
200	Manhattan Shirt	28	26	26	— 2
100	Martin-Parry	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜	— 2½
300	Mathiesen & Alkali	32	30½	32	
600	Maxwell Motors	25⅜	25	25	— ⅜
200	Max. M. c. of d.	21	18½	18½	— 2
500	Max. M. 1st pf.	45½	43	43	— 1
200	Max. M. pf. c. of d.	39	38	38	— 3
200	Max. M. 2d pf.	21	20	20	
1,500	May Dept. Stores	126¼	116	116	—11
100	May Dept. Stores pf.	100½	100½	100½	— 1½
94,300	Mexican Petroleum	190⅝	176	182⅝	— 4¾
800	Miami Copper	22¼	21⅛	21⅞	— ⅜
28,800	Middle States Oil	33⅜	30	31	— 2⅜
15,900	Midvale Steel	45¼	42½	43½	— 1½
900	Minn. & St. Louis, new	13¼	13	13	— ⅛
600	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	70	70	70	
900	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	85	83½	84¼	— ⅝
2,900	Mo., Kan. & Texas	8¼	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅝
300	Mo., Kan. Texas pf.	13	12⅞	12⅞	— ⅛
19,100	Mo. Pacific	26½	23¾	24⅜	— 1½
4,300	Mo. Pacific pf.	42¾	40¼	41¼	— ⅝
6,600	Montgomery Ward	34	32	32½	— ⅝
200	Montana Power	61¼	61¼	61½	— ⅜
700	Mullins Body	40	37½	39	— 1½
100	Nash., Chat. & St. L.	106½	106½	106½	— 5
2,100	NATIONAL ACME	36½	34¼	*35¼	— ½
4,700	Nat. Aniline & Chem.	64½	59¾	61	— 5
510	Nat. Aniline & Chem. pf	85	83	83	— 1½
500	Nat. Biscuit	108	107	108	— 2
1,700	Nat. Cond. & Cable	10½	9½	9¾	— ½
2,400	Nat. Enam. & Stamp.	74	68	*69	— 5
1,200	Nat. Lead	79½	77	77	— 2⅜
100	Nat. Lead pf.	102½	102¼	102½	— 1½
600	Nat. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf.	5½	4¾	4¾	— ⅞
4,200	Nevada Con. Cop.	13¾	12¾	13	— ⅝
800	New Orl., Tex. & Mex.	38	35	38	+ 4
700	N. Y. Air Brake	100	90	90	— 1
2,800	N. Y. Central	72	67½	68⅜	— 2⅝
300	N. Y., Chi. & St. Louis	30	30	30	+ 1
100	N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf.	54½	54½	54½	+ 4½
300	N. Y. Dock	38	33½	36	— 2
200	N. Y. Dock pf.	50	50	50	
50	N. Y., Lack. & West.	84	84	84	
21,700	N. Y., N. H. & H.	31¼	25	25⅝	— 1⅜
300	N. Y., Ont. & West.	18	18	18	— 1½
1,500	Norfolk Southern	24½	23	23	+ ¾
1,400	Norfolk & Western	92½	90	91	— ½
100	Norfolk & Western pf.	65	65	65	— ¾
5,400	Northern Pacific	75¼	73⅛	74	— 1
1,200	Nova Scotia Steel & C.	56⅝	53½	55	— 3
600	Nunally Co.	19	18	18	— 1
16,400	OHIO CITIES GAS	41⅜	39⅝	40¼	— ⅛
200	Ohio Fuel Supply	51	51	51	
1,000	Ontario Mining	7¼	6½	7¼	
8,950	Oklahoma Prod. & Ref.	4⅜	4⅛	4⅜	— ⅛
600	Otis Elevator	126	120	122½	— 5½
4,100	Otis Steel	27⅝	24¼	24½	— 2⅞
400	Owens Bottle	55	52	52	— 3
100	PACIFIC COAST	25	25	25	—14
1,100	Pacific Development	67¾	63	65	— 4
600	Pacific Gas & Electric	45⅞	44½	44½	+ 1½
100	Pacific Mail	33½	33½	33¾	+ 3
1,500	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	41⅜	40½	41¾	+ 1½
242,200	Pan Am. Pet. & Trans.	105¾	96⅜	104½	+ ½
38,000	Pan Am. P. & T. "B"	100⅝	94	100	+ 2
900	Parish & Bingham	37	34¾	34½	— 2½
11,850	Pennsylvania R. R.	40⅜	39¾	40	— ⅜
2,800	Penn. Seaboard Steel	31	23	24½	— 4¾
3,300	People's Gas, Chicago	24¼	21½	22¾	— 2
250	Penney (J. C.) pf.	92	91	91	— 2½
7,700	Pere Marquette	26¾	24¼	25½	— 1
300	Pere Marq. prior pf.	61	60¾	60¾	— 1
200	Pere Marquette pf.	43¾	42	43¾	— 2¼
200	Phillips Jones	62½	62½	62½	— ½
100	Phillips Jones pf.	96	96	96	— 6
6,100	Philadelphia Co.	37⅞	35¾	36½	— 1¼
63,600	Pierce-Arrow	60⅝	52⅜	55	— 4⅝
200	Pierce-Arrow pf.	98	97½	97½	— ⅜
14,400	Pierce Oil	18	16	17	— ⅜
700	Pierce Oil 8% pf.	85½	81	83	— 4
1,950	Pitts., Cin., Chi. & St. L.	68¼	68¼	69	— 1½
1,200	Pitts. Coal	58	57	57	— 1
4,200	Pitts. & West Va.	32	29¼	30⅝	— 1¾
100	Pitts. & West Va. pf.	75	75	75	— 1
700	Pond Creek Coal	16⅜	15⅝	15⅝	— ¾
5,800	Pressed Steel Car	102⅜	96½	99	— 3
100	Pressed Steel Car pf.	*100	100	100	+ 1⅜
1,400	Pullman Co.	114⅝	112	112	— 2½
27,600	Punta Alegre Sugar	111¼	106	107⅝	+ ⅝
400	RY. STEEL SPRING	93⅞	91¾	91¾	— 2¼
100	Ry. Steel Spring

On The New York Stock Exchange

1919 Listings

New stocks and capital increases, excluding railroad creases, excluding railroad York Stock Exchange during 1919 were valued at $1,015,627,517, a total exceeded only in 1901 when the 1,100,000 shares of newly formed U. S. Steel Corporation were listed.

Of last year's listings, $541,000,000 represented new capital or the capitalizing of enterprise previously of a private character.

Business corporations are coming to appreciate the broad market given securities listed on the Stock Exchange.

A. A. Housman & Co.

Members { New York Stock Exch. New York Cotton Exch. N. Y. Coffee & Sugar Exch. New York Produce Exch. Chicago Board of Trade. Associate Members of Liverpool Cotton Ass'n.

20 Broad Street, New York

Branch Offices—25 West 33d St. New York City.

Liberty Building, Phila.

Convertible Note Yielding 8%

The Company has shown an increase in net earnings of over 150% during the last 7 years. It operates in one of the most important oil refining and rice producing centers in the United States and is in the heart of the southwestern lumber district.

The Company is very conservatively capitalized. Dividends of 6% per annum have been paid on its preferred stock for the last 9 years. The common stock, into which the notes are convertible, is paying dividends of 8% per annum and earnings are largely in excess of that amount.

Circular B-16 sent upon request.

Stone & Webster

120 Broadway, New York

Telephone Rector 6020

Boston Chicago

Exempt from Federal Income Taxes

$100,000

City of

Youngstown, Ohio

5% School District Bonds

Due 1921 to 1926 inclusive

Price to Yield 5.40%

Descriptive circular on request

STACY & BRAUN

5 Nassau Street,

Toledo NEW YORK. Cincinnati

California Gasoline Stocks Almost Gone

Statistics of the U. S. Bureau of Mines show that between Nov. 30th, 1918, and Nov. 30th, 1919, consumption of California gasoline exceeded production so greatly that stocks on hand were reduced from 35,063,996 gallons to 14,743,242 gallons. Stocks will be completely wiped out by August, 1920, if the same ratio is maintained, while the rate of shortage that prevailed during October and November — 89,181 gallons daily—if continued, would have resulted in complete exhaustion by now.

In fact, within the past few weeks some of the Californian cities were reported absolutely bare of supply, and tank car shipments have gone forward from Oklahoma points to meet this imperative demand.

J. R. Bridgeford & Co.

111 Broadway New York

EQUIPMENT MORTGAGES

OF

LEADING RAILROADS

Due 1 to 15 years

Yielding 6.90% to 7%.

Inquiries Invited.

Salomon Bros. & Hutzler

Members of New York Stock Exchange

27 Pine St., New York, N. Y.

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Tel. 6207 Main.

SHORTAGE OF LABOR TO CUT FOOD SUPPLY

Farmers, Handicapped by Lack of Help, Reduce Their Crop Acreage.

PROSPECT OF HIGHER PRICES

Reports of National Survey Indicate Situation Will Become Even More Critical.

Serious shortage of food next Fall and even higher prices than those which now prevail are in prospect as a result of the nation-wide shortage of farm labor. Farmers are so handicapped by lack of help and the backward season that acreage devoted to staple crops, such as wheat, corn, oats, rye, and potatoes has been heavily reduced in every section of the country. Reports to the Standard Daily Trade Service, which has made a national survey of the situation, indicate that the labor shortage will probably become even more critical as harvest time approaches.

Everywhere plowing and planting are far behind schedule. In some districts, it is asserted, reports indicate that not more than 50 per cent. of the plowing and planting usually finished at this time of the year has been done.

"Farm production in New York State," the Trade Service asserts, "will be from 12 to 15 per cent. below last year's output, mainly because of the lack of help. In Pennsylvania 37 per cent. of the farms are unable to secure an adequate supply of workers, and the prospects are for an even more severe shortage during the crop garnering period. The State Secretary of Agriculture says the food supply probably will be seriously affected. In New England the farm labor supply is from 30 to 40 per cent., below normal, and a 25 per cent. reduction in the acreage devoted to general farm crops is the result. The reduction in market garden acreage is even more serious, being estimated at not less than 50 per cent.

"In the Federal Reserve district of which Cleveland is the centre 'the situation is so serious that a bitter struggle is going on between the farming and industrial organizations for the labor supply. Manufacturers have combed the farms of the district for workers, so that farm agents say one will not find half a dozen young men on the farms in a full day's travel. Now the farming organizations are sending recruiting agents directly into automobile plants and other factories in a desperate attempt to win back some of their hands.

"The shortage is described as alarming in the Chicago district, and a heavy reduction in acreage is reported. Similar conditions are reported from St. Louis. For steady help farmers are offering $7 a month and such attractions as short hours, horses, garden, pasture for a horse and a cow, 500 pounds of pork and part of the fruit crop.

"In the Northwest many farmers are abandoning or greatly reducing their usual crops and are planting hay and other things which can be handled with a minimum amount of labor.

"The Mississippi Valley is short at least 250,000 men, and grave fears of the prospect during the harvesting period are entertained. The situation in the South is generally the same as that existing in most other localities. On the Pacific Coast, however, the shortage of labor apparently is less acute than in other sections."

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCKS.			
Alta	.25	Extension	.20
Andes	.30	Florence	.12
Best & Belcher	.08	Gold Reef	.02
Caledonia	.60	Harmhill	.15
Com. Silver	.27	Hasbrouck	.06
Concordia	.14	Kernick	.04
Con. Imperial	.03	Knox	.06
Con. Virginia	1.70	Myra	.06
Exchequer	.26	Overman	.01
Gould & Curry	.06	Silver King	.02
Hale & Norcross	.15	Toggery	.02
Jacket	.21	Verdi	.05
Mexican	.14	Victory	.11
New York	.04	West	.04
Ophir	.19	Zone	.19
Overman	.35	GOLDFIELD.	
Savage	.06	Atlanta	.02
Sec. Belcher	.07	Booth	.03
Scorpion	.02	Consolidated	.10
Sierra Nevada	.05	Crackerjack	.11
Silver Hill	.10	Daisy	.02
Union	.15	Development	.06
TONOPAH.		Florence	.20
Belmont	1.60	Fraction	.02
Cash Boy	.07	Grandma	.02
Knifing	.08	Jumbo Extension	.06
Jim Butler	.15	Kewanas	.02
McNamara Cresc.	.12	Lone Star	.06
Midway	.00	Silver Pick	.07
Mispah	.11	Spearhead	.03
Monarch	.04	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Montana	.10	Arrowhead	.11
North Star	.08	Bullwhacker	.42
Oriental	.64	Climax	.21
Rescue	.14	Como	.06
Tonopah Extension	1.45	Croesus	1.62½
West End	1.85	Holly	1.07½
West Tonopah DIVIDE.	.03	Packard	.03
		Rochester	.15
Alto	.03	Round Mountain	.25
Belcher	.05	Fairview Mtn.	.35
Belcher Extension	.09	Silved Lick	.08
Brougher	.00	Simon	1.70
Butte	.02	Simon Extension	.04
Consolidated	.02	Sterling	.08
Divide Tonopah	1.50	White Caps	.09
Dividend	.07		

TALKS 500 MILES WITH REDUCED POWER

Marconi Also Reports Successful Use of "Radio Gonometer" In Navigating in Fog.

ROME, May 15.—Wireless telephone communication over a distance of 500 miles with apparatus of a strength of only three kilowatts has been achieved by William Marconi, the Italian inventor, he announced here on his return from a cruise in the Atlantic and Mediterranean on the yacht Electra. Signor Marconi said he regarded this as a greater success than had been attained in speaking 1,000 miles with a stronger apparatus.

Another experiment carried out on the Electra was the use of a "radio gonometer," with the aid of which it was possible to navigate to Cape Finisterre in the midst of a heavy fog. Signor Marconi said the radio gonometer made it possible to approach within a very short distance of the rocks without danger.

$15,000,000 RAIL LOAN.

Bankers Here Will Offer Equipment Trust Certificates.

The Canadian Government, acting in behalf of the Canadian National Railways, has sold $15,000,000 7 per cent. equipment trust certificates to William A. Read & Co. The banking firm will offer them to investors on a basis to return slightly more than the coupon rate.

The issue has a maximum life of fifteen years. A new feature has been followed in that a sinking fund provision is attached to the notes under which the trustee is obligated to buy and retire at the best prices obtainable up to par one-fifteenth of the certificates annually. Money for this purpose will come from rentals of the equipment, such rentals to be equal to the principal and interest of the certificates. In case the trustee is unable to buy a sufficient amount of certificates, he is empowered to invest the yearly rentals in bonds of the Dominion of Canada which mature not later than the final maturity date of the railroad notes.

Under Canadian laws equipment rentals such as are prescribed for the Canadian Railways issue stand as a charge against earnings, constituting a claim prior to principal and interest of the mortgage debt.

WEEK'S PRODUCE MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

WHEAT.—DEALINGS DISCONTINUED.

	May			July			Sept.	
CORN.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.		
May 10	1.74½	1.72¾	1.70¼	1.70¼	1.63¾	1.60¾		
May 11	1.75¾	1.73¾	1.70¼	1.74	1.64	1.61¼		
May 12	1.77	1.75	1.73¼	1.76	1.66	1.63¼		
May 13	1.77	1.74	1.73¼	1.74¾	1.65	1.61¾		
May 14	1.96¾	1.93	1.75¾	1.75	1.64¾	1.62		
May 15	1.97¼	1.90	1.73¾	1.77¼	1.66¾	1.64		
Week's r	1.97¼	1.89¾	1.73¾	1.70¾	1.66¾	1.64¾		
	May		July		Sept.			
OATS.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.		
May 10	1.07¼	1.06¾	94¾	91¾	78	76		
May 11	1.08¼	1.06¾	94¾	93¾	78	76¾		
May 12	1.07¾	1.06¾	94¾	93	78¾	76¾		
May 13	1.06¾	1.04¾	93¾	91¾	77¾	75¾		
May 14	1.06¾	1.04¾	93¼	91¼	77	75¼		
May 15	1.07¼	1.05¾	94	93¾	77¾	75¾		
Wk. r'g	1.08¼	1.01¾	94½	91¾	78¼	75¾		

Provisions.

	July.		Sept.	
LARD.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.
May 10	21.05	21.15	22.47	21.90
May 11	21.72	21.45	22.50	22.15
May 12	22.05	21.70	22.62	22.47
May 13	21.82	21.42	22.70	22.27
May 14	21.40	21.20	22.27	22.15
May 15	21.42	21.07	22.30	21.82
Week's range	22.05	21.07	22.62	21.82
	July.		Sept.	
RIBS.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.
May 10	19.30	18.80	20.05	19.40
May 11	19.25	19.10	20.05	19.92
May 12	19.42	19.20	20.17	19.97
May 13	19.30	19.00	20.10	19.75
May 14	19.05	18.85	19.80	19.55
May 15	18.95	18.75	19.72	19.47
Week's range	19.42	18.75	20.17	19.40
			July.	
PORK.			High.	Low.
May 10			37.00	36.75
May 11			37.30	37.05
May 12				
May 13			37.50	37.25
May 14			37.40	37.05
May 15			37.26	37.00
Week's range			37.50	36.75

COTTON.

	May		July		Oct.	
	High.	Low.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.
May 10	40.40	40.10	38.35	37.89	35.98	35.40
May 11	40.45	40.10	38.28	37.80	36.15	35.33
May 12	40.70	40.15	38.22	37.87	35.97	35.38
May 13	40.60	40.25	38.45	38.02	36.50	35.80
May 14	40.25	40.15	38.15	37.82	36.08	35.60
May 15	40.60	40.26	38.37	38.13	36.16	35.90
Wk's range	40.70	40.10	38.45	37.80	36.50	35.33
	Dec.		Jan.		March	
	High.	Low.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.
May 10	35.00	34.55	34.40	34.04	33.90	33.56
May 11	35.15	34.45	34.52	33.88	34.00	33.40
May 12	35.05	34.55	34.40	33.90	33.80	33.38
May 13	35.38	35.00	34.85	34.30	34.25	33.85
May 14	35.05	34.75	34.40	34.00	33.78	33.50
May 15	35.23	35.00	34.60	34.30	34.10	33.90
Wk's range	35.38	34.45	34.85	33.88	34.25	33.38

SPOT COTTON.

	Liverpool.	New York.	New Orleans.
May 10	26.62d	41.30c	40.25c
May 11	26.94	41.15	40.25
May 12	26.41	41.40	40.25
May 13	26.54	41.50	40.25
May 14	26.40	41.15	40.25
May 15	.....	41.60	40.25
Week's range:			
High	26.94d	41.60c	40.25c
Low	26.40	41.15	40.25

$300,000,000 TRADE WITH MEXICO IN 1920

We Supply 85 Per Cent. of Her Imports and Take 90 Per Cent. of Exports.

INCREASE SINCE THE WAR

These Neighbors Bought More from Us in 1919 Than India or China.

The trade of the United States with Mexico, it appears, will touch the $300,000,000 mark for the fiscal year 1920, which ends next month. Our trade with Mexico, even during the disturbed period since the resignation of President Diaz in 1911, has shown remarkable gains. It totaled $115,000,000 in 1910, dropped to $110,000,000 in 1915; then, despite the continued disturbances in Mexico, rose to $262,000,000 in 1917, $245,000,000 in 1918 and $278,000,000 in 1919. The March figures of the present year indicated a total of $300,000,000 for 1920.

"It is a fact," says the Foreign Trade Record of the National City Bank, "that the sales by the United States to our 15,000,000 neighbors in Mexico in the calendar year 1919 were more than to the 300,000,000 inhabitants of India or the 400,000,000 of China. Our imports from Mexico in the calendar year 1919 were $147,926,000 and the exports to Mexico $131,432,000.

"What are the articles forming this large and rapidly increasing trade with our neighbors at the South? On the import side, sisal (a substitute for hemp), $40,000,000; crude petroleum, $26,000,000; copper, $20,000,000; raw cotton, $10,000,000; hides, $10,000,000; coffee, $5,500,000; lead, $5,000,000; mahogany, india-rubber and sundry other tropical products about $500,000 each. On the export side manufactures form a very large percentage of the sales, including iron pipes, over $7,000,000; cotton cloths, $6,500,000; flour, $5,600,000; sugar, $2,500,000; automobiles, $2,350,000; lard, $2,200,000; shoes, $2,000,000; lumber, $1,200,000; automobile tires, nearly $1,000,000; eggs, $787,000; dyestuffs, $715,000; canned salmon, $703,000; cotton knit goods, $675,000; paper, $568,000; paraffin, $504,000; railway cars, $497,000; cement, $495,000; plows, $481,000; galvanized iron, $464,000; steel rails, $461,000; typewriters, $422,000, and structural iron, $401,000, while the hundreds of other articles ranging below those above enumerated made a total of exports to Mexico in the calendar year 1919, to which the above figures relate, of $151,452,000, against $87,789,000 in the calendar year 1918.

"Quite naturally the United States supplies a large proportion of the imports of Mexico, lying just alongside as she does, and takes a corresponding proportion of her exports. Even prior to the war we were supplying about one-half of Mexico's imports, while our European friends were supplying the other half. With the circumstances of the war their facilities for supplying the class of merchandize required by Mexico were naturally minimized, and as a result the United States is now supplying about 85 per cent. of the merchandise imported into Mexico and taking about 90 per cent. of her exports.

"One further reason for the gains in recent years of our share in the trade of Mexico is presumably due to the very large and steadily increasing amount of American capital invested in that country, which before the war was estimated at over a billion dollars, and was recently estimated by Senator Fall of New Mexico in a speech in the United States Senate at $2,000,000,000, or far in excess of that from any other country."

GERMANS PROTEST ON DANISH MONEY

General Strike on Account of It Is Threatened by Flensburg Germans.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

FLENSBURG, May 15.—The German journals vigorously protest against the introduction of Danish coinage in the first Slesvig zone, being evidently extremely anxious for the consequences should Flensburg be cut off from its natural trade district. The Germans maintain it is unlawful and against the Peace Treaty if the International Commission already now when Germany formally has still got sovereignty over the first zone, introduces Danish coinage there, and declares that if Flensburg, in the second zone, which has only got German paper money and a through southern custom boundary, is cut off from Germany, it will be exposed to ruin and chaos. A meeting is to be held on Sunday in Flensburg to decide steps against the intended change of coinage.

Vice President Adler of Slesvig, who is the soul of the movement, declares a strike will be declared comprising all classes of the population which will completely paralyze the life of the town and country districts. A resolution will demand that the International Commission, as soon as possible, finish its work and leave Flensburg.

Japanese Sterling 4% Bonds

DUE 1931

Owing to the present English Exchange situation these bonds are now selling at very low prices.

In our opinion they present an exceptional investment opportunity.

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MUNICIPAL BONDS

EXEMPT FROM ALL FEDERAL INCOME TAXES

$400,000

Pitt County, N. C.,

6% Road Bonds

Dated May 1, 1920. Due May 1, 1930

Principal and semi-annual interest (May and November 1st) payable at New York. Denomination $1000

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Estimated Taxable Values for 1920	$55,174,340.00
Assessed Valuation (1919)	19,282,340.00
Total Bonded Debt (including School and Township debts)	1,125,000.00

Population (1920) 44,603

The North Carolina Law, effective July 1, 1920, requires the assessment of all property at approximately its true value.

This issue was authorized by special act of the legislature. An unlimited annual tax is provided for payment of interest and principal.

Legality to be approved by George S. Clay, Esq., New York City

Price: 101 and Accrued Interest, yielding more than 5.85%

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NEW JERSEY MUNICIPALS

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		DUE	TO YIELD ABOUT
$19,000	Essex County, N. J., Hospital	4½s 1927-1934	4.80%
154,000	Essex County, N. J., Imp	4½s 1924-1929	4.80%
10,000	Elizabeth, N. J	4½s 1928-1929	5.00%
28,000	Plainfield, N. J	5s 1921-1932	5.00%
80,000	Passaic County, N. J	5s 1930-1934	5.00%
200,000	Bayonne, N. J., Water	5½s 1926	5.25%
42,000	Perth Amboy, N. J., Water	4½s 1921-1953	5.25%
100,000	Collingswood, N. J., Imp	5s 1925	5.25%
47,000	Haddon Township, N. J., Imp	5½s 1926	5.50%
75,000	Haddonfield, N. J	6s 1926	5.50%

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DENOMINATIONS

and will pay the prevailing market prices for Thousand Dollar Bonds plus accrued interest to date, less 15c for $50 bond and 30c for $100 bond.

On the above basis we paid the following prices at the opening of business Saturday, May 15th:

$50..3½s	$46.12
$50..2nd 4¼s	43.11
$50..3rd 4¼s	44.24
$50..4th 4¼s	42.54
$50..Victory 4¾s	48.60

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YIELD OF COPPER MINES.

Boston Gossips About Them and Makes Some Comparisons.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 15.—The April production of Cerro de Pasco was 3,942,000 pounds of copper, which compares with 3,636,000 in March and 4,780,000 in April a year ago.

Greene-Cananea in April turned out 4,000,000 pounds of copper and 157,400 ounces of silver. In March, production was 3,700,000 pounds of copper and 144,750 ounces of silver. In April of 1919 the totals were 3,000,000 pounds of copper and 131,438 ounces of silver.

Production in April of the East Butte Copper Smelter, 1,201,840 pounds, compares with 1,908,720 pounds in March and 1,347,580 pounds in April a year ago.

United Verde Extension produced in April 3,270,718 pounds of copper, which compares with 3,977,672 pounds in March. In April, 1919, the smelter was closed down.

Shattuck-Arizona output for April was 214,122 pounds of copper and 730,040 pounds of lead. A year ago operations were curtailed because of fire.

Negotiations are in progress for the purchase by the Inspiration Consolidated Copper Company of the Southwestern Miami Development Company. Its property contains some 4,500,000 tons of developed ore estimated to average 1¾ per cent. copper. The Mayflower drill continues in fair ground; it is now 100 feet from the shaft. The Conglomerate, to the north, is not considered of commercial availability.

The North Butte Mining Company reports, for the four months ended April 30, production of 595,238 pounds of copper. The four big Porphyries, Ray, Chino, Nevada and Utah, produced in April 21,497,007 pounds of copper, which compares with 20,907,925 pounds in March and 20,321,747 pounds in April, 1919.

Kennecott produced in March 9,030,000 pounds of copper, which compares with 9,130,300 pounds in February and 5,852,000 pounds in March, last year.

The Calumet and Hecla Mining Company produced in April 9,632,476 pounds of copper, which compares with 9,850,377 pounds in March and 8,660,032 pounds in February.

LINER HELD FROM SAILING.

Cunard Stewards Let Kaiserin's 1,200 Passengers Wait.

LIVERPOOL, May 16.—The steamer Kaiserin Augusta Victoria, managed by the Cunard Line, had to postpone sailing on Saturday because 250 stewards and cooks refused to sign articles for the voyage, after expressing dissatisfaction with their accommodations.

Three hundred cabin and 900 steerage passengers are booked to sail on the vessel.

To Protect Express Shipments.

The American Railway Express Company has prepared a new system of receipting for express shipments, which will go into effect July 1. All express receipts after that date, according to an announcement the company is to make today, will be issued in duplicate form, so that the company may have a record of every transaction. The purpose of the change is to provide additional protection for express shipments in transit.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED MAY 15, 1920.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	$61,347,600	$1,449,896,850
Same period a year ago	70,942,200	1,246,212,329

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 40 bonds.	67.00	66.52	72.51	66.52
Same period a year ago.	78.24	77.79	79.01	76.60

Range, 1920 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
58½	55⅝	6	ADAMS EXP. 4s....	56	56	56	..
20	15	2	Alaska G. M. cv. 6s. Series A	13¼	13	13	— 2
100	75	1	Am. Ag. Ch. cv. 5s.	91	91	91	+ ½
80½	70	2	Am. Cotton Oil 5s..	79	79	79	— 6
86½	74	105	Am. S. & R. 1st 5s.	76	74	76	+ 1
99¾	92½	100	Am. T. & T. cv. 6s.	94½	93¾	93¾	— 1⅝
80¼	73⅝	39	Am. T. & T. col. 4s.	75¾	74⅜	75⅛	+ ⅝
85	78	8	Am. T. & T. cv. 4½s	78	78	78	..
83⅝	73¾	64	Am. T. & T. col. 5s.	75½	73⅜	74	— 1⅝
83⅜	70	59	Am. Writing P. 7s..	70½	70½	70½	..
84½	75	20	Armour P. Co. 4½s.	76	75½	75⅝	— ⅛
82⅝	70½	270	A., T. & S. F. gen.4s	71⅝	70⅝	71	— ⅝
71½	65½	28	A., T. & S. F. adj. 4s, sta.	64⅝	63½	64½	— ⅛
60½	60¾	11	A., T. & S. F. 4s, '95	60⅝	60⅝	60⅝	— ⅛
80¾	80	159	A., T. & S.F.cv.4s,'60	80¾	80¾	80¾	+ ⅛
81	73	10	A., T. & S. F., C. & A. 4½s.	73	73	73	— 3
86	84	3	A., T. & S.F., E. Ok. 4s	84	84	84	— 4
80	71⅝	21	Atl. Coast L. 1st 4s	72½	71	71	— ⅝
78	70	1	A. C. L. unif. 4½s..	70	70	70	— 4½
72	60¾	19	A. C. L., L. & N. col. 4s	61	60¾	61	..
88¾	84	3	At. & Ch. A. L. 1st 5s	84	84	84	..
97	95	11	B'DWIN LOCO. 5s..	96½	95	95	— 1
70	58	72	Balt. & Ohio gold 4s	60⅛	58¾	58¾	— ⅛
60	58	88	Balt. & Ohio ref. 5s.	59¾	58½	58½	— ⅛
84¾	78¾	20	B. & O. pr. lien 3½s.	80¾	80	80	— ⅛
92	81½	102	Balt. & Ohio 6s.....	86	84½	84⅞	— 1⅛
66	58	100	Balt. & O. conv. 4½s	59½	58	58⅛	— ⅝
77	68½	41	B. & O., S. W. 3½s..	69	68½	69	..
61	52½	33	B. & O., P., L. E. & W. 4s	53¾	52½	52⅞	— ⅝
63	45	1	B. & O., T. & C. 4s..	46	46	46	+ ¼
97¾	89⅞	1	Beth. Steel ext. 5s...	91	91	91	+ 1
88	78¾	9	Beth. Steel ref. 5s...	82	79¾	80¾	— 1¼
86⅞	79	12	Beth. Stl. pur. m. 5s	79½	79	79½	— ⅝
93	85	10	Braden Copper 6s ..	85	85	85	— 1
50	38	23	B. R. T. 7s, '21....	41	40½	41	+ 1
45	31¾	3¼	B. R. T. 7s, '21, ctfs. of depos., stamped.	33¼	33½	35¼	+ 2¼
63	61	3	B'klyn Union El. 5s..	61	61	61	..
63	61	1	B'klyn Un. El. 5s, sta.	61⅝	61⅝	61⅝	— ⅜
82	73	1	Bush Terminal 5s...	73½	73½	73½	— ⅜
90¼	80½	4	CAL. GAS & EL. 5s.	80½	80½	80½	— 2
97¼	94½	14	Cent. Leather 5s....	92¼	91½	92¼	+ ½
94	84	18	Cent. of Ga. 6s.....	86	85½	86	..
100	93	10	Cent. of N. J. gen. 5s	94	93	93	— 2½
73	65¼	73	Central Pacific 4s...	66	65⅜	65⅝	— ⅜
70	60¼	4	C. P., T. Sh. L. 4s...	63	63	63	— 1
90	84	1	Ches. & Ohio con. 5s	85	85	85	..
81½	71½	284	Ches. & Ohio cv. 5s..	73¼	71⅝	72¾	— ⅜
85⅝	82	1	Ches. & O. fund. 5s..	82	82	82	— ⅛
77	67	81	Ches. & O. cv. 4½s..	68½	67	67	— ½
77	60¾	24	Ches. & O. gen. 4½s.	70	60⅞	60⅞	..
73	61¼	3	C. & O., R. & A. 1st con. 4s	61¾	61¾	61¾	— 5
49	44	6	Chi. & Alton 3s.....	44⅝	44	44	..
38	20¾	16	Chi. & Alton 3½s...	32⅝	32¼	32⅜	+ ⅜
81¼	70	57	C., B. & Q. gen. 4s..	71	70	71	..
96	93	346	C., B. & Q. joint 4s..	94½	94¼	94¼	..
84	72¼	10	C., B. & Q., Ill. Div. 4s	76¾	76¼	76¼	— 2½
93¾	83½	1	C., B. & Q. J. 4s, reg.	93½	83½	93½	— ⅝
57⅝	51	22	Chi. Gt. West. 1st 4s	53½	51⅞	52½	+ ⅛
72	60	10	C., M. & St. P. gen. 4s	61½	60⅝	61½	+ ⅜
60⅞	53¾	2	C., M. & St. P. gen. 3½s	54⅞	54⅞	54⅞	..
70	62½	72	C., M. & St. P. cv. 4½s	64	62⅝	63	— 1
72½	62½	18	C., M. & St. P. cv. 5s, B	63½	62⅝	62⅝	— ⅜
79	71	7	C., M. & St. P. gen. 4½s	72	71½	71½	— ½
61½	54⅝	52	C., M. & St. P. ref. 4½s	55	54⅝	55	+ ⅛
67	53½	30	C., M. & St. P. 4s, '34	54½	53½	53½	— ½
76⅝	70	6	C., M. & St. P. 4s, '25	72½	72½	72½	..
98⅞	95¼	7	C., M. & S. P., CPW. 5s	96½	95⅝	95⅝	— 1
96⅝	94	1	C., M. & St. P. W. & M. 5s	94	94	94	..
65	58	5	C., M. & P. Sd. 4s..	59⅞	58	59⅜	— ⅛
92	83	2	C. & N. W. Ext. 4s...	83	83	83	— 3
80	67	14	C. & N. W. gen. 4s...	68½	67⅝	68⅛	— ⅛
106¼	92	6	C. & N. W. 1. f. 5s, '21	92	92	92	— 1
97¾	96	5	C. & N. W. deb. 5s, '21	96	96	96	— ⅛
70	59⅜	6	Chi. Rys. 5s.....	59⅞	59⅜	59⅜	— 3⅜
76⅛	65	11	C., R. I. & P. gen. 4s	66½	66	66⅛	— 1
67¾	60¾	136	C., R. I. & P. ref. 4s	65	62½	62½	..
83	70½	35	Chi. Un. Sta. 4½s..	72⅜	71⅝	72	+ ⅛
61	54½	21	C. & W. I. con. 4s...	56	56	56	— ¼
101	98½	1	C. & W. I. gen. 6s...	98½	98½	98½	— 1½
88	74½	514	Chile Copper 6s.....	76⅛	74½	74⅞	— 1½
108½	99	194	Chile Copper 7s.....	99½	99	99	— ½
70	61	10	C., C., C. & St. L. gen. 4s	65	61	62	— 4
77	73	2	C., C., C. & St. L. deb. 4½s	73	73	73	— 1
66½	61¼	2	C., C., C. & St. L., St. L. Div. 4s....	61¼	61½	61½	+ ¼
61½	61½	1	C., C., C. & St. L., St. L. Div. 4s, reg..	61½	61½	61½	..
83½	75¼	4	Cleve. S. Line 4½s..	75¼	75¼	75¼	..
74	72	12	Col. Industrial 5s...	72	72	72	..
88	81⅞	18	Comp. Tab. Rec. 6s.	83⅞	82	82	..
101⅜	99⅜	134	Con. Gas cv. 7s.....	100½	99⅞	100	— ⅛
73	67½	25	Col. & So. ref. 4½s.	69¼	68½	69	+ ⅜
75½	73¼	2	Con. Coal Md. 1st ref. 5s	73¾	73¾	73¾	— 1¼
100½	98	16	Corn Pr. s. f. 5s, '24	98	98	98	— ⅛
100	95⅞	484	Cub. Cane Sug. cv. 7s	98	97	97	— ½
81	70	4	D. & H. 1st & ref. 4s	73	73	73	+ 3
67⅛	58	52	D. & R. G. con. 4s.	60½	59	59⅝	+ ⅛
46	39	106	D. & R. G. 1st ref. 5s	43¾	43	43⅛	— ⅜
70½	63	6	D. & R. G. imp. 5s..	67⅞	66½	67¼	— ⅜
73⅞	62⅞	7	R. & R. G. con. 4½s	64	62½	63½	— 1½
80	72⅜	1	Det. Riv. Tun. 4½s.	72⅜	72⅜	72⅜	— 1½
98	95	1	ERIE 1st con. 7s....	95	95	95	— 2
56	49	50	Erie 1st con. 4s.....	50	49	49	— ½
47	39	44	Erie gen. 4s.....	41	40	40	— ¾
41½	32	12	Erie cv. 4s, A.....	33½	32	33	— 1½
51	30	33	Erie cv. 4s, B.....	34½	33¾	33¾	— ¾
44	34	34	Erie cv. 4s, D.....	37¼	36⅝	36⅝	— ½
97	82	6	GEN. EL. deb. 5s..	83	82	83	— ½
90½	96½	104	Gen. Electric d. 6s.	97⅝	96½	97	— ⅛
85¼	70¼	20	Gt. Nor. ref. 4½s...	72	70¼	72	— 2
85½	84	3	HAV. EL. RY. 5s...	84	84	84	— ½
73	61⅝	11	Hocking Valley 4½s.	61½	61⅝	61½	— ⅝
90	54	1	Hud. & M. ref. 5s..	57	56	56	— 1
229½	13	183	Hud. & M. adj. 5s..	20¼	18⅝	18⅝	— 1½
83	79¼	3	ILL. CENT. 4s, '51.	80	80	80	+ ⅛
73½	63	4	Ill. Cent. 4s, '50....	64	62	63	— 1
72¼	60	20	Ill. Cent. 4s, '53....	61¼	60⅝	60⅝	— ⅝
76½	65¼	57	Ill. Cent. ref. 4s....	66⅞	65½	65¾	— 1½
93½	83	6	Ill. Cent. temp. 5½s	86	85	85	— ¼
83¼	75	4	Ill. C.-C., St. L. & N. O. jt. 4s.....	75	75	75	— 2½
84	73¼	10	Illinois Steel 4½s...	75	74	75	+ 1¼
93⅞	88	1	Indiana Steel 5s....	88	88	88	— 1
19⅝	14½	82	Inter.-Met. 4½s	16	15½	15½	— 1¼
19⅝	15	32	Inter.-Met. c. of d..	15⅝	15	15	— ⅜
178	147	176	Int. Rap. Tran. 5s..	154	153½	153½	— ½
84¾	78	41½	Int. Agricultural 5s.	80	78	78	— 2
95¾	85¾	28	Int. Mer. Marine 6s.	86¾	85¾	86	— ½
86½	81	14	Int. Paper s. f. 5s, '47	86½	86¼	86½	+ ⅜
71	69	1	Iowa Cent. 1st 5s....	70	70	70	..
44	37½	12	Iowa Cent. ref. 4s..	39½	38	39	..
70	58	2	K. C., F. S. & M. 4s	60	60	60	..
75⅜	63¾	12	K. C. Southern 5s..	65½	65	65	..
58	50	22	K. C. Southern 3s..	50½	50	50¼	— ⅝
76⅝	63⅜	90	Kan. City Term. 4s..	64½	63½	63½	..
75	64	20	Ky. Central 4s.....	65	64	64½	— ⅝
73	65	1	Keokuk & D.M. 1st 5s	65½	65½	65½	+ ⅛
89½	85	1	Kings Co. Elec. Lt. & Power p. m. 6s..	86	86	86	+ 1
60	50	1	Kings Co. Elev. 4s...	53	53	53	..
97¾	92	12	LACK. STL. 5s, '23.	92¾	92½	92½	..
82½	70	4	Laclede Gas ref. 5s..	70	70	70	..
84⅝	74¾	8	Lake Shore 4s, '31..	77	77	77	..
87¾	78¾	57	Lake Shore 4s, '28..	80⅝	79½	80	— ⅛
80	70½	2	L. V. of N.Y. con. 4½s	80	75	75	..
87¾	80	1	L. V. of N.Y. gtd. 4½s	80	80	80	— 6
103	96	9	Lehigh Valley 6s....	98	95	96	+ ⅛
72	62	18	L. V. of Pa. con. 4s..	63	62	62	— ⅝
89½	80	6	Liggett & Myers 5s..	80	80	80	— ⅛
111	101	16	Liggett & Myers 7s..	102⅞	101	102⅝	..
83½	81½	11	Long Island ref. 4s..	82	82	82	+ ⅝
110	100	11	Lorillard 7s	103	102	102½	— ⅛
81½	78	58	Louis. & Nash. unif. 4s	74⅝	74	74½	— ⅛
103	99⅜	4	L. & N., St. L. Div. 6s	97¼	96¾	96⅝	— ⅛
95	89	4	L. & N., So. Ry. 5. 4s	89	89	89	— ⅛
60½	52	3	MANHAT. RY. con. 4s, tax exempt.....	53	53	53	— 1
81	75	4	Mich. Cent. deb. 4s..	75	75	75	..
77	77	3	Mich. Cent. 4s, '40, reg.	77	77	77	..
85½	79⅝	185	Midvale Steel 5s....	80½	79⅝	80⅛	+ 1
75	67¾	1	Minn. & St. L. con. 5s	67¼	67¼	67¾	..
45¾	37¼	1	M. & St. L. 1st & ref. 4s	37¼	37¼	37	— ⅛
92¾	86¼	4	M., Ste. M. & A. 4s.	86¼	86¼	86¼	+ 4½
82¾	71	22	M., S. P. & S. S. M. con. 4s	72⅝	71	71¾	..
38	35	3	Mo., K. & E. 5s.....	37¾	37¾	37¾	— ⅛
28	24	1	Mo., K. & T. s. f. 4½s	25½	25½	25½	+ ½
28	24	10	M., K. & T. s. f. 4½s, c. of d.....	24⅝	24⅜	24⅝	— ⅛
33	27¼	5	M., K. & T. 2d 4s..	27½	27¼	27¼	— 1¼
60⅞	55	21	M., K. & T. 1st 4s..	55½	53⅝	53⅝	— ⅛
56	51½	65	Mo. Pac. gen. 4s....	53	53½	53⅞	+ ⅛
57⅝	52½	6	Mo. Pac. 5d ext. 4s.	52½	52½	52½	— ⅛
91½	86½	3	Mo. Pac. 5s, 1923...	87	87	87	..
89¾	79½	18	Mo. Pac. 5s, 1926...	79½	79½	79¾	— 1½
59	53¾	2	Mob. & O. gen. 4s..	53¾	53¾	53¾	— 2¾
28	19¾	2	Montana Power 5s...	19¾	19¾	19¾	— 2¼
83½	65	5	NAT. TUBE 5s.....	65	65	65	— 3¾
55½	46½	22	N. O., T. & M. inc. 5s	49¾	49	49¾	+ 3
65	60	5	New Orl. Term. 4s..	61¼	60	60	— 3
93¾	87	320	N. Y. Cent. deb. 6s.	87½	87	87	— ⅛
86½	85½	1	N. Y. C. deb. 6s, reg.	86½	86½	86½	..
79	62¾	84	N. Y. Cent. gen. 3½s	64	63½	63¾	— ⅛
71	64¼	19	N. Y. Cent. con. 4s.	66¼	64¼	64¼	— 2¾
82¾	69	1	N. Y. Cent. deb. 4s, '24	70¾	70¾	70¾	— ⅛
79	70¾	15	N. Y. Cent. ref. 4½s	71½	70¾	70¾	— 1
62	55	24	N. Y. Cent., L. S. 3½s	56	56	56	— 1
61¾	54	3	N. Y. O., M. O. col. 6s	55	54	54	— 4
75	64¾	9	N. Y., C. & St. L. deb. 4s	65	64½	65	..
94	90	2	N. Y., L. & W. ter. & imp. 4s.....	90	90	90	..

Range, 1920 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
65⅝	60¾	5	N.Y.G., E.L., H. & P. 4s	61	61	61	..
76½	67⅝	24	N. Y., N. H. & H. conv. deb. 6s.....	69	68	68	— 1¼
55	45	3	N. Y., N. H. & H. non-cv. deb. 4s. '50	46	46	46	+ 1
61	53⅜	8	N.Y., O. & W. ref. 4s	54	53⅜	53⅝	— ½
32⅝	24½	1	N. Y. Rys. ref. 4s..	24⅞	24½	24½	— ⅛
31	24⅞	1	N. Y. Rys. ref. 4s, ctfs. of deposit....	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞	— ⅛
7½	5	14	N. Y. Ryz. adj. 5s..	6	6	6	..
7½	5	3	N. Y. Rys. adj. 5s. ctfs. of deposit...	5	5	5	..
55	50	17	N.Y. State Rys. 4½s	51½	50	51½	+ 1½
40	40	3	N.Y., S. & W. ref. 5s	40	40	40	— 25
90¾	86⅛	49	N. Y. Tel. 6s.....	88⅝	86⅛	86⅛	— 2¼
81½	74½	13	N. Y. Tel. 4½s.....	75½	74⅝	74⅝	— 1⅝
44	34⅛	9	N. Y., W. & B. 4½s	38¾	38	38⅛	— 1¼
88	85	1	Niag., L. & O. 1st 5s	85	85	85	..
58¼	49	43	Norf. & Sou. ref. 5s	54	50½	53½	+ 3½
80	67⅞	70	N. & W. con. 4s.....	68½	67⅞	68	..
109⅝	95½	75	N. & W. cv. 6s.....	96⅝	95½	96⅛	— 1¼
78½	71½	7	N. & W. Div. 4s.....	72	71½	71¾	— 1½
80	72½	16	N. & W., P. C. & C. 4s	72½	72½	72½	..
56	50	69	Northern Pacific 3s.	50⅝	50	50	— ⅛
80⅝	60½	73	Northern Pacific 4s.	70⅜	69½	69¾	— ⅛
85	74⅝	4	Nor. St. P. 1st & ref. 5s	76¼	76¼	76¼	+ 1⅝
53	52	2	OG. & L. CHAMP. 4s	52	52	52	— 8
90⅞	85½	12	Ore. & Cal. 1st 5s...	86	85½	85½	— 2
101	97¼	1	Ore. Sh. L. 1st 6s...	97¼	97¼	97¼	— ⅝
85	74½	16	Ore. Sh. L. ref. 4s..	76	74½	76¼	— ⅛
72½	61¼	7	Ore.-W. R. R. & N. 4s	64⅝	64	64	— 1
83	73¾	28	PAC. GAS & EL. 5s.	76	73¾	73¾	— 1¾
84⅞	74	40	Penn. gen. 4½s.....	75⅜	75⅛	75⅜	— ¾
97⅜	95⅜	12	Penn. gtd. 4½s.....	96⅝	96¼	96⅜	+ ⅛
94	82	102	Penn. gen. 5s.....	84¼	83⅛	83⅝	+ ¼
101⅝	100⅞	1183	Penn. 7s	101⅝	101	101½	+ ⅛
92½	83	8	Penn. con. 4½s.....	85	83	83	— 2
67	58	3	Pac. Gas Sh. ref. 5s.	58½	58½	58½	..
87½	76	12	Pere Marq. 1st 5s...	79¾	76	76½	— 3⅞
74½	63½	1	Pere Marq. 1st 4s...	63½	63½	63½	— ½
89	85⅝	4	Phila. Co. cv. 5s, '22	88	87½	87½	— ⅛
93	90	1	Poca. con. col. 5s...	90	90	90	— ¼
96	58⅜	6	Pub. Serv. N. J. 5s	60¾	60	60¼	— ¼
82½	71	140	READING gen. 4s..	80¾	78½	79⅝	+ ⅝
77½	77	2	Reading gen. 4s, reg..	77½	77	77½	+ ½
89½	72	1	Reading-J. C. col. 4s	86	86	86	..
96⅞	87	2	Rep. I. & S. 5s, '40..	85	85	85	— 2
52	48	2	Rio G. W. col. tr. 4s	50	49¾	49¾	— ¼
67	58	2	Rio G. W. 1st 4s....	61	61	61	+ 1½
64	60¾	107	R. I., A. & L. 4½s..	61⅞	61	61⅜	— ⅛
97½	95	9	Rome, W. & O. 5s..	95	95	95	— 2½
100	99¼	1	Roch. & P. 1st 6s...	100	100	100	+ ⅝
100	98½	2	Roch. & P. cons. 6s.	98½	98½	98½	— 1⅜
60	55	1	ST. J. & G. I. 1st 4s	55	55	55	— 5
94½	83	1	St. L., I. M. & S. gen. 5s	83	83	83	— ¾
76	68	5	St. L., I. M. & S. u. & r. 4s	69	68⅝	69	+ 1
72	63⅜	3	St. L., I. M. & S., R. & G. 4s	64½	64	64½	+ ⅛
74⅝	62½	58	St. L. & S. F. pr. ln. 5s	65	64¾	64¾	+ ⅜
59	52	149	St. L. & S. F. pr. ln. 4s	54	53¾	54	+ ⅜
87½	81	24	St. L. & S. F. pr. ln. 6s	82½	81½	82¼	— ⅜
66	56⅜	103	St. L. & S. F. adj. 6s	60¾	57¾	57⅞	— 1½
50½	36⅞	491	St. L. & S. F. inc. 6s.	44⅛	43¼	43⅞	— 2
64½	60	4	St. L. & S. W. 1st 4s	60¾	60¾	60¾	— 1¾
56	51	12	St. L. & S. W. 1st Tr. 5s	53	53	53⅛	— 1½
92	85½	2	St. P., M. & M. 4½s	88	86	86	— 4
46½	39½	9	Seab'd A. L. ref. 4s	43⅝	42	42	— ⅝
41½	30⅝	64	Seab'd A. L. adj. 5s	35	34	34½	+ ½
73	61⅝	22	So. Pac. col. 4s.....	63	61⅝	62	— ⅝
106	97	167½	So. Pac. cv. 5s.....	99½	97½	97½	— 1⅝
81½	74⅝	115	So. Pac. cv. 4s.....	75½	74⅝	74⅞	— 1⅛
78⅜	63¾	5	S. P., S. F. Tr. 4s.	66	64⅛	66	+ 2⅝
79¾	60	61	So. Pac. ref. 4s....	70	69½	69½	—
88½	51½	2	So. Ry., M. & O. col. 4s	51½	51½	51½	— 2½
67⅝	62	5	So. Ry., St. L. Div. 4s	62	62	62	..
87½	78	107	Southern Ry. 5s.....	79½	78	78⅝	— ⅛
61½	55	73	Southern Ry. gen. 4s	56½	55	55	— 1½
85½	80¾	3	Sou. Bell Tel. 5s....	81⅝	81	81⅜	+ ⅛
91	91	1	Std. Oil E. cv. 6s..	93	93	93	+ 2
96

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FINANCIERS SIGN CONSORTIUM IN TOKIO

Thomas W. Lamont and Japanese Bankers Agree on Chinese Loan Terms.

UCHIDA FEELS ASSURED

Foreign Minister Satisfied That Vital Interests of His Country Are Sufficiently Safeguarded.

TOKIO, May 12 (Associated Press).—The consortium agreement among Japan, France, Great Britain and the United States for promoting a loan to China was signed yesterday by a representative Japanese banker and Thomas W. Lamont of J. P. Morgan & Co.

The Foreign Office today issued a statement indicating how an understanding was reached between Japan and the American bankers. The statement says a similar understanding is expected soon between Japan and the British and French groups. The consortium will make loans to the Chinese Government, but loans to Chinese capitalists or corporations are outside the scope of the agreement. Viscount Uchida, the Foreign Minister, in the Foreign Office statement, said the consortium understanding had been confirmed by an exchange of notes May 11 and reviewed the steps leading to the agreement.

The statement says the Japanese Government has always rigidly followed the policy of acting in concert with the powers interested in loans to China, and accordingly used its best efforts to persuade America, when the latter withdrew from the old six-power consortium, to approve in principle the present consortium.

"Throughout it has been the intimate desire of the Japanese Government by the creation of a new financial organization to end the needless loan competition concerning China," the statement continued. "However, while the other powers can afford to regard the new consortium solely as a business matter, Japan is otherwise situated, since her vital national interests, such as national defense and economic existence, are apt to be involved in enterprises near her border. When the three other Governments expressly declared to Japan that they not only did not contemplate acts inimical to her vital interests but were ready to give assurances sufficiently safeguarding them, the Japanese Government decided to confirm the Paris agreement."

200,000 VISIT CONEY.

Luna Park and Steeplechase Open for the Season.

Coney Island bloomed beneath warm skies yesterday and attracted more than 200,000 visitors, the first big crowd of the season. Luna Park and Steeplechase Park, bright with fresh paint and new varnish, were thrown open to the public for the first time this year, and all of the thousand and one other shows and sideshows and exhibitions were opened wide.

The police, reinforced by eighty men, under command of Captain Byron Sackett, were operating on Summer schedule, but they had little to do. Only a few arrests for minor offenses were reported. A handful of bathers braved the ocean's chill, but they did not stay in long.

'DRY' CAMPAIGN IN URUGUAY

Congress Sanctions Law Utilizing Schools to Spread Prohibition Sentiment.

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, May 15.—Congress has sanctioned a law providing that the public schools shall take up the campaign against alcoholism and admitting the importation of non-intoxicating drinks free from duty.

The law also prohibits the manufacture and sale of absinthe and other intoxicants and makes unlawful the sale of distilled liquors near Uruguayan ports, in the markets and theatres, and to women, children, soldiers and Civil Guards.

Milk Exposition Opens Today.

The annual Milk and Child Health Exposition will begin at the Grand Central Palace this afternoon, the doors opening at 2 o'clock, and will continue throughout the week. The formal opening will take place tonight, when Mayor Hylan will attend. This will be Mothmond Day at the show, and the children who won the prizes from that borough in the Health Department's "Better Baby" campaign last week will receive their awards.

DEFENDS RAND SCHOOL AND CRITICISED BOOK

Algernon Lee, in Letter to Governor, Assails Motives of H. A. Wise Wood.

Algernon Lee, Director of the Rand School of Social Science, announced yesterday that he had sent to Governor Smith a memorandum dealing with the attack upon the Rand School by Henry A. Wise Wood at the hearing upon anti-radical bills at Albany, in which Mr. Wood created something of a sensation by reading paragraphs from a book called "Married Love," and which he intimated was used by the Rand School as a textbook.

Mr. Lee said that the book was written by an English doctor of high standing and is a frank discussion of certain facts of sex from the viewpoint of personal hygiene. He said that it was published here by the Critic and Guide Company and is on sale at the Rand School bookstore as it has been in other bookstores in the city without previous protest.

"If Mr. Wood had been honestly concerned about stopping what he regarded as an outrage against public decency," said Mr. Lee, "he would have in the first instance addressed the dealers, calling their attention to objectionable features of the book and giving them an opportunity to discontinue its sale if they found his protest well founded. Instead of this, he preferred to lie low until he could create a scandal by picking out a few sentences which, taken by themselves, appear highly offensive, and reading them in public before the Governor and in the presence of a large number of women and young girls. His purpose was obviously to confuse the issue and create a prejudice against the Rand School.

"As to Mr. Wood's general denunciation of the Rand School, I have only to say that we would welcome a thorough comparison of the private life and personal character of our staff and our student body with that of Mr. Henry A. Wise Wood and some of his associates. This is not the first time that Mr. Wood has exhibited a special taste for salacious methods of attack."

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The Coppers

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THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE—1827 to 1835

Typical of the spirit displayed by the early New York merchants was their instant response to the call for public service. It is not surprising that the 1765 Congress of American Colonies, called in opposition to the Stamp Act, included illustrious merchants of the time such as John Cruger, Philip Livingston and Leonard Lispenard, afterwards prominent in the Chamber of Commerce. Cruger, one of the founders of the Merchants' Bank—Livingston and Lispenard original subscribers to the Bank of the Manhattan Company. To the Chamber of Commerce the City owed the beautiful marble Exchange, completed in 1827. Until its destruction in the great fire of 1835, this stately edifice housed the Merchants' Exchange, the Post Office and a station for telegraphic signalling to Staten Island. Three of the founders of the Merchants' Bank were also conspicuous in the affairs of the Exchange—William Walton Woolsey, President of the Eagle Fire Insurance Company; Henry I. Wyckoff, a leading merchant, a Governor of the New York Hospital and an Alderman of the First Ward; and Preserved Fish, prominent ship owner.

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TREND OF MUNICIPAL BONDS YIELDS AT A GLANCE

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CURB MARKET OF THE WEEK

WEEK ENDED MAY 15

	Trading by Days Industrials	Oils	Mining	Bonds
Monday	67,035	117,150	149,685	$165,000
Tuesday	68,230	133,010	167,985	267,000
Wednesday	70,435	207,685	170,050	274,000
Thursday	62,050	188,450	240,155	251,000
Friday	74,140	194,825	121,110	250,000
Saturday	39,140	123,580		193,290
Total	381,130	914,680	1,035,680	$1,500,290

INDUSTRIALS.

Range, 1920 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Close	Net Ch'ge
4¼	1¼	10,900	Acme Coal	2¾	2½	2¼	— ¼
10	7¼	2,100	*Aetna Explosives	9½	9	9¼	— ¼
40	22	2,000	*Aluminum Mfg	24	22	23½	
49	40	500	Air Reduction	40½	40	40	
36	18½	700	Allied Packers	20	18½	19½	— 2½
9¼	6¾	3,300	Amer. Candy	8½	6¾	6¾	— 1¾
50	39½	1,500	Amer. Chicle	40¾	39½	40	— 1
⅞	⅞	16,400	Amer. Chicle rts.	⅞	⅞	⅞	
2	1¾	13,000	Amer. Woolen rts.	2⅛	1½	2	— ⅛
12½	5	100	Amer. Writ. Paper	24½	24	24	+ 1
28½	19	300	Austin Nichols	84	81	81	
93	79	200	Austin Nichols pf.	83	82	82	
52	52	400	Auto Fuel Sup	52	52	52	
12½	7½	1,700	Brit.-Am. Chem	8¼	8	8¼	+ ¼
27	15¼	5,700	*Br.-A. Tob., reg	16¾	15½	15½	— ⅝
23	15	1,300	Br.-A. Tob., reg	25½	25	25½	
25½	25	3,900	Brooks S. S	98	98	98	+ 5
142	90	25	Carbon Steel	2¾	2½	2½	— ⅜
3⅞	2½	1,000	*Car Light & How	2¾	17½	17½	— 2
24½	17	1,100	Case Plow	19½	3	4	
11½	3	1,800	Colonial Tire	4⅞	69	69	— 6
91	55	6,000	Cleveland Auto	75	21	25¾	+ 3¾
29	21	1,700	Coniey Tin Foil	28½	55	55	
64	39	6,200	Cuban-Am. Sugar	67¼	38	38	— 5
45	38	300	Davison Chemical	39	33	33	
54¾	35	5,100	Farrell Coal	41	31	35	
53	31	695	Empire Steel	34	5	5	— ¼
5¼	4½	500	Garland Steamship	5	260	280	—40
810	280	400	General Motors	305	1½	1½	
2¼	1½	1,500	Gen. Motors rights	1½	66⅝	72¾	— 1¾
130	63½	28,500	General Asphalt	73½	21⅜	22¾	— ⅞
34	21	3,800	Goldwyn Pictures	23½	14	14	+ ¼
2¼	1	9,800	Grape-Ola	14	2¼	2¼	+ ⅛
2⅞	1¾	6,700	Grape-Ola pf	2½	36	39¼	— 2
39¼	25½	600	Haynes Knitting	39½	20	22½	— 2
32	13	6,100	Hercules Paper	25¾	5½	5½	— ¼
7¼	4	9,200	Heyden Chemical	5⅞	24¼	24¼	+ ¼
45	30½	500	Hydraulic Steel	35	29¼	30	— ¼
35	29½	2,600	Ide Collar	31	9¼	9¼	— ⅜
13	9¼	1,500	Imp. Tob. Gt.Brit.	10	12½	13	+ 2½
17	10	4,000	Inter. Rubber	13¼	7¾	8½	— 1¼
20	1¼	13,500	Indian Packing	10¾	2	2¼	
2⅝	1¼	5,300	Kay Co. Gas	2⅛	13¾	13⅞	— 2¼
18⅝	13	100	Keystone Solether	15⅞	24	24	— 4
32	22	4,200	Libby, McN. & L.	28	1⅝	1⅝	
1⅞	1¼	4,130	Lig.-Mar. Coal	1⅝	44	45	— 1
53	44	500	Lincoln Motor Car	45	12	12	— ¾
25	16	900	*Locomobile,n.,w.i.	14	17	17½	— 1½
20	17	500	Mercer Motor	18½	7	7	— ½
17½	7	1,600	Nat. Fireproofing	7⅛	15	15	— 1½
20⅜	13¾	1,900	Nat. Fireproof. pf	16½	11	11	
17½	11	800	Nat. Leather	12	42	42	
50	37	100	N. Y. Shipbldg	42	17	17	
17	16⅝	700	N. Y. Transport	17	5¾	5¾	
9¼	4¾	7,000	Nor. Am. P. & P	5⅝	29⅝	30	— ¾
37	28¼	500	Orpheum Circuit	30	90	90	
95	80	300	Packard pf	91	39	39	
42¾	39	500	Patchogue-Plym	40	2⅝	2⅝	+ ⅛
5¾	2	2,500	Perfection Tire	2⅝	2¾	2¾	+ ⅛
5¼	1¾	3,200	Pressman T. & R	4¾	41	41½	+ ½
54½	30	1,000	Rainier Motor	47	2⅝	2⅝	+ ⅛
2	1⅞	10,400	*Radio Co., w	2⅛	1⅞	2	+ ⅛
5¼	2	5,200	*Radio Co. pf.,w.i.	2⅝	40¾	42	
46	40¾	3,600	R. J. Reynolds, B.	500	470	500	
530	470	80	R. J. Reynolds	44	42	43	— 2
54¾	43	300	Root & Van	44	3	3¼	— ⅛
6	3	900	Republic Rubber	10	10	10	+ ⅛
13¼	6	100	Rockaway Mills	10	34	34	— ¼
34½	32	300	Royal Dutch rts	34	6	6	
6	5½	3,000	Royade Fr	6	5¾	6	— ⅛
22¾	15¾	280	Santa Cecilia Sug	19	19	19	— ½
150	123	190	Singer Mfg	122	123	123	— 7
19	12½	4,000	Submarine Boat	14½	13	13½	— ⅛
4	1⅝	12,700	Sweets of America	1⅝	1½	1⅝	
6¾	1⅝	8,200	Swift International	39	36	36	— 5
68½	35	700	Thiliket	39	34	14¾	
15	14	48,800	Times Sq. Auto S.	41¾	37¼	37½	— 2¾
41¾	37	1,000	U. S. Light & H	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+ ⅛
3⅝	2¾	4,900	Tobacco Prod	17	14	14	
32	14	15,400	Un. Profit Sharing	2¾	1¾	1⅞	— ⅛
3⅛	1⅛	20,200	*U. Ret. S. Candy	16	14½	15	— ⅜
19	13	1,400	U. S. Distributing	45	43	43	— 3
55	45	3,000	*U. S. H. S. Tool	31½	31	31	
39	27	25,000	U. S. Steamship	2⅝	2	2	— ⅛
4⅝	2	4,200	*Un Picture Prod	1¾	1¾	1⅞	— ⅛
12¾	1¼	2,600	U. S. Transport	10⅝	10¼	10¾	
40	10	1,000	Waltham Watch	37	35	37	— ¼
37	35	1,000	Usold Tire	¼	¼	¼	
1⅜	¼	1,000	Wayne Coal	3¼	3¼	3¼	
5½	3¼	2,300	Willys	20	19¾	20	+ ⅜
26½	18½	300	Willys pf	60	60	60	— 5
85	60	100	Willys-Overland pf	60	41	41	
50	39	300	William Davies	41¼			

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

		1,000	Anglo-American	23¼	22	22	— ⅝
51	22	20	South Penn. Oil	295	282	292	—18
345	299	285	Stand. Oil, N. Y.	415	391	395	— 1
480	387	50	Stand. Oil, Cal.	329	327	327	— 1
400	305	120	Vacuum Oil	373	373	373	— 7

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS

8	4	1,800	Ajax Oil	5¼	4	5	— ¼
3¼	1¾	6,700	Allen Oil	2¾	2	2½	— ⅛
1⅛	1	81,000	*Allied Oil	39	36	39	+ 1
5½	1	700	Allo O. & G	3½	3¼	3¼	
1	60	28,700	Amabel Wyo	90	60	75	
1⅛	¼	38,000	*Amal. Roy	40	29	40	+12
1¼	1	11,000	Arcadia Oil	87	85½	87	— 2
90	81	400	Atlantic Guif	87	20	20	— 2
45	39	3,000	*Ark. Nat. Gas	22½	3	3	
3⅜	2¼	8,200	Ark. Nat. Gas rts	3⅜	3¼	3¼	— ⅛
7⅜	3	2,000	Boone Oil	4	3¾	3¾	
1⅜	⅝	9,700	Bigheart P. & R	10⅝	10¼	10¼	— ⅛
11¾	8⅝	30,500	*†Boston-Wyo. Oil	11	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
1⅜	⅝	1,700	Boston-Mex. Pet	1⅜	1	1	— ⅛
3¼	1	2,700	Cent. Asper. Pet	27½	27	27½	— ½
25¾	25¼	7,800	Cartis Syndicate	25¾	2	2¼	
53	18	2,400	Central S. Oil	21	3¾	3¾	
2½	2	200	Circle Oil	3⅝	86	86	
5¾	3	5,000	Cities Serv. 7½% C	98	36¾	36¾	— 2⅝
96	96	7,900	Cities Serv., B. T.	36¾	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅝
44½	36¾	5,500	*Coaden & Co	8½	10	10	— ½
10¾	7¼	1,500	Columbia Syn	10⅝	5½	5½	— ⅛
11⅜	10	5,650	Cont. Ref	5½	4⅝	5	
3⅞	3⅝	35,000	Cushing Pet	1⅞	1¾	1¾	+ 1⅛
3	1	4,700	Col. Emerald	10	1¼	1¼	
25	6	22,400	Del. Texas Pet	2¾	2¾	2¾	— ⅛
1⅜	1⅛	11,200	*Dominion Oil	13⅝	11¾	11¾	— ⅛
33½	11¾	10,600	Hercules Paper	25¾	4¼	4¼	— ⅛
10	8½	9,200	Heyden Chemical	5⅞	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
1¼	⅞	500	Hydraulic Steel	35	29¼	30	— ¼
11¾	7¾	5,100	*Ellis Island Pet	1⅜	2⅜	1¼	— ⅛
2⅝	2	5,000	Engineers Pet	2⅝	1¾	1¾	— ⅛
2⅝	2	5,000	*Esmer, O. & G	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
7	4	94,700	*Federal Oil	2	2⅜	2⅜	
4⅝	2¾	2,000	*Federal Oil	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	
10½	5⅜	1,200	Fensland Oil	6	6	6	— ⅛
57	53½	1,500	*Gilliland Oil	57¾	54	54	— ½
120	83	600	Gilliland Pf	83	83	83	— 3½
4⅝	2¾	4,400	*Glenrock Oil	3⅝	29	29½	— 1¼
38½	26¼	1,000	Guffey-Gillespie	30½	9¼	10¼	— ¼
16	9	5,100	Granada Oil	11	1¾	1¾	
1⅛	1⅛	10,800	Harvey Crude	9	5	5	— ⅛
8	5	2,600	Hercules Pet	5⅝	3¾	3¾	
5⅛	5	8,800	Home Oil of Del	5¾	2¾	2¾	— ⅛
9	1⅛	1,500	Home R. & R. Tex	3	2¾	2¾	— ⅛
154	75	1,700	*Houston Oil	85¼	72	72	— 6
1⅛	⅞	12,500	*Hudson Oil	1⅛	⅞	⅞	— ⅛
77	33½	7,900	*International Pet	39	36	36	— ¾

Range, 1920 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
8	4½	6,900	*Island O. & T	5⅝	5½	5⅝	
47	27	10,000	Invincible Oil	38½	37	38	— 1⅝
3½	2	6,500	King Petroleum	2¼	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
2¼	⅞	24,000	Livingston Oil	1¼	⅞	1	
11	10	300	Livingston Pet	11	10	11	— ½
38	28½	1,200	Lone Star Gas	30	28½	28½	— ⅜
41	4	3,800	Manhattan Oil	8	4	4½	
9	¾	4,000	Magma Oil & Ref	4¼	4	4¼	
22¼	14	4,200	*Merritt Oil Corp	17½	15	17½	+ ¾
4⅝	2⅝	8,600	Met. Petroleum	4¼	4	4¼	
4⅛	1¼	100	Mexico Oil	1⅝	1½	1⅝	— ⅛
5	2⅛	1,200	Metex Pet	3¼	3	3	— ⅝
31	9	800	Mex. Panuco	11¾	10	11¾	— 2½
180	140	3,475	*Midwest Ref	146	142	145	— 2½
⅜	⅛	5,800	Midwest Texas Oil	⅛	⅛	⅛	
1¼	1	36,900	Noble Oil & Gas	1⅛	1	1⅛	
3⅜	2¼	25,500	Morton Pet	3¼	3	3	
5⅛	1	105	North. Tex. Oil	1	1	1	
5⅝	3	560	North Am. Oil	4	3¾	3¾	— ⅛
41	23	1,750	Okla. Nat. Gas	36½	33	35	— 1
35	24	2,250	Ohio Fuel Oil	28	25	26	— 4
7¾	4½	2,200	Omar Oil & Gas	4½	4½	4½	— ⅜
1⅝	1⅜	8,100	Okla. & Tex. Pet	1½	1½	1½	
26	12	100	Panhandle P. & R	15	15	15	+ ⅛
80	75	300	Panhandle pf	75	75	75	
9½	3	3,700	Pennok Oil	5¼	5¼	5⅝	+ ⅛
3	1	21,500	Phillips Pet. rts	1¼	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
43	30½	10,700	Phillips Pet.	34	30½	33	— 1½
10½	7¼	5,500	*Producers & Ref	8¼	7¾	7¾	— ⅛
1⅞	⅜	4,800	*Red Rock Oil	⅜	⅜	⅜	
3	¾	100	*Rickard Tex. Co	¾	¾	¾	
6¼	6	300	Savoy Oil	40½	38½	39	
40½	38½	3,100	Ryan Cons	4	3¾	4	+ ⅛
42½	2⅝	71,500	Ryan Petroleum	38¼	34	35½	— 2½
63¼	34	2,500	Salt Creek Prod	37		35	
½	⅛	3,500	Sequoyah O. & R	24½	22¾	23	
24½	22¾	3,700	Shell T. & T., pf	10⅝	10⅝	10½	— ⅛
13½	9	8,000	*Skelly Oil	19¼	16½	17¼	— 1⅜
73½	16½	20,400	*Simms Petroleum	3⅛	2⅞	3	+ ⅛
3¼	2⅞	6,320	Stanton Oil, new	3	2⅞	2⅞	+ ⅛
20½	17	10,100	Spencer Pet. Corp	21	18	19¼	— ¼
20	11¼	2,500	Superior Oil	17¾	17¼	17¾	+ ¼
15½	3	700	Steiner Oil	4¾	4½	4¾	
3¾	2	300	Tex. Ken. Oil	2½	2½	2⅝	— 2
115	70	1,200	Tex. & P. C. & O	80	78	78	— 1
47½	17	1,400	Texas Chief	19¼	19	19	— 1
1½	½	9,900	Tex. Ranger F. R	½	½	1¼	+ ⅛
1	½	2,900	Trinity Oil	¾	¾	¾	+ ⅛
23½	15	91,500	*Texon Oil & L. N	1½	¾	1⅛	+ ⅛
1½	⅞	15,000	Tropical Oil	22	20	21	+ 2
9½	4	17,200	*United Tex. Pet	1	¾	1	
2⅝	1¼	4,640	Victoria Oil	4¾	4	4⅜	
50	20½	6,600	*White Oil	¾	¾	¾	
1	¾	800	Whelan Oil	1	1	1	
8½	4¼	1,200	Woodburn Oil	4¾	4¼	4¼	

MINING STOCKS

1¼	1	500	American Mines	1	1	1	
2¼	⅞	27,500	Alaska-B. C. Min	1½	1¼	1⅜	— ⅛
3½	1½	41,400	*†Athanta	2½	1¾	2	— ⅛
1¾	⅜	3,200	Arizona Silver	⅞	⅝	⅝	— ⅛
88	6	20,700	*†Belch. Div. (pros.)	7⅞	6½	6½	— ½
49	6	20,700	*†Belch. Ext. (pros.)	8	6	6½	— 1½
⅞	¼	11,800	Big Ledge	6	5	5½	
7	4	17,100	*Booth	6	5	5½	+ ⅛
91	60	35,300	*Boston & Mon	84	75	82	+ 6
42	20	22,600	*†Caledonia	30	27	28	— 4
1¼	¼	82,600	Candelaria	⅜	⅜	⅜	
11	1¼	2,800	Canada Copper	1¾	1¼	1¼	— ⅛
40	20	200	Carson Hill Gold	25	25	25	+ ½
11	6	18,400	*†Cashboy	8	7	7	— ½
10	5¾	475	*Con. Vir. Silver	3	2	2½	+ ⅛
6¼	5	2,025	Con. Copper Min	3½	3¼	3½	+ ⅛
60	32	40,800	Cortez Silver	38	28	31	— 7
1¼	¾	54,000	*Divide Extension	3⅞	2⅝	2½	
9½	2⅝	8,500	El Salvador Silver	36	36	36	
48	34	24,100	Dm. Beers	36	8	8	+ ½
16	8	32,400	Emma Silver	10	1¼	1¼	— ⅛
1⅝	¾	16,800	Eureka Holly	1¾	¾	1	
1¼	½	2,800	Eureka Croes. M	1¼	1	1¼	+ ⅛
1¼	¼	18,500	Forty-nine Mining	2¾	1¾	1¾	— ⅛
41	15	2,700	*†Gold Zone Divide	20	18	18½	— 1½
2¼	¼	300	*Golden Gate	¼	¼	¼	
3	⅞	300	Gadsden Cop	77	75	75	
15	8	22,150	*†Goldfield Con	11	8	10	+ ½
15	6	20,600	*†Goldfield Dev	9½	6	9	+ 2
13	2	24,400	*†Goldfield Merger	3	2	2	
4	1	44,300	Great Bend	3	2	2½	— ½
3	1	300	Howe Sound	3½	3½	3¾	— ⅛
4½	3¾	5,485	Hecla Mining	4½	4½	4½	— ⅜
4½	2	200	Honduras-Am	19	17½	18¾

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JERSEY UNION MEN EJECT RADICALS

Newark Convention Votes, 600 to 100, Against a Separate Labor Party.

FISTS FLY AT SESSION

Conservatives First Howl Down Opponents, Then Apply Direct Action.

Organized labor of New Jersey at a special convention in Newark yesterday decided upon a national political policy of "boring from within" the existing parties rather than forming a separate and distinct labor party. The decision was reached at a stormy session in Krueger Auditorium after Socialists and others of radical tendencies had been defeated first by parliamentary tactics, later by noisy derision and finally by direct physical action which culminated in the entire minority being thrown out to the accompaniment of black eyes and bleeding noses.

The decision to abide by the recommendation of the American Federation of Labor to "reward the friends and defeat the enemies" of labor proved to have the overwhelming support of the delegates, who were loud in their disapproval of every attempt to intrude Socialist oratory. The doctrine of those who won by a roughly counted vote of 600 to 100 frankly was gauged to a degree by expediency after speakers from all parts of the State had begged that the formation of a separate labor party be vetoed because their local unions had found a policy of trying to elect labor candidates as such a failure.

Warnings were uttered by Lewis W. Herrmann, Secretary and Treasurer of the Central Labor Union of Atlantic City, and others that an attempt to elect labor candidates would be fatal, because Democrats and Republicans would combine and defeat them.

"We tried it last Tuesday in Atlantic City," said Herrmann, "in the election for City Commissioners. We had so many watchers they fell over themselves, but when the count was over we were licked. We already knew we were licked, and we knew why we were licked. They simply combined against us and licked us in detail. We are absolutely opposed to a separate American Labor Party."

"Take a leaf out of the book of the big interests," advised another delegate. "They don't talk of forming a new party of their own. They control one of the existing parties. If they can't control one, they control the other. That is what we must do if we want labor protected."

The only woman representative present, spokesman for Local 87, of Jersey City, of the School Teachers' Union, added her voice to the chorus of protest against a separate party, after Duncan McDonald of Illinois, introduced as spokesman for the miners, had made an impassioned plea for a labor party supported by all trades unionists' votes.

McDonald found it hard going, as did others who seconded his plea. Hugh W. Reilly, Isador Bakes and others tried to expound socialistic philosophy in their pleadings for a distinct party, but were howled down time and again with cries of, "Is this a Socialist convention?" We don't want to hear about the Socialists" and the like.

The feeling grew more and more bitter and the more radical element reproached Arthur E. Quinn, President of the New Jersey State Federation of Labor, charging that the conservatives were using a steam roller, and insisting that their arguments that following the leadership of the American Federation of Labor had resulted in disaster to the workingman should be heard. Time and again they were defeated by points of order, rulings from the chair and just plain and vociferous interruptions.

When a standing vote was called on the principal resolution of the day, which read:

Whereas, the American Federation of Labor has always been a champion of government by all the people; and,

Whereas, any government to honestly function must be representative of all the people and,

Whereas, the American Federation of Labor has adopted a national nonpartisan political policy to reward labor friends and defeat your enemies"; and,

Whereas, this policy will meet with the approval of a vast majority of the right thinking American people who believe in fair play for all; and,

Whereas, labor has not received a just and fair deal at the hands of some of the legislators, judiciary and executives; and,

Whereas, the people generally are responsive to appeals against those who are not representative of all interests; therefore be it

Resolved, By this Convention that we concur in the national nonpartisan policy of the American Federation of Labor.

Quinn declared the resolution adopted by a vote of some 600 to 100, and then the real trouble started. Members of the local of Newark machinists who had played a leading part in the complaints of the disgruntled minority arose and charged that the convention was packed with non-union men. Quinn challenged him to come up on the platform and point out a single non-union man. He declined, but continued his protest from the floor until cries of "Throw him out" culminated in sudden and quick action.

Men near the speaker started propelling him toward the door. He got as far as the overhanging balcony, when some of his supporters tried to come to his rescue. In a second there was a general fight, with some hundred men engaged. Fists and feet were used and the hall was filled with the sounds of curses and groans.

In ten minutes the dissenters were outside, a dozen or more of them attending to bruises and abrasions and ensanguined noses.

After the row had subsided, the meeting passed a resolution requesting amnesty for all political prisoners as a substitute for a resolution demanding it, which had been offered by the more radical delegates.

TO CONTROL AUSTRIAN ARMS

Inter-Allied Commission Demands List of Aviation Material Sold.

VIENNA, May 16.—Military representatives of Italy, Great Britain and Japan today told Dr. Julius Deutsch, Secretary of State for Military Affairs, that hereafter all war materials for Vienna and Klagenfurt would be controlled by the Interallied Commission. They demanded a list of aviation material sold here and abroad.

Dr. Deutsch said he understood he had a right to dispose of such materials until the treaty could be fully ratified, but that the Cabinet Council would debate on the subject. The Allied representatives said that Hugh C. Wallace, American Ambassador to France, would make a report to the United States on the subject.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—Forecast:

N. C.—Mar. Mon., except showers in extreme west; slightly warmer central and interior east; showers at night or Tues.

S. C.—Increasing cloudiness Mon.; showers at night or Tues.

Ohio.—Showers Mon. and probably Tues.; somewhat cooler Mon. in south.

Ind.—Showers Mon. and probably Tues.; cooler Mon. in east and south.

Lower Mich.—Cloudy, Mon.; showers in south and by night in north; Tues., showers.

Upper Mich.—Cloudy Mon.; showers at night or Tues.

Ky.—Showers Mon., cooler in central and east; Tues., fair in west, showers in east.

Tenn.—Showers Mon., cooler in central and northeast; Tues., fair, except showers in extreme east.

Miss.—Showers Mon., except fair in southwest; Tues., fair.

Ala.—Showers Mon.; Tues., probably fair, except showers in northeast.

Extreme N. W. Fla.—Shower Mon.; Tues., probably fair.

Ill.—Showers Mon., probably fair Tues.; warmer Tues.

Mo.—Cloudy Mon., unsettled in east; Tues., probably fair, warmer.

Wis.—Rain Mon.; probably fair and warmer Tues.

Minn.—Cloudy Mon., probably showers in east; Tues., probably warmer.

Iowa—Unsettled Mon., showers in east; Tues., probably fair, warmer.

N. D.—Fair Mon. And probably Tues.; warmer Mon.; cooler Tues.

S. D.—Fair Mon. and probably Tues.; warmer.

Neb.—Fair, warmer Mon. and Tues.

Kan.—Partly cloudy Mon. and Tues., rising temp.

TOBACCO MONOPOLY GAINS.

Sweden's Production Enormously Increased in the Last Year.

The Swedish Government tobacco monopoly shows a very satisfactory result for the year of 1919. Before the monopoly was established the average annual income of the Government from tobacco taxes amounted to but 6,000,000 kroner; in 1916, the first year of the monopoly, the income was 22,200,000 kroner, and in 1919 it was almost 60,000,000 kroner, according to commerce reports.

Unmanufactured tobacco and all supplies in 1919 showed great price increases, which were further enhanced by the unfavorable exchange rate on dollars and sterling. Labor costs showed an even larger increase. That the tobacco monopoly is able to produce ten times the former revenue for the State, in spite of increased costs, is due largely to the modernization processes. The number of factories has now been reduced to twenty.

The consumption of tobacco in Sweden is more than twice as large as in 1910, the years 1918 and 1919 showing especially large gains. The heavy demand has taxed the manufacturing facilities of the monopoly to the limit, the production in 1919 showing an increase of 75,000,000 cigars and 437,000,000 cigarettes, as compared with 1918. There has been a growing demand for more expensive brands of cigars and cigarettes, and it was necessary to import large quantities of these from the United States and England.

When the additional manufacturing facilities that are now under construction are completed it is expected that it will be in a position to supply all the tobacco products for Swedish consumption during 1920.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES.

LONDON.

	Demand. High.	Low.	Last.	Cables. High.	Low.	Last.
May 10	3.83¾	3.82¾	3.83¾	3.84¼	3.83½	3.84¼
May 11	3.84¼	3.83¾	3.83¾	3.85¼	3.84¼	3.84¼
May 12	3.83¼	3.82¾	3.82¾	3.84¼	3.83¾	3.83¾
May 13	3.82¼	3.80¾	3.81¾	3.83¼	3.81¼	3.82¼
May 14	3.82¼	3.81	3.81	3.82¾	3.81¾	3.81¾
May 15	3.81¾	3.81¼	3.81¼	3.82½	3.82¼	3.82½
Week's range—						
High			3.84¾			3.85¾
Low			3.80¼			3.81¼
Same week last year—						
High			4.68¾			4.69¾
Low			4.65¼			4.66
Year to date—						
High			4.06¾			4.07½
Low			3.19			3.19¾
Corresponding period last year—						
High			4.7585			4.7650¾
Low			4.57½			4.58½

PARIS.

	Demand. High.	Low.	Last.	Cables. High.	Low.	Last.
May 10	15.70	15.58	15.70	15.68	15.56	15.68
May 11	15.62	15.32	15.12	15.60	15.30	15.10
May 12	14.90	15.12	15.12	14.88	15.10	15.10
May 13	15.12	15.35	15.32	15.10	15.33	15.30
May 14	15.22	15.35	15.30	15.20	15.33	15.28
May 15	15.21	15.25	15.21	15.19	15.23	15.19
Week's range—						
High			14.90			14.88
Low			15.88			15.86
Same week last year—						
High			6.19			6.17
Low			6.42½			6.40¼
Year to date—						
High			10.74			10.72
Low			17.15			17.13
Corresponding period last year—						
High			5.45¾			5.44¾
Low			6.42½			6.40¼

	Switzerland Dem.	Cab.	Holland Dem.	Cab.	Italy Dem.	Cab.
May 10	5.68	5.68	36.50	36.625	20.29	20.28
May 11	5.70	5.68	36.625	36.75	19.62	19.60
May 12	5.70	5.68	36.375	36.50	19.97	19.95
May 13	5.73	5.71	36.3125	36.4375	20.44	20.42
May 14	5.71	5.69	36.375	36.50	20.47	20.45
May 15	5.68	5.66	36.375	36.50	20.38	20.36
Week's range:						
High	5.83	5.66	36.625	36.75	19.62	19.60
Low	5.75	5.71	36.3125	36.4375	20.47	20.45
Same week last year:						
High	5.01	4.98	39.8175	40.035	7.61	7.59
Low	5.07	5.03	39.875	39.625	8.20	8.18
Year to date:						
High	5.45	5.44	39.00	39.25	13.20	13.18
Low	5.22	5.20	35.75	35.875	26.65	26.63
Corresponding period last year:						
High	4.85	4.78	42.5874	43.4774	6.36	6.35
Low	5.07	5.03	39.75	39.6249	8.20	8.18

SCANDINAVIA.

	Copenhagen. S. Dem.	Cab.	Chol. Dem.	Cab.	Christiania Dem.	Cab.
May 10	18.00	17.95	21.00	21.15	18.80	18.90
May 11	16.80	16.95	21.00	21.15	19.80	19.95
May 12	16.70	16.85	20.90	21.10	19.50	19.65
May 13	16.65	16.80	21.00	21.15	19.55	19.70
May 14	16.55	16.70	20.85	21.00	19.35	19.50
May 15	16.60	16.75	20.90	21.05	19.40	19.55
Week's range:						
High	16.90	17.05	21.00	21.15	19.85	19.90
Low	16.55	16.80	20.85	21.10	19.35	19.50
Same week last year:						
High	24.50	24.70	25.80	26.00	25.40	25.60
Low	24.00	24.20	25.40	25.60	25.00	25.25
Year to date:						
High	19.05	19.20	22.15	22.30	20.40	20.55
Low	16.55	16.80	17.70	17.85	16.35	16.50
Corresponding period last year:						
High	26.875	29.125	32.125	29.35	28.00	28.25
Low	24.00	24.20	25.40	25.60	25.00	25.20

SPAIN, GERMANY, AUSTRIA.

	Spain. Dem.	Cab.	Germany. Dem.	Cab.	Austria. Dem.	Cab.
May 10	16.85	16.92	1.97	1.99	.49	.52
May 11	16.85	16.92	2.08	2.09	.49	.52
May 12	16.77	16.85	2.02	2.04	.49	.51
May 13	16.77	16.85	2.08	2.10	.49	.51
May 14	16.75	16.80	2.07	2.09	.49	.51
May 15	16.75	16.80	2.07	2.09	.49	.51
Week's range—						
High	16.85	16.92	2.08	2.10	.49	.52
Low	16.75	16.80	1.97	1.99	.49	.51
Same week last year—						
High	19.25	19.30	...	...	...	...
Low	19.25	19.30	...	...	...	...
Year to date—						
High	19.30	19.35	2.04	2.04	.49	.51
Low	17.00	17.05	1.01	1.01	.25	.25
Corresponding period last year—						
High	20.90	21.05	...	...	...	...
Low	19.20	19.30	...	...	...	...

RUSSIA.

	BELGIUM. Rub. Dem.	Cables. Bld.	Rub. Cables. Asc.	100. Bid.	500. Asc.
May 10	14.77	14.75	1.40	1.50	1.525	1.575
May 11	14.37	14.25	1.40	1.50	1.525	1.575
May 12	14.30	14.28	1.40	1.50	1.529	1.575
May 13	14.72	14.70	1.40	1.50	1.529	1.575
May 14	14.42	14.40	1.40	1.50	1.525	1.575
May 15	14.43	14.41	1.40	1.50	1.525	1.575
Week's range—						
High	14.90	14.88	1.50	....	1.570	....
Low	14.75	14.75	1.40	....	1.525	....
Same week last year—						
High	6.40	6.37	13.70	12.65	....	....
Low	6.42	6.40	13.00	11.80	....	....
Year to date—						
High	5.62	5.61¼	4.70	4.90	....	....
Low	15.88	15.80	1.40	1.525	....	....
Corresponding period last year—						
High	6.62	6.61¼	17.65	17.60	....	....
Low	6.63	6.60	19.50	19.40	....	....

CHINA.

	Hongkong. Dem.	Cables.	Peking. Dem.	Cables.	Shanghai. Dem.	Cables.
Week's range—						
High	86.75	86.85	120.00	120.50	119.00	119.50
Low	79.25	79.35	116.00	119.50	110.50	111.00
Same week last year—						
High	86.00	86.10	123.00	123.25	125.00	125.25
Low	85.00	85.10	122.50	122.75	124.50	124.75
Year to date—						
High	109.25	106.00	170.00	170.50	167.00	167.50
Low	79.25	79.35	119.00	119.50	110.50	111.00
Corresponding period last year—						
High	86.00	86.10	123.00	123.25	126.00	126.25
Low	73.50	73.60	117.00	117.75	108.50	108.75

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

	Bombay. Dem.	Cab's.	Calcutta. Dem.	Cab's.	Manila. Dem.	Cab's.
Week's range—						
High	44.50	44.75	44.50	44.75	49.50	49.75
Low	45.00	45.25	45.00	45.25	49.00	49.75
Same week last year—						
High	40.00	40.25	40.00	40.25	49.50	49.75
Low	40.00	40.25	40.00	40.25	49.50	49.75
Year to date—						
High	49.00	49.50	49.00	49.50	50.00	50.25
Low	41.75	42.00	41.75	42.00	47.50	47.75
Same period last year—						
High	35.75	36.00	35.75	36.00	50.00	50.125
Low	35.25	35.50	35.25	35.50	49.00	49.75

	GREECE. Kobe. Dem.	Cables.	JAPAN Dem.	Cables.	Yokohama. Dem.	Cables.
Week's range—						
High	11.05	11.05	49.50	49.50	49.00	49.50
Low	11.00	11.05	50.00	50.125	50.00	50.125
Same week last year—						
High	20.20	20.80	51.50	51.75	51.00	51.75
Low	20.17	20.50	51.25	51.50	51.25	51.50
Year to date—						
High	16.15	16.225	49.50	52.75	49.00	49.75
Low	10.75	10.85	47.00	47.50	47.00	47.25
Corresponding period last year—						
High	20.20	20.30	52.25	52.50	52.00	52.50
Low	19.00	19.25	50.75	50.00	50.75	50.00

SOUTH AMERICA.

	Buenos Aires. Dem.	Cab.	Rio Dem.	Cables.
Week's range—				
High	42.875	42.90	36.375	36.60
Low	42.625	42.75	36.25	36.375
Same week last year—				
High	41.40	41.425	35.00	35.125
Low	41.15	41.25	27.25	27.375
Year to date—				
High	43.75	43.80	36.60	36.75
Low	42.75	42.75	35.375	35.625
Corresponding period last year—				
High	48.10	48.20	38.00	38.125
Low	45.35	45.50	25.10	25.25

DIVIDENDS.

SUPERIOR OIL CORPORATION.

DIVIDEND NO. 2.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the SUPERIOR OIL CORPORATION held Thursday, May 13, 1920, the regular quarterly dividend of 50 cents per share was declared, payable June 1, 1920, to stockholders of record at the close of business on May 20, 1920.

W. FREDERICK SUPERIOR, Treasurer.

May 14, 1920.

COMPERS SAYS FUND AIDS FIGHT ON LABOR

Charges Inexcusable Expenditure of Money in Effort to Elect Enemies of Unions.

DECLARES DRIVE IS GAINING

Asserts Unions Will Nominate Men in Districts Where the Candidates Are "Unfit."

WASHINGTON, May 16.—President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor, discussing problems concerning political and industrial welfare considered by the Executive Council, declared tonight that money was being "expended in inexcusable quantities by those who seek political office in the interests of the enemies of labor."

In preparation for the federation convention at Montreal, June 7, Mr. Gompers said that the council had given particular consideration to matters of importance in connection with the National Non-Partisan Political League. Reports received from all parts of the country indicated, he said, "a most satisfactory progress in the campaign to defeat the enemies of labor and to elect the friends of labor."

Referring to alleged expenditures, Mr. Gompers declared: "We can only meet dollars with determination, chicanery with character and falsehood with truth, which we shall do."

"We find a growing determination," he said, "to rid the nation of such policies as have engaged the attention of the present Congress—policies calculated to repress and coerce. We find a growing resentment against Governmental impotence in dealing with the high cost of living problem, a problem which is paramount in every home in the land. We have prepared a comprehensive and constructive program for meeting this great issue.

"The Executive Council has given consideration to the efforts generally of employers and the enemies of labor to break down standards of living and it will lay before the convention its recommendations. The attitude of labor is and will be one of resistance to the utmost to all efforts to break down standards, either through economic or political activities on the part of the enemies of labor.

"In a number of Congressional districts it has been found advisable, because of the character of the candidates who put themselves forward, to nominate trusted union men for office, and for these the prospect of victory is bright.

"We call attention to the fact that even where the primaries have been held it may be necessary, because of the utterly unfit character of the candidates nominated, to still bring forward union men to contest for office, in order that the people may have true representation.

"It is the determination of the labor movement to use every possible constructive effort to defeat those whose destructive and autocratic methods menace the well-being of our republic and those whose inability to understand the problems and the needs of our time endangers the liberty and the progress of our people.

"The Executive Council finds the outlook bright."

SCOUT WEEK PROGRAM.

Boys Will Celebrate Tenth Anniversary of Movement in America.

As a part of the tenth anniversary program of the Boy Scouts of America, the week commencing Memorial Day, May 30, and ending Sunday, June 6, will be observed nationally as Boy Scouts' Week. In 17,000 communities where scout troops are established a program of outdoor activities will be carried out.

The remarkable growth of the Boy Scouts of America has given a great stimulus to the outdoor activities of American boys. It is probable that throughout the last year more boys have spent days and nights in the open under leadership than ever before in the history of the United States since pioneer days; and because Boy Scouts have taken this message of the outdoors into their homes, have conducted open-window campaigns and camp-fire crusades, it is likely that more American grown-ups have breached pure air during the last year than has been the case since the time of our great-grandfathers. Boys as scouts have been taught to care for forests and to fight forest fires. They have gathered information for numerous departments of forestry, sometimes collecting data on the trees of an entire State. They have engaged in fights against insect pests and have made notes on different varieties of birds.

Thousands of American boys who a year or so ago were absolutely helpless in the open can now be depended upon to find their way about, to cook their own meals, to choose a proper camp site and to erect a comfortable shelter. Those who formerly knew little or nothing of nature can now recognize many different kinds of trees and give by name dozens of wild flowers, easily recognize the more common birds and know enough about mushrooms to avoid being poisoned.

The activities of Boy Scouts' Week will include special scout services in churches of all denominations, outdoor rallies, overnight hikes, barbecues, field days, demonstration camps, and competitions in outdoor features of all kinds.

On Sunday, May 30, special services in which Scouts will participate are planned by the churches. Friday, June 4, will be observed as hike and camp day. A nationwide field day program will be held on Saturday, June 5, with competitions in tent pitching, fire building, wall scaling, signaling, tower and bridge building and demonstrations of first aid and life-saving.

The great success of the Boy Scout movement has naturally created the demand for much wider and more rapid extension of the benefits of the movement to the boys not already reached, and the objective of Boy Scout Week will be to stimulate this interest.

Says Renner Was Saved from Mob.

VIENNA, May 15.—The leader of the Christian Socialist Party, discussing at a political meeting today the demand of the Social Democrats for subordination of the Vienna police to the municipality, told the meeting that only the Vienna State police guard had saved Dr. Karl Renner, the Chancellor, and the Minister of the Interior from being hanged to a lamp post.

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MAY—1920

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COPPER RANGE COMPANY

A Quarterly Dividend of 20 cents per share, being Dividend No. 88, will be paid on June 15th, 1920, to Stockholders of record at the close of business on May 20th, 1920.

Boston, May 14th, 1920.

CHARLES H. MOYER, Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

New York, May 12th, 1920.

To the Stockholders of

The Mechanics & Metals National Bank of the City of New York

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to resolutions duly adopted by the Board of Directors, a special meeting of the stockholders of The Mechanics & Metals National Bank of the City of New York will be held at the banking house of the bank, No. 20 Nassau Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Tuesday, June 15, 1920, at the o'clock in the forenoon, for the following purposes:

1. To vote upon the question of ratifying an agreement entered into between the directors of The New York Produce Exchange National Bank and the directors of the Mechanics & Metals National Bank of the City of New York for the consolidation of said banks under the provisions of an Act of Congress approved November 7, 1918.

2. To take such other and further action as may come before said meeting in relation to such consolidation.

The amount of the outstanding capital stock of The Mechanics & Metals National Bank of the City of New York is $6,000,000, and of The New York Produce Exchange National Bank $1,000,000. Under the terms of the consolidation agreement above referred to, the consolidated bank is to have an authorized capital stock of $10,000,000, of which $5,000,000 is to be allotted to the stockholders of The Mechanics & Metals National Bank of the City of New York and $1,000,000 to the stockholders of The New York Produce Exchange National Bank. Certain of the officers and directors of The New York Produce Exchange National Bank are also stockholders of The Mechanics & Metals National Bank of the City of New York.

THOS. B. NICHOLS, Cashier.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE COMPANY.

Notice of Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

June 7th, 1920.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the International Mercantile Marine Company will be held at the principal office of the Company, at the building on Hudson River, Newark, New Jersey, No. 30 Newark Street, in the City of Hoboken, County of Hudson, New Jersey, on Monday, the seventh day of June, 1920, at twelve o'clock noon, for the transaction of any and all business that may come before the meeting, including the election of five Directors, to hold office for three years, and the ratification of all contracts, acts, proceedings, elections and appointments of the Board of Directors or the Finance Committee since the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Company on June 2nd, 1919.

The stock transfer books of both Common and Preferred stock will be closed at the close of business on Friday, the 14th day of May, 1920, and will be re-opened at ten o'clock in the morning of Tuesday, June 8th, 1920.

EMERSON E. PALMER, Secretary.
Hoboken, New Jersey, April 15th, 1920.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE HIPWOOD INTERNATIONAL PNEUMATIC CRUTCH CO., INC.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Hipwood International Pneumatic Crutch Co., Inc., will be held at its office, No. 125 Chambers Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of the 10th day of May, 1920, with the object of authorizing a vote of the majority of holders of and at least a majority of the stock of said corporation, an increase of said corporation's capital stock from $250,000, consisting of 50,000 shares of common stock of the par value of $5 each, and 100,000 shares of preferred stock of the par value of $1 each.

Dated, New York City, May 1st, 1920.

GEORGE HIPWOOD, President.
B. B. CRELLIN, Secretary.

THE NEW YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY.

New York, N. Y., April 23, 1920.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Ninetieth Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The New York and Harlem Railroad Company, for the election of Directors and such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, in Grand Central Terminal, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the 11th day of May, 1920.

The polls will be open at 12 o'clock noon and continue open for two hours thereafter.

The transfer books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on Wednesday, the 28th day of April, 1920, and reopened on the morning of Wednesday, the 19th day of May, 1920.

F. V. STEPHENSON, Assistant Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

At a Meeting of Directors held today at London it was decided to pay an interim dividend of five per cent. (5%) free of British Income Tax on Ordinary Shares on 30th June, 1920. Coupon No. 61 must be used for dividend. All transfers received in order at London on or before 16th June, 1920, will be in time to be passed for payment of dividend in transferees.

BRITISH-AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY LIMITED

May 15, 1920.

UNION AMERICAN CIGAR CO.

NOTICE OF DISTRIBUTION.

The Board of Directors has declared a distribution on preferred stock of fifteen per cent. (15%) covering on principal and interest of the Union American Cigar Co. (Philippines, Ltd.), in liquidation, payable June 1st, 1920, to stockholders of record May 15th, 1920. Transfer books will be closed May 15th to June 1st, inclusive.

Preferred stockholders are notified to send their certificates to the company, on which will be recorded the amount of disbursement made, and returned with check.

CAINE BROS. PAPER COMPANY, INC.
33-37 West Houston Sts. New York.

Preferred Dividend.

New York, May 17th, 1920.

The Board of Directors of the Caine Bros. Paper Company, Inc., has this day declared a Dividend of Seven Per Cent upon the Preferred Stock of the Company, payable June, 15th, 1920, to the stockholders of record at 3:00 P. M., May 16th, 1920.

BENJAMIN P. CAINE, Treasurer.

COPPER MINES COMPANY

Dividend No. 1.

The Board of Directors has declared a dividend of 50 cents per share on the capital stock of the Company, payable June 15th, 1920, to stockholders of record at 3:00 P. M., May 15th, 1920.

BENJAMIN P. CAINE, Treasurer.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

TO THE HOLDERS OF
EMPIRE GA

WE WILL BUY

100 Texas Pacific Coal & Oil
50 American Chicle Common
100 Thurber Earthern Products
90 Steel & Tube Co. Preferred
25 Fajardo Sugar
10M Detroit, Toledo & Iron, Adj. 5s
100 Detroit, Toledo & Iron Preferred
100 West Virginia Coal & Coke

WE WILL SELL

100 Detroit Edison Common
50 American Surety Co.
25 Babcock & Wilcox
25 Reynolds "B"
60 Republic Cotton Mills
100 Madison Tire & Rubber
25 American Chicle Preferred
50 Niles-Bement-Pond

Gwynne Bros.

Tel. Broad 5270. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

J.K.Rice, Jr.&Co. Will Sell

100 Acolian Co. Pfd.
100 Air Reduction
50 Amer. Chicle "Rights"
20 Bank of America
25 Bank of Manhattan Co.
50 Celluloid Co.
25 Cluett, Peabody & Co. Pfd.
25 City of New York Ins.
100 Empire Steel & I. Com. & Pfd.
20 Farmers L. & Tr. stock
28 Firemens Ins. of Newark
25 Fidelity Trust
10 First National Bank
50 Franklin Insurance
100 General Baking Pfd.
20 Glens Falls Ins.
100 Hocking Valley Ry.
100 Indus. Finance Com. & Pfd.
50 Ingersoll-Rand Com.
50 Lord & Taylor Com.
25 Mohawk Valley Co.
10 Nat. Liberty Insurance
50 Niagara Ins. "Rights"
100 New Jersey Zinc "Rights"
100 N. Y. State Rys. Com. & Pfd.
100 Old Dominion S. S.
25 Pacific Metal Ware
100 Parcus Mfg.
50 R. J. Reynolds T. Com. & Pfd.
25 Singer Mfg.
20 Taylor-Wharton I. & S. Pfd.
100 Tex. Pac. Coal & Oil
25 Victor Talking Machine
100 White Rock Water Pfd.
25 Winchester Co. Com.
100 Winchester Co. 2nd Pfd.

J.K. Rice, Jr. & Co.

Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 59 Wall St., N. Y.

United Cigar Stores

A special circular has been prepared by our Statistical Department.

Free on request
Ask for No. 39.

M.S. WOLFE & CO.
ESTABLISHED 1905
41 BROAD ST. NEW YORK
Phone: Bread 25

K&H

WILL BUY

100 Arkansas Natural Gas Rts.
100 Am. & Brit. Mgr. C. & Pfd.
500 American Thread Pfd.
100 Carbon Steel All Issues
50 Carib Trading
50 Gillette Safety Razor
100 Republic Ry. & Lt. Com.
100 N. Y., Honduras & Rosario
50 Todd Shipyards
100 U. S. Finishing Com.
100 Ward Baking Com.
50 Western Power Pfd.

WILL SELL

100 Arkansas Nat. Gas Rts.
50 Amer. Gas & Elec. C. & Pf.
500 American Thread Pfd.
100 Bucyrus Common & Pfd.
20 Cast Steel Ship
50 Duquesne Light Pfd.
100 East Cst. Fisheries C. & P.
100 General Baking Pfd.
100 Lake Torpedo Boat 1st Pf.
50 Taylor-Wharton Iron & St.
50 Stern Brothers Pfd.
100 Wire Wheel Com. & Pfd.

Kiely & Horton
40 Wall St. — New York.
Phone: John 6330

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

The temporary low rates of foreign exchange make it possible to purchase sound interest-bearing securities at especially attractive prices.

Write for our Booklet F. G. B. 23 describing the principal issues of the European nations.

DUNHAM & Co.
Investment Securities
43 Exchange Place, New York.
Telephones 5200-16 Hanover.

Tex. Pac. Coal & Oil
Central Aguirre Sug.
Fajardo Sugar
Guantanamo Sugar
New Jersey Zinc
Carib Trading

C. C. Kerr & Co.
2 Rector St., N. Y. Phone 6780 Rector

QUOTATION LIST OF OUTSIDE SECURITIES

These quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request. Dividend and Interest Periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual.

PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS.

SECURITIES.		When Payable.			Quotation May 15, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
Albany Southern '32..	5	Mar.	&	Sep.	75	85
Am. W. W. & El. '34..	5	Apr.	&	Oct.	47¾	48¾
Ame. & Per. Ry. '49..	5	Apr.	&	Oct.	45	55
Ashev. P. & L. 1st '43	5	Apr.	&	Oct.	80	85
Aug.-Aiken R. & E. '35	5	June	&	Dec.	20	30
B. Rouge El. 1st '39..	5	Feb.	&	Aug.	70	77
Buff. Gen El. '39.....	5	Feb.	&	Aug.	90	91
Do deb. '22.....	6	Feb.	&	Aug.	96	97½
Buffalo Ry. cons. '31..	5	Feb.	&	Aug.	82	85
Buffalo Trac. 1st '48..	5	June	&	Dec.	82	85
Buff. & Lock. 1st '38..	5	Jan.	&	July	..	95
Buff. & Niag. Fl. Elec. Ry. 1st '35.....	5	Jan.	&	July	..	80
Colorado Power	5	Jan.	&	July	93½	96¼
Cape Breton El. 1st '23	5	Jan.	&	July	60	70
Capital Trac. 1st '41..	5	Jan.	&	July	85	88
C. & P. Tel. cons. '29..	5	Jan.	&	July	90½	92
Charleston Con. Ry. G. & E. '99.....	5	Mar.	&	Sep.	..	88
Cit. Service deb. C....	7	Jan.	&	July	93	98
Columbia Ry. Gas & Elec. 1st '36.....	5	Jan.	&	July	..	85
Conn. Pr. 1st & con. '51	5	Apr.	&	Oct.	80	88
Conn. R. & Ltg., stpd. 1st '51.....	4½	Jan.	&	July	53	65
Cons. Gas (Balt.). '54.	4½	Jan.	&	July	75	80
Do. 1939.....	5	Jan.	&	July	85	95
Cons. Gas. Elec. Lt. & Pwr. (Balt.) gen. '23	4½	Jan.	&	July	75	78
Cons. G. of N. J., '36..	5	Jan.	&	July	80	..
Do 1st '65.....	5	Apr.	&	Oct.	75	..
Cons. P. of N. J. 1st '33	5	June	&	Dec.	62	68
Cons. Water of Utica 1st '39.....	5	Jan.	&	July	85	90
Do deb., '30.....	5	Jan.	&	July	75	..
Crosstown Street Ry. (Buffalo) 1st '32..	5	May	&	Nov.	82	85
Dallas Elec. 1st '22..	5	Apr.	&	Oct.	100	..
El Paso Elec. 1st '42..	5	May	&	Nov.	72	76
Empire Gas & Fl. 1st '56	5	June	&	Dec.	85	90
Eliz. & Trenton, '62..	5	Apr.	&	Oct.	50	70
El Paso Elec. coll. '32	5	Jan.	&	July	75	85
Gal.-Hous. El. 1st '54	5	Apr.	&	Oct.	..	75
Gal Elec. 1st 5s. '40..	5	May	&	Nov.	..	76
Ga & Elec. of Bergen ..	5	Jan.	&	July	80	..
Gen. Gas & El. 1st '32	5	Jan.	&	July	50	65
Harwood Elec. 1st '39	5	Jan.	&	July	85	90
Hoboken Ferry, '46..	5	May	&	Nov.	77	..
Houston Elec. 1st '25..	5	Feb.	&	Aug.	80	90
Hudson Co. Gas. '49..	5	May	&	Nov.	77	..
Jersey City Hob. & P. St. Ry. 1st '49..	4	May	&	Nov.	46	50
Ingersoll-Rand Com.						
Lord & Taylor Com.						
Mohawk Valley Co.						
Nat. Liberty Insurance						
Niagara Ins. "Rights"						
New Jersey Zinc "Rights"						
N. Y. State Rys. Com. & Pfd.						
Old Dominion S. S.						
Pacific Metal Ware						
Parcus Mfg.						
R. J. Reynolds T. Com. & Pfd.						
Singer Mfg.						
Taylor-Wharton I. & S. Pfd.						
Tex. Pac. Coal & O. Pfd.						
Victor Talking Machine						
White Rock Water Pfd.						
Winchester Co. Com.						
Winchester Co. 2nd Pfd.						
N. Y. & Westchester Lighting gen., 2004..	5	Jan.	&	July	52	56
Niag., Lock. & O., '54.	5	May	&	Nov.	76	83
Do ref., '58.....	6	Feb.	&	Aug.	87	93
Niag. F. Pwr. 1st, '32.	5	Jan.	&	July	88	90
Do ref., '42.....	6	Apr.	&	Oct.	95	97½
Norf. & Ports. Tr., '36	5	June	&	Dec.	..	80
Norf. Ry. & Lt., '49..	5	May	&	Nov.	85	..
N. Tex. El. coll. tr. '40	5	Jan.	&	July	65	75
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. cons. '28.....	5	Jan.	&	July	72	77
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. & Bridge con., '63	5	Feb.	&	Aug.	72	77
Ontario Power 1st. '43	5	Feb.	&	Aug.	81	85
Do deb., '21.....	6	Jan.	&	July	96	98
Ont. Transmission '45	5	May	&	Nov.	..	82
Paterson Ry. gen. '44	5	Apr.	&	Oct.	75	..
Pensacola Elec. 1st '31	5	Feb.	&	Aug.	..	70
Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st, '30.....	5	May	&	Nov.	60	65
Pot. El. Power 1st. '29	5	June	&	Dec.	92	95
Do cons., '36.....	5	Jan.	&	July	88	87½
Rutland R. & L. 1st '46	5	Mar.	&	Sep.	45	55
S. Jos. (Mo.) R., L., H. & Power 1st, '37..	5	May	&	Nov.	60	70
Salmon Riv. Pwr., '52..	5	Feb.	&	Aug.	80	83
Seattle Elec. cons., '20.	5	Feb.	&	Aug.	18	83
So. Jer. G. & E. 1st..	5	Mar.	&	Sep.	70	80
Sup. W., L. & P. 1st '31	4	May	&	Dec.	70	..
Syracuse Light 1st, '51	5	June	&	Dec.	78	85
Syracuse L. Co. 1st..	5	Jan.	&	July	65	75
Tampa Electric 1st '23	5	June	&	Dec.	80	..
Twin States Gas & El. 1st & ref., '53.....	5	Apr.	&	Oct.	67	70
United El. of N. J., '49	4	June	&	Dec.	63	69
Unit. R. & E. cons., '49	4	Mar.	&	Sep.	60	62
Do income, '49.....	4	June	&	Dec.	42	43¾
Wash. R. & E. '41.....	5	Mar.	&	Sep.	70	73
Washington Gas, '60..	5	May	&	Nov.	80	84
Wash. R. & E. con. '51	4	Jan.	&	July	54	57
Wheeling Trac.	5	Jan.	&	July	65	75

INDUSTRIAL BONDS.

Am. B. Sh. & Fy., '52.	5	Mar.	&	Sep.	99	..
American Ice, '22.....	5	Apr.	&	Oct.	95	..
American Malting '26.	6	June	&	Dec.	90	..
Am. Oilfields, '30....	6	Feb	&	Aug.	80	..
Am. Steel Fds. deb., '28	4	Feb.	&	Aug.	92¼	..
Am.S.S. (W.Va.)1st '20	6	May	&	Nov.	99	100½
Buf. & Sus. Iron 1st '52	5	June	&	Dec.	89	92
Can. Car. & Fdy., '39..	6	June	&	Dec.	78	83
Cent. Iron & Steel, '23.	5	Jan.	&	July	95	..
Chi. Pneu. Tool '21....	5	Jan.	&	July	99	..
Commer. Cable 1st '97	4	Jan.	&	July	68	..
Computing Scale, '21..	6	Jan.	&	July	94	..
Dom. Glass 1st, '23....	6	Jan.	&	Dec.	85	..
Lima Locomotive, '29..	6	May	&	Nov.	88	93
Monon Coal 1st.....	5	June	&	Dec.	35	45
New Jersey Zinc, '26..	4	Apr.	&	Oct.	91¼	..
Phoenix Iron, '30.....	6	Jan.	&	July	96	..
Poch. Con. Coll. 1st, '57	6	Jan.	&	July	78	83
Roan. Iron, '23.....	6	Jan.	&	July	95	..
Rogers-Brown Iron 1st ref., '37-'40.....	5	Jan.	&	July	85	90
Standard Motors, '27..	6	Jan.	&	July	98	101
United Fruit deb., '23	4½	Jan.	&	July	99½	..
Wickwire Steel, '35..	7	Jan.	&	July	..	160

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Par	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation May 15, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Pwr. Co. pf.	100	5	Q	Apr. 1, 20	10	11
Am. Gas & El. ($50)..	50	2½	Q	Apr 1, 20	70	75
Do pf. ($50).....	50	1½	Q	May 1, 20	100	105
Am. Light & Trac....	100	12½	Q	May 1, 20	37	39
Do pf.....	100	1½	Q	May 1, 20	146	150
Am. Power & Light....	100	1	Q	Mar 1, 20	82	85
Am. Public Utilities...	100	½	Q	Jul 1, 14	52	55
Do pf.....	100	1½	Q	Apr 1, 20	20	25
Am. W. Wks. & Elec...	50				2½	3½
Do 1st pf.....	100	1½	Q	Feb 16,20	40	45
Do participating pf..	50				2½	3½
Bat. Rouge El. cum. pf	100	3	S	Dec 1, 19	65	70
Buffalo Gen. Electric.	100	2	Q	Mar 15,20	97½	100
Capital Traction	100	1½	Q	Apr 1, 20	86½	87
Cities Service.....	100	*2	M	May 1, 20	320	330
Do pf.....	100	½	M	May 1, 20	64¾	65¾
Do Bankers Shares..	100	63½c	M	May 1, 20	36¼	36¾
Do pf. B.....	100				6	8
Colorado Power	100	½	Q	Apr 15,20	10	13
Do pf.....	100	1¾	Q	Mar 15,20	89	93
Columbus Elec. pf....	100	3	S	Jan 2, 20	60	65
Com. Pwr., Ry. & Lt..	100	1		Nov 1, 18	18	20
Do pf.....	100	1¾	Q	Feb 1, 20	41	43
Conn. Power pf.....	100	1½	Q	Mar 1, 20	83	87
Con. Trac. of N. J....	100	2	S	Jan 15,20	35	41
Eastern Texas Elec....	100	2	Q	Apr 1, 20	62½	67½
Do pf.....	100	3	S	Jan 2, 20	65	70
Elec. Bond & Share pf	100	1½	Q	May 1, 20	84	88
Elizabeth & Trenton...	100				10	..
El Paso Electric.....	100	2½	Q	Mar 15,20	68	72
Essex & Hudson Gas..	100	4	S	Dec 1, 19	95	100
Federal Light & Trac. Do pf.....	100	1½		Sep 1, 14	6 43	8 46
Gal. & Hous. El. pf...	100	3	S	Mar 15,20	63	69
Gas & Elec. of Bergen	100	2½	S	Jan 2, 20	62	..
Miss. River Pr. pf....	100				46	48
Newark Con. Gas.....	100	2½	S	Jan 2, 20	72	76
Niagara Falls Pwr. pf.	100	1¾	Q	Apr 15,20	101	102
No. Ont. Light & Pwr.	100				10	14
Do pf.....	100	3	S	Jan 15,20	50	55
No. States Power.....	100	1¾		Jan 20,16	..	50
Do pf.....	100	1¾	Q	Apr 20,20	80	84
Nor. Texas Elec. pf...	100	3	S	Mar 1, 20	60	66
Pacific Gas & Elec. pf.	100	1½	Q	Feb 16,20	73	78½
Republic Ry. & Light.	100	1		Jul 15, 18	14	15
Do pf.....	100	1½	Q	Apr 15,20	50	54
Riverside Traction....	100				9	..
Do pf.....	100				17	..
Southern Cal. Edison.	100	1½	Q	Feb 15,20	84	86
Do 1st pf.....	100	1½	Q	Mar 15,20	99	102
So. Jersey G. & E. Tr.	100	4	S	Dec 1, 19	90	100
Standard G. & E. ($50)	50				15½	17
Do pf. ($50).....	50	2	Q	Mar 15,20	37	39
Tampa Electric	100	2½	Q	Feb 16,20	105	110
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pwr.	100				1	2
Do pf.....	100				1	2
United Light & Rys....	100			Oct. 1, 19	20	22
Do 1st pf.....	100	1½	Q	Apr 2, 20	58	60
Un. Rys. & El. (Balt.)	50				11½	12½
Washington Gas	100	90c	Q	May 1, 20	44½	46
Wash. Ry. & Electric.	100	1¾		Sep 1, 19	17	1
Do pf.....	100	1½		Sep 1, 19	47	49
Western Power	100				14½	16
Do pf.....	100	1½	Q	Apr 15,20	59	62
Wisconsin Edison.....	$3			Dec 31,19	30	35

*1¼% payable in com stk. †Incl. 2½% payable in com. stk.

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

American Brass.....	*1½	Q	May 15,20	208	212
American Chicle.....	1	Q	May 1, 20	39	41
Do pf.....	1½	Q	Apr 1, 20	70	75
American Mfg.....	1¼	Q	Apr 1, 20	160	165
Do pf.....	1¼	Q	Apr 1, 20	85	89
Am. Piano pf.....	1¾	Q	Apr 2, 20	78	82
Amer. Typefounders..	3	Q	Mar 15,20	40	44
Atlas Powder	3	Q	Mar 10,20	170	175
Do pf.....	1¼	Q	Apr 1, 20	82	85
Am. Reed. Machine pf.	1½	Q	Apr 15,20	96	99
Babcock & Wilcox.....	2	Q	Apr 2, 20	108	115
Borden Co.	4	S	Feb 1, 20	105	107
Do pf.....	1½	Q	Mar 15,20	90	93
Carbon Steel	2	Q	Apr 15,20	93	95
Do 1st pf.....	4	S	Mar 31,20	99	105
Do 2d pf.....	6	A	Jul 30, 19	72	75
Cardenas Am. Sug. pf.	1¾	Q	Apr 2, 20	88	90
Celluloid	b2	Q	Mar 31,20	160	165
Central Coal & Coke...	1¼	Q	Apr 15,20	90	95
Chi. Ry. Equipment...	2	Q	Mar 31,20	110	111
Childs	1½	Q	Mar 10,20	88	92
Do pf.....	1¾	Q	Mar 10,20	95	98
Cracker-Wheeler	2	Q	Apr 15,20	90	95
Do pf.....	1¾	Q	Apr 15,20	90	95
Del., Lack. & W. Coal	1½	Q	Apr 15,20	155	160
Draper Corp.	3	Q	Apr 1, 20	140	142½
Eastern Steel	2½	Q	Apr 15,20	78	83
Do 1st pf.....	7	Q	Mar 15,20	87	90
Eastman Kodak.....	s2½	Q	Apr 1, 20	535	540
Fajardo Sugar	2½	Q	May 1, 20	222	225
Federal Sugar	1½	Q	May 1, 20	107	109
Do pf.....	1½	Q	May 1, 20	107	109
Fisk Rubber 1st pf...	1¾	Q	May 1, 20	92	98
Gen. Baking pf.....	1¾	Q	Apr 1, 20	94	98
Gillette Safety Razor..	2½	Q	Mar 15,20	156	157
Griswoldville Mf. 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Apr 1, 20	98	101
Guantanamo Sugar....	2½	Q	Apr 1, 20	96	96½
Hercules Powder	b2	Q	Mar 25,20	218	223
Do pf.....	1½	Q	Feb 14,20	160	168
Int. Silver				30	..
Do pf.....	1¾	Q	Apr ..20	96	99
Lanston Monotype.....	1½	Q	Feb 28,20	80	82
Lehigh Valley Coal....	s2	Q	Apr 1, 20	88	90
Merg. Linotype.....	2½	Q	Mar 31,20	131½	135¼
Merrimac Chem. ($50)..	2½	Q	Apr 1, 20	85	87½
Nash. G. & C. P. 1st pf	1¾	Q	Apr 1, 20	98	100
Nat. Candy	4	S	Mar 10,20	125	128
Do 1st pf.....	3½	S	Mar 10,20	102	104
Do 2d pf.....	3½	S	Mar 10,20	100	101
Nat. Sugar Refining....	1¾	Q	Apr 2, 20	164	167
New Jersey Zinc.....	4	Q	Feb 1, 20	215	225
New Niquero Sugar pf..	3½	S	Jan 2, 20	200	..
Niles-Bement-Pond	s2	Q	Mar 20,20	105	108
Do pf.....	1½	Q	Feb 20,20	96	100
Northwest Leather pf..	1¾	Q	Jan 15,20	98	101
Norton Co. pf.....	1¾	Q	Apr 1, 20	100	103½
Proc. & Gamble 6% pf..	1½	Q	Mar 15,20	98½	99
Do new	2	Q	Apr 15,20	121	122
Royal Baking Powder..	2	Q	Mar 31,20	132	135
Do pf.....	1½	Q	Mar 31,20	84	87
Safety Car H. & Ltg....	1½	Q	Mar 22,20	61	63
Santa Cecilia Sugar pf.	1¾	Q	May 1, 20	76	80
Shredded Wheat	2	Q	Apr 1, 20	124	127
Do pf.....	1½	Q	Apr 1, 20	..	92
Simonds Mfg.....	1¾	Q	Apr 1, 20	99	102
Singer Mfg.....	2½	Q	Mar 30,20	124	128
Steel & Tube pf.....	1¾	Q	Apr 1, 20	90	92
Stern Bros. pf.....	1¾	Q	Mar 1, 20	102	105
Stollwerck Choc. pf...	1¾	Q	Apr 1, 20	100	103½
Union Ferry	2	S	J. & J.	33	40
Un. Twist Drill 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Apr 1, 20	98	100
Valvoline Oil	2	Q	Apr 1, 20	99	102
Waitt & Bond pf.....	1¾	Q	Apr 1, 20	98	101
Warren (S. D.) pf.....	1¾	Q	Apr 1, 20	100	103½
Yale & Towne.....	5	Q	Apr 1, 20	275	285

*And 1¼% extra. ‡And 5% extra.
a—And 1¼% extra. b—And 2% extra.

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation May 15, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
America	$5,500,000	2	S	May 1, 20	220	225
Am. Exc.	5,000,000	6	S	Jan 1, 20	250	260
Atlantic($100)	1,000,000	12½	Q	Apr 1, 20	215	..
Bk. of Cuba..	100,000	6	S	Jan 1, 20	182	188
Battry Pk. N.	1,500,000	12	S	Jan 2, 20	200	210
Bowery	250,000	b2	Q	May 1, 20	425	..
Broadway Cent'l.	100,000				150	160
Bronx Nat....	200,000	5	S	Jan 2, 20	150	160
Bronx Boro....	150,000				105	125
Bryant Park..	200,000	b3	S	Jan 1, 20	150	160
Butch. & Dr. (Nat.) ($25)	200,000	4	S	Jan 2, 20	37	44
Chase Nat'l..	15,000,000	4	Q	Apr 1, 20	430	440
Ch.-Ph. Nat..	7,000,000	4	Q	Apr 1, 20	283	288
Chelsea Ex..	1,000,000	3	S	Apr 1, 17	139	145
Chemic. Nat	3,000,000	3½	B	May 1, 20	575	595
Citizens Nat	3,000,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 20	305	315
City Nat'l..	25,000,000	5	S	May 1, 20	392	397
Coal & I. N..	1,500,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 20	250	..
Colonial	1,000,000	3	S	Mar 31,20	350	..
Columbia	2,000,000	b4	S	Dec 31,19	180	..
Comm. Exch..	200,000	d10	S	Jan 2, 20	425	..
Commonw'th..	400,000	5	S	May 1, 20	215	225
Com. Nat.....	25,000,000	2½	Q	Apr 2, 20	217	220
Contin'l ($75)	1,000,000	3½	S	Feb 2, 20	125	135
Corn Exch....	4,620,000	5	Q	May 1, 20	425	445
E. R. Nat....	1,000,000	1½	S	Jan 2, 20	160	..
Fifth Av.....	500,000	6	Q	Apr 1, 20	925	..
Fifth Nat....	1,000,000	2½	Q	Apr 1, 20	165	170
First Nat....	10,000,000	15	Q	Apr 1, 20	920	940
Garfield Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Mar 31,20	235	245
Gotham Nat..	500,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 20	190	200
Greenwich	500,000	*10	Q	Apr 1, 20	275	..
Hanover Nat..	2,000,000	8	S	Apr 1, 20	815	..
Harriman N..	1,000,000	5	S	Jan 2, 20	360	380
Imp. & T.Nat	1,500,000	12	S	Jan 2, 20	530	560
Irving Nat....	2,000,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 20	260	267
Liberty Nat..	5,000,000	4½	Q	Apr 1, 20	385	395
Lincoln Nat..	1,000,000	2½	Q	Apr 1, 20	270	280
Manh'n ($50)	5,000,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 20	223	235
Mech. & Met.	9,000,000	5	Q	Apr 1, 20	315	317
Metropolitan	2,000,000	2½	Q	Apr 1, 20	340	360
Mutual	200,000	5	Q	Apr 1, 20	490	..
N. Nether'd..	600,000	c4	S	Apr 1, 20		205
N.Y.(N.B.A.)	2,000,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 20	460	480
N.Y. Co. Nat.	1,000,000	10	Q	Jan 2, 17	125	..
N.Y.Fro. Ex..	1,000,000	5	Q	Apr 1, 20	375	..
Pacific ($50)	1,000,000	a31	Q	May 1, 20	135	..
Park Nat.....	5,000,000	6	Q	Apr 1, 20	725	740
People's ($25)	200,000	3	S	Jan 10,20	145	..
Public	2,000,000	4	Q	Mar 31,20	375	385
Seaboard Nat..	1,000,000	8	Q	Apr 1, 20	650	675
Second Nat....	1,000,000	12	Q	Apr 1, 20	425	475
State	2,500,000	6	S	Jan 2, 20	195	205
23d Ward.....	200,000	3	S	F. & A.	140	160
United States	1,500,000	2½	Q	Apr 1, 20	180	190
Un. Ex. Nat..	1,000,000	5	S	Dec 31,19	175	185
Wash. Hgts....	100,000	3	Q	Jan 1, 20	325	..
Tradesmen's..	200,000	2	Q	May 1, 20	200	..
Yorkville	200,000	5	Q	Mar 31,20	300	..

‡And 4% extra. ‡And 8% extra. ‡And 5% of First Security Co.
a—And 8% extra. b—And 7% extra. c—And 1% extra.
d—And 5% extra. e—And 10% extra.

TRUST COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation May 15, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
Amer. Trust..	$1,000,000	..	..	..	220	225
Bankers Tr..	20,000,000	5	Q	Apr 1, 20	355	365
Brooklyn	1,500,000	5	Q	Apr 1, 20	495	510
Cent. Union..	12,500,000	5½	Q	Apr 1, 20	385	393
Columbia	5,000,000	4	Q	Mar 31,20	336	344
Commercial..	1,000,000				150	..
Empire	2,000,000	3	Q	Mar 30,20	300	..
Equitable Tr.	12,000,000	4	Q	Mar 31,20	296	300
Far. L. & T..	5,000,000	5	Q	May 1, 20	395	405
Fidelity	1,000,000	2½	Q	Mar 31,20	225	235
Fulton	500,000	*3	S	Jan 2, 20	260	..
Guaranty	25,000,000	8	Q	Mar 31,20	347	352
Hamilton	500,000	3	Q	May 1, 20	255	265
Hudson Tr....	500,000	2½	Q	Mar 31,20	340	..
Kings Co.....	500,000	7	Q	May 1, 20	635	..
Law.T.& T.C.	4,000,000	1½	Q	Apr 1, 20	140	144
Lincoln	1,000,000	1	Q	May 2, 20	175	..
Manufact'rs..	2,000,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 20	205	..
Mercantile ..	1,000,000	12	Q	Apr 1, 20	315	..
Metropolitan..	2,000,000	4	Q	Mar 31,20	270	280
New York....	3,000,000	8	Q	Mar 31,20	615	635
N.Y.L.I. & T.	1,000,000	10	S	Dec 10,19	725	740
People's Tr..	1,500,000	4	Q	Mar 31,20	275	..
Title G. & T.	5,000,000	6	Q	Mar 31,20	350	355
United States	2,000,000	23	S

WISE ASSAILS BONUS AS BAIT FOR VOTES

Free Synagogue Is Told Grab Would Not Be Tolerated Except for Election.

PALMERISM IS ATTACKED

Dictatorship and Possible Revolt Seen If Next President Depends on Force.

Opposition to the grant of a bonus to war veterans, which, he said, would be only for the purpose of catching votes, was expressed yesterday by Dr. Stephen S. Wise in an address on "How to Choose the Nation's Next President" before the Free Synagogue in Carnegie Hall. Dr. Wise declared that the United States did not need a "dictator" or a "man on horseback," but a Chief Executive to handle the business of the country. He asserted that neither the world's peace nor prohibition should be made a partisan issue.

"If we were not on the eve of the Presidential election," said Dr. Wise, "there would not be a possibility of obtaining the enactment of the so-called bonus law, which is, in spirit, an insult to our American boys, and is as bad as anything that has ever been done in the way of American pension grabbing.

"Of course, there ought to be definite and practical recognition of the service of our men, nor should we fail to remunerate them, so far as is possible, for the service they have rendered and the sacrifices they were called upon to make. But the universal bonus, as planned, is a disgrace to America, and, most of all, a disgrace to our American youth. It is nothing more than a huge grab at the resources of the nation that would not be tolerated for a moment if it were not that the two parties are too cowardly to deal with it, each thinking of the results of the election, rather than of the well-being of the country and the honor of our glorious army."

Dr. Wise said that three things, self-seeking, partnership and the creation of issues that are unreal and un-American, ought to be eliminated from the Presidential contest. He declared that it was not sufficient for a candidate that his friends declare him the heir of someone else. "We are not electing an heir to a throne," he said, "but a trustee to execute our will and handle the important business of the world.

"We have not fallen so low that we are ready to elect a strong man President merely because of his strength," he continued. "The election of a strong man—not really a strong man but a man so weak that he must resort to the policeman's club or the guns of the mounted police—would certainly mean one evil and possibly two, dictatorship on the one hand and possibly revolt on the other. If Palmerism or anything approximating thereto becomes the law of the land, there may seem to be no other way out to those who see the processes of law and order subverted and empoisoned in the interest of Presidential candidacies."

FIGHT AGAINST BONUS PLANNED BY VETERANS

Col. Henry L. Stimson Heads Committee Leading Campaign —Seek Aid for Disabled.

Ex-service men who oppose a blanket bonus from the Government have started a nation-wide campaign to defeat bonus legislation, according to an announcement made yesterday by Colonel Henry L. Stimson, ex-Secretary of War. National headquarters are to be opened in this city within the next few days to direct the organization, which is already under way in forty-eight States and more than 500 cities.

Colonel Stimson is Chairman of a committee known as the Committee for Aid to Disabled Veterans and Referendum on the Bonus, which is leading the anti-bonus fight. Associated with him are Richard H. Waldo, President of the City Club Post of the Legion; Mrs. Wendell Phillips, national Chairman of the Carry-On Association; Miss Anna B. Duncan, President of the Jane C. Delano Post, and F. Eugene Ackerman, Edward C. Delafield, President of the Bank of America, is Treasurer.

The plans of the committee, according to Colonel Stimson, include a referendum vote among the ex-service men and women. A campaign to obtain preferential treatment of the disabled, wounded, physically unfit and dependents of those who died in the service will be carried on.

"The chief concern of every sound ex-service man," said Colonel Stimson, "is to see that the wounded and disabled and the dependents of those who were killed in the war get a square deal. The last thing he wants to do is to stand in the way of their getting it. Yet that is precisely what is going to happen if this bonus legislation goes through. There will be machinery heaped upon machinery, with the inevitable result that the wounded and disabled and dependent of the war will be made to suffer for the benefit of those who came through unscratched.

"The public should realize that the bonus hunters do not represent a united body of ex-service men. For reasons best known to themselves, the agitators have never allowed the question of the bonus to be submitted to the Legion members for a vote. They have preferred to conduct the affairs of the Legion on the military plan, with obedience to officers' commands as the first rule. Thus, until now, very little has been heard from the ex-service men on the other side of this question. We propose that they shall be heard and that an organization representing less than 15 per cent. of the total number of men out of the service an organization whose own members are divided on the question—shall not be allowed to speak with authority for 5,000,000 ex-service men, nearly nine-tenths of whom have never been consulted or heard."

BANDIT SLAIN, FATHER DIES.

Mother, Widowed in Tragic Journey, Is Left to Bury Her Dead.

CHICAGO, May 15.—Mrs. L. T. Walton of St. Joseph, Mo., mother of Horace Walton, who was killed on Friday in a fight with the police after he had robbed the Illinois Central's New Orleans express of $70,000 and killed Patrolman William Roberts, claimed the body of her son today.

The train on which she came to Chicago also brought the body of her husband, who died yesterday at Bucklin, Mo., while on his way from St. Joseph with his wife.

Mrs. Walton will take the bodies of her husband and son to Champaign, Ill., her former home, where the funerals will be held on Tuesday.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., May 16.—Dick Smythe, friend of Horace Walton, killed by police following the robbery of a mail car near Chicago early Friday, admitted knowledge of the robbery tonight. It was said by Federal officers who arrested him.

Smythe was in Walton's apartment, he is said to have told officers, when Walton rushed in and told him of the robbery. According to his alleged confession, Walton gave him several bills of large denomination and told him to leave. He left in the few minutes that elapsed between Walton's arrival and the appearance of the posse of police.

POLISH DRIVE HERE TO GET $50,000,000

Twenty-Year 6 Per Cent. Bonds to be Offered to Polish-Americans All Over Country.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—A nation-wide drive for the flotation in this country of a $50,000,000 loan for the Polish Government will open next Saturday, according to announcement made here tonight by the National Campaign Committee of the Polish Government Loan, which is directing the loan campaign from its Washington headquarters under the direction of Prince Casimir Lubomirski, Polish Minister to the United States.

About 10,000 committees representing Polish religious and civic organizations in different parts of the country, national and local, will participate in the selling campaign. All will report to the national committee in Washington. A quota of bonds to be sold has been assigned for each State, city, district and society, as was done in the American Liberty Loan campaigns. Meanwhile the loan is being advertised widely in the Polish press. The campaign has been organized to reach every available Pole or Polish-American in this country, of whom there are about 3,000,000, as well as any Americans who may be interested in the upbuilding of Poland.

The bonds are to draw 6 per cent. interest and mature in twenty years. It is announced that the entire proceeds from the loan will be spent in this country for American machinery, equipment and raw material.

"With its armies vanquishing the Bolsheviki in their attempted invasion," said the Campaign Committee in charge of the loan in an announcement here tonight, "Poland is setting to work to restore pre-war conditions and to enter upon its first national existence in 150 years, or since its final partition between Russia, Germany and Austria.

"To again become a big exporter of textiles, Poland must secure raw material for the immense factories at Lodz and other centers, and part of the $50,000,000 loan will be expended to satisfy this demand, one that Europe cannot fill. Prior to the outbreak of the war, the territory that is again Poland exported large quantities of foodstuffs, but to regain that vantage point modern agricultural machinery must be obtained for the farming elements, which are about 65 per cent. of the total population of some 30,000,000. The Galician oil fields, second in size and output in Europe, must be fully restored and modernized in order to help fill the world's enormous demand for petroleum, no matter how great the price. The faith of one of many American manufacturing interests in Poland's future is indicated by the Baldwin Locomotive Works, which is supplying the European republic with $6,000,000 worth of railway rolling stock—locomotives and freight and passenger cars—and accepting in payment Polish bonds. American manufacturers and others interested in the future of Poland are giving assistance."

TOUR FOR NEW YORK BOYS.

Scout Delegation to Spend Five Weeks in Western National Parks.

Plans are being rapidly completed by the Far Western Travelers' Association for the expedition of Boy Scouts from New York City which it will send on a five weeks' tour of the national parks in the Far West this Summer.

The President, John B. Patton, who is now in the West, sends word that everywhere the plan is arousing great enthusiasm and that the boys are assured of a tremendous welcome.

In a short time announcement will be made as to how the lads—one from each of the five boroughs—and a Scoutmaster will be chosen. Then the itinerary will be decided upon, and the friends of the association in the West will begin making preparations to entertain the young visitors from the East.

The association was one of the first organizations to get in behind the "See America First" movement, and it did such good work that it received the thanks of the officials of the Department of the Interior and launched its campaign of Americanization under Secretary Lane. It required only a hint from Washington for the association to join in this movement, too.

President Patton announced at the last annual dinner of the organization that he believed that they should pledge themselves to both movements; that while Americanization came ahead of everything else in importance, "See America First" was about the most effective aid to Americanization that he could think of; that if our people could be induced to see and know the country, Americanization would come pretty close to complete realization.

In casting about for ways to show their faith by their works they got a suggestion from Huston Thompson, Federal Trade Commissioner and a Boy Scout fan.

"Why don't you arrange to send a party of scouts through the parks?" he asked. "You couldn't do a better job for Americanization than by setting an example to other organizations, which I am sure will follow your lead and send thousands of boys out to see their country and come back better candidates for American citizenship."

The Travelers lost no time in adopting the suggestion.

"We want not only to benefit the boys temporarily—to give them a good time," said President Patton before leaving for the West to pave the way for the delegation, "but we want to benefit them permanently. We want them to see America because it will help them to grow up better Americans. We want them not only to see the West, but we want them to get the set's spirit and bring it back East. Particularly do we want them to absorb the great neighborly spirit of the West. We who know the West know that the East needs this quality. And personally I have the antidote for Bolshevism. Anyway, neighborliness in a mighty good quality to have, and we want these boys to get it form those who feel it most and who know best how to practice it.

"Also we want these boys to profit from an educational standpoint. We not only want them to see that we have the grandest scenery in the world, but we want them to learn to appreciate it to the full. It is true that the American people are awakening to the magnitude of our scenic possessions, but they haven't learned to appreciate them.

"Robert Sterling Yard, who has written a book on the parks, says our enjoyment of scenery as a nation is almost wholly emotional, and I agree with him. How much better it would be if we would add to this a more or less equal part of the intellectual pleasure of comprehension. So we are going to see to it that these boys are told the meaning of what they see. We want them taught to realize that our magnificent scenery, to quote Mr. Yard, is the written page of the history of Creation, and we are going to have them taught to read that page."

FOR FOREST PROTECTION.

Western Governors Name a Week in Which to Discuss Fire Prevention.

The Governors of a number of Western States have issued proclamations designating the week of May 23-29 as "Forest Protection Week" in a campaign to arouse public sentiment for the better protection of forests against fire. The object of the campaign, which promises to become nation-wide, is to bring forcibly home to the public the need of care to prevent fires from starting and of energetic efforts to put out fires quickly, if they do start. The movement has the active support of churches, commercial associations, schools, fraternal societies and other organizations.

According to officials of the Forest Service a large proportion of the fires which have caused the loss of hundreds of millions of feet of timber in the west in recent years are man-caused and preventable, and this fact has stimulated a determination to cut down the number.

PEACE NOW IN ALL BUILDING TRADES

Final Wage Adjustments Will Be Settled Tuesday—Conservatives in Power.

SOME SUPPLIES COMING IN

Tide Is Turning in Favor of General Resumption of Building Work.

Final adjustments are expected to be completed tomorrow, when the long expected peace in the building trades will be consummated.

As the week opens there is almost complete harmony in the entire building trades as far as any differences between employers and employes are concerned. There is a demand for additional help far beyond the supply and efforts are being made to bring back to this city laborers who formerly were employed here but during the long negotiations regarding wage rates and labor conditions removed to other parts of the country, where they obtained ready employment.

The last adjustments to be made include the rock drillers, tool sharpeners, rock men, foundation excavators and the steam shovel engineers. There was a slight disturbance among the carpenters and store fixture workers, but it seems that about 75 per cent. of the men have returned to the affiliations under the control of the American Federation of Labor.

This condition, which a few weeks ago did not seem to be a possibility of realization for some time, coupled with the slight relief in the supply of building materials, gives the building trades assurance this week that things are definitely and actually on the way toward marked improvement.

Perhaps the strongest evidence that it is not a surface indication but one of actuality lies in the fact that adjustments have already been made on three of the six jobs struck in protest against the policies of the Iron League Erectors' Association, and these have been manned and are now going ahead. There seems to be possibilities of an early adjustment in the others.

Railroad freight charges have been advanced 10 cents on Portland cement, according to the Dow Service Daily Building Reports today. The result is that possibly there will be a ten-cent advance noted in the official price reports coming out into the trades next week, although the quotations today still remain at the new quotation of $2.05 a barrel. It was apparent at the week-end that all cement companies would follow this advance. Prices on asphaltum show a change this week, in all cases upward.

Hudson River common brick closed the week exceptionally strong at $25 a thousand, with the usual extra charges for haulage, handling and 15 per cent. for delivery. There is a possibility that the price of this commodity will be advanced before June 1, owing to the fact that strike conditions here and extra costs of towage and handling have upset the manufacturers' schedules for this year.

It may now be definitely stated that the tide has turned in favor of general resumption of building work. The architects and engineers seem to have sensed this change last week, because many of the building projects which have been scheduled for indefinite abandonment have come to life. In addition many of the contractors, who heretofore have refused to make estimates on building work, are again submitting figures. This is because they can place more dependency upon the supply and fidelity of labor.

Railroad companies stated on Saturday that it was still indefinite when the results of the late strike will be entirely removed, although transportation and traffic managers stated toward the week-end that they are beginning to ease up on some of the embargoes. Some even went so far as to promise conditions at least approximately normal by the first of June, although the larger companies say it may be July before the full capacity of the rails can be utilized.

RESORTS LACKING IN HELP.

Summer Reservations Largest in Years, Says Hotel Manager.

The Summer hotels are coming in for their share of difficulty in getting labor, and many of them are taking a pessimistic viewpoint of the prospect of getting help in spite of the great number of advance reservations for guests, which surpasses anything the Summer hotels have known for years.

G. D. Melhuish, manager of a Catskill Mountain house, who is at the McAlpin making the final arrangements for opening his Summer hotel, says that, while the labor difficulties for resort hotel keepers look rather bad just now, they are always more or less acute at this time of year and that they are pretty certain to clear up within the next few weeks when enthusiastic college boys turn their thoughts toward Summer resorts where they can earn a pleasant vacation.

"Although prices are somewhat higher this year, the bookings already are phenomenal and augur for quite the biggest season in history," said Mr. Melhuish. "This is true of all the mountain hotels throughout New York and New England, as well as Saratoga, I am told. The bookings show a greater number of South Americans and Cubans than ever before, and reservations from the West are coming in every day.

"Securing 'back of the house' workers this year is our biggest problem right now, as there seems to be a very great shortage of cooks and waiters. However, it is early to raise a cry of distress, for such labor is very hard to locate at this time of year. With Spring so late, the people are not apt to make their plans for the Summer until well into June, and then, when they begin to leave town, we will suddenly find a great number of servants eager for places for the Summer.

"Then, too, before the season opens, June 30, we expect to overcome the difficulty by obtaining enough college boys and girls as waiters who will spend a delightful two months in the mountains and at the same time earn very good wages."

SAYS LOVEMAKING WANES.

Miss Farrar Asserts Moderns Know Nothing About It.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, May 16.—"Making love?" asked Geraldine Farrar, sitting in Lou Tellegen's dressing room at the Academy of Music here last night. "Making love? The modern young man and woman know nothing about it."

"They do not know how to make love these days," she went on. "Modern, representative young men or women, either on the stage or off, cannot make love, because they have not the souls. They lack the souls for lovemaking because they have not been trained to soul responsiveness. Comedy, light farce, yes. But the deeper emotion, the soul that can hear the call of passion, they lack. They are trained these days to little mannerisms, little conventionalities that are intended to give them poise. Their souls are not developed.

"Love making, you know, is not a mere matter of encircling the form of another with one's arms and murmuring meaningless words. It is a series of passionate meetings, leading up to final, wild renunciation, only possible in one greatly endowed with soul. The wild passion and the tender loving all are the same. Culability for one means culpability for the other.

"No, there is no love making now. Except Mr. Tellgen. He is one of the romantic lovers of olden time."

$6,000,000 IS A START ON POSTAL NEEDS HERE

Patten Says Senator Calder's Appropriation Provides One of Many Needed Improvements.

The $6,000,000 appropriation urged by Senator William M. Calder for the purchase of land near the Pennsylvania Terminal and the construction of a post office building exclusively for the handling of foreign mail is only one of many improvements needed by the New York Post Office, Postmaster Thomas G. Patten said yesterday. Senator Calder's amendment to the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill, carrying the provision for a new post office, was introduced in the Senate last Saturday, together with a letter from Postmaster General Burleson outlining the need for the building.

Several weeks ago, Mr. Patten said, he forwarded to Washington recommendations for enlarging and improving the New York postal service, including a request for better facilities in handling foreign mail. Senator Calder's appropriation amendment is the first legislation providing for a relief of present conditions.

"A large part of the foreign mail is handled by the New York General Post Office," Mr. Patten said. "This mail has increased to such an extent in the last year and a half that another building is imperative. The New York postal service, which must handle foreign as well as city mail, has been hampered by the phenomenal increase of foreign mail, which is between 200 and 300 per cent. above previous years. Parcel post shipments have also been unprecedented.

"Several sites near the General Post Office are under consideration for the proposed foreign mail post office, but, of course, no decision can be made until after the passage of the appropriation. At present the plans are tentative, but provision has been made that the new building will serve its purpose for many years and take care of the vast increase in foreign mail matter that must be expected within the next ten years.

"Of course, another building devoted to foreign mail will not relieve congestion in the New York Postal District, except in the General Post Office, west of the Pennsylvania Terminal. Postal receipts in the city in April were $1,000,000 more than the preceding month, to which the increased parcel post business resulting from the freight embargo contributed.

"Other recommendations made at the same time with the request for a building exclusively for foreign mail, Mr. Patten said, were more branch post office buildings and better postal facilities for the downtown section of the city.

"More space is needed downtown, for a large part of the mail from this district is perhaps the most important mail we handle, and it should be expedited," Mr. Patten added.

READY FOR PORTER RETRIAL.

Smith Says, However, He Has Not Heard from Littleton.

Assistant District Attorney James E. Smith yesterday said he would be ready to go on with the second trial today of ex-Deputy Police Commissioner Augustus Drum Porter, but he was not certain that the attorney for the defense, Martin W. Littleton, would be prepared to proceed.

Since the jury disagreement on April 23 the case has remained on the calendar in Judge Malone's part of General Sessions pending such time that Mr. Littleton required to dispose of a case in another court. Mr. Smith said he had not heard from Mr. Littleton.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of AUBURN D. SIMS, Bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that Charles Shenfogood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, June 1, 1920, at 12 o'clock noon, by order of the Court at the County Court House, Hackensack, Bergen County, New Jersey, all the right, title and interest of Robert P. Stephenson, the trustee in bankruptcy of the above named bankrupt, in and to certain real estate belonging to the estate of the above named bankrupt at Ridgefield Park, New Jersey, and in the Township of Overpeck, New Jersey, respectively described as follows:

All those those certain tracts or parcels of land and premises, hereinafter particularly described, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Bogota in the County of Bergen and State of New Jersey, and which on a certain map entitled "Property of Wm. Guiden, Jr., Ridgefield Park, Bergen County, New Jersey, and filed May 13th, 1893," are marked, known and designated as lots numbered thirty-eight (38), in block letter "C" fronting and facing on the easterly side or line of the Queen Anne Road, and said lot number thirty-eight being twenty-five (25) and thirteen hundredths feet wide in front, and twenty-five feet wide in rear, and one hundred and four and fifty-six hundredths (104.56) feet deep on the southerly side, and one hundred and seven hundredths (107.07) feet deep on the northerly side, and said lot numbered thirty-nine (39) being twenty-five and thirteen hundredths feet wide in front and twenty-five feet wide in the rear, and 666 hundred and seven and seven hundredths (107.07) feet deep on the southerly side and one hundred and nine and fifty-eight hundredths (109.58) feet deep on the northerly side as by reference to the said map will more fully and at large appear.

Being the same premises conveyed to John A. Noermann by Edmund Herold by deed dated January 25th, 1913, and thereafter conveyed by John A. Noermann to Edmund Herold, by deed dated August 28th, 1913, and thereafter conveyed by said Edmund Herold (unmarried) to Aubrey B. Sims by deed dated November 1, 1917.

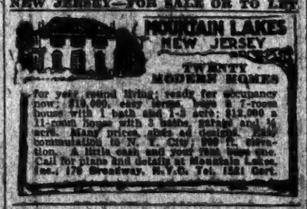
And also all those two certain lots, tracts or parcels of land and premises hereinafter particularly described, situate, lying and being in the Township of Overpeck in the County of Bergen and State of New Jersey, and which on a certain map on file in the Clerk's office of the County of Bergen entitled "Map of property of Mamie H. Kelly, Haselton Heights, Ridgefield Township, Bergen County, N. J., are known, laid down and designated as lots numbers one hundred and twenty-seven (127) and one hundred and twenty-eight (128) in Block lettered F; said two lots when taken together form a plot more particularly bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point in the southerly line of Gordon Street, distant fifty (50) feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly line of Gordon Street with the westerly line of Cutler Street; running thence (1) southerly parallel with Cutler Street one hundred (100) feet; thence (2) westerly parallel with Gordon Street fifty (50) feet; thence (3) northerly parallel with Cutler Street one hundred (100) feet to the southerly line of Gordon Street and thence (4) easterly along the same fifty (50) feet to the point or place of beginning. All as laid down on said map.

Being the same premises conveyed to Edmund Herold by Harold Turner and Mary Louisa Turner, his wife, by deed dated the second day of July, 1908; and thereafter conveyed by said Edmund Herold (unmarried) to Aubrey B. Sims by deed dated November 1, 1917.

ROBERT P. STEPHENSON, Trustee.
ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for Trustee, 320 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.
SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy, 2 Rector Street, Manhattan.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET



JERSEY COAST
FURNISHED SUMMER HOMES
For Sale or Rent
Deal Allenhurst Spring Lake
JOHN D. MINER
200 FIFTH AV., N. Y.
Spring Lake New Jersey

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Herman Dahut, Auctioneer.

Public Notice is hereby given that the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund of the City of New York, by virtue of the power vested in them by law, will offer at Public Auction on

Wednesday, May 19, 1920.

at 11 A. M., at the Brooklyn Real Estate Exchange, Nos. 189-191 Montague St., Brooklyn, the following dissolved property:

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Brooklyn, County of Kings, City and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Pearl St., distant 78 feet 6 inches northerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the easterly side of Pearl St., with the northerly side of Nassau St., running thence easterly 103 feet 2 inches, along lots Nos. 9, 10, 11 and 12 on map of the Real Estate of the late Edward (Cooper) Cook in the City of Brooklyn, surveyed by John Rolf, Oct., 1838, and filed in the office of the Register of the County of Kings on April 13, 1847, thence northerly parallel with Pearl St., 51 feet, thence westerly parallel with the first mentioned course 103 feet 2 inches, to the easterly side of Pearl St., and thence southerly along the said easterly side of Pearl St. 51 feet to the point or place of beginning.

The minimum or upset price at which the said property shall be sold is hereby appraised and fixed at the sum of Twelve Thousand Dollars ($12,000).

By order of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund under resolution adopted at meeting of the Board held April 15, 1920.

LOUIS H. HAHLO,
Deputy and Acting Comptroller, Department of Finance, Comptroller's Office.

REAL ESTATE.

WANTED
IMMEDIATELY
FOR CASH
LUMBER
FOR 50 HOUSES
Send for Lists.
Rickert-Brown Realty Co.
Tel. Murray Hill 1180. 32 Vanderbilt Av.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

ATTENTION
VICINITY 181ST STREET—BROADWAY SUBWAY STATION, business corner 6-story elevator apartment house; 6 stores, 2, 3 and 4 room apartments. RENTS OVER $40,000, VERY LOW. PRICE $350,000.

BROADWAY LARGE CORNER APARTMENT HOUSE (non-elevator), 3, 4 and 5 room apartments. RENTS $30,000, VERY LOW. PRICE $230,000. Free and clear; will take reasonable amount of cash in balance on first mortgage for long time.

H. T. WOOD, 220 Broadway

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
Two 5-Story Buildings
South William Street, through to Stone Street
Plot 3,590 Sq. Ft.
For sale as plot or separately. Will consider leasing for long term.
WM. PIERRE JOCKIN
469 Madison Ave. Tel. Vanderbilt 9047

987 Madison Ave.
S. E. COR. 77th ST.
Apartment, 8 Rooms, 2 Baths
Sublet from Oct. 1st, 1920
LONG LEASE.
Possession July 1st, 1920
APPLY SUPT.

TO LET
LOFTS—POSSESSION
4,000 to 30,000 feet.
144 to 150 West 18th St.
S. & N. REALTY, INC.
68 East 12th St.
Tel. 5866 Stuyvesant or 9670 Schuyler.

1644 AVE. A
vicinity 80th and 87th Sts., two-family, three-story and basement brownstone; all modern improvements; $11,000 to quick buyer; worth $15,000. Louis Lemle, 527 East 80th St.

Cooperative Office Building
GRAND CENTRAL ZONE.
Plans and details.
FRANK L. FISHER & CO., 50 East 42d St.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

HOMES THAT ARE WORTH OWNING
Built to live in, and not for Speculation. All decorated, and ready for immediate occupancy. Beautiful Country, as well as Bathing Beach, Boating, and Fishing.

7 Rooms, 1 Bath	$14,000.00
6 rooms, 2 Baths	17,000.00
8 rooms, 2 Baths	21,000.00
9 rooms, 3 Baths	23,000.00
10 rooms, 3 Baths	25,000.00

"RYE GATE"
RYE, THE SOUND
RIVERSIDE HOMES, INC.,
RYE, N. Y. PHONE 889 J.

The BEST in WESTCHESTER
HOMES-PLOTS-ESTATES-FARMS
ROBERT E. FARLEY
ORGANIZATION
12 East 44th St. Murray Hill 7720

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Great Opportunity
FREEPORT
Merrick Road corner, fine residence, 12 rooms and bath, electric lighting, steam heat, gas, beamed ceiling, high foundations and fixtures, large verandas, garage, corner plot 125x156. Immediate occupancy. Suitable for business or private home. Price $14,000. Bank mortgage $6,500; terms to suit.
A. E. McCORD,
138 Porterfield Place, Freeport, L. I.

Happy Home Cottage Colony, LONG BEACH
Don't take bus—at grating; $1,600 cash, on rental purchase plan. Office on premises, West Fulton Street. Also office 3009 Broadway, N. Y. Phone Audubon 2088.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

17 Room House
A completely furnished home, situated on Lake George, N. Y. Spacious grounds; 2 car garage; overlooking the lake. For rent from June 1 to November 1. Price $300 for the season. Photographs of house and grounds sent on request.
W 160 Times.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

Complete Adirondack Camp
Full Particulars at
FRANK L. FISHER CO.,
50 E. 42d St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

FLOORS FOR RENT
SERVICE STATION
OR
MANUFACTURING
106-108 WEST END AVE., near 64th St., two floors and basement, 50x100 each, no posts on any floor, concrete floors, fire-proof building; 300 gallon under-ground gas tank and pump; full size elevator for automobiles; immediate possession. Write or phone owners.
Keeney-Karmen Co.
140 6th Ave., Chelsea 1345, or your broker.

Immediate Possession
Loft Corner 16th St. and 5th Ave.
EVERY FOOT LIGHT
92 Feet on 5th Avenue
158 Feet on 16th St.
FIREPROOF BUILDING
AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER
HOLMES PROTECTION
Carstein & Linnekin, Agents
221 Fourth Avenue

We will erect a studio on the roof of a Fifth Avenue business building, in the 40's, suitable for an artist, photographer, architect or engineer and lease same from October 1st, 1920, for a long term. The area will be about 1,000 square feet and the rent $6,000 per annum, including heat and elevator service.
A unique opportunity for a permanent business home in a prominent location.
For particulars, apply to
BRETT & GOODE CO.
582 Fifth Ave. Bryant 693

15,000 SQUARE FEET
TO RENT
Centrally Located in Financial District.
An exceptional opportunity for a large concern desiring an excellent office for a long term. May divide.
Harris, Vought & Co.,
Successor to Harris & Vaughan.
569 Fifth Ave.
Telephone Vanderbilt 31.

Exceptional Opportunity
To Secure Well Located
TEN ROOMS, UPPER FORTIES, EAST SIDE.
Harris, Vought & Co.
Successor to Harris & Vaughan.
569 Fifth Ave.
Telephone Vanderbilt 31.

Desk Room
or
Private Office
Broadway and Wall Street, modern building, beautifully furnished. Applicant must have best of references and quiet business. Immediate possession. Call No. 60 Broadway, room No. 1707. Telephone Rector 9097.

DESIRABLE STORES
West 46th St., near 6th Ave.; also desirable PARLOR FLOORS AND LOFTS, suitable any business; first manufacturing permitted; lowest reasonable rents. Apply 19 West 45th. Agent on premises all day.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. | REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. | REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Mr. Builder

You have ceased to build because of the high cost of labor, material and equipment.

But these high costs are offset by increased rents, cheap land and the greater net revenue derived now from improved properties.

Vacant lots never were cheaper, while all other commodities are 50 to 300 per cent. higher in price.

But the time has come when you can well afford to begin building again, because the builder of a new house can fix his rents at any price he can get.

Did you or any investor see the points of yesterday's ad?

First: Proximity to transit.
Second: Subordination of P. M. mortgage to building loan.
Third: 2% monthly installment payments, if preferred.

Interborough Real Estate
must be sold at auction

98 Broadway Lots
On the east side of Broadway at 218th St., 219th St. and 220th St. and Ninth Ave.

156 & 158 East 42d Street
Store and office building between Lexington and Third Aves. Size 41.8x98.9. With connection to all Interborough R. T. and Queensboro Subways.

City Island, New York City
Vacant corner plot, ripe for improvement.

92 Broadway Lots
On the west side of Broadway, opposite Van Cortlandt Park, at 238th St., 239th St. and 242d St., and on Spuyten Duyvil Parkway.

Long Island City
At the Jackson Ave. station of the Queensboro Subway. Bank building and other business structures, apartments, houses, East River waterfront and other vacant plots, ripe for improvement.

Each lot, 25x100, is to be sold separately

The sale will be held on
TUESDAY, MAY 25th
at 12 o'clock Noon, in the Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey St.
Send for Bookmap

50% @ 4½%
60% @ 5 %
70% @ 5½%
(Or 2% a month for 40 months)
May remain on mortgage.
Title Guarantee & Trust Co.
Policies free

Joseph P. Day
37 Liberty St. Cortlandt 744

Interborough's Necessity—the Public's Opportunity

WOULD YOU LIKE TO HAVE
A HOME AT NYACK-ON-THE-HUDSON?
Some of the best sites in this beautiful home town will be sold at
PUBLIC AUCTION
On the grounds of Wilson Academy, Hillside Avenue, South Nyack, on Wednesday, May 19th, at 2 o'clock.
The property includes 44 lots and one house on Hillside Avenue. All of these lots overlook the Hudson and most of them are within three minutes' walk of the South Nyack Station on the Erie Railway. There is a good commuters' service to New York (one hour). The New York Central R. R. is reached by ferry to Tarrytown.
Nyack is an ideal residential town, quiet and healthful, with excellent schools and scenery which is unsurpassed even on the Hudson.
This property is the remainder of the A. B. Simpson estate and will be sold without reserve to the highest bidder.
Terms: 10 per cent. at time of sale, 30 per cent. on June 17th, 1920, balance cash or mortgage.
N. Y. & R. REALTY CO.,
690 8TH AVE. PHONE BRYANT 1943

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. MANHATTAN—West Side.

HTC Town House Club Hotel
71 Central Park West, Corner 67th St.
New Exclusive Hotel, Overlooking Central Park.
Opens for transient and permanent guests
Monday, May 24th, 1920
This hotel was designed to give all advantages furnished by other hotels plus those of family or club.
It represents a new idea, demanded by new conditions of living. Rooms single or en suite. Bath for every room.
LOUIS J. ROUSSELOT, *Manager*
Formerly of Lawyers and Whitehall Clubs.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

ARCHITECTS' OFFICE
FOR RENT
Top floor, with skylight, windows on four sides.
About 2,000 Square Feet
Immediate Possession.
Harris, Vought & Co.,
Successor to Harris & Vaughan.
569 Fifth Ave.
Telephone Vanderbilt 31.

STORE
For Rent. Immediate Possession.
A step from 5th Avenue; convenient to Grand Central depot. 27 East 40th St. 23x100; excellent light. Adapted for any high class business. Moderate rent on long lease. (Mr. Gerity) Fred'k Fox & Co., Inc., 14 West 40th St. Phone 540 Vanderbilt.

OFFICES
FACING TIMES SQUARE
Apply to Supt.
PUTNAM BLDG., B'way and 43d St.
Or
Theo. C. Young, Agent,
16 East 42nd St.
Murray Hill 8500.

STORE AND BASEMENT
—VACANT—
148-150 West 18th Street
S. & N. REALTY, INC.,
68 East 12th St.
Tel. 5866 Stuyvesant or 9670 Schuyler

For Rent
OFFICE
Times Building.
Possession June 1st.
For particulars apply to
Spotts & Starr, Inc.,
Times Bldg. Bryant 4000.

ONE-HALF TENTH FLOOR
241-245 W. 37TH ST.
75 feet front; immediate possession.
M. J. MULQUEEN, 291 BROADWAY.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

STORE AND LOFTS
For Rent
IN 691-699 6TH AV.
Inquire in Store, 691 6th Av.

BROOKLYN.
TO LEASE 1 FLOOR.
ABOUT 13,000 FT. AREA
In the Cary Building,
Facing Manhattan Bridge Plaza.
(Brooklyn Side)
The most up-to-date and finest concrete and steel structure in Greater New York. Complete sprinkler, heating and electric system; ample power at reasonable rates. Will be rented for a term of five years at yearly rental of $9,000. Only business of a clean nature considered.
CARY MFG. CO.,
Manhattan Bridge Plaza,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

BUSINESS PROPERTY—For Sale or To Let.

650 Square Feet
Studio or Office Space.
Larger Space if Desired.
N. E. COR. MADISON AV. & 48TH ST.
Harris, Vought & Co.,
Successor to Harris & Vaughan.
569 Fifth Ave.
Telephone Vanderbilt—31.

TO CLOSE FOR SALE
POTTERY for porcelain and burnt wares; established 40 years; 3 kilns and machinery; ovens and stock on hand. Supplies on rail; plant three months. Price $150,000. 70% may remain on mortgage; Alfred J. Clayton, 44 Court St., Brooklyn. Phone Main 3867.

FACTORIES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Factories with Possession
For Sale or Lease.
$7,000 feet, downtown Brooklyn; 6-story brick; 2 elevators; light on four sides; good power plant.
32,000 feet, Newark, N. J.; 5-story brick corner, opposite Newark Ex. station. Fine ex. R.; large power plant, belting, shafting, &c.
100,000 feet on waterfront, Newark, N. J.; 9-story heavy brick storage warehouse; 150-foot dock; large yard space; short walk Hudson Tubes.
Brokers paid. WALTER J. SMITH, 198 Montague St., Brooklyn.

BUILDING
NIELSEN OFFICE
Over 500 Sq. Ft. near Entrance Floor Cab. 850 Low. Lease or sell. 12 COURT ST., Brooklyn. MAIN 3300.

CITY HOUSES—For Sale or To Let.

Manhattan.

WEST 147TH STREET.
For sale only; between Convent and St. Nicholas Aves.; permanent; Oct. 1, 1920; three story and basement; 101 x 182x100; two story extension 10x13; limestone front; 13 rooms, 2 baths, electric light; seen by permit only. Apply David Lamb, 400 West 42nd Av. Telephone Schuyler 9078.

A REAL BARGAIN.
$4,000 cash purchases a 10-room brick dwelling; steam heat, electric light; near 167th and Broadway subway; immediate possession; asking $12,000. Ryan & Co., 145 West 125th. Morningside 836.

85TH ST., 168 WEST.
Three-story dwelling (side light), 18.9 wide, 11 rooms, 2 baths; electricity; possession about July 1st; price $36,000.
ROUGHTON COMPANY.
200 West 72d St. Columbus 280

147 EAST 57TH.
Four-story, 2 baths; early possession; seen at reasonable hours; owner going California, anxious to sell. V. D. Martin, 7 East 42d St.

AMERICAN BASEMENT.
25 FT. HOUSE, EAST SIDE.
Less than land value.
FRANK L. FISHER CO., 50 E. 42ND ST.

For Sale—Private house in Harlem, near Mt. Morris Park, seventeen rooms, two baths; particulars; twenty thousand ($20,000) dollars. W 1173 Times Harlem.

Four-story basement; large rooms; two baths; choice location. 60 East 92d.

Bronx.

For Sale—Private dwelling and garage, located in best section of the Bronx; immediate possession; price $30,000. Call Tremont 2780.

$1,250 down buys two-family semi-detached house, 11 rooms, in beautiful Woodlawn Heights. Owner, Rose, 7 West 45th St. Tel. Bryant 3720.

Brooklyn.

We have for sale or for lease 11-12-room houses built on three and five lots; every house is completely furnished with all latest improvements at a very reasonable price; all information regarding this property may be had at I. Sudkow, Seagate, corner Neptuna Av., Coney Island. Tel. Coney Island 982.

One-family seven-room brick house; all modern improvements; good location; 25 minutes from Times Square on Sea Beach or West End trolley; price $7,500; also beautiful two-family brick, with double garage; price, $16,000. Richmond, 2,005 68th St. Call Bensonhurst 6229.

New 2-family brick, semi-detached, inclosed porch; all modern improvements; 11 rooms, 2 baths, steam heat, parquet floors; double garages. Builder on premises, 54th St. and 9th Av., Brooklyn.

Seven-room house, new building, garage, latest improvements; immediate occupancy; price $10,200; location East 56th St. and Linden Boulevard, Brooklyn. Phone East New York 7210.

City Houses Wanted.

Small 2-story and basement private house; must be centrally located, between West 96th and 97th Sts. Lamb, 575 Manhattan Av., New York City.

CITY REAL ESTATE

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

Nine-story fireproof elevator apartment; rents, $96,000; Eighties; price reasonable. West 140's, five-story apartment, $40,000. Washington Heights, six-story elevator, $77,000. Heights, 166th, $185,000. Elevator and walk-ups in all sections. Harris Exchange, Times Bldg. Bryant 3100.

Best purchase on Washington Heights, five-story, 48-foot walkup; two four, two five; electric light; modern; rents, $10,800; price, $69,500; mortgage, $42,000. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

WILL LEASE APARTMENT HOUSES,
MANHATTAN OR BRONX.
Furnish security and bank references.
WAGNER CO., 405 LEXINGTON AV.
Telephone Vanderbilt 536.

Dissolution of partnership compels immediate sale 80x100, 5-story triple, gross rent over $4,000; price, $22,000. Address J., 208 Cable Bldg.

$9,000 buys five-story house, 32 rooms, 5 baths, electric light; admirably suited for high-class rooming house; balance mortgage. Sheeran, 2,072 7th Av., Harlem.

RENTS $20,500.
Price five times the rent.
A fireproof apartment house in the Gramercy section. Broker, T 307 Times.

Five-story building, completely remodeled into small apartments; rents, $10,740; price, $50,000; $15,000 cash. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Choice block front of buildings, including two corners; good speculation; easy terms. Leon S. Altmayer, 62 East 86th.

UNUSUAL FOR ALTERATION.
20-foot house in East Sixties.
FRANK L. FISHER CO., 50 East 42d St.

EXCELLENT FOR HIGH-CLASS BUSINESS
45-foot house, lower Sixties, near 5th.
FRANK L. FISHER CO., 50 East 42d St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

110 RIVERSIDE DRIVE

North Corner 83d St.
Possession June 1st.
Corner apartment, 8 rooms, 2 baths.
In the most desirable section of the Drive.
Outside rooms flooded with sunshine.
RENT $3,800.
E. K. VAN WINKLE
220 West 72d St. Columbus 1077.

56th West, 342-4—Near B'way
105th W., 321—Near W. End Av.
2 Rooms & Bath
3 Rooms & Bath
SUIT. ON PREMISES.

THE CHATSWORTH
344 West 72d St.
FIVE ROOMS
POSSESSION MAY 1ST.
MANHATTAN—East Side.

NEW APARTMENTS
116 East 53rd Street
Annex of the Montana,
375 Park Ave.
Now under construction,
Will be completed about
October First: 6 months
and three baths.—For
information apply to
R·C·VOTH
375 Park Avenue

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
1229 Park Ave.
SOUTHEAST CORNER 96TH ST.
High Class Elevator Apartment.
7 Rooms, 2 Baths, $3,000.
APPLY SUPERINTENDENT OR
A. BRANDSTEIN,
Harlem 1816. 135 East 116th St.

BROOKLYN.

109 MONTAGUE ST., BROOKLYN.
Borough Hall and Clark St. Stations.
4 rooms and bath.....$126
3 rooms and bath.....$110
3 rooms and bath.....$110
4 r. & b., housekeeping.....$140
CLIFFORD TRADING CORPORATION.
109 Remsen St., Brooklyn. Main 2640.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

OVERLOOKING PROSPECT PARK

3 Rooms and 2 baths, completely furnished, all modern improvements, with elevator service; to rent from May 15 to Sept. 30. See Superintendent, 136 Prospect Park West, between 8th and 9th Sts.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS

3 ROOMS AND BATH; REASONABLE.
HERBERT A. SHERMAN
41 West 42nd St.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

Garage Buyers, Attention!—Before purchasing see Silverman's Exchange at 17 West 42d St.

3-story single flat, eats 6 per cent., $6,000; free rent. W 162 Times.

Bronx.

Builder sells 2-family houses, 11-15 rooms, hardwood trim, nickel plated plumbing; double garages; room for garage; one flat ready to move in; other 2-family houses with stors; garage for 2 cars. Schallhart, 1,950 Ryndale Av., 6 blocks east of 180th St. subway station.

Country Houses—For Sale or to Let

Westchester County.

Stucco house, 7 rooms, bath, enclosed porch, hot water heat, large plot, excellent location; asking price $15,000; fine opportunity for some one who will act quickly. George W. Roth, Garth Rd., Scarsdale, N. Y. Telephone 567.

$6,000 will buy 2-family house and garage, 70x30, 400 Lewis St., Yonkers, N. Y. Charles Stumpf, 68 Wall St., N. Y.

Long Island.

NORTH SHORE HOMES.
Brand new 6, 7 and 8 room homes along the Sound; 18 to 20 minutes from the heart of the city by subway, elevated and electric trains; Colonial designs in tapestry brick and charmingly artistic detached dwellings; substantial construction and superior finish; a home for every taste and a house for every purse; $11,000 to $17,500; $2,500 to $6,000 cash; balance like rent. F. H. Honberger, Bell West 85th St. Appointment by letter only.

ARTISTIC COUNTRY HOUSE
at Sheroham, Long Island; housekeeping simplified by plans of architect who specially designed house; 10 rooms, 3 baths, 3 fireplaces; piazza, 15x25, overlooking Sound for miles; 8 acres shaded grounds; finest bathing, also boating and fishing; ideal Summer place; all as near New York as these can be had; for sale, $17,000; terms.
Owner, 4th Floor, 280 Madison Av.
Tel. Vanderbilt 2113.

To Close an Estate—Fine residence, best location in Long Beach; immediate possession; house contains six large master bedrooms, three baths, two servants' rooms, one bath; exceptionally spacious living, dining and music rooms; parquet floors; house newly and expensively decorated; large plot with full size tennis court; shrubbery, lawn; you will like it; price low; attractive terms. Telephone Whitehall 875.

LAKE RONKONKOMA.
Bungalow, 6 rooms, bath, neatly decorated; completely furnished; hot water heat, electric light, coal and kitchen coal cellar; sandy porch 60x200; beautiful lawns; shrubs, trees; price $6,500 cash, $1,500 down, balance mortgage. 340 West 118th, Apt. 34. Phone Cathedral 8934.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
14-room house and garage, best location in Elmhurst, on Corona Av.; plot 140x200; price $28,000; will divide plot if desired; five minutes' walk to Pennsylvania Station; all Brooklyn cars pass property.
JOSHUA BERNHILL, Telephone 600 Newtown.

Lynbrook—New Colonial house on large corner plot, best residential section; 8 rooms, tile bath, with built-in tub; fireplace; all improvements; 8 minutes from station; price $15,000; also new 7-room Colonial house, with all improvements, $10,000. Inquire Arthur McDermott, Owner, Mirian St., Valley Stream, L. I. Phone 576-J.

Owner will sell beautiful 6-room house (corner); gas, electric lights, steam heat, sun parlor; 50x125 feet of land; fine neighborhood; half hour out; price $8,500; need $3,500 cash. Owner, 747 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

For sale, 2-family house, 10 rooms, 2 baths, 125x25.6; town of Flushing, Long Island; price $8,500. Inquire W. Strong, 556 West 180th St.

Splendid one-family, 6 rooms, 40x100; awnings, shades, improvements; $9,500; $2,500 cash, Lowndes, 380 Fulton, Jamaica. Room 3.

At Elmhurst—20 minutes out; fine two-family brick; easy terms. Biedenkapp, 199 East 35th St.

New Jersey.

For Sale—Country home near Rutgers College, on Raritan River, two miles from New Brunswick, which is 32 minutes from New York; eleven rooms, modern improvements; new stable, city water; with nine acres, $14,000; with fifty acres, $18,000. Inquire Owner, Room 408, 111 Fifth Av.

For Sale—Charming Colonial country house, eight rooms, two baths; lot 50x200; in restricted neighborhood; recently completed and equipped with every convenience; price $21,000. Apply 436 Rock Road, Glen Rock, N. J. Telephone Ridgewood 014.

READY FOR OCCUPANCY.
SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE FOR SALE; MODERN IMPROVEMENTS; CONVENIENT LOCATION; IN RUTHERFORD, NEW JERSEY. B. N. ROESSLER, 258 FOURTH AV., NEW YORK. 2288 STUYVESANT.

Semi-bungalow, six rooms and bath; 3 years old; well built, tastily decorated, open fireplace, all improvements; high ground; shade trees; small payment; station, Bogota; $8,900, cash $1,000. Owner, 258 Broadway, Room 418. Barclay 6807.

Mountain Lakes, N. J.—For bargains in private property to sell from $10,000, or rent, furnished, for Summer from $800, see Mrs. H. C. Kilstrup, 45 John St., N. Y. Phone John 4579 or Boonton 401.

Attractive, new, seven rooms, exceptional living room, tile bath, steam heat, gas, oak floors, enamel trim, fireplace, complete to detail; 1 block Mt. Holly schools; 30x150. Buckley Wheeler, Ridgewood, N. J.

For sale, large 14-room house, furnished, on 2-acre plot in West End, N. J.; best location; elegant condition; reasonable; easy terms. Owner, Rose, 7 West 45th St. New York City. Telephone Bryant 2728.

At Mountain Station, South Orange—11-room house, all improvements; $15,000, or easy terms. O. S. Thompson, 257 4th Av., New York. Telephone 3163 Gramercy.

BLOOMFIELD, N. J.—Plot 168x300, Broad St.; 9 rooms and bath, all improvements; will sacrifice. NOAH CLARK, Inc., 887 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn.

HACKENSACK HEIGHTS HOMES $6,000 UP; $1,000 down, balance like rent. Boundary Realty Co., 30 Church St., N. Y.

Six rooms, bath, improvements, 50x162, shade, fruit, 40 minutes; $5,500. Allan, 446 West 41st.

Connecticut.

BIG BARGAIN.
Bungalow for sale; running water, bath hot air heat, open fire place; ¼-acre of ground; fine view; fruit; chicken range; 5 minutes from railroad station and State road; 50 miles from New York City. Rollin T. Toms, Springdale, Conn.

Miscellaneous.

Dandy little home, 6 and bath, improvements; large lot; 35 minutes out; price $4,750; cash $1,500. Spencer, 1626 Tribune Building. Beekman 3065.

Country Homes Wanted.

A responsible young couple wish to lease small house in Forest Hills. L 607 Times Downtown.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

Long Island.

Bungalows for sale and to rent; houses for sale; wonderful Summer colony for sale at Shelter Island, L. I.; houses to rent for Summer. Ryegate Homes, Inc., Forest Av., Rye, N. Y. Phone 380-J, 380-W.

Any one wishing to purchase or rent property in the Adirondacks write Wm. H. Montgomery, Chestertown, N. Y.

To Rent—Half eight room house, Corona, Long Island; all improvements, garage. 1,402 Broadway, Room 220, after 1 P. M.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale—Plot, 100x241 deep; Interlaken, Asbury Park. Apply Chas. Mayer, 128 Park Av., Weehawken, N. J.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

Gentleman's country estate, overlooking Delaware Water Gap; 16-room house; heat, light, gas; eight acres; high elevation; wonderful lawns; rare and ornamental shrubbery; garage; barn in rear; suitable for estate; write for details. Lester A. L'Hommedieu, 580 Main St., Stroudsburg, Pa.

North Falmouth, Mass.—Beautiful Cape Cod property, directly on water; fine large house, one acre of ground, garage, fruit trees, garden and lawn. Address A. C. Hinds, 347 5th Av.

OUT-OF-TOWN REAL ESTATE.

For Sale—One three-story brick building suitable for any manufacturing purpose with plenty of room for improvement; several outhouses suitable for warehouses; double track seating; situated in good manufacturing town. For further information apply Harry Fisher, 631 Court St., Reading, Pa.

Furnished house to let for London season or longer, containing 10 bedrooms, bath room, 3 reception rooms, usual offices, garage for 3 cars with 4 rooms above. Apply Colonel Trotter, 9 Grosvenor Gardens, London, Eng.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WILLIAMS-DEXTER CO., INC.,
80 Grove St. Spring 5614.
Can dispose of your Washington Square and Greenwich Village properties to advantage.

FARMS.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

178 acres Columbia County fruit and stock farm for sale or exchange; what have you to offer? For particulars address Small & Company, Inc., 433 Fifth Avenue. Phone Murray Hill 1770.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Somerset County, N. J., Farm—82 acres in Bernards Township, north of Bound Brook; fine, productive fruit, hay, grain and poultry farm; substantial 12 room residence; fine view, water and shade; fine country home and money-making farm; to settle estate. Price $15,000. James E. Van Nest, Martinsville, N. J. Phone 305-F-21.

160-acre farm; 130 acres loamy soil, for any crops; good house and buildings; some fruit; located near station and town; bargain; on easy terms, including stock, crops and tools; possession at once. Address P. O. Box 832, Freehold, N. J.

All size farms, loamy soil, suitable for potatoes, grain, dairy, poultry, fruit, trucking; good houses, necessary outbuildings; good locations. Write for particulars. Clifford G. Brown, Cranbury Station, Middlesex County, N. J.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

Brooklyn.

Ocean Parkway, 311 (Bridle Path Side)—Eight-room, detached cottage, furnished, garage, large porch; Summer months. Call or telephone 3324-W Flatbush.

Artistic 6-room apartment; furnished; Summer season; Brooklyn Heights; Wall St. 5 minutes; water view. Phone Main 2093.

West-chester County.

Furnished house, June 1 to Oct. 1, 8 rooms, 5 bedrooms, 2 baths; concrete garage; attractive location; corner lot, 80x100; Chester Hill, near New Haven depot; magnificent shade on large screened porch; nine-room stucco house; one room reserved. Phone 5424M Mount Vernon.

Will share seven-room, beautifully furnished bungalow in Rye Beach, facing water, with small family; no boys; $550 for June, July and August; or will rent two bedrooms for $250. Phone Wadsworth 4148, Apt. 14.

Will rent for three months, July-September, 6 rooms and bath, all improvements; garage; references required. Phone 957 Yonkers up to noon.

New Rochelle—35 Boulevard, Rochelle Park—Six bedrooms, 3 bathrooms; garage; season or year. Warren & Skillin, 25 Park Row.

Long Island.

Furnished house for rent at Brightwaters, Bay Shore, L. I., within easy commuting distance; completely furnished bungalow seven rooms, three bedrooms, gas, electricity, fireplace, furnace; porch inclosed with glass, screened; season $700. Schuyler 9897.

To let for Summer months, new furnished 6-room house, Hewlett, 20 minutes from Pennsylvania Station; electric lights, gas range, modern plumbing. H. Lyman, Plaza 2040.

Belle Harbor (near ocean)—Furnished 13-room modern stucco house, $1,000 season. Phone Klapper, 1237 Washington Av., Brooklyn.

For Rent—Bungalows. Inquire at 21 Pennsylvania Av., West End, Long Beach, L. I.

Hempstead, L. I.—For season or longer period. Phone 48-W Hempstead.

New York State.

Rye, N. Y.—Small furnished house and garage; conveniently located on highest ground in best section of town; $900 per Summer season; immediate occupancy. Apply to local brokers, or C. M. Bisbee, 1-21 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Tel. Decatur 4040.

Ulster County, N. Y., 90 miles; two houses, 9 rooms bath, kitchen, $200; 7 rooms, kitchen, $300; State road. Address Box 12, Lackawack, N. Y.

For Rent—Beautiful house in Catskills, four hours from city; garage; swimming pool; four bedrooms, box beds; $500. X 2168 Times Annex.

For Rent—Completely furnished cottages and apartments on Fourth Lake, Adirondack Mountains; all conveniences. A. C. Commer, Fourth Lake, Old Forge, N. Y.

Cottage, furnished, for rent in the Catskills; 8 rooms; garage; 4 miles to Saugerties; reasonable. E 859 Times.

Charming Lake George residence, furnished; $1,000 for season; references required. Information, Room 1,922, 27 Cedar St., N. Y.

New Jersey.

Summer home at West End, Long Branch, N. J.; 9 rooms and bath; nicely furnished; garage; beautiful grounds; near beach and station; possession immediately; $800. Phone all week, Bryant 9600.

Summit—Furnished houses, $125 to $400 monthly for Summer. Inquire Miss L. E. Stryker, Agent, 25 Maple Av., Summit, N. J. Telephone 1250 Summit.

Nine-room furnished house, July-August. L. A. Browne, 11 North Harrison St., East Orange, N. J.

Connecticut.

To rent for Summer, furnished house, 8 rooms and bath, 4 sleeping rooms; on hilltop; 95 miles from New York; $150 per month. M. W. Leach, Plymouth, Litchfield Co., Conn.

Furnished cottage on farm, Litchfield Hills; running water; garden; use garage; ice, wood; $500 season. Mrs. Boers, Washington, Conn. (R. F. D. 1).

Attractively furnished 7-room house, convenient to station; $450 for the season, June-October. C 829 Times.

Miscellaneous.

Block Island—Two cottages, completely furnished, with about 12 acres land; wonderful location on high ground with view of ocean and Sound, with waterfront on harbor; larger cottage has 8 rooms, one bath, steam heat; barn, single garage, trunk patch; price $800 per annum; smaller cottage, has 4 rooms and bath; price $300 per season. Apply and see photographs at Gross & Gross, 18 John St., New York.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Luxuriously fitted up office on 5th Av., corner 34th St., opposite Waldorf-Astoria, suitable high-class business, can be leased complete with entire equipment; owner giving up New York representation authorizes me to sublet to responsible party willing to purchase lease and fixtures, either separately or as a whole, with telephone contract. X 2104 Times Annex.

OFFICE SPACE,
DOWNTOWN FINANCIAL DISTRICT.
Three rooms and one large office, 700 square feet, sixth floor, corner; light and air; exceptionally well located for sugar, coffee or tobacco business or stock broker. Apply Mr. Walsh, 83 Pine St., or call Hanover 7117.

BASEMENT.
NEAR CORNER WATER AND PINE STS.
Exceptionally clean, light, well-furnished basement, about 800 square feet, metal ceilings, &c., suitable for printer, furniture dealer or for storage. Apply Mr. Walsh, 83 Pine St., or call Hanover 7117.

Furnished or unfurnished office and desk room to suit any kind of business; modern building, 30 St. and 5th Av.; good light; freight and passenger elevator; responsible parties only with high-class references. Madison Square 1650.

TELEPHONE SERVICE FREE.
Private offices, $90-$65 monthly; or larger space; also room next to freight elevator for shipping, including telephone, towel service; excellent light. 50 4th Av., 4th floor; opposite Wanamaker's. Tel. Worth 250.

NOW VACANT TOP LOFT; LIGHT FROM 3 LARGE SKYLIGHTS AND 3 SIDES; ALSO CONCRETE MODERN BASEMENT. OTHER LOFTS; STORE, 50 FEET FRONT. MAY DIVIDE; HEAT, ELEVATORS. AT 252-258 WEST 28TH. PHONE SPRING 3671.

TO SUBLET.
Part loft at 8 Union Square; 2,400 square feet; modern office building; annual rental $5,400; lease to February, 1924; immediate possession. Danelson, on premises.

UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY.
Will share large light fully equipped office on 50th St. near Madison Av.; three extra desks; $75 per month; plenty of space; telephone, &c. O 69 Times.

Offices, 450 square feet; lower Broadway, containing private office; furnished and telephone facilities; can have immediate possession. Tel. Cort. 9465. Mr. Brett, Accounting Machine Co.

DOWNTOWN SUITE.
TWO ADJOINING OFFICES BELOW CITY HALL. MODERN HIGH CLASS BUILDING; IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY. C 622 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Loft to sublet on 5th Av., 2,500 square feet, equipped with complete dress plant, 12 machines; light on all sides; modern building. Phone Watkins 6534 between 9 and 12 A. M. or 4 and 6 P. M.

Manufacturers—Look at 14 West 31st St. and 16 West 31st St.: 4 light lofts, just completed; all improvements; no elevator; reasonable rent. Apply T. Rubin, 7 West 30th St.

OFFICES IN DESIRABLE SUITE WITH HIGH-CLASS PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATES; LIBRARY, GENERAL ROOM; REASONABLE. PHONE PENNSYLVANIA 1393.

Office to Let—Part of exceptionally light large office facing Broadway, corner 35th St., suitable for sales office, phone and stenographer if desired; reasonable. Watkins 7384.

STORE AND BASEMENT, 60x100.
845 West 30th St., 2-0 the per foot; top loft, 80x100; 21 and 23 White St., light manufacturing. Phone Owner, Greeley 3087.

Light loft, 25x45, for office and light work with electric freight lift; June occupancy; one block from Broadway. Tuxedo Auto Tire Exchange, 304 West 54th.

FINANCIAL DISTRICT, SHIPPING DISTRICT.
OFFICES IN MODERN BUILDING (STONE, CORNER BROAD) TO SUBLEASE. TELE. PHONE DIGBY 2, 2580.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

For rent, preferably to attorney or accountant with quiet practice, light private office 200 sq. ft.; also desk room. Room 915, 29 Broadway.

Desirable private office or desk space; furnishings and service optional. 294 Broadway, Room 305. Franklin 1090. Immediate occupancy.

116 Nassau St.—Room, 7½x8½, $30; desk room, $15; stenographic service if desired. K 511 Times Downtown.

Outside office, 110 square feet, Hudson Terminal Bldg. Ideal location; immediate occupancy. Room 406, 30 Church St.

Lofts (3), 25x100, Warren St., near Broadway; immediate possession. T 613 Times Downtown.

OFFICE SPACE TO LET; FIRST FLOOR ABOVE STREET; OPPOSITE ST. PAUL'S CHURCH. 18 VESEY ST.

Part of large office, either 850 or 600 sq. ft., S. W. corner 4th Av. and 28th St. Inquire Freeport 8158, 49 East 28th.

Store, can be used for office or storeroom; $20; immediate possession. H. Sandler, 48 West 27th St. Phone Watkins 9718.

Stores to let, corner and double stores; 945 East 169th, corner Kelly. Supt. or Philip Meyrowitz, 198 Broadway.

Private office and desk room to let in law office; very desirable. Room 307, 217 Broadway. Worth 10185.

Adjoining McAlpin—Desk, stenographer, telephone; beautiful office; responsible party's opportunity. Pennsylvania 125.

Office to Sublet—Modern corner building, Broadway-27th St.; $80. Box C. E., 1214 Wilson Building.

Large, small offices; basement also; immediate possession. 265 Lexington Av. Vanderbilt 1706.

Desk with telephone to let; attractive, airy office; reasonable. Room 215, 15 Park Row. Telephone Barclay 10147.

Exceptionally light loft, 700 Greenwich St.; freight elevator service; immediate possession. Inquire Sage & Shapero, 132 Nassau St.

Mailing address with desk room and telephone service; reasonable rate. 505 5th Av. at 42d St., Room 803.

3,000 feet office space on Broadway, below Duane St.; will divide; less than $3.50 per foot. V 731 Times Downtown.

1,200 feet office space, Broadway, near Reade St.; will sell lease cheap or consider renting. T 723 Times Downtown.

Desk room and mail privileges in office building near 23d St. White Box K. A., 400 Times.

Desk room, phone; modern elevator building; $20 monthly Engle, 20 East 23d.

Loft, 24x80, 137 Grand St.; immediate possession; $4,000. Rhinelander 9637.

Office space, 300 square feet, 4th Av. 304 St. Phone Gramercy 7069.

Store floor, 5,500 sq. ft.; no pillars; possession. Van Vleck Place, 16 8th Av.

Office, 17x19, 3d floor, immediate possession. Apply superintendent, 146 West 24th.

Rooms suitable for light offices. Manager, Hotel Marlborough.

Part of loft to let, for office and sales room; no manufacturing. Telephone, Spring 4042.

Store and lofts; immediate possession. 139-143 West 24th. Agent on premises.

300 sq. ft. office for rent; downtown; Engineers Building. Telephone Rector 1586.

Space for tailor or tailor-salesman; good opportunity. Paolo, 11 West 30th.

Light and airy office, 300 feet, Times Square section; elevator building. Bryant 9685.

An office or part to sublet, furnished; conveniences. 198 Broadway, Room 305.

Stores and lofts on 7th Av. Apply 207 West 35th, 2d floor.

Desk room with stenographer service. 17 West 42d, Room 401.

Office space or deskroom to rent. Apply 309 Broadway, Room 401.

Deskroom, furnished, to let, light office; telephone services. 106 Broad St., Room 606.

Deskroom, furnished. Call between 1 and 2. Greeley 220 5th Av.

Bronx.

Will sublet small store at Fordham Road, two doors from the Concourse, next to Keith's Theatre; reasonable. Natural Plant Preservers Co., 239 5th Av., New York City.

Brooklyn.

WANTED—4,000 to 5,000 square feet factory floor space, South Brooklyn or Borough Hall section, occupancy July 1 or thereabouts. C. DIEK, 122 Smith St., Brooklyn.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Multigrapher, with equipment, desires space with printer, stenographer or part office privilege Times Square. Bryant 7323, Mr. Canter.

WANTED, JULY 1ST, COMFORTABLE OFFICE, 400 TO 500 FEET, BETWEEN 23D AND 42D STS. S. S., 455 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Desk room, mailing address, with telephone service wanted as office by small manufacturing company in Grand Central zone. E 354 Times.

Wanted to lease, Broadway, 57th to 59th St., or 5th Av., between 40th and 44th Sts. THE BAYWAY CORPORATION, 35 Church St. Portland 4073.

Wanted, storage warehouse; will buy or lease; 30 miles from New York; $1,000 per month. M. W. Leach, Plymouth, Litchfield Co., Conn.

Wanted—One large room or two small rooms on Broadway, between 23d and 29th Streets. Telephone Penn. 6596.

Wanted—Private office, financial district, below Fulton. Call Curtiss, 501, Hotel Commodore.

Engineer desires small office or desk room, telephone service. F 179 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

4TH AV., HOTEL (4th Av. near 30th)—Apartments, 2 sunny rooms and bath, attractively furnished, parquet floors, full hotel service; one block from subway; $17.50 week and up; UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT.

197th, 133 EAST (GRAMERCY SECTION)—LARGE, LIGHT, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, ON QUALITY; REFERENCES ESSENTIAL. MR. BOHANAN, STUYVESANT 6347.

26TH ST., 28 EAST—Beautifully furnished apartment, two rooms and bath.

30TH (corner Lexington Av., 163)—Apartment hotel, exclusively for women; corner suite, 3 rooms, bath, beautifully furnished, $30 weekly. Hotel Rutledge.

34TH, 44 EAST—Magnificent large room and bath for exclusive bachelor. Murrit, 9881 Murray Hill.

34TH, 160 EAST—Bachelor apartments, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath. 5,147 Madison Square.

36TH, 128 EAST—Luxurious 6-room apartment at sacrifice to Oct. 1; immediate possession; quick action will secure bargain. Phone Vanderbilt 8069.

45TH, 8 EAST—Sublet Summer or longer, charming two rooms, bath; elevator, service; meals if desired; telephone. Bell.

57TH ST., 111 EAST—Two rooms and bath, sleeping accommodations for three; telephone, electric lights, elevator and maid service, ready June 1. See Superintendent.

57TH, 21 EAST—Three rooms, two baths; elevator, restaurant; June to October, or longer; references required. Telephone Plaza 2325 for appointment.

58TH, 48 EAST—Well furnished housekeeping apartment, 2 and 3 rooms, two baths, two bedrooms (one very large), unusually large living room with five windows, dining room, bath; pantry, kitchen, maid's room, all bright and sunny; to rent from May 19 to Sept. 22. Telephone Plaza 9471.

60TH ST., Near 5th Av.—Furnished apartment, June to October. Telephone Plaza 1454 until 10, evenings after 5.

72D, 162 EAST—Unusually attractive newly furnished 2 rooms, bath and kitchenette; seen 2 to 6 or by appointment. Phone Riverside 8923, Kent.

77TH ST., 70 EAST—June to Oct., luxuriously furnished modern 6 room, 3 baths, shower, piano; cool, quiet; references required; $350 month. Mr. Rhinelander 2925. See by appointment.

83D, EAST—High up, 6 rooms, corner apartment, exceptionally light, 2 baths, well furnished; Steinway Grand; June 1 to Oct. 1. Phone Lenox 8098.

83D ST. (corner Madison Av.)—Apartments, beautifully furnished corner suite, 8 rooms, bath, $600 per month. Hotel Marie, 30 West 83d St.

87TH, 123 EAST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, electricity; also basement for business.

APARTMENTS AT HOTEL ASHTON, MADISON AV., S. W. cor., 66th St.—Newly decorated apartments, one room and bath, $60 up; two rooms, bath, $75 up; best service; extraordinary value; block from Park; restaurant. Telephone Lenox 873.

APARTMENTS FURNISHED.

East, west side; choice localities; long, short leases; immediate, future rentals. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1400.

For Rent—Two-room kitchenette apartment, light, airy, every convenience, 128 Park Av. Rhinelander 8357.

Furnished suite, two rooms, bath, kitchenette; corner; all light; all modern improvements; rent $15 per week; reference exchanged. A 972 Times Harlem.

Hotel apartments, three rooms and bath, until Oct. 1 or longer; $300 per month; immediate possession; good service; quiet neighborhood; attractive. Outside furnishings can be seen Monday afternoon, and following. Telephone Madison Square Hotel Apartment 510.

IRVING PLACE, 74 (Gramercy Park neighborhood)—Quaint apartment, 2 rooms, bath; long French windows, mahogany furniture; $100 month; two months; references. A. B. Leonard.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

164 LEXINGTON AV. (Near 31st St.)—Newly furnished entire floor apartment, day and night service, meals when desired; $175 monthly, which includes service. Vanderbilt 2346.

MADISON AV. (in 30's)—Floor in private house, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, completely furnished, linen, silver, twin beds, until October. Quackenbush & Brice, 102 East 90th. Lenox 6836.

MADISON AV. and 52d St.—Furnished apartment, 4 rooms and bath, attractively furnished; June to October; $100 per month. Tel. 7527 Plaza.

MADISON AV., 220 (cor. 37th)—Very large studio, bedroom, bath and kitchenette; separate entrance; to Oct., $125. Afternoons, Vanderbilt 7350.

MADISON AV., 416—Bachelor; attractively furnished room, bath, service, $140. Apply Superintendent.

MADISON AV. and 62d St. (Apartment 40, Hotel Leonori)—Sublet, furnished, parlor, bedroom and bath; to Oct. 1.

MADISON AV., 60—Sublet furnished apartment, 2 rooms and bath, June 1 to Oct. 1, $175.

To Sublet—Very large studio, north skylight and south light; furnished, $150 a month, or share for $75. Address, with particulars, E 1047 Times Annex.

Furnished—West Side.

7TH AV., 1,921 (116th)—Unusually large, 9-room, high class apartment, newly decorated; all rooms facing street; call afternoons; possession June 1. Martinez.

47TH ST., 39 WEST—2 and 3 room apartments; hotel service; immediate possession

48TH, 341 WEST—New elevator building; desirable apartments; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms; bath; tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; no questionable applicants; highest references; $60-$135 monthly upward. Tel. Bryant 6365.

48TH ST., 57 WEST, HOTEL SCHUYLER—FURNISHED SUITES; LARGE STUDIO. G. T. BROCKLEHURST, PROP.

49TH, 21 WEST—Large alcove room, bath, kitchenette, completely furnished; south front.

47TH ST., 55 WEST (HOTEL PATTERSON)—AT REDUCED RATES, 1-2 room and bath suite; bath handsomely furnished and appointed.

45TH (off 5th Av.)—Furnished apartment, 4 rooms and bath, Mason-Hamlin Grand, until Oct. 1; 7 rooms and 2 baths, thereafter, unfurnished; long lease. Phone Circle 548.

51ST ST., 61 WEST—Nicely furnished apartment three rooms, bath, kitchen; $150.

52D, 47 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED APARTMENT; 5 ROOMS; 2 BATHS, JUNE 1-OCTOBER 1. TELEPHONE VANDERBILT 4040.

52D ST., 35 WEST—Large bedroom, beautifully furnished, $30 weekly; two smaller, $20 weekly; next bath. Apply basement.

52D ST., 35 WEST—Large, beautifully furnished sitting room, bedroom, bath, $50 weekly. Apply basement, Circle 6729.

53RD ST., 15 WEST—Handsomely furnished one and two room apartments, with bath, elevator.

55TH ST., 347 WEST (Apt. 4M)—One room, kitchenette and bath, furnished or unfurnished; no profiteering.

56TH, 208 WEST.
HOTEL THORNDIKE—VERY ATTRACTIVE 2-ROOM SUITES, WITH PRIVATE BATH; FULL HOTEL SERVICE; SPECIAL WEEKLY AND MONTHLY RATES.

56TH, 342 WEST—Three-room elevator apartment, furnished, unfurnished. Mrs. O'Brien.

57TH ST., 27 WEST—One and two room apartments, all improvements; also one 2-room apartment with roof garden, handsomely decorated; must be seen to be appreciated; elevator and restaurant.

57TH, 340 WEST—Modern elevator apartment house; newly furnished, hotel service, 2-8 rooms and bath; $28 per week and up; references required.

57TH ST., 38 WEST—Living room, bedroom, kitchenette and bath; elegantly furnished. Bobe.

58TH ST., 140 WEST—Four-room apartment, with maid's room, linen, silver included; June, July, August. Apply Superintendent.

58TH ST., WEST—Three rooms and bath, from June 15-Sept. 30; terms moderate; references. C 382 Times.

58TH, 47 WEST—Sublet 2 rooms, kitchenette, beautifully furnished, grand piano. Thurkilles.

58TH (west of 5th)—Very attractive; $185. Phone appointments, Plaza 2806.

58TH, WEST (Near 5th Av.)—Exclusive two-room apartment; cheap. Plaza 9239.

67TH ST., 39 WEST—T— rooms and bath, all outside, cool, light and quiet, for Summer; excellent and reasonable; restaurant in building; maid service; sublet June 1 to Oct. 1; references required. Richards.

67TH ST. (Near Park)—$800 four months, June-October; modern 3 room, bath, housekeeping equipment. C 143 Times.

70TH, 345 WEST—5 rooms, elevator, handsome housekeeping apt.; grand piano; $150. Phone appointment 2336 Columbus. Apt. 3A.

71ST, 171 WEST—We desire to rent our attractively furnished home of five rooms

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

WEST END AV., 295—Attractively furnished large private room and bath.

WEST END AV., 770—Beautiful large front room; all conveniences.

HOTEL COLONIAL, 51st St. and Columbus Av., has just completed the installing of 10 new single rooms; reasonable rates.

Brooklyn.

Large, furnished rooms to rent. I Sudakow, Seagate, corner Neptune Av., Coney Island. Tel Coney Island 987.

PARK PLACE, 160—15 minutes from Wall St.; gentlemen only. Prospect 1152.

Long Island.

Far Rockaway—For rent, 2 furnished rooms for Summer. M. Goodman, 3,105 Seaview Av. Phone Far Rockaway, 599 W. Call after 6 P. M.

Miscellaneous.

Stamford, Conn.—Attractive rooms in exclusive house; all conveniences; centrally located. Phone Stamford 1420.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Gentleman requires good airy room, with bath. Address, with full particulars, W. S. L., Box 235, City Hall Post Office.

Unfurnished.

Unfurnished medium room, below 126th St.; state lowest rental; business woman. A 975 Times Harlem.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

30TH (corner Lexington Av., 163)—Room (with meals $17 weekly up; good home cooking; hotel service; elevator; telephone; for women exclusively. Hotel Rutledge.

382d, 15 EAST—Several desirable, large, double rooms with private baths; abundant, well-cooked meals.

West Side.

127TH, 129 WEST—Large front room with board for two, also small room. Chelsea 2785.

157TH, 13 WEST—Parlor and back parlor; modern conveniences; excellent meals; references.

51ST, 11-13 WEST—Double and single rooms with board.

64TH, 54 WEST.

Single, double room, with board; references.

78TH, 44 WEST — Elegant rooms, private baths; back parlor suite; table unexcelled.

107TH, 9 WEST—Elegant large room, private bath, suitable 2-3; refined Jewish boarding house; excellent Hungarian cooking.

26TH, 151 WEST — Large front room adjoining bath; table guest; reference.

49TH, 114 WEST—Wide parked street; unusual and attractive; large parlors, ten room and lounge; steam heat.

80TH, 143 WEST — Vacancies; permanent guests solicited; table board; homelike surroundings; references.

82D, 124 WEST (Graycourt)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests.

87TH, 130 WEST—Small room; all accommodations; good home cooking.

93TH ST., 65 WEST—Elegantly furnished large, small rooms; all conveniences.

120TH, 110 WEST—Large, sunny room; substantial board; conveniences; homelike; subway.

129TH, 116 WEST—Double room, private bath, Jewish table. Brody. Morningside 2124.

152D, 861 WEST (Corner Broadway)—Large, well-furnished double room; running water, electricity; refined surroundings; Southern home table.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 46 (The Greymore)—Pleasant rooms; excellent table. Schuyler 4306.

WEST END AV., 315—Private family; beautiful room; bed; also single room; bath; unexcelled table; reference; gentlemen.

BOARD WANTED.

One or two couples wish room and bath or room adjoining bath for June, July and August at Long Beach; breakfast and dinner in the evening included; references. Box 305, 1126 St. James Bldg.

South-American gentleman, refined, educated, wants immediately room and board, American family; good references; state price. Jorge Cajiao, 230 West 39th St., N. Y. C.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Long Island.

Summer booking now ready for refined guests; excellent table; Hungarian cooking; special season rates; open for inspection every Sunday from 9:30 to 5 P. M. Alwin Cottage, Atlantic Av., Far Rockaway. For further particulars telephone Jamaica 2362-M.

ROCKAWAY PARK, 46 115TH ST.—Comfortable rooms; balconies overlooking ocean; special season rates. Phone Belle Harbor 1688.

New Jersey.

Adults—Ten minutes from two trolleys, good food. 401 Tremont Av., Orange, N. J.

Country Board Wanted.

Wanted—Large room and board at small inn or large boarding house (not at seashore), within one hour's commuting distance of New York, for family of three, mother, father and eight-year-old daughter, from July 1 to Sept. 15; state terms and full particulars; references required. Z 2378 Times Annex.

Couple wish first-class accommodations Summer months with private family, Jersey shore preferred; state particulars and terms. 49-363 Times.

Country board for Spanish boy of good character, strictly private house; tutoring in English desired. B 51 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER—Expert file and order clerk, and other miscellaneous office routine; knowledge of switchboard. O 70 Times.

BILL CLERK, stenographer, 3 years' experience; references; $25. C 849 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, high school graduate, experienced; controlling accounts and trial balances; conscientious worker; salary $22. M. L., 1,613 41st St., Brooklyn. Blythebourne 7922.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST—Double entry, controlling accounts, monthly trial balances; full charge; 3 years' experience; good references. Miss Schneider, 559 Christopher Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER office manager; 8 years' experience controlling accounts, trial balances; highest references; salary $40. Armour, 608 West 189th.

BOOKKEEPER wishes position with manufacturing paper envelopes concern, to take full charge; live wire, ambitious; A1 references. 848 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER—Intelligent, thoroughly experienced; capable taking full charge office; neat, energetic, very accurate; salary $35. B. C., 117 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, many years' experience, trial balance, controlling accounts, full charge of office; high school graduate. W 619 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry; competent general office routine; two years with last firm; references. G 447 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, part time; write up books, daily or weekly; trial balances; reasonable. Box 941 Times, 2 Rector St.

BOOKKEEPER, take full charge of books, have knowledge of stenography and typewriting; salary $28. G 441 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, typist, experienced, seeks position with reliable concern. G 468 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, knowledge stenography, desires permanent position. Miss Nadler, Tremont 2,200.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, capable worker; references; $30. A 970 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, high school graduate; experienced; good references. O 140 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, double entry; part-time work; knowledge typewriting. K 235 Times.

BOOKKEEPER - TYPIST, EXPERIENCED; EVENING POSITION. O 147 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER, competent, $28. Mrs. Stainfeld, 2 East 127th. Tel. Harlem 1852.

CHAMBERMAID—Lady wishes to place her maid from about June 12 to Sept. 15; call Monday or Tuesday, between 2 and 4. Mrs. Schuyler Hall, 5 East 38th.

COMPANION TO LADY—I am active, willing, agreeable; efficient; could travel; references. Mrs. W. L. C., Hotel Buckingham, 5th Av. and 50th St.

COOK AND WAITRESS, experienced, solicits engagements for special dinners, suppers; references; satisfaction guaranteed. Mrs. Pearson, 207 West 56th.

COOK, first class, middle age, wishes position where a kitchen girl is kept; $100 monthly. Box 8, 1,508 26 Av.

CORRESPONDENT, experienced, thoroughly familiar business routine, college training; references. Times.

DICTAPHONE TRANSCRIBER, 3 years' experience; small office preferred; salary $25-$27. L 698 Times Downtown.

DRESSMAKER, first class designer, wishes more customers, latest styles; reasonable prices. Mme. Charlotte, 228 Madison Av. (60th St.)

EXECUTIVE — Well-qualified business woman, office, factory, showroom experience, desires responsible position excellent references. 383 West 118th.

GOVERNESS, middle-aged,, French-Swiss, seeks position as governess or companion; speaks French, German and some English; willing to travel. Address 4,758 Beauford Av., Richmond Hill. Phone Richmond Hill 863M.

HOUSEKEEPER, refined English woman, to elderly lady or otherwise, where other help is kept. C 129 Times.

HOUSEWORK (general), capable colored girl. Call 139 West 143d St., care of McPherson.

LADY, American, 35, private nurse, desires charge of occupation as a mother's helper or companion. Address Nurse, Box 710, 1,104 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

LADY, refined, wishes work 4-5 days a week in private family. Write 326 East 155th St., Apartment 7.

NURSE, practical, experienced, going to Europe in June or July, will take charge of infant, child or as companion to woman in exchange for passage. Box 182, 1,464 3d Av.

NURSE-GOVERNESS, English, educated, refined, wants entire charge two or more children; physical care and training thoroughly understood; accustomed travel; go anywhere; references. F 192 Times.

NURSE—Infant's nurse, well experienced, to go to Los Angeles. Answer by writing, will call for interview. Schleifer, 336 East 51st St.

NURSE, experienced, wishes position for children; only out Far Rockaway need apply. Mrs. Trinkle, 715 Woodward Av., Brooklyn.

NURSE—Will attend any illness or invalid; doctors' references. Mrs. Ernst, 110 West 125th St. Telephone Chelsea 7590.

PLAY GOVERNESS—Young woman, student of physical education, wishes position July 1 to Sept. 15; country or seashore; references exchanged. X 2196 Times Annex.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, Christian, 9 years' experience, rapid, accurate and neat appearing, desires position with executive appreciating quality; salary $30. F 244 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, literary, technical, medical, light nursing experience; resident position, business office. A 974 Times Harlem.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER—Young lady desires position with mercantile establishment; good education, four years' experience; $30. A 474 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 10 years' experience; willing start $30 weekly. E 367 TIMES.

SOCIAL SECRETARY or companion to lady; refined Southern girl desires position; highest references given and desired. E 352 Times.

SOPRANO SOLOIST wishes concert work in hotel or high class restaurant. E 351 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—High school graduate, 5 years' experience, wishes to connect with concern where ability and intelligence are prime requisites, $25. C 657 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, A1; filing; correspondence also handled without dictation; 12 years' experience. Christian; temporary. Miss Althea. Tel. Bedford 5360J.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 5 years' mercantile experience, possessing initiative, executive ability, quick comprehension; excellent references; $30. F 309 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, 17, some knowledge bookkeeping; references; bright beginner; $15. Miss Fuller, 115 East Houston St. Telephone Orchard 6276.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 6 years' experience, confident and efficient; desires position with advancement; salary $30. L 201 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, neat, accurate; 3 years' experience; references. Intervale 5571. C 141 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Assistant Bookkeeper; capable, 4 years' experience; $25. C 646 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate; experienced, alert, capable; $25. C 857 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience, office routine, desires chance for advancement; salary $22. S. R., 298 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, competent, high school graduate; thorough command English. S 845 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, competent; five years with one firm; salary $28. T. S., 284 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND OFFICE ASSISTANT, three years' experience. Telephone Williamsburg 1708.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, three years' experience, initiative, desires responsible position. C 357 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Two years' experience office assistant; references; $20. L 719 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST wishes position, office experience, references. Anna Ardaiolo, 2,204 Amsterdam Av.

STENOGRAPHER—Thoroughly experienced, desires temporary position 4 weeks, $25. E 877 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, college graduate; export, commercial. Box 949 Times, 2 Rector St.

STENOGRAPHER; four years' experience; reliable; references; $25. C 608 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience, competent; $23. Weitzen, 816 East 166th.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, experienced; best references; salary $25. J. 472 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST in Spanish only. Miss Unde, 164 West 128th St.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST, 1 month's experience; salary $15. E 830 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR (plug), experienced; knowledge of typewriting; salary $20. E 364 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, file clerk, knowledge of typewriting; neat, accurate. C 24 Times, N. Y.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and Typist, experienced, competent; $25. N 438 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, experienced, assist office work; $21. Academy 706. C 150 Times.

TRANSLATOR-TYPIST, English, French, Spanish; years' practice; rapid, accurate. E 370 Times.

TUTOR-COMPANION — French lady, 22, studying at American University, accomplished in music, art, French, and music instructor, desires position as tutor or companion to children with family of culture. C 653 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, expert, knowledge of stenography; 3 years' experience; competent, quick and accurate; references; salary $22. E 325 Times.

TYPIST-CLERK—Crackerjack, college education; executive's assistant; $23. Klein, 220 West 51st.

TYPIST for home work, accurate. Address Box 142, 217 7th Av.

TYPIST, 5 years' experience; reliable, accurate; salary $25. F 783 Times Downtown.

WOMAN—Walking lessons for the lame and muscular compensation taught; women and children only; 20 years' experience with leading orthopedists; License No. 21,345. Appointment by phone, Murray Hill 8803, weekdays between 9 and 5.

WOMAN with spare time would like homework, any description. C 130 Times.

YOUNG LADY, college graduate, excellent knowledge French, German, Russian, five years' executive, business experience, wishes to connect with export, import house, foreign department of bank or publishing house; best references. A 978 Times Harlem.

YOUNG LADY, twenty-five, desires a position with reliable concern as sales ledger clerk or assistant bookkeeper; eight years' experience with large chemical house, where still employed. C 153 Times.

YOUNG FRENCH WOMAN who now takes charge, dyeing, cleaning store, is capable taking charge any similar position. Miss Fernande Evorard, 96 South Oxford, Brooklyn.

YOUNG LADY, 23, several years' experience office manager, assistant to busy executive, clear thinker, initiative, gumption to connect with live concern. N 430 Times.

YOUNG LADY, 9 years' office experience, desires responsible position. N 951 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY wishes excellent outdoor position; no canvassing. C 327 Times.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange (Agency), 314 West 99th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1890.

HOUSEWORKERS—Several experienced colored servants, excellent cooks; city, country; investigated references; "day workers a specialty." Telephone Columbus 5165. Domestic Service Agency, 329 West 56th.

BERTHA CARLSON, Swedish Agency—First-class servants. 2,413 Broadway, cor. 89th, try Hornig's, 344 84 Av. (57th).

Couples, cooks, useful men; also chef, country.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, 26, Christian; 8 years' experience bookkeeping, manufacturing and mercantile; 5 years office manager with large corporations; executive; efficient, honest worker; college education; highest credentials; $50 week; immediate connection. O 649 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS, public; books opened, kept up to date, audited, closed; financial statements; part-time bookkeeping; moderate fees. Merit Audit Co., 708 Broadway; telephone Spring 3086.

ACCOUNTANT—Books opened, closed, audited, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. Goldwater, 299 Broadway. Telephone Worth 6666.

ACCOUNTANT—Books systematized, audited, opened; tax specialist; arrangements firms without bookkeepers; corporation, partnership accountancy; reasonable. Greene, 1,497 Hudson Terminal Building. Telephone Cortlandt 1870.

ACCOUNTANT, Junior, accountancy student, desires position with C. P. A.'s; 3 years' bookkeeping experience; one who wants to make accountancy his life's work. C 844 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT—Young man, experienced bookkeeper, N. Y. U. training, desires connection with reliable accountant; initial salary no object. B. G., 1,152 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTING—Semester Pace & Pace student, Spanish-English stenographer, wishes position with reliable accounting firm. P. O. Box 267, City Hall Station.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, 35, public accounting experience; references; temporary or permanent; would travel if necessary. O 855 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT—Audits, systems; arrangements firms not employing bookkeepers. Halpern, 59 Pearl St., Room 908. Phone Broad 4078.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, fire insurance, would like to hear from company requiring services of high class man. C 856 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, C. P. A., would like to hear from progressive organization; private or public; $5,000-$6,000. C 648 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, 23, experienced, semi-senior, capable college man, would like to connect with accountancy firm. D 501 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, experienced, seeks connection with certified accountant. F 782 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 22, experienced, educated, character, references, desires position. D 586 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, 3 years' experience, desires certified connections. O 638 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, Christian, thoroughly trained in efficiency methods; expert in branch house accounting. C 855 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, 25, accounting student, desires position with accountants. C 350 Times.

ADVERTISING AND SALES EXECUTIVE. Large-calibre, successful, well-qualified man, experienced in several different lines of business, at present sales and advertising manager of an old-established nationally known candy manufacturer, seeks connection with progressive, live-wire concern in Newark or New York, with opportunity for national growth and development. Highest references, successful results and all other details given in personal interview. Address L 708 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MAN, capable, experienced, forceful writer, hard worker, desires position on part time basis. W 65 Times.

ARCHITECT, efficient, approved methods, wide experience, responsible charge big work, desires position with corporation. B 948 Times Downtown.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN, inspector, with suburban builder, real estate firm. E 336 Times.

ARTIST, young man, some experience general illustration, desires good connection with advertising firm—preferably in or near town. E 358 Times.

BANK CLERK—Young man, experienced as paying and receiving teller, desires position; highly recommended. K 876 Times Downtown.

BANK MESSENGER wishes position; good references. G. Smith, 368 East 140th St.

BOOKKEEPER—ACCOUNTANT.

Thoroughly experienced; expert correspondent; general office routine; graduate accounting school; employed at present. Call University 5566, or write G 488 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, young man, employed at present, high school education, rapid typist, good knowledge stenography, desires position with first-class concern. E 360 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, five years' thorough experience, qualified office manager, stenographer and typist; knowledge Spanish; ambitious, energetic; best references; $40-$50. K 841 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER — Thoroughly experienced, controlling accounts, trial balances, financial statements; capable taking complete charge; best references. K 334 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 23, five years' experience, dependable, rapid, accurate, double entry, controlling accounts, accounting knowledge. C 847 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 22, four years' experience, take full charge; knowledge accountancy, payroll, financial statements, &c.; references. C 139 Times.

BOOKKEEPER or assistant, 20, experienced; capable handling full set of books, senior accounting student; best reference, W 164 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 24, references; day student; knows English, Russian, Polish, Jewish; evening position. B 998 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER (27), long experience, present employed, desires to make change; take full charge; moderate salary. K 847 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 24, New York University senior, assume full charge; executive ability; experienced office manager; $40. K 340 Times.

BOOKKEEPER — Thoroughly experienced; executive ability; financial statements; good references. L 300 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, 8 years' experience; high school graduate. L 162 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, five years' experience; will take complete charge office. C 852 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, 1 year's experience, N. Y. U. accountancy student, desires position. C 656 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 22, 2 years' experience, educated, desires position. D 587 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—Experienced, double entry, controlling accounts, trial balance. Delit, 138 East 117th St.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced; capable taking complete charge; references. B 902 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, EXPERIENCED, WISHES POSITION EVENINGS. D 243 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER, correspondent, 25 years; salary $36. A 976 Times Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR, American citizen, French parentage, 8 years experience driving private families in New York City, two years abroad; excellent mechanic; very best references from former employers; will go anywhere; moderate salary. La Bue. Telephone Greeley 3395.

CHAUFFEUR—We have several good men, with from 3 to 9 years' references on last positions; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR—Swedish Chauffeurs' Club of America, Inc., has very first class men, highly recommended, for particular people, city or country; this is no employment bureau. 423 East 76th St. Rhinelander 4640.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position, private, commercial; 2 years' experience on Oakland; references: Andrew Arbuckle, 348 East 35th St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 30, married, 11 years' experience; 4 years last position; best personal references. McGowan, 517 West 129th St.

CHAUFFEUR, Japanese, high class; good references; Cadillac, Packard expert; private family. R. W., 624 Lexington Av. Plaza 6255.

CHAUFFEUR—Married, age 31, wishes position; first-class driver; good mechanic; best references. Swenson, 515 East 156th. Telephone 741 Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR, married, position in country; refined, reliable colored couple. Phone 4270 Morningside.

CHAUFFEUR, Swedish, 27, single, wishes position; private family; city, country. Write Andrew, 1,166 Madison Av.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, married, long experience; A1 references. Corbett, 133 West 102d St.

CHAUFFEUR—Competent (colored) mechanic desires position; references; competent. G 1143 Times Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC wishes position private family; best reference; single. Otto Forsell, 410 East 82d, Apt. 4F.

CHAUFFEUR, married, desires position with future; experienced Stuts, Cadillac or other cars; references. A 977 Times Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR-USEFUL MAN wants position in country; English. Sanson, 409 East 64th.

CHAUFFEUR, 4 years' experience, private or commercial. Phone Melrose 9031.

CHAUFFEUR, just graduated from school; country. C. J., Gramercy Park.

CHEF AND STEWARD like to take charge club or road house; open for engagement. E 949 Times.

CLERK, 23, experienced, desires position with reliable concern. L 711 Times Downtown.

COUPLE, Finnish, wish position private family; man chauffeur, wife chambermaid; lady's maid or waitress. 226 East 35th, Apartment 1. Telephone 1402 Murray Hill.

ENGINEER, electrical and mechanical, age 31, thorough technical training, wide experience industrial equipment, record of successful factory management and sales work, wants responsible connection as engineer or factory manager. E 334 Times.

EXECUTIVE, with a number of years of expert one as industrial engineer, having successfully installed cost, office and scientific production systems in manufacturing concerns of national reputation, is open for a permanent engagement with a progressive manufacturing concern which will offer a future. E., 416 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

EXECUTIVE—Experienced, iron, steel, hardware, mill supplies, knowledge financial stock controls, purchasing, factory, shipping, receiving, warehouse procedure; age 28; initiative; capable of introducing new modern methods; 30-day notice; $5,000 yearly. E 339 Times.

EXECUTIVE—Europe 11 times; agents everywhere; experienced buyer and seller general merchandise; organizer of proven ability. Can you use me? L 169 Times.

GENTLEMAN, 29, educated, refined and competent business man, seeks relationship with some concern doing business in South America; thoroughly familiar in the wearing apparel line for ladies and gentlemen; speaks Spanish; employed at present. Wm. F. Clayton, 801 E. Quincy St., San Antonio, Texas.

INDUSTRIAL ENGINEER—34 years old; widely experienced in all phases of production work, now in executive position, desires connection with manufacturer or consulting engineer New York City. X 2306 Times Annex.

JANITOR in apartment house; highest references furnished. Charles Zito, care Bramblr & Hendricks, 105 Madison Av.

LAWYER, 27, thorough business experience, desires connection with business firm; managerial or executive capacity. C 645 Times Downtown.

MANAGER, textile export department, hosiery specialist, knowledge French, Spanish will consider proposition manufacturer or large exporter. A 935 Times Harlem.

MANAGER'S ASSISTANT—Five years' experience, good education, clear thinker, with creative ideas and ability; excellent reference; moderate salary. G 505 Times.

MANAGER, phonograph business, wholesale or retail, available for position. E 335 Times.

MAN of 40, well informed both by wide travel and social contact with the best classes, qualified by experience to manage large concern, to train salesmen or to sell where initiative and experience are necessary, wishes to make connection with well-known and reliable house in city; references. H 16 Times.

MAN, middle-aged, as Wall Street messenger; six years with present firm going out of business; best references. Box 952 Times, 2 Rector St.

MAN who knows how to see, hear and keep quiet, who knows how and when to talk; college graduate, good appearance and personality, wants connection. E 304 Times.

MAN, 28, selling experience, would like to connect with a commercial manufacturer as side man. L 208 Times.

MECHANICAL EXPERT, specialist on difficult problems, designs and details, wishes position where results count. E 347 Times.

MECHANIC, age 25, automobiles, machine shop experience. B 991 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MAN—Position of trust; age 35; single; 17 years' experience in large manufacturing plant; paymaster and assistant to factory accountant for last 6 years, thorough knowledge of payroll work, material and labor, distribution indirect and direct labor, &c.; have handled large sums of money; capable of supervising male and female help; best of references. X 2207 Times Annex.

OFFICE MAN, young married man, age 28, good correspondent, general office routine; salary no object. A. V. Brandon, 780 Oakland Place. Telephone Fordham 6864.

PHYSICIAN.

Experienced physician, medicine and surgery, desires to affiliate himself with large concern, part or full time in New York; graduate of N. Y. medical school; recent connection with two of the largest New York hospitals in the capacity of house physician and house surgeon on the medical, surgical and specialty staffs; licensed; practice in New York State; highest references. B 579 Times.

PURCHASING AGENT—Young man, 28, with 7 years' experience buying hardware, machinery, electrical, mill and factory supplies; available within 1 week. C 602 Times Downtown.

REPRESENTATIVE — Automobile insurance underwriter, familiar with Southwest, to represent insurance company or automobile finance corporation. C 137 Times.

SALES MANAGER, having considerable force of tobacco salesmen under his direction and now obtaining successful results in the West, seeks position in which his knowledge of the trade and extended experience will enable him to prove his fitness for larger achievements; advertiser is ambitious, forceful and fearless of obstacles and capable of exercising executive powers in any great business enterprise. Address Aspiring, Box S 1063 Times Annex.

SALES MANAGER—College graduate, young man, several years' business experience, employed at present assistant sales manager export house, excellent recommendations, desires position in some or similar capacity where ambition has larger field. C 320 Times.

SALESMAN—Importers, manufacturers and commission agents; city salesman, well known to the trade, wants A1 high-class line, novelties, toilet ivory, art needle embroidery or beaded bags, foreign or domestic; on commission. C 136 Times.

SALESMAN, commercial stationery; experienced, references, wants connections; commission or salary basis. Address Commercial, K 826 Times Downtown.

SALES ENGINEER with selling, technical experience; now employed as salesman; highest references; salary and commission. B 594 Times.

SALESMAN, SILK—Young man with good city trade in tie silks, thoroughly experienced and highest references. M. M., 690 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, married, 30 years old, 10 years' experience, will show results with any staple line with jobber for city and vicinity. K 817 Times.

SALESMAN, tires, employed, seeks change; consider accessory position; car. C 136 Times.

SALESMAN, 30, desires to make change; best references furnished. D 251 Times.

SALESMAN with car; carry good line merchandise. G., 1,318 Chisholm St., Bronx.

SECRETARY, executive ability, 9 years' comprehensive experience, stenographic, sales, correspondence, &c.; knowledge accounting; manager small concern. C 601 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-Stenographer-Bookkeeper, familiar with real estate and finance; many years' experience; $40. A 991 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, IMPORT-EXPORT; THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED EUROPE. K 866 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 25, five years' experience, desires position. L 717 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, 35, married, 12 years' experience, commercial export, domestic, thoroughly familiar railroads, steamship lines, seeks position with reliable concern; take entire charge; A1 references; $40. Kourii, 822 East 135th.

STENOGRAPHER—Engineering student, 5 years' stenographic experience, desires position with engineering or manufacturing concern. L 700 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 19, two years' experience; high school graduate; energetic, capable and well recommended. C 655 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER (20), secretary, assistant, high school graduate; knowledge bookkeeping; Spanish; experienced; expert; sterling references. C 838 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, Young man, thoroughly reliable, executive ability. H 606 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 23, 5 years' experience; competent, reliable; $25. G 854 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish, active and ambitious, wants to start. A 971 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent, varied experience, rapid; references; character; initiative. C 338 Times.

STEWARD, 6 years last position, best references in every respect, open for engagement. B., 576 East 170th St.

STEWARD, high class; A1 references, presently in charge first-class apartment house, open for engagement. C 359 Times.

TIMESTUDY MAN, experienced in scientific production; $70. Q., 416 Arbuckle Bldg., Brooklyn.

TRAFFIC EXPERT and attorney, with 20 years' experience handling matters and interstate commerce procedure, would negotiate with corporations; &c. X 2160 Times Annex.

TRAFFIC MAN—25 years' railroad experience, desires position as traffic manager; also operating experience. K 347 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, desires to connect with a mercantile concern; has a knowledge of stenography and typewriting and has performed in various other office capacities; at present handling correspondence and assistant to head of department. E 313 Times.

YOUNG MAN, technically trained, who thoroughly understands the automobile business in all its aspects, desires position with reputable concern as salesman or service manager. Swenson, 18 Turner Place, Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 21, neat appearance, hard worker, willing, has ability, desires position with commercial concern; employed at present; wishes to make change. Box 85, 624 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 27, experienced in insurance and party real estate, would like to connect with a commercial house. K 827 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, Commercial High School graduate, knowledge of typewriting, stenography and bookkeeping, will do other work desired. H 896 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23, well educated, neat appearance, ability and initiative, desires responsible position; selling experience. B 31 Times.

YOUNG man, accountancy student, knowledge of typewriting, desires position with reliable firm or accountant; willing to start at bottom. L 696 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, thoroughly experienced bank clerk, in paying or receiving teller's department; best references. K 877 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, evening college student, desires position at anything chance for good future, or to learn cutting in good line. G 476 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, bookkeeping experience, desires office position where advancement is assured; salary $21. C 839 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 24, high school graduate, accounting knowledge, experienced in perpetual inventory, inside salesman. C 848 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, ex-soldier, intelligent, practical experience inside, wishes to connect with reliable concern; best reference. J. G., 30 East 20th St., Room 406.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school graduate, knowledge of bookkeeping, stenography, typewriting and general office work, desires position. Telephone Lenox 7167.

YOUNG MAN, 20, thoroughly experienced boys' wash suits, wishes position as all around man; has been on road; best references. C 850 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate (24); personality; willing to start bottom, learn business; salary secondary. A 980 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 20, 3 years' experience stock and shipping, desires any position requiring ability. C 846 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, industrious, 5 years' office experience, desires connection at anything where ability is rewarded. D 234 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school graduate, two years' business experience desires position with future. C 801 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, experienced office detail worker, order clerk, entry and follow-up, wishes position; salary $25. D 238 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 27, energetic, selling experience hosiery line, desires connection any line, inside or outside. C 93 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school graduate, ambitious, wishes to connect with reliable firm. C 831 Times.

YOUNG MAN—Four years' experience export business desires position where merit and ability are recognized. E 340 Times.

YOUNG MAN, investigator, wants work anywhere. Box 81, 824 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 17, as office assistant with good company; splendid references; salary $17 weekly. A 916 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN desires position that has future; 4 years' experience ladies' neckwear line. A 914 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires position; 2½ years' office experience. D 586 Times.

YOUNG MAN—Can shoulder responsibility; willing and energetic. B 3 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires position with reliable house, advancement. C 133 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, clerical work, typist, desires position. C 644 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18, ambitious, desires position with future. C 844 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN (21) desires position with advancement; A1 reference. E 368 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, experienced correspondent and ledger clerk; capable. C 127 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ADVERTISING BRAINS TO LET!

What want to hire exceptional advertising and sales experience and ability.

I want to talk with the sales executive of some large concern or advertising agency who needs a man of broad views and organizing and executive ability; proficient in the planning and conduct of national sales campaigns supported by efficient advertising.

I am old enough to carry large responsibilities completely and young enough to provide ample enthusiasm and energy and earn substantial profits for my employer on a high salary.

The minimum that will interest me is $12,000 per year, which is considerably less than I have recently received. Under favorable conditions I can earn twice that sum. Am employed in New York, but seek a larger opportunity. Highest-class references available as to ability and character. S 394 Times.

ADVERTISING.

Young woman stenographer and typist in research department of prominent advertising agency; must be capable, dependable, alert, able to think for herself; state age, education, experience, and salary desired to R. S. H., Box 40, Postal Station F, N. Y. C. Give telephone number.

ART STUDENT for water color work. Newman Art Co., 8 East 13th St.

ASSISTANT MILLINERY BUYER.

BRAGER OF BALTIMORE requires at once a thoroughly experienced, capable and aggressive woman of pleasing personality as assistant to buyer of millinery; attractive salary; splendid opportunity. X 2212 Times Annex.

ATTENDANT in dispensary; experience unnecessary; hours 12:30 to 5:30; $6 weekly. Call 231 East 57th.

BILL CLERK,

young lady; printing business; state experience and salary expected. B. A., 97 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant and typist, wanted at once in uptown west side office; congenial surroundings, pleasant light office and pleasant opportunities for rapid advancement; free medical care in case of illness. Apply in own handwriting to general office manager. L. Wertheimer Dept. Store, Inc., 627 West 181st.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT and Stenographer, at least 2 years' experience necessary; able to take monthly trial balance. Apply in own handwriting stating age, experience, references and salary expected. L. 202 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, COMPETENT, WITH EXPERIENCE IN TEXTILE LINE, CAPABLE OF ASSUMING FULL CHARGE OF ACCOUNTING DEPARTMENT; STATE FULL PARTICULARS IN REPLY. BOX 1. S., 209 CABLE BLDG.

BOOKKEEPER—Young lady, knowledge of stenography; one familiar with lumber business preferred; write, stating experience, reference, and salary expected. J. Fildman & Son, 96 Engert, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER—Must understand controlling accounts; good position with progressive house; apply in own handwriting, stating references, experience and salary expected. W 792 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN CONTROLLING ACCOUNTS OF LARGE SILK BUSINESS; MUST BE ACCURATE AND EFFICIENT. LE ROY SILK MILLS, 130 MADISON AV.

BOOKKEEPER, ASSISTANT, and stenographer; experienced in wholesale men's clothing line preferred. Apply H. G. Samuels Co., 715 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer wanted; good position for one with experience. Apply between 11 and 1, Dana T. Bennet Co., 250 West 54th St.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, accurate, good penman; must be able to handle complete set of books. A. M. Simon & Co., 350 West 38th St.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, competent and reliable wanted by cotton goods house; bring references. Fenduck-Rush Co., 11 West 20th St.

BOOKKEEPER AND TYPIST for sales ledger, good penman, high school graduate, for office in Newark. Call or write E. V. C., Room 1501, 220 5th Av., New York City.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced

Classified Advertising Rates.

The New York Times

Rate six words to an agate line. For Agate (Minimum space two lines.) Line. (Box numbers counted as four words.)

Agents Wanted..... 60c
Apartments to Let and Wanted..... 35c
Automobile Exchange..... 60c
Boarders and Board Wanted..... 45c
Country Board..... 55c
Employment Agencies..... 65c
For Sale..... 60c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted... 45c
Help Wanted..... 60c
Lost and Found (Sunday 60c)..... 55c
Mortgage Loans..... 60c
Real Estate, &c..... 35c
Situations Wanted..... 40c

For Word.

Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 20c) 12c
Buyers' Wants..... 13c

For insertion in the Sunday edition, Real Estate display, Automobile Exchange, and Business Opportunity advertisements must be received in the Times Building by 6 P. M. Friday; other classified announcements by 12 o'clock noon, Saturday.

For insertion in the early edition, classified advertisements must be received by 3 P. M. on day preceding insertion.

HELP WANTED—Female.

YOUNG LADY wanted for steady and good prospective position as bookkeeper and office manager in electrical concern. Write stating full particulars. W 1207 Times Bronx.

YOUNG LADIES, inexperienced, desired; easy work and hours; pay $45 monthly; chance for increase. Room 410, Buick Building, 1,737 Broadway, New York.

YOUNG LADY, all around worker; must be expert marcel waver and manicurist. Careline, Hairdresser, 152 West 45th St.; Bryant 3220.

YOUNG WOMEN (2), ONE TO HELP FORELADY IN NOVELTY DEPARTMENT AND DO CALCULATING, OTHER FOR COST WORK; MUST BE EXPERIENCED IN FIGURING. CAMPBELL METZGER JA-MAN MFG. CO., 14 EAST 22D.

YOUNG WOMEN—A leading downtown establishment has an opening for several young women as salespersons; salary $14 a week to start; opportunity for advancement; congenial surroundings. Address W 772 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMEN, not under 18, for positions as clerks and file clerks; experience unnecessary; good chance for advancement. Address F. O. Box 325, City Hall Sta., N. Y.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted, aged about 35; position forewoman modern plant employing 150 girls; state experience and references. W 74 Times.

YOUNG WOMEN FOR PARCEL WRAPPING AND STOCK WORK; EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY. AT WANAMAKER'S. APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

Instruction.

HOW TO GET A POSITION YOU'LL BE PROUD OF.

In one month we will prepare you for a good position as file clerk and place you. You'll know thoroughly all up-to-date filing systems, indexing, cataloging, &c. You'll enjoy pay and real responsibility. Come in and talk it over. Classes now forming. Write for catalog.

NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FILING,
128 West 42d St. Phone Bryant 6619.

COME ANY MINUTE after 5 P. M., for secretarial, bookkeeping, English, accounting courses; telephone Beekman 3726. Night, day. Bookkeeping Drake Business School, Tribune Bldg.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING. PRATT SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST. Registered by Board of Regents; individual instruction; must be over 18 years old; advanced registration and references required.

STENOGRAPHERS AND SECRETARIES in great demand; special Summer rates; start May 17, day or evening; free trial lessons; only 30 days. Koon's School, 50 East 42d St. Phone Vanderbilt 3869.

Employment Agencies.

Established 1897.
Gahagan Agency, 256 Broadway.
F. M. I. King, Manager.
22 years' experience placing highgrade people to their own satisfaction; stenographers, legal, brokerage, export, insurance, automobile, engineering, advertising, railroad, steamship, &c., $20-$30; also bookkeepers, typists, assistant bookkeepers, bill clerks, switchboard operators, file clerks, office assistants at exceptionally high salaries. No Registration Fee. Call or write.

FULTON STENOGRAPHIC AGENCY
92 Nassau St. Free Registration.
STENOGRAPHERS, $16-$18
STENOGRAPHERS, legal, $18-$25
STENOGRAPHERS (Spanish), $20-$25
TYPISTS, CLERKS, $15-$15
BOOKKEEPERS, SWITCHBOARDS.

JUPP AGENCY.
NEW ADDRESS 32 NASSAU.
EST. 1890. FREE REGISTRATION.
Stenographers, hundreds publishing, railroad, missionary society, law, commercial, &c.; typists, dozens insurance, brokerage, &c.; numerous clerks; good salaries.

LAMB'S AGENCY.
Free Registration. 111 Nassau St.
STENOGRAPHERS, $15-$23
TYPISTS. OTHER OPENINGS.

SECRETARIES, STENOGRAPHERS, TYPISTS ($20-$40)
MISS MILLROY, FOREIGN SERVICE (AGENCY), 1 WEST 46TH ST.

HERBERT AGENCY,
489 5th Av., Opposite Library.
Positions for efficient office workers.

STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS — Numerous positions, free registration. Van Eyn Agency, 1 West 34th.

SECURITY EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
51 EAST 42D STREET.
OFFICE POSITIONS OPEN

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
200 Broadway, Room 209.
Many excellent positions. Call immediately.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT—EXPERIENCED IN COST AND GENERAL ACCOUNTING; MUST POSSESS ABILITY TO DO INDEPENDENT WORK; STATE TECHNICAL EDUCATION, PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. T 348 TIMES.

ACCOUNTANT—C. P. A. only, for special work evenings. A 979 Times Harlem.

ADVERTISING SALESMAN.

Do not apply unless you have had two years' experience selling display advertising; there's a place on our sales staff for an advertising salesman who cannot afford to earn less than $100 weekly; ours is a morning trade daily, devoted to the women's apparel industry; a salesman's earnings are practically limited only by his ability to sell space; leads furnished; liberal commission with drawing account if you can qualify. See Mr. Shaw, Advertising Manager, Daily Garment News, 231 5th Av., Room 1190 Broadway.

ARTIST—Commercial, all-around man for mechanical retouching and designing. New Jersey Engraving Co., 48 Mechanic St., Newark, N. J.

ARTIST—Adv. layout man, designer and letterer; steady work for real producer. Higgins & Low, 251 Broadway.

ASSEMBLERS on telephone work. Apply Dictograph Products Corp., Rockaway Road and Beaufort St., Jamaica, L. I.

ASSISTANT.

Man of about 28 years to take charge of mail and messenger service of prominent advertising agency; preferably interested in office work; pleasant, magnetic personality, alert, well-balanced, able to thrive under responsibility and develop. State age, education, experience and salary desired to A. S. T., Box 40, Postal Station F, New York City. Give telephone number.

ASSISTANT to import manager; must be good at figures and acquainted with the importation of coffee, hides, &c.; one with some experience in placing orders with manufacturer preferred; state age and particulars. W 796 Times Downtown.

BLACKSMITH on commercial auto bodies and wagon repairs; 48-hour-week shop. Kipp Wagon, 222 East 24th.

BODY MEN—First-class body builders and sample body men. X 2171 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER

on contractor's ledger of large cloak and suit house; must be thoroughly experienced; apply by mail only, giving details and references.

JACOB SPERBER,
20 WEST 33D ST.

BOOKKEEPER WANTED

in retail jewelry store on charge ledger; $23 to start with advancement if merited; must be rapid, accurate, a good writer and familiar with trial balances; state age, previous experience and references. Address Castle, T 809 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—Between 25 and 30 years of age, who has had practical experience on a purchase ledger; must have a thorough understanding of double-entry bookkeeping; give experience and salary expected. C 858 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced in office large steamship company, willing and conscientious worker; replies should state age, education, experience and salary desired. C 650 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, take charge of small office and correspondence; under 30 years; experience and best reference need apply; state salary expected. W 756 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER accurate; must be experienced in all branches of bookkeeping; one formerly employed with retail furniture house preferred; give age, salary and references. S 900 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, export experience; moderate salary; splendid opportunity for advancement; give full particulars. W 836 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and office manager in electrical concern; young man wanted for steady and good prospective position. Write, stating full particulars, W 1808 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPERS on individual bank ledgers; $110 a month; must have experience, personality for advancement. W 804 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced. Apply Pinehurst Garage, 154 East 70th St.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT, single, for Mitchell sedan; careful driver, neat, obliging, courteous; references required; $30 weekly. Apply full particulars by letter only, and give phone number to Apt. 4 North, 2,612 Broadway.

CHIEF DRAFTSMAN,

thorough knowledge of small machine parts; capable of assigning new conditions; give all necessary information, including salary desired, religion, age and education. V 680 Times Downtown.

CLERK, EXPERIENCED.

Good all around knowledge of general office work; ernest, industrious workers wanted in large organization where there is opportunity for advancement; good handwriting essential; no attention paid to replies not stating experience, education, age and salary expected. R. C., 627 Times Downtown.

CLERK—Young man, preferably with some knowledge of bookkeeping, in accounting department of large manufacturing concern; fine chance for advancement; state age, salary, experience, religion. C 643 Times Downtown.

CLERK or manager collection department for busy law office; legal experience desirable but not essential. State qualifications and salary to start. C 617 Times Downtown.

CLERK—Young man, preferably with a knowledge typewriting and bookkeeping in large publishing house; state experience and salary desired. S 1012 Times Annex.

COUPLE, white or colored, cook and man to wait on table and work in house and outside; family of two and two children; house half mile from town centre, Greenwich, Conn. Telephone E. R. Newell, 2 Rector St., New York.

DESIGNER AND PATTERN MAKER, experienced on fine silk waists; permanent position for right party. Write K. C., 200 Cable Building.

DESIGNERS, detailers, interiors, woodwork and furniture; experienced men only; strictly confidential. Address, giving full particulars, C 804 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, WITH ONE OR TWO YEARS' EXPERIENCE, FOR CAGULATING WORTHINGTON PUMPS; PERMANENT POSITION ELEVATOR SUPPLY CO., 16TH ST. AND WILLOW AV., HOBOKEN, N. J.

DRAFTSMEN, mechanical, structural, with experience in copper smelters; give full particulars of experience, age and nationality in first letter. Engineering Department, The International Nickel Company of Canada, Ltd., Copper Cliff, Ontario.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, first-class man experienced in power plant design; technical graduate preferred; state age, experience and salary desired. S 845 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN—Young man, preferably between the ages 18 and 20, as tracer in engineering office; salary $15. Apply Room 603, 20 Church St., New York City.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, experienced. Call 9 A. M., Architect, 4,168 Park Av., Bronx.

DRAFTSMAN AND ESTIMATOR for steam and plumbing contracting and construction work. 111 Times.

DRAFTSMAN and detailer on store fixtures; good position for right man. W 96 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, map, Robertson, 161 West 10th St.

DROP FORGERS, wanted for board drop hammers; our men are averaging from $75 to $100 per week; steady work all year round. Apply Endicott Forging & Mfg. Co., Endicott, N. Y.

EDITORIAL WRITER, with makeup experience for country weekly; one whose tastes tell all about yourself in letter and salary expected. Address "O. L.," P. O. Box 852, City Hall Station, New York City.

ELECTRICIANS.

Experienced men for generating and substation construction work; state age, experience, nationality, wages expected and previous employers. V 718 Times Downtown.

ELECTRICIANS; armature winders and commutator repair men wanted; first-class men only. Chas. A. Borne & Co., 37 Wooster St.

ELEVATOR OPERATOR for freight elevator; good opportunity. Apply Mr. Kadish, Times Square Auto Supply Co., Broadway and 56th St.

ENGRAVERS AND TRIMMERS, photo engraving. Robert Gair Co., foot Washington St., Brooklyn.

ERRAND BOY wanted; chance for advancement; laces and novelties. Greenfield & Kallman, 3 East 17th.

FEEDERS—Jobbing press feeders; first-class only; steady work. Apply at once. S 988 Times Downtown.

HOUSEMAN (WHITE), EXPERIENCED, WANTED BY W. & J. SLOANE FOR CLEANING WORK ON 8-HOUR DAY BUSINESS BASIS; YOUR EVENINGS AND SUNDAYS ARE YOUR OWN; $22 WEEK TO START. CALL AFTER 10 A. M. 6 EAST 47TH.

ILLUSTRATOR wanted, first class, all around; specially figure work; good salary and opening to build up business at your own in Richmond. Apply Freeman Advertising Agency, Richmond, Va., stating qualifications.

LACE SALESMEN, out of town, calling on retail trade, to handle side line of real laces; all territories; commission. T 355 Times.

LITHO PRESSMEN.

We have vacancies for several A1 pressmen on both rotary and flatbed tin printing presses; permanent positions; first-class working conditions. Write or call, Employment Department, Crown Cork and Seal Company, Baltimore, Md.

LUMBER INSPECTOR, hard wood; handle men; state references. D. S., 297 Times.

MAGAZINE EDITORIAL WRITER and makeup man must have had experience; please be explicit in first letter. Address P. K., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

MANAGER

For factory cafeterias; must have executive ability and be able to run business on strictly business basis; state experience in full and give references by wire or letter. The Cleveland Cafeteria Co., short hours; pleasant surroundings; free luncheons provided. Apply between 9 and 4:30 o'clock, Room 5033, 1 Madison Av.

MANAGER,

to take full charge of store; must possess experience in underwear and infants' line; good opportunity for right party; answer by letter, stating age, salary and experience. I. Berger, Broadway at 146th St.

MANUFACTURING DRUGGIST.

The makers of a line of drugs and medicines with national distribution are erecting a second plant and need an experienced manufacturing druggist to take charge of the manufacturing department in one plant; this man must have a thorough knowledge of pharmaceutical preparations, pills, tablets, capsules, coatings, &c.; broad actual experience, ideas, executive ability, energy and initiative, and will be paid accordingly; give age, education, experience, references, salary expected, in first letter; all correspondence strictly confidential. X 2080 Times Annex.

MAN OF SUFFICIENT EXPERIENCE TO MANAGE A FACTORY OFFICE; ONE EXPERIENCED IN PIANO MANUFACTURING PREFERRED, BUT THIS IS NOT ESSENTIAL; MUST BE FAMILIAR WITH CONTROL OF ACCOUNTS AND COSTS; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED. T 340 Times.

MAN wanted, about 35, to handle payroll and employ help in old established manufacturing business; steady position offered; state experience and give references in full. W 75 Times.

MAN wanted by city club, who can run ice machine and can have permit; good wages and meals supplied; first-class references required. E 350 Times.

MAN wanted to solicit and arrange theatre parties. Write, giving qualifications and salary expected, T 354 Times.

MAN wanted, capable, for departmental work, good future, in manufacturing plant. C. H. Brown, 202 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

MEN.

Laborers, porters, stockmen, huskies, watchmen. Charles Williani Stores, 25 Washington St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

MILLING MACHINE HANDS.

EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR MEN WHO CAN SET UP THEIR OWN WORK. 44-HOUR SHOP WITH ALL MODERN DIVISIONS; 8-HOUR DAY. IN PRODUCTION DEPARTMENT; WILL BE REQUIRED TO WORK FROM BLUE PRINTS. APPLY 8:30 TO 3.

MERGENTHALER LINOTYPE CO., PARK AV. AND HALL ST., BROOKLYN.

NIGHT CLERKS wanted by large New York bank; opportunity for advancement. W 609 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY—Young man in office of large oil company; good chances of advancement; certain qualifications, experience, religion; salary to start $60 per month. V 688 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOYS in office of large insurance company; good chance for advancement to higher positions. Address P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, N. Y.

OFFICE BOY—Bright, neat, about 17; jewelry house; must live with parents; furnish highest references. Call after 9, Room 400, 6 Maiden Lane.

OFFICE BOY wanted by large real estate concern; congenial surroundings; good hours; opportunity for advancement. Apply Room 1102, 527 Fifth Av.

ORDER CLERK to select goods from stock; 40½ cents hourly for first two weeks, then advance to 46¼ cents hourly if satisfactory; 48-hour week. Liliane & Grojean, Atlantic and Woodhaven Avs., Woodhaven, L. I.

PACKERS experienced in automobile accessories. Apply Mr. Kadish, Times Square Auto Supply Co., Broadway and 56th.

PACKER to take charge of shipping room, metal lamps. W 737 Times Downtown.

PAYROLL CLERK,

thorough knowledge of work, also turnover report; must have had experience in cooperating with employment department under modern methods; give all necessary information, including salary desired, age, religion. C 670 Times Downtown.

PHOTOSTAT OPERATOR.

Man, experienced, willing to work on night shift. Apply Western Electric Co., Inc., Employment Dept., 57 Bethune St., near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

PORTRAIT PAINTER, who has made successful portraits of many social, business and professional leaders in New York and elsewhere, needs the assistance of a man or woman with wide social acquaintance who will obtain sittings; more than one artist's social position makes the personal solicitation of commissions impracticable; the social standing of the person giving the required service would in no way be jeopardized. X 2019 Times Annex.

PORTER AND PACKER, WHOLESALE DRY GOODS HOUSE; MUST HAVE EXPERIENCE AND BE ABLE TO FURNISH FIRST-CLASS REFERENCES. HERRMAN STERNBACH, 23 EAST 20TH ST.

PORTER—STEADY WORK AND GOOD SALARY. APPLY AUDUBON THEATRE, 165TH ST. AND BROADWAY.

PRESSMAN, cylinder, to take charge; splendid opening for first-class man; permanent and good salary. S 950 Times Downtown.

PRESSMAN, job; must be first-class; permanent, with good future. S 960 Times Downtown.

PROVERS, photo engraving color. Robert Gair Co., foot of Washington St., Brooklyn.

RECEIVING AND STOCK CLERK, capable and intelligent man; one familiar with details of transportation practice preferred. Address or call Manufacturers Can Co., 1st and Essex St., Harrison, N. J.

SALESMEN.

WE HAVE SEVERAL UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITIES IN OUR SALES ORGANIZATION FOR MEN WHO POSSESS SELLING ABILITY; THIS COMPANY IS A NATIONALLY KNOWN CORPORATION AND MEN ARE MAKING UNUSUALLY LARGE INCOMES, WHICH ARE LIMITED ONLY BY THEIR ABILITY AND EARNESTNESS; WE HAVE SEVERAL DISTRICTS OPEN IN NEW YORK; THE BEST TIME FOR OUR BUSINESS IS MANUFACTURING THE NEW ERA CHECK WRITER; OUR MEN ARE PAID ON A LIBERAL COMMISSION BASIS, AND MEN WHO MAKE GOOD A PERMANENT POSITION WITH GOOD INCOME AND SPLENDID FUTURE IS ASSURED. SEE OUR MR. PANSLOW, AFTER 10 A. M., 450 4TH AV., 8TH FLOOR.

SALESMAN.

Wanted—An experienced salesman, with a record that will warrant his connection with established manufacturer of highest grade of electro therapeutic apparatus. The right man will find this an opportunity of permanent value, offering excellent prospects for both present and future; compensation is strictly commission, with drawing account at start if required. We prefer a man between the ages of 30 and 40, and will not consider any letters that do not furnish information as follows: Age, years in business, married or single, nationality, religion, territory covered and compensation desired. Address, Permanent, X 2100 Times Annex.

SALESMEN—BANKING STOCK.

REFUTABLE INVESTMENT HOUSE, SELLING A GENUINE BANKING SECURITY, WILL TRAIN THREE CLEAN-CUT MEN BETWEEN THE AGE OF 25 AND 40; THEY MUST BE AMBITIOUS LIVE WIRES AND FULL OF ENERGY; EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY; START IN TWO DAYS; OUR CO-OPERATION AND TRAINING WILL ENABLE YOU TO EARN FROM $5,000 TO $10,000 PER ANNUM ON A COMMISSION BASIS. CALL AT UPTOWN BRANCH, MR. MARTIN, ROOM 707, NO. 18 EAST 40TH ST.

SALESMEN—BOND.

An opportunity is offered two or three experienced security salesmen to handle a high-grade established dividend-paying investment stock on an exceptionally attractive commission basis; the issue is one which may be offered with confidence to discriminating investors, and we want good high-grade men to present it; in applying give experience and references. W 780 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN—TWO MEN FOR CITY OR ROAD, TO REPRESENT A WELL-ESTABLISHED CORPORATION, SELLING GOVERNMENT-COMPILED INFORMATION; LEADS FURNISHED; GOOD COMMISSION AND BONUS AND EXPENSES. APPLY 1 TO WEST 36TH ST. 6TH FLOOR, AND SEE MR. RUNEY.

SALESMAN WITH ESTABLISHED TRADE WANTED FOR VARIOUS TERRITORY TO SELL POPULAR LINE OF HOSIERY ON COMMISSION BASIS; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR LIVE WIRE; STATE FULL PARTICULARS AND TERRITORY YOU COVER IN FIRST LETTER. ENCORE HOSIERY CO., 906 BROADWAY.

SALESMEN, BRIGHT, WANTED FOR NEW UPTOWN OFFICE; MUST BE EXPERIENCED IN SILKS OR DRY GOODS LINE; AGE 25 OR OVER; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR HUSTLERS; WRITTEN APPLICATION WITH REFERENCES; SALARY OR COMMISSION. KUHARA TRADING CO., IMPORTERS, 471 4TH AV.

SALESMAN—Experienced leather goods, for Middle West, to call on jobbers and large department stores with a good line of ladies' leather belts; salary and commission; only those with good following need apply; exceptional opportunity to the right man; progressive manufacturer. W 156 Times.

SALESMEN,

well acquainted with high-class gent's furnishing retailers and department stores to handle high-grade line knitted goods on commission; New York City and out-of-town. Phone for appointment. F. Franklin 4213. The Seato Trading Co., Inc., 396 Broadway.

SALESMEN wanted by firm enlarging their field; must have established trade in all tools and supplies, including taps, dies, milling cutters and emery wheels used by machine shops; commission with drawing account. Phone Franklin 3736. Ask for Mr. Severy.

SALESMEN, high class, with experience in real laces, for city and other territories; drawing account and commission; good proposition for right man; apply by mail only; give references. Real Lace and Embroidery Co., 366 5th Av.

SALESMAN—A man who is capable of selling a medium and high grade line of ladies' handbags throughout the Southern territory to represent a well established concern; an excellent opportunity for a capable man; commission. E 342 Times.

SALESMAN — EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR CONSCIENTIOUS, HARD-WORKING SPECIALTY SALESMAN; SALARY AND COMMISSION. AMERICAN CAN CO., ADDING MACHINE AND TYPEWRITER DIVISION, 305 BROADWAY.

SALESMAN, experienced, live wire, to sell human hair goods, hair nets, manicuring articles and stores, hair dressers; good proposition to the right man; commission and drawing account. High Grade Hair Co., 872 Broadway.

SALESMAN can make connections with electrical corporation; excellent opportunity to become district manager; salary and commission. Call Mr. Chaves, Flatbush 5461 for appointment.

SALESMAN, man who calls on dry goods and department stores in South, Middle West and West, to carry our cotton goods as side line on commission basis. Edward Korn & Co., 594 Broadway.

SALESMAN

to cover offices and department stores; only good reliable men need apply; good chance for live wire; commission basis. McAlpin Dress Co., 303 5th Av.

SALESMAN, popular-priced line of house dresses, aprons and bath robes, various territories; only those with following need apply; commission. Criterion Specialty, 20 West 22d St.

Salesmen, motor trucks, experienced men, with good record, have opportunity with reliable concern; commission basis; ALL APPOINTMENTS TREATED STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. W 55 Times.

SALESMEN

with large following for excellent line of silk underwear; strictly commission basis; in writing mention territory covered. Box 330, 1,626 St. James Bldg.

SALESMAN, young Italian, experienced in grocery line, for New York; drawing account against commission. Kleckner, 253 Pearl St.

SALESMAN, experienced, who understands the display fixture business; salary plus commission arrangement. Write in detail to Charles Frankel, 1,146 Broadway.

SALESMAN

to sell children's dresses to retail trade as side line; big opportunity; commission basis. Write Harry Brand, 218 East 41st.

SALESMAN of personality and ability for a high-class sales proposition; automobile experience desirable but not essential; drawing account against commission. L 161 Times.

SALESMAN to carry as a side line veiling and hair nets on commission for New England and New York State; will pay full line of samples. Address, W 155 Times.

SALESMEN—Experience unnecessary; sell nitrogen and tungsten lamps; biggest commissions. Paragon Electric Co., 329 East 5th St.

SALESMEN—Ten live wires to sell janitor and hospital supplies; salary or commission. Call Monday all day, or write American Sanitary Supply Co., 165 7th Av.

SALESMAN to solicit advertising for a national magazine; salary and commission to producers. Call 57 5th Av.

SALESMAN—EXTRA SALESMAN FOR SATURDAYS. WALLACH BROS., 3D AV., CORNER 122D ST.

SALESMEN—Men's hats, retail; part or full time. Apply after 8:30; Salary. Young's Hats, 605 Broadway.

SALESMEN, to carry side line of fancy handkerchiefs; all territories; out of town; commission. T 356 Times.

SALESMAN—Experienced, to sell infants' wear to jobbers only in cities; commission. S 997 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, to sell leather brief cases as side line for out of town; strictly commission basis. S 962 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN on silk shirts; good opportunity for experienced man; commission. W 618 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, capable, by concern specializing in silk shirts; commission basis. B. K., 318 Times.

SALESMAN for dolls; commission; give full details experience, &c., first letter. X 2213 Times Annex.

SALESMEN to sell tires; liberal commission. Atex Tire Co., 1,476 Broadway.

SALES MANAGER wanted by large firm making high-grade line of rubber clothing; one who is capable of getting results and promoting sales to best trade; tell us what you know; all correspondence absolutely confidential. X 2206 Times Annex.

SALES MANAGER, capable of placing men in every State of the Union for clothing and suit house; commission basis. S. C., 295 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, with some knowledge of Spanish, for position as secretary-manager American oil company in Tampico, Mexico; state past experience, extent of knowledge of Spanish; position offers advancement to a live wire; salary, $200, board and lodging, per month; transportation to Tampico paid by company. Reply W 607 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY to sales manager; an expert stenographer, having thorough experience in follow-up system work, capable taking full charge of details; unusual opening. W 162 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK.

Bright, energetic young man, married preferred; must have shipping experience; also a good general knowledge of local shipping conditions; good opening for right man; state full particulars. S 983 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, thoroughly experienced, with first-class reference, to take charge of shipping department of manufacturer of hardware. Call or write Parker Supply Co., 785 East 135th St.

SHIPPING CLERK, WITH RETAIL EXPERIENCE PREFERRED. WALLACH BROS., 3D AV., CORNER 122D ST.

SHIPPING CLERK, experienced, wanted. Azizi Hermanos, 34 Walker St.

SHOE SALESMEN.

We have excellent permanent positions for experienced and capable shoe men. Adler Shoes, 215 West 125th.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish-English, for downtown firm; only those thoroughly experienced and efficient need apply; salary, $40 to $50; state fully past experience. Box 752, City Hall Station. C 824 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, conversant with dry goods commission business; easy hours and liberal salary. Answer C 162 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND CLERICAL ASSISTANT for general office duties; fair salary. Apply 651 Hudson St.

STEWARD'S ASSISTANT for a hotel in an out-of-town city, wanted for clerical work; position permanent; state age, experience and references in first letter; salary $75 per month and meals. X 2152 Times Annex.

STOCK CLERK.

Energetic young man with first-class references; excellent opportunity for advancement. Claeiz-Peabody & Co., 355 4th Av.

STOCK SALESMAN to sell industrial preferred stock, with bonus of common; earnings very large. X 2154 Times Annex.

STOREKEEPER.

Middle-aged man to take charge of stock and stock records; steady position; $20. Williams Printing Co., 11th Av. and 36th St., 7th floor.

SUPERINTENDENT for oil plant; one familiar with testing of oils and blending; man of executive ability and capable of handling efficiency in various departments and superintend in a general way. S 963 Times Downtown.

TIMEKEEPER AND COST MAN FOR LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN; MUST BE THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR WITH GANTT SYSTEM OF TIMEKEEPING AND UNDERSTAND BASIC PRINCIPLES OF COST FINDING IN RELATION TO PRODUCTION; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT MAN; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, NATIONALITY, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. ADDRESS Y. K., BOX 46, LONG ISLAND CITY.

TOOL DESIGNER.

thoroughly familiar with layouts for interchangeable parts and developments; state experience, salary, religion and any information which bears upon your work. V 976 Times Downtown.

TRAFFIC OPPORTUNITY.

Large commercial house has openings for GENERAL TRAFFIC MAN, experienced in general traffic matters; excellent opportunity for young man to advance; CLAIM CORRESPONDENT, experienced in railroad and commercial claims preferred; JUNIOR TRACING CLERKS, tracing experience preferred; in reply state experience in full, age, salary expected and last employer, otherwise no attention paid to answer. T. C., 642 Times Downtown.

TYPIST with Christian firm; good prospects for advancement; state experience and salary desired. W 602 Times Downtown.

WATCHMAKER wanted; $50 per week; regular position; good shop; good prices; clean work; 50 per cent. basis if preferred; location, one of the finest Southern cities, 80,000 population. E 355 Times.

WINDOW TRIMMER wants names of several men who have opportunity to arrange windows at their leisure. W 158 Times.

WINDOW TRIMMER and Salesman wanted, only experienced need apply. A. J. Pincus, 7,410 5th Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MEN, 20 TO 25; WHOLESALE HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR AND DRY GOODS HOUSE HAS AN EXCEPTIONAL OPENING FOR ONE THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN CALLING BACK ORDERS; ONLY THOSE FAMILIAR WITH THIS LINE OF WORK NEED APPLY; STATE EXPERIENCE, REFERENCES AND SALARY EXPECTED; ALL ANSWERS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. WRITE K. A., 200 CABLE BLDG.

YOUNG MAN wanted, strong, prefer one who understands something about a press and motor (to press herbs) and make himself generally useful; hours 8 A. M. to 5 P. M., half day Saturday all year. Address, giving salary, references and religion. L 763 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN—Wanted in hotel and restaurant, generally useful young man with knowledge of bookkeeping; good opportunity for young man to get ahead and learn business; salary $75 and meals; best references required. C 842 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN FOR FILLING ORDERS AND MAKE HIMSELF GENERALLY USEFUL IN SHIPPING DEPARTMENT; ONE WITH EXPERIENCE IN CLOAK AND SUIT HOUSES PREFERRED. HARRY HEINEMER & CO., 1,332 BROADWAY.

YOUNG MAN—BANK WANTS A YOUNG MAN, 16 TO 19 YEARS OLD, TO START AS A JUNIOR CLERK; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. ADDRESS P. O. BOX 1,140, CITY HALL STATION, NEW YORK CITY.

YOUNG MAN

IN OFFICE OF WHOLESALE HOUSE TO WORK ON BOOKS; MUST BE GOOD PENMAN AND ACCURATE AT FIGURES. ADDRESS STATING AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED. A., 200 CABLE BLDG.

YOUNG MAN—Electrical construction engineers require young man with some knowledge of estimating and laying out work; state age, training and salary expected. T 304 Times.

YOUNG MAN as assistant in purchasing department of a large manufacturing plant; experience in buying mill and electrical supplies and following delivered on orders; state salary. T 305 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted in private banking house as accountant; age about 24; in reply give experience, references and salary expected. Address McA., P. O. Box 372, City Hall Station, New York.

YOUNG MEN 17 TO 20,

for large mercantile house to do office work; excellent opportunity for party capable of developing for higher positions. Reply, giving age, experience and salary expected. D. W., 302 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN manufacturing department book publishing house; downtown; good opportunity for energetic and ambitious party; start $14; advancement. L 747 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, as assistant in printing department, to enter and follow up orders; familiar with paper and capable of estimating and engraving; steady position. S 972 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN WANTED

BY PROMINENT REAL ESTATE BROKERAGE FIRM TO SOLICIT RENTAL AND SALES INFORMATION; STATE SALARY DESIRED. S 284 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN

IN WHOLESALE DRY GOODS HOUSE; MUST BE ACCURATE AT FIGURES; GOOD OPPORTUNITY. ADDRESS STATING SALARY DESIRED, B Y., 200 CABLE BLDG.

YOUNG MAN, experienced in stationery business, as order clerk; state experience and salary; steady position. W 797 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, not over 18, wanted in export house for general office work and to assist with shipping. W 616 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, about 25, experienced steamship freight cashier, wanted in busy steamship office. Apply with references, stating salary expected, &c. C 857 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN to assist in supply department of large downtown financial office; answer, stating age, religion and salary expected. L 784 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN take charge of stock; good opportunity and good pay for right fellow. Call at Modern Lighting Co., 2,128 Broadway, near 74th St.

YOUNG MAN, 18-21, intelligent, to assist builder; reference. New Bldgs., Grand Concourse and 173d St.

YOUNG MEN wanted by downtown bank, between the ages of 18 and 19 as messengers. Address V 620 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN, visit business school students; salary and commission. Call 2 P. M. at E. B. S., 202 West 119th.

YOUNG MAN wanted strong, willing, to learn wholesale butter and egg business. Apply 362 Washington St.

Instruction.

QUALIFY FOR

JUNIOR ACCOUNTANCY, NOVEMBER, 1920
SENIOR ACCOUNTANCY, NOVEMBER, 1921

November 15 to January 1 is the period during which one-fourth of the year's business changes, readjustments, and building-up of staffs are made.

If you have a faculty for figures and the crude stuff for the making of an accountant there is just about time between now and Nov. 15 of this year for you to qualify for a junior accountancy position that will pay at least $35 a week.

And ample time to qualify before November, 1921, for position of senior accountant, auditor or income tax expert at a salary of at least $75 a week, with possibilities of more than twice that amount.

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LA SALLE EXTENSION UNIVERSITY,
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112 West 42d St.
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OPEN EVENINGS.
Read our book, "Men Who Do Things."

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Prepare yourself now for next year's promotion. Study a language in your own home and at your own convenience. Write for free booklet "L." and particulars.

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12 East 46th St., New York City.

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Thorough course prepares you for well-paying position; Spring term now starting in estimating, drafting, concrete and structural engineering; individual instruction.

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157 East 86th St., N. Y. Lenox 6051.

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your opportunity in Accountancy. Day or evening classes are available. Place Institute. Write for helpful booklet, "Your Best War Opportunity," and Bulletin 25. Page 4 Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.

Three months' course. Individual instruction. Students on probation. Graduate registered.

35 West 42d St. V. M. Wheat, Director.

EARN $35-$100 A WK.—Learn motion picture, commercial and portrait photography 3 months' course. Free Catalogue. New York Institute of Photography, 141 W. 36th St., N.Y. 505 State St. (opp. L. I. Terminal), B'klyn.

EARN $25-$75 weekly through Prof. Rohrer's Famous Hairdressing, Manicure, Beauty School; circular explains. 119 West 42d.

ARE YOU MAKING
ALL YOU SHOULD—

all your ability deserves? Discover your strong and weak points and the vocation in which you can use your abilities to greatest profit. Through a scientific study of the face our vocational analysts will determine the right job for you. Let us explain how we can help you. Ask for Booklet "K." Merton Institute, Inc., 96 5th Av. (at 16th St.), New York. Tel. Chelsea 4064.

"I SHALL I STAY? SHALL I GO!

Before making a change, find out if you are on the right track. To know what your life work should be is a start in the right direction. The trained analyst will know from a study of your face the vocation for you. This study is based on known scientific laws. No psychological tests; no trade tests. Ask us all about it. Booklet "X" on request. PHRENO INSTITUTE, INC., 96 5th Av. (at 16th St.), N. Y. Tel. Chelsea 4064.

5½% & Guaranteed Safety

We offer a new series of First Mortgage Certificates with our guarantee at 5½% net in a mortgage of $190,000—secured by:

330 and 332 Fourth Avenue and 29 and 31 E. 24th Street

Being 7,000 square feet of land, with a frontage on two streets, in the heart of the Silk and Woolen district.

Buildings occupied by offices and stores, with yearly rental of $40,000.

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RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital and Surplus $9,000,000
59 Liberty St., N. Y. 184 Montague St., Bkn.
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Certified Public Accountants (Md.)

Announce the opening of their office for the practice of accountancy at 140 Nassau St., New York.

Prompt and efficient service in all matters pertaining to accounting, auditing and Income Taxes.

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Fully equipped from stem to stern.

Immediate Deliveries

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SURPLUS ZINC OXIDE
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About 75,000 LBS. OF ZINC OXIDE (white, dry) will be sold by SEALED BIDS—to be opened at below address at

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NOTE.—This material is located at the Navy Yard, Brooklyn.

For catalog (No. 224), terms of sale and complete information—call, write or telephone (Sunset 8100, Ext. 755).

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WILKE SAYS—MY PIPES ARE DIFFERENT FROM ANY IN THE MARKET—THEY'RE SEASONED IN THE SPECIAL WILKE WAY—PURER—SWEET-FUM OPEN—SMOKIER AS YOU SMOKE—THE LIGHT CAN CLIMB FROM LIVE TO BOTTOM—NO BITE—MY NAME ON EVERY ONE—ONLY THE PIPE HAS BEEN SMOKED—THE PIPE HAS BEEN GRADUATED FOR THANKS—EVERY ONE HAS A PIPE—STRAIGHTS AND BENT—ONE THOUSAND PERSONAL TASTES

WILKE, INC. 287 3D AVE. NEW YORK

VILLAGES BURNED IN POLES' ATTACK

Moscow Wireless Also Reports Loss of Crops Due to Fierce Fighting.

APPEALS TO PROLETARIAT

Asks That Nothing Be Done to Help the Poles—Relief Measures Planned for Kiev.

LONDON, May 16.—A Russian Government wireless communication from Moscow, dated May 16, the first dispatch received here in several days, was picked up today. It reported fighting on the Polish front of a fierce character, and said that entire villages were being destroyed by fire and large quantities of grain burned.

The dispatch also gave the text of an appeal made to Russian citizens and to the proletariat of all countries, denouncing the Polish attack and urging that nothing be done to aid shipping or sending of arms and ammunition to the Poles or taking of any action that might assist the Polish attack.

WARSAW, May 15 (Associated Press).—While there is some typhus in Kiev, the situation there is described as not so bad as the Polish health authorities were led to believe it would be by reports reaching Warsaw during the Bolshevist occupation. The Poles and Ukrainians are planning to repair the waterworks as soon as possible.

Newspapers are again making their appearance in the city. During the Bolshevist régime only Moscow and Petrograd newspapers were sold.

General Pilsudski, Commander in Chief of the Polish armies, spent several days in Kiev after its occupation, going later to his headquarters at Jitomir. His return to Warsaw is expected next week.

COBLENZ, May 16 (Associated Press).—The American Legation at Warsaw is strongly urging the War Department at Washington to allow the American Army sanitary unit to remain in Poland for some time instead of leaving on June 30, when the cleansing of 10,000 Americans who had been in the Polish Army will be completed, according to advices received today.

The sanitary unit, which is commanded by Colonel Gilchrist, was originally ordered to Poland for six months.

Ostermoor MATTRESS

If sleep were sold, what grade would you buy?

YOU really can't buy sleep outright, but you can assure yourself of the best grade of mattresses. And that is a big factor in sound sleep.

If you would have "the best grade of sleep," get an Ostermoor. It has become world-famous as a contributor to wonderfully refreshing sleep.

The Ostermoor Mattress can never sag or grow lumpy. It's "built, not stuffed"—eight billowy layers of Ostermoor sheets, hand-laid in a tailor-made tick. Dust-, moth-, and insect-proof.

Why not drop in at our big, modern showrooms and see Ostermoor quality for yourself? You'll find here just the mattress that you want.

OSTERMOOR & CO.
116 Elizabeth St. and 132 Bowery | Two Entrances Showrooms Block Long
Adjoining Bowery Savings Bank at Grand St., N. Y. *Phone 5 Spring.*

Ready Made or Tailor Made

Ready-To-Wear **45.00** *Made-To-Measure* **47.50**

THE ARNHEIM tailoring organization is a big affair and because it *is big* you get your suit at a saving that's *worth while,* for BIG VOLUME brings down costs.

DON'T PAY $60 to $75 for Suits that ARNHEIM is tailoring to order now for as little as $47.50, using only high grade Virgin Wool Fabrics and putting into each Garment the usual splendid tailoring and authentic styling for which ARNHEIM is *known*

A Thousand Virgin Wool Materials to Choose from—
Any Number of Authentic Models to Pick From—

Come to the Arnheim Store Nearest You

Broadway and 51st St.
Broadway and 9th St.
30 East 42d St.
19 East 41st St.

Arnheim

Tell a Friend—Make a Silent Partner of a Good Habit—
—"Arnheim Smiles."

Reduce office overhead

THE efficiency of your office is dependent upon the comfort of your workers. Provide for their comfort and you increase the return on each dollar of salary.

Do you subscribe to this principle in winter and then limit it to your private office in the summer? You wouldn't let your workers freeze while you cozily toasted your toes behind glass partitions.

Then why, in summer, do you provide cooling comfort for the chosen few while the many swelter in the sizzling heat outside the refreshing breezes of the G-E Fans?

Obey that impulse. Send through a requisition today for a dozen G-E Fans—an investment for efficiency that pays and pays well.

G-E Fans

Wholesale Distributors of General Electric Co. Products

Sibley-Pitman Electric Corporation,
6th Ave. and 13th Street, N. Y.

E. B. Latham & Company, 550 Pearl St., N. Y. C.
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512 Electrical Dealers General Electric Company FANS Display This Sign

These good suits stem the clothes cost of living

Hart Schaffner & Marx Blue and Gray Suits—$55

They are economical because our $55 price is at least $10 or $15 less than you can buy similarly good clothes elsewhere.

They are stylish, after the best manner of Hart Schaffner & Marx; new ideas in single and double breasters; we can fit YOU.

Other Good Suit Values
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Broadway, cor. 29th
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Broadway at 39th Street

Complete-To-Wear Clothes
READY-TO-SLIP-RIGHT-ON

Tailored By A Merchant Tailor Not Just Retailed By A Retailer

PRICE isn't all there is to buying a Suit of Clothes. Here you get more than fifty dollars' worth of clothes for $50. You get treatment as a human being, not simply as a buyer. We welcome the man, as much as we do the money.

EXPERIENCED advice, and cheerful attention, and considerate courtesy, and a determination to make the purchase pleasurable to the purchaser are as much a part of each transaction here, as the suit and the price.

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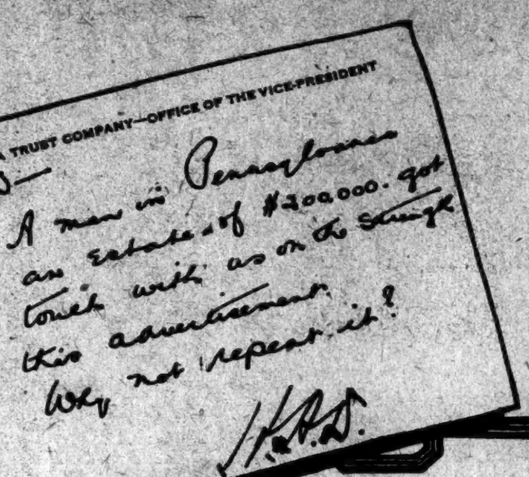

He took his Key with him

but it is costing him $41.67 every month

MR. R. recently sailed for South America. He expects to be gone a year.

Before leaving he rushed to his safe deposit box to clip certain coupons which would come due during his absence. Following his usual custom, he turned the coupons over to our coupon department for collection.

So far, so good.

When the coupons became payable, we presented them to the paying agent of the corporation which issued the bonds. We learned that the bonds, themselves, had been called for redemption, and *had ceased to bear interest* from the date on which they were called.

We telephoned at once to Mr. R.'s secretary, advising him that the bonds should be presented. We were told the bonds were in safe deposit and Mr. R. had the only key.

Until his return nothing can be done. Meanwhile an unnecessary loss of $41.67 each month continues to mount up.

For a small fee, Mr. R. could have protected himself against such loss by making use of a

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY
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This service operates as follows:

You bring us your securities. We give you a receipt for them. We list them in books of record and lock them in our vaults. We collect the income from them the day it is due and credit the amount to your checking account. Or, we will remit to you, as you direct.

In addition, a Safe-Keeping Account would relieve you of all trouble in

1. The making out of Income Tax Certificates.
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